VOL. XVI.

ATLANTA GA., SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1894.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

We don't force you to pay cash. If you are worthy of credit our Basement Bargains can be charged to you.



Our Millinery Department is on a boom. New talent—the finest trimmers ever brought south—it is bound to enjoy the rich patronage it deserves.

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be highly THERS Whitehall.

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"Hoyt's." "Williams s which we railroads,

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E. rope. embroidered lity guaran-

Street. 0., All at LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

DRY.

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all St.

PRICES TALK BOLDLY—

No Retail House in America Can Down Them!

Three thousand yards, all wool Diagonal Dress Suitings, strictly worth 50c, tomorrow 19c.

One thousand extra large size Satin Damask, tied fringe Towels, everybody sells them at 35c, our price tomorrow 19c each.

Ten thousand yards fine Indian Dimitics, book folds, worth 25c, special at 15c yard.

Two hundred and fifty dozen Ladies' German made Hose, Hermsdorf Fast Black, forty gauge, double toes and high spliced heel, worth 35e, at only 19e a pair.

Two hundred dozen Ladies' fine scolloped and hemstitched Handkerchiefs, easily worth 15c, on sale at 5c each.

Job lot of 5,000 yards Linen Laces, worth 25c to 50c a yard, choice tomorrow 15ca yard.

Five hundred and ninety Ladies' and Gents' Gloria Silk Umbrellas, fancy and natural than \$2.25, our price tomorrow \$1.29.

choice patterns, \$1 values, special at 59c.

Two hundred pieces genuine French Zephyr Ginghams, very choice and worth 35c, special at 15c a yard.

Three thousand yards all wool check Novelty Dress Goods, worth 60c, only 39c a yard.

38 inches wide, only 32c tomorrow.

Two hundred and one pairs Ladies' Black Silk Hose, double heels and toes, worth \$1.25, only 59c, limited to 4 pairs to a customer.

Two hundred and ninety dozen Ladies Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 15c and 20c, special at 7c each.

Big lot colored Satin Duchesse, all new shades, worth \$1.50, special at 87c a yard.

Five hundred pairs Gents' Black and Tan Silk Half Hose, never shown in any market for less than \$1, tomorrow we sell 6 to a customer at 331 c a pair.

Ten pieces 72 inch Bleached Double Satin Damask, strictly a \$1.50 Table Linen, tomorrow you can buy it at 89c a yard.

Fifty-nine dozen Gents' Fast Black Half Hose, truly worth a quarter, tomorrow we sell them at 12½c the pair.

Three thousand yards White Lace Stripe Lawns, for tomorrow at 10e a yard.

Eight thousand yards Belfast Linen Finish Three hundred pairs Nottingham Lace Cur-Lawns, worth 12½c, special at 6c a yard.

Two hundred dozen Gents' Silk and Satin Ninety-seven pairs extra wide Chenille Por-Teck Scarfs, special 50c goods, at 21c each.

One lot Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Gowns, Sixty rolls all wool Ingrain Carpets, made and Chemises, Skirts, Drawers and Corset Covers, worth \$1.25 to \$2 a garment, special at 69c.

Big lot Ladies' Lace Blucher Shoes, worth \$4, special at \$2.49 a pair.

handles, never sold by anybody for less One thousand pairs Ladies' Kid Oxfords, easily worth \$1.50, special at \$1 a pair.

A lot of fine Figured China. Silks, new and John M. Moore's Men Shoes, worth \$4, \$4.50 and \$5, now going at \$2.50 a pair.

> One lot Boys' all wool Knee Pants, worth \$1.25, special at 50c a pair.

> Three thousand Ladies' Madras and English Percale Shirt Waists, worth 75c, special tomorrow 39c.

Big lot Armure Novelty Dress Goods, all wool Two hundred Ladies' Outing Cloth House Wrappers, only \$1.19.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

We feel highly gratified at the many praises our Millinery Parlor has received. Easter coming earlier, thousands have had an opportunity to place their orders for Spring Hats and Bonnets, and have thanked us heartily for our early opening. This past week our fine Parisian Hats have been added to and we announce with much pleasure that no house in the South Shirtings at only 3½c a yard.

can show you such an elegant and highly Two thousand five hundred yards Toile du Nord Dress Ginghams, worth 12½c, down there tomuch pleasure that no house in the South artistic display.

Five hundred and sixty-seven rolls fine China Matting, new patterns, worth \$8 a roll, sold tomorrow at \$4.

Two hundred Axminster Rugs, large size, worth \$5, we will sell for \$2.50.

Five thousand Curtain Poles, oak, ash, walnut and cherry, at only 19c each.

tains, full 3½ yards long, truly worth \$2, only 98c a pair Monday.

tieres, heavy fringe and deep Dado border, worth \$6, only \$3.98 a pair.

Ninety rolls best Body Brussels Carpets, new patterns, only 90c a yard, put on the

laid, at 63c a yard.

An old department revived. We once used it---we open it again. Crowded for space, we either had to build another story to our mammoth store, or make a salesroom of our Basement. We have decided temporarily in favor of the latter. It was built for that purpose. Everybody remembers what a nice place it is, with high ceiling, plenty of light and ventilation, it is as desirable a trading place as some people's main floors. Gaze on "That Basement," then on this!

Down there tomorrow: Five thousand yards American Indigo Blue Calicoes, at 4c a yard.

Ten thousand yards Lining Cambrics, in lengths of 5 to 15 yards, at 3c a yard.

Five hundred dozen Men's 4-ply Linen Collars, all

shapes, at 2½ c each.

Ten thousand yards English Percales, in short lengths, worth 12½c, at only 5c a yard.
Two hundred dozen Men's All Linen Cuffs, at only 9c

One hundred and ninety pairs Boys' Wool Knee Pants, at only 19c a pair. Fifty-nine dozen Men's Wool Shirts, well made and

worth 60c, at only 21c each.

Five thousand yards Lonsdale Bleaching at 5c a yd.

Ten thousand yards fine India Linen, in lengths of 5
to 20 yards, easily worth 12½c, Basement
price 5c.

Five cases Turkey Red Figured Calicoes only 5c a yard.

Five thousand yards short lengths Percales and

morrow at 6½c a yard.

Watch the Basement. We will sell goods cheaper there than any Basement on earth or any Main Floor dare offer them. Pay "The" Basement a call on Monday.



WANTED:

20 Cash Boys.

20 extra Salesmen.

4 first-class Millinery Sales-ladies. Apply early Monday morning.

TALK OF ALL KINDS.

St. Patrick's Day Becoming an Occasion of National Importance.

WAS RECOGNIZED BY WASHINGTON

Atlantians Who Were Concerned in the Charge on Fort Saunders-Southern Bravery Acknowledged.

as each year passes by, the celebration of St. Patrick's Day becomes more and more important in Atlanta, until now it has important in Atlanta, until now it hascome to be regarded as one among the great
civic occasions of the year. A remarkable
feature of this growth of observance is
that the celebration, from being participated
in by those of the first generation from
Ireland, is now enjoyed equally by those
who can claim even the slightest trace of
Irish blood. When it is considered that so
large a percentage of the people of the
United States can trace their descent back
to the Emerald, this growing participation
in the homors of St. Patrick's Day points
out its future as one of the great days out its future as one of the great days on the American calendar, as preserving the traditions of so important an element

the traditions of so important an element of the polyglot American race.

The first St. Patrick's Day dinner on record on this side of the Atlantic of which history tells us, was that given in 1772, in Philadelphia, by the Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, an organization started in September, 1771. At this banquet Stephen Moylan, afterward general in the continental army, presided. The society afterwards became the center of patriotic impulse of the revolutionary times in Philadelphia. Many of its members were officers in Washington's army. In June, 1780, ninety-three Philadelphia merchants subscribed \$1,500,000 to save Washington's army from famine and disaster. Of these minety-three there were twenty-seven mem-Minety-three there were twenty-seven members of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick who subscribed \$517,500, or more than one-third of the whole amount of the money. Washington was made an honorary member of the organization on December 17, 1781. Notice was sent to him as follows of his

"May it please your excellency—The So-clety of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of this city, ambitious to testify, with all possible respect, the high sense they entertain of your excellency's public and private virtues, have taken the liberty to adopt your excellency a member. Although they have excellency a member. Although they have not the clothing of any civil establishment nor the splendor of temporal power to digni-fy their election, yet they flatter themselves that, as it is the genuine offspring of hearts filled with the warmest attachments that this mark of their esteem and regard will not be wholly unacceptable to your excellency. Impressed with the pleasing hope, they have directed me to present to your excellency a gold medal, the ensign of this excellency a gold medal, the ensign of this fraternal society, which, that you may be pleased to accept and long live to wear, is the warmest wish of your excellency's most humble and respectful servant. By order and in behalf of the society, "GEORGE CAMBELL, President." To this Washington sent the following reply:

reply:
 "Sir-I accept with singular pleasure the
ensign of so worthy a fraternity as that of
the Sons of St. Patrick in this city,
a society distinguished for the firm adherence of its members to the glorious cause in which we are embarked: Give me leave in which we are emparated cive his cast my eyes upon the badge with which I am honored, but with a grateful remembrance of the polite and affectionate matter in which it was presented.

"I am, with respect and estigent, sir, your most obedient servant.

most obedient servant, "GEORGE WASHINGTON."

The society gave a dinner in Washington's honor at the City tavern in January,

1782, at which there were swenty other guests, including the most distinguished officers of his own and the French troops, and thirty-five members of the society it-self. The first president attended another brilliant meeting of the society on March 28, 1782. The most satisfactory of these last century celebrations of the day on record perhaps that of March 17, 1776, when the British were driven out of Boston. Washington paid tribute to the son of Erin in the ranks of his army by giving out "St." Patrick' as the countersign and naming General Sullivan, the sou of the famous Limerick schoolmaster, as Landier of the day. There are other instances of a recognition of the festival, among which that of last night at the Aragon will deserve a conspicuous place. The banquet itself was a model of perfection, reflecting credit upon Manager Dodge, while the speeches of Colonel Cox, and the other gentlemen who followed him, will compare with those celivered anywhere Colonel James R. Doyle, one of the veter-

ans of the Ninth army corps of the federal army during the late war, in the course of a discussion of the Knoxville campaign has much to say that will be of interest to coufederate veterans resident in Atlanta. Colonel A. J. McBride, ex-Sheriff A. M. Perkerson and J. S. Morrow, Major A. Leyden, Captain William Everett and many others of this city, took part in the charge on Fort Saunders, which Colonel Doyle com-manded. It was in November, of 1863, that one division of the Ninth corps forced its way to knoxville, "but," says Colonel Doyle, "we had barely reached there when our scouts brought in word that Longstreet, with his whole corps and a large force of cavalry, was pushing north to destroy or capture us. Burnside, if not a great soldler, was unsurpated as a corps commander, and never before nor afterward did he show more ability than in preparing Knoxville for the siege that followed, and in keeping Longstreet out.

"Fort Saunders, named after a brave sol-dier who had fallen in this campaign, was the key to our position. The enemy knew this as well as did we, and as a conse-quence a terrific struggle for its possession took place. The undergrowth about Fort Saunders had been cut down, and along the ground over which the confederates must pass in charging, telegraph wires had been interwoven and spread about six or ten inches from the ground. The object of this was to throw into confusion the men assaulting the works, and to hold them under the fire of our artillery and riflemen as long as possible. To clear the way for the assault, Longstreet's guns opened a terrific fire on the fort, the artillery of which was in the command of Captain Benjamin, who, to my mind exhibited on this occasion more coolness and nerve than any man I ever

to my mind exhibited on this occasion more coolness and nerve than any man I ever met.

"There was not, in either army, a more gallant body of men than Longstreet's old corps; this much justice compels one to say. I had seen them in action many a time, but never before did they display such reckless gallantry as distinguished them on this occasion. On the edge of the timber they formed, as if for review, though our guns began to roar as soon as the gray ranks came in sight. Over the slashed space with the meshes of telegraph wires, they came in gallant style. They were evidently prepared for this kind of obstruction, for they fell in ranks, but only to leap to their feet, slouch their hats, and dash on again, with their leveled bayonets and fierce yells. Only Longstreet's men could have kept on under that destroying fire. Now and then they were checked like men pushing on in the teeth of an awful storm, but they gave not a foot back. At length they poured into the ditch, hoping to force their way through the embrasures, but though the guns could not be fired, they were kept in position, and so blocked the way.

"There were only a few hundred men inside the fort, for the space wasl imited, and the coolest felt that if the enemy could get over the earth wall we would have to surrender or abandon the place. From the first

Captain Benjamin was conspicuous for his coolness. I recall that he smoked cigars all the time. When it was found that the guns could not be depressed so as to reach the men in the ditch, he at once shortened the fuges with his knife, lit them with his cigar, and as fast as he did so he tossed them over the parapet into the crowded ditch. This he kept up till voices from the outfilde shouted: 'We surrender!' when the guns were run back and tney came in. The shells lit by Captain Benjamin were tut down so that the fuses burned not more than five seconds, and a slip in throwing one would have meant death. But that young officer kept his cigar going as if he enjoyed it and hurled the shells as coolly as if bowling tenpins.

Mr. Patty Cake is one of the most distin-

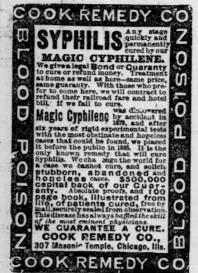
Mr. Patty Cake is one of the most distinguished of the Gress menageric at Grant park. He is a coon of some note, the story of whose change of residence from Dahlonega to the menagerie is interestingly told by Hon. W. P. Price, in a letter to Manager Sidney Root.

"A story reached us one night," wrote Colonel Price, "it was in The Atlanta Constitution that a little child had died from the bite of a pet coon and although Patty Cake was the daily and nightly companion of six of our grandchildren, we thought it prudent to send him away. I thought it just possible that he might fall into the hands of an old line whig, who would love him for old association's sake. The parting was a sad one. The little ones cried, and protests came from my better half, who had cared for him when he was 'such a little coon,' and followed her through garden and grove, often sleeping in her arms. little coon,' and followed her through garden and grove, often sleeping in her arms. He would gently take the fingers of the little children in his mouth but never a harm came to them, although his teeth were very sharp. One of these little ones begged that Patty Cake might stay so that he could bite her hands 'only one time more.' He was likewise the pet of the town, often seen on the shoulders of the larger boys as they rode their bleycles. He went occasionally to both the Methodist went occasionally to both the Methodist and Baptist churches. This, of course, always produced a ripple of excitement, but no mischief followed, unless it was that several hundred of our town's people, both before and since these visits, have failed to attend divine worship.

"The coon sent you is an interesting study. He is unlike the so-called 'coons' you see so often in the major's courts. His face and hands are generally clean, and his suit of gray reminds me of my old cofederate uniform. Give him a pan of water and a nice piece of soap and he will show you how he can wash his face. He is fond of cigars and tobacco. After he was gone we found where he had stored away quite a little lot of the latter partie." little lot of the latter article.'

Changing the subject a little, Colonel Price goes on to say: "I do not know that the coon has ever changed his politics. He may have done so in order to differ from some other animals. If Patty Cake was ever a whig, he is one yet. If the whig party in its day sat down on rings' you will find, by noticing Patty Cake, that he invariably does the same thing now. We all know at home that he is opposed to a sugar trust. On that subject, Mrs. Price gar trust. On that subject, Mrs. Price would not trust him out of her sight. He hugged a sugar bowl so tightly that he would soon convince any one that he was a freetrader, and wanted every article of home consumption, especially sugar, and the raw materials on the 'free list.' His conduct as to the sugar matter is so noorious that he would, if consulted, drive every Louislana congressman out of the democratic party. Keep your eye on Patty Cake, and for the sake of his many friends in Dahlonega, send us a line occasionally about him by some returning moonshiner. If ever there was a true and knightly mountain moonshiner, the affectionate pet given to you is one of them."

Manager Root, in response, after acknowledging the receipt of the present from the mountains, wrote: "I have consigned the poetical animal to the tempolary care and keeping of my friend and office associate, Mr. D. D. Wylie. Your charming daughter does not, of course, remember that the coon changed the destinies of our republic in 1840, as a goose once changed the fortunes of Rome. Let us hope, however, that your gracious gift will, as heretofore, be an augury of good fortune to our country



THE BEST IS

THE CHEAPEST

Good cooks fail with bad materials. but with good materials at hand the work of supplying the table with good food is easily accomplished

We make a specialty of the following articles and housekeepers can confidently rely upon their being of

the highest quality: "CORONET" FLOUR, "H. H." JERSEY BUTTER,

"ELITE" BLEND TEA, FRESH ROASTED AND JAVA COFFEE.

"THE BEST" BAKING POWDER. Special drive this week only-3

pounds domestic Maccaroni for 25c. THE C. J. KAMPER GROCERY CO.. 390 and 392 Peachtree street.

ROSES! ROSES! of all kinds; also fruit, shade and ornamental trees, shrubs and vines.

PLANT NOW ime is short. For best plants of best call on W. D. BEATIE, 508 Equitable Building, mar 3, 1m.

Weak and Dyspeptio Hood's Barsaparilla Gave Strength



Dr. J. R. White

tie, and it cured me; I was sad and gloomy, and it made me cheerful and hopeful. And last, though not least, it made me an ardent and

Hood's Sarsa Cures working democrat. All who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla with my advice, report good re-sults. I gladly recommend it to all sufferers. J. R. WHITE, M. D., Birmingham, Ala.
N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sar

saparilla do not be induced to buy any other instead. Insist upon HOOD'S.

gentle and effective. Trja box. 25 cents.

SICK HEADACHE



THESE LITTLE PILLS. They also relieve Di tressfrom Dyspensia. In Eating. A perfect remed Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Ton-

gue, Pain in the Side.
They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation. Are free from all crude and irritating Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE Beware of Imitations and C-A-R-T-E-R-'S.



KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians,

54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice, machinery ever brought into this section, and have been the first to introduce every optical improvement. Their retail salesroom is at 54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice.

PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall St. and 7 Mitchell St. Branch Store 201 Peters St.

In addition to his large and varied stock he is now receiving and has on hand his usual supply of spring seeds, such as clover, orchard head and blue grass seeds, German millet, eastern raised Irish potatoes, onion sets and all kinds of garden seeds that are usually planted in this section of the country, both in bulk and in packages, all fresh and true to name. The usual supply of fine wines, ales, beers and porter, brandies, gins, rums and whiskies at his Whitehail street store. A perfect variety store in each place. Call and see him and examine. All orders accompanied with the cash filled promptly and at reasonable prices. Stocks too numerous to mention here. Terms cash.

Sad an Gloomy



"I have not words enough to express my thanks for the great benefits received from a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was weak, and it made me strong; I was a dyspep-

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic

BARGAINS

Don't fail to see these

If you are in need of a new suit.

THE MODEL CLOTHING CO.,

14 and 16 Marietta Street.

BARGAINS FOR EASTER

One lot of Men's Suits at \$6.90, worth \$10.00. One lot of Men's Suits at \$7.50, worth \$12.00,

One lot of Men's Suits at \$10.00, worth \$15.00.

One lot of Men's Suits at \$12.00, worth \$17.50. One lot of Men's Suits at \$15.00, worth \$20.00.

Will offer the following special

LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF NEW and NOBBY PANTS IN THE CITY

One lot at \$2.50 a pair, worth \$3.50. One lot at \$2.90 a pair, worth \$4.00. One lot at \$3.40 a pair, worth \$4.50.

COME IN AND SEE THEM.

If you need a new Derby or Alpine Hat we have them, all colors, all shapes at \$1. Negligee Shirts at 75c, worth \$1.

Negligee Shirts at \$1, worth \$1.50. Everything new in Neckwear. Give us a look before purchasing.

ONE PRICE---14 AND 16 MARIETTA ST.---ONE PRICE.

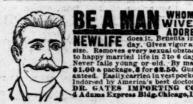
"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A POOR BAR-

GAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

OPEN 'TILL MAY

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA. Rate-13, \$3.50, \$4 per day. C. B. KNOTT, Manager.



UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT. LOW RATES . For Further Information, Address, J.O. WATERS.

I desire to announce that on March 26th I shall be located in my new quarters, Nos. 7 and 9 West Alabama Street, between Whitehall and Broad, next to the Linen Store.

You are cordially invited to call.

Charles W. Crankshaw

JEWELER.

SPECIAL FOR EASTER

Yet wools are very stylish, And anything but childish; So a nice imported dress Of wool will do, I guess.

Not absolutely necessary if you refer a silk. Let us see the silks. Here's this Tafeta only \$1 and \$1.25 per yard, and these Polka Surahs and Zephyr- Crepes, and the Japanese Stripes, like the rainbow in colors only they bear a closer inspection. See the prices. Why, of course, you are astonished. Yes, they cost very little more than imported wools and less than some. Yet it is just as you say, the wools will do. Oh, yes; very much in favor for an early dress, of course, more of them are sold. No. Certainly the fine Silks cost moresuch as Duchesse Satin, Moire, Armure, etc., but these soft, light-weights, in figures and stripes, and the Wash Silks are very low; some

as low as 35c. per yard.

This one. Yes, it is 75c., and so wide—27 inches—it takes less to make a dress. Now, if you want a sill instead of the same and the same and the same are same as the same are same are same as the same are Silk instead of a wool, we can give you one at about the same price.

See the wools. Yes; let us match this mingled brown and blue with blue Moire and Lace. See the effect Yes, nothing prettier. Cost for all? Let us see-

Seven yards at \$1.25, \$8.75. Yard and a quarter moire at \$1.50, \$1.57. And two yards lace at 75c, \$1.50, making \$12.12.

So, you see, any one can have nice imported Parisian creation at a small cost. The patterns? Yes, som not much more, some less. These are only \$10. Oh, perfect beauties. And see this line at \$12.50. Yes, the best we know of at anything like the price. Yes, \$15, \$18 and up. Yes, this is a Grenadine at \$25. Yes, like cobwebs, so intricate. Yes, we have

them up to \$47.50 a pattern.
Wash Goods? Yes. The Duck
Suits. Funny name. Yes; but they
are made of Duck. Oh, yes; white canvas Duck, in white and stripes. No, they are made in tailor style, and are very becoming to most any form, Price? Yes, 6cc. to 9oc. yard. Lots of French Ginghams. These are beauties. Of course, they are different from any former designs, because all new styles are new designs. Yes, very low; these are 25c.

Want to see Colored Hose? Yes. a nice line in Silks, light shades? Yes Satin Slippers—all this space is for Ladies' and Misses' Shoes. We do not keep any Men's Shoes. You see a lady prefers a neat glove fit and here she can take time and get wha she wants in parti-colored Satin Slip pers, House Shoes or Walking Boots Yes, any width.

Yes, Corsets and Patterns always sell and there is nothing a custome is more careful in selecting.

Carpets. Here we are. No, that's a Tapestry Brussels. Yes, it has a velvet design. Here is a Moqu and border, matched with Rugs. Ah, it is pretty. Yes, that reminds me of the little lines-

A soft step on hall and stair A velvet rug thrown here and there.

Yes, our stock was never in better shape and prices never so low, No the Mattings are back here; \$5 a roll and up to the finest. Yes, Mats, Rug and Linoleums are all kept here. Up stairs? No, the work is done up there. All that floor is used in sering Carpets, unholstering Furniture and making Hair Mattresses. Oh yes, we upholster the finest Furniture Some of our finest goods were uphostered here. I'll show you. Come down to the furniture department. Yes, all these are the hardwoods. The price of this Hat Rack is \$130. Oh yes, we have them as low as \$12 and \$15. Yes, all these are dining room goods. Here are the parlor goods. See this green and gold? We did the yes, \$85. That Sofa is \$115 and the Chair \$85. Oh, yes. See this suit for \$85. Yes, five pieces, all overstuffed and backs finished with frings same as the fronts, and we sell them as low \$62.50, and the Spindle Suits at \$45 and up. Oh, yes; we carry the best made and a large stock in medium goods. Ladies' Desks from \$10 to \$45 each. Yes, they are nice goods, and all the ladies should have a desk. The Bedroom Suits are gens not one that is not solid hard wood and the prices are so low. See this one, only \$20, of course; it's oak, and this Cheval Glass Suit \$25 and up to \$350 for oak. See this \$350 Oal Suit. Ah, it is—none better in the world. Fancy woods in Prima Vera Birch, Bird's Eye Maple, Sycamore and Mahogany. Yes mahogany and Mahogany. Yes, mahogany a low as \$100 a suit and as high a \$1,000. Yes, we have a large stock and the furniture trade was better las month than same month last year. Yes, we ship a great deal out of the city. More, probably, to Florida that any other state out of Georgia. Yet the Carolinas would come pretty

GHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & C

the Carolinas would come pret close. Oh, yes, we ship large quant ties to the towns and cities in Geor

gia; have shipped this week some nicholils. Always see our goods and ge our prices before placing your on

surro river Dres auy s sides may other

out t Trim vou '

M design equip cent f Come sure t

'ALON

Who Was

MAJOR LAI

BEFORE TH

Read to His

Beers

The author known to ever mired as the "Ail Quiet ... has long been has long bee It appear dence which careful and subject that Texas, was however, is

At the tin Major Fonta southern arm picket's deat The leisure afforded him meditation, in the warm, the forest to On the 2d read for the to his mess

John D. Alex This is the All Quie

All quiet alon Where the so Their tents in or in the lig

only \$1 and \$1.25 Polka Surahs and nd the Japanes ainbow in colors hy, of course, you es, they cost very ported wools an et it is just as you Oh, yes; very an early dress, of em are sold. No. Silks cost more-Satin, Moire, Arsoft, light very low; some

w, if you want a vool, we can give e same price. Yes; let us match n and blue with ce. See the effect? ier. Cost for all!

one can have sian creation at a atterns? Yes, some perfect beauties. \$12.50. Yes, the t anything like the \$18 and up. Yes, e at \$25. Yes, like Yes, we have a pattern.

Yes. The Duck ne. Yes; but they Oh, yes; white white and stripes in tailor style, and to most any form. 90c. yard. Lots of These are beauthey are different

esigns, because all designs. Yes, very

ored Hose? Yes light shades? Yes. this space is for s' Shoes. We do Shoes. You see time and get what olored Satin Slipor Walking Boots.

l Patterns always thing a customer selecting. we are. No, that's

ls. Yes, it has a re is a Moquette ed with Rugs. Ah, hat reminds me of

as never in better ever so low. No; ack here; \$5 a roll t. Yes, Mats, Rugs re all kept here. e work is done up por is used in sew-olstering Furniture r Mattresses. Oh, he finest Furniture. goods were upholshow you. Come niture department. the hardwoods. The Rack is \$130. Oh, n as low as \$12 and se are dining room the parlor goods. es, as fine as any. Sofa is \$115 and the yes. See this suit pieces, all overstuffinished with fringe, ts, and we sell them and the Spindle Suits Oh, yes; we carry nd a large stock in Ladies' Desks from

Yes, they are nice room Suits are gems, not solid hard wood, re so low. See this course; it's oak, and s Suit \$25 and up to See this \$350 Oak -none better in the oods in Prima Vera e Maple, Sycamor Yes, mahogany a suit and as high a have a large sto trade was better las

e month last year. great deal out of th ably, to Florida the out of Georgia. Ye would come pret we ship large quants and cities in Get d this week some n e our goods and g

RLIN,

of FRENCH MILLINERY AND IMPORTED DRESS GOO

Tuesday and Wednesday, March 20th and 21st.

On these two days we will open to the Ladies of Atlanta and the surrounding towns the two finest departments south of the Ohio and you know few pay much attention to bringing out river. We claim that, for truly artistic Millinery and ultra stylish really elegant styles for the little folks. You will find no fancy prices, Dress Goods, "THE LADIES' BAZAAR" will take precedence over as we are willing to sell opening Hats and Bonnets very cheap to auy similar departments in the South. In our Millinery Parlors, be- begin the season's business in this department. Be sure to see our sides the rare and exquisite productions of our MISS RONAN, you mourning Headwear and new Veils. Miss Ronan, assisted by Misses may see the genius of Louise, Francois, Tullia, Josse, Reboux, and Carroll and Boatenreiter, will do all possible to make your time pleasother celebrated French milliners. Such a sight is not to be neglected. ant. You are cordially invited.

OUR CHILDREN'S HATS ARE VERY BEAUTIFUL.

OUR GREAT DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

In this stock you cannot fail to be pleased, as we have brought out the very latest things in Silks and Wool Novelties. In all new Trimmings we can suit any one. Our prices are very reasonable as vou will see.

MISS BARSCHKIES, who we do not hesitate to declare the very finest designer and fitter ever in Atlanta, has her Dressmaking Department fully equipped with the best help money can employ, and we ask no one to pay one cent for a gown made by her if it does not prove more than satisfactory. Come, then, and get in your orders at once so as to avoid the rush which is sure to come soon.

SOME GREAT BARGAINS TOMORROW!

Best \$1 Silks for waists or dresses 59c.

Beautiful printed China Silks 22c.

Habuti Silks from 39c to 75c.

Beautiful black figured Taffeta Silks 75c; these are cheap at \$1.25.

Imported black summer Silks at lowest prices. Fine China and Jap Silks for waists 39c.

Beautiful Armure Dress Goods, worth 50c, 23c.

Fine Czarina Dress Goods, worth 85c, only 49c.

Best line of fine colored Dress Goods and Silks in goods from \$1 up you ever saw.

Fine wool Challies only 19c.

500 pairs children's fast black Hose 5c a pair.

Very choice colored Organdies 5c.

Genuine 25c Satines, sold enly by us at 15c.

Japanese Screens 10c and 15c, large size.

1,000 children's School Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, will go tomorrow at 2c each.

Greatest Embroidery Sale on Record-3,200 yards Nainsook, Cambric and Swiss Edgings and Insertings, worth from 25c to 75c, will be thrown out at choice for 19c.

You can't afford to miss this sale of auction, cash down, new goods. Hemstitched Towels, worth 25c, only 19c.

You must see our Table Linen, 72 inches to 2½ yards wide with Napkins to match.

Our warranted "Peachtree" Kid Gloves for Easter at 99c are worth \$1.50.

Buttermilk Soap only 21c a box.

In Art Goods, Ladies' New Underwear, white goods, such as fine Nainsooks at 5c. Laces and Embroideries we just can't be beat.

COME TOMORROW AND TO OUR OPENING.

Who Was the Real Author of This Cel ebrated Poem?

MAJOR LAMAR FONTAINE A CLAIMANA

He Asserts That It Was Written in the Summer of 1861,

BEFORE THE BATTLE OF LEESBURG,

Read to His Messmates and Afterwards to the Captain. Claimed by Mrs. Ella Beers and Thaddeus Oliver.

The authorship of that familiar poem known to everybody in the south and admired as the best production of the war, "All Quiet Along the Potomac Tonight," has long been a matter of unsettled contro-

It appears, however, from the best evidence which has come to light, after a careful and thorough investigation of the subject that Major Lamar Fontaine, of Texas, was the author of the poem. This, however, is not established.

At the time of the alleged authorship Major Fontaine, with the wing of the southern army to which he belonged, was camping in the neighborhood of Fairfax courthouse not far from the scene of the picket's death, as described in the poem The leisure thus enjoyed for several days afforded him abundant opportunity for meditation, and while moving to and fro in the warm, sultry air, as it pulsed among the forest trees of the Old Dominion, the

idea of the poem was conceived.
On the 2d of August, 1862, the poem was to his messmates and also to his captain, John D. Alexander, of Campbell county.

All Quiet Along the Potomac. All quiet along the Potomac tonight
Except here and there a stray picket
Is shot, as he walks on his beat to and fro By a rifeman hid in the thicket.
"Its nothing: a private or two now and then Will not count in the news of the battle, Not an officer lost, only one of the men Moaning out all alone the death-rattle.

Il quiet along the Potomac tonight, Where the soldiers lie peacefully dreaming. Their tents in the rays of the clear autumn

Or in the light of their campfires gleaming; tremulous sigh as a gentle night wind Through the forest leaves softly is While the stars up above, with their glit-

Keep guard o'er the army while sleeping. There's only the sound of the lone sentry's

As he tramps from the rock to the foun-And thinks of the two on the low trundle

Far away in the cot on the mountain.
His musket falls slack and his face dark
and grim
Grows gentle with memories tender,
As he mutters a prayer for the children
asign.

For their mother—may heaven defend her! moon seems to shine as brightly as

Were pledged to be ever unbroken. Then drawing his sleeve roughly over his eyes, He dashes off tears that are welling, And gathers his gun close up to its place. As if to keep down the heart-swelling.

He passes the fountain, the blasted pine The footsteps are lagging and weary; d they go through the broad bel

Toward the shade of the forest so dreary. Hark! Was it the night wind that rustled the leaves?
Was it moonlight, so wondrously flashing?
It looked like a rifle! "Ha! Mary goodby."
And the life-blood is ebbing and splashing.

All quiet along the Potomac tonight, No sound save the rush of the river, Whilst soft falls the dew on the face of

the dead; The picket's off duty forever! Several Copies Were Scattered.

The reading of the poem by Major Fontaine elicited warm approval. His concades assured him that it was full of the soul of genius and that the publication would render his name immortal.

During the month of August several copies of the poem were given to the soldiers in the army and to a number of ladies residing at Leesburg, Va.

The number of copies which were thus put

ladies residing at Leesburg, Va.
The number of copies which were thus put
into circulation, associated with rumors
to the effect that its original author was
dead, may no doubt have given rise to the
several clasms which have been preferred. Major Fontaine in a letter subsequently written to a friend, says that he never saw his poem in print until just before the battle of Leesburg. On the 21st of October, 1861. It was published in a northern paper with 'the notice that the manuscript had been discovered on the body of a dead

been discovered on the body of a campicket.

This may be a plausible story, or, if true, the picket may have been one of the several to whom the poem was given by Major Fontaine, and who carried it

by Major Fontaine, and who carried it about his person.

The comrades of Major Fontaine who served with him in the Virginia campaigns, all bear testimony to the fact that he was the author of the poem. Had Major Fontaine written it in time of peace, when rumors of his death could not have been circulated, or had he been more discreet in giving it away to any and everybydy who applied, there would probably aever have been the least controversy.

Letter to Mr. Davidson.

In a letter to Mr. J. W. Davidson, of New York, dated May 24, 1882, and written from the state of Texas, Major Fontaine

New York, dated May 24, 1885, and written from the state of Texas, Major Fontaine recites all of the facts above recorded and speaks of himself in the following language: "I was born on the wild prairies of this state, near Independence, Washington county. The place is now called Gay Hill. In 1840 my father moved to Austin and was the private secretary of General Lamar, after whom I was named. In 1841 or 1342 we moved to Mississippi and then again to Texas. On our return I soon learned all the sports practiced by the wild frontier boys, and my delight was to silp away from home and live with the Indians. Among these latter I learned to hunt and my fondness for it has never ceased. "Since the war I have been endeavoring to eke out a living as a pedagogue, with a helpless wife and child depending upon my daily labors, with poor pay and a cripple, too, for I received eleven wounds during the war and have lost my right limb. Yes, trying to eke out an existence. I am a homeless wanderer about my own home; Yes, trying to eke out an existence. I am a homeless wanderer about my own home; an exile in my own native clime—almost in sight of the very spot where I first saw the light of day. I have never yet tasted a drop of any kind of strong drink, and to that fact more than any other do I attribute my remarkable recoveries from serious wounds, and nightly I thank the Great I Am for having spared me through so many dangers and ask daily for a pure and meek heart that I may bear my present lot as a true Christian and as a soldier of Christ should.

His Poems Were Destroyed. "My friends have often urged me to

collect my poems and publish them, and at one time I had several hundred pages prepared, but they were destroyed by those who have made such a wreck of our once sweet sunny land, and I have never had the time nor the means to collect them since and were you to see my lect them since, and were you to see my

daily routine of duties you would not won-der at my not writing.
"I hope the controversy between myself "I hope the controversy between myself and others in regard to 'All Quiet Along the Potomac Tonight' will soon be forever settled. I wrote it, and the world knows it, and they may howl over it and give it as many authors as they please. I wrote it, and I am a southern man and am proud of the title, and am glad that my children will know that the south was the birthplace of their fathers from their generation back to the seventh. Silver and gold I cannot give them, but the pure blood of their Huguenot ancestry I have transmitted, pure and untarnished, into their veins. Enclosed I send you a copy of the original poem, 'All Quiet Along the Potomac Tonight,' and one other piece. I would send you more, but they are noncomeatable just now."

Still Unsettled. The fact that Major Fontaine has never written anything before or since which compares with the poem in dispute has induced a great many to believe that his claims are not well founded.

Under the title of "The Picket Guard"

the poem made its appearance on November 30, 1861, in Harper's Weekly over the initials of Mrs. Ellen Beers, of New York.
This was about six weeks later than Major Fontaine claims to have read it in

Major Fontaine claims to have read it in a northern paper as having been found on a picket's dead body.

The claims of this bright lady, Mrs. Ellen Beers, are strongly urged by many of her admirers and friends throughout the country, but the writer of this account is not in possession of the testimony.

Still another claimant who asserts the authorship of the poem is Thadeus Oliver. In addition to these there are several others whose names are unknown.

Whether or not the matter will ever be

others whose names are unknown.

Whether or not the matter will ever be decided as to who was really the author of the poem cannot be determined. Thirty-five years after the first appearance, and when the whole world is ringing with the praise of its rare beauty its authorship is still an inscrutable mystery. As time passes the mystery only deepens and the probability is that, while the poem will go down to history as a "gem of purest ray serene," its real author will never be disclosed.

L. L. KNIGHT. L. L. KNIGHT.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver and regulate the boweds, but do not purge. They are sure to please. Try them.

Try them.

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The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway is now selling tickets from Atianta to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Sacramento, Cal., for only \$39, and round trip tickets for \$64.20

This is an opportunity never before offered to visit California. For tickets and any information desired call on or write to E. E. Kirby, city ticket agent, corner Kimball house, or Albert Howell, union ticket agent, Atlanta.

Dawsonville, Ga., November 3, 1890.—Dear

Dawsonville, Ga., November 3, 1890.—Dear Sir: One of your customers and a tenant on our place, gave his daughter a dose of Smith's Worm Oil, and it brought 25 large worms at one time. We think this a good recommendation for any worm medicine. Yours truly,

J. H. M'KEE & BRO.

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Bring or send 3 coupons of different dates, with 15 cents, to The Consti-tution and one part of the diction-ary will be delivered or sent you. Mail orders, to be promptly filled, must contain name and address of sender and specify the number want-ed. Don't write on any other sub-fect. First number ready March 19th.



Clothing!

The week will open with the great display reinforced and continued-a show such as the men of any other Southern city can never find.

Mere assertions and boasts signify little in the Clothing realm. Style and quality determine and these rare Spring Suits have both. Take them haphazard and still the bulgingest fact of all is that equal values were never before within your reach. Every taste, every notion of cheapness finds its response in our stock. Simple, ornate, extravagant, economical Suits are all here. Fashion fixers say: Shapes were never more graceful, materials were never more attractive, prices were never more

Fine Neckwear!

Easter gives the occasion for the introduction of a great group of novelties in Neckwear. We have drawn on London, Paris and New Yoak for the richest and nobbiest effects. It is this that gives our assortment the eminent recognition that secures and so easily maintains the first place in Neckwear business

The windows and cases, the decorative fixtures and counter displays only show a small portion of the great collection. The greater part are kept in the original boxes. Many only half dozen of a shape and pattern and only one of a color. Is not exclusiveness in Neckwear desirable? We think so.



A MAN IN FRONT

Talks About the Opera We Are to Have This Week,

AND ABOUT OTHER THINGS THEATRICAL

The Great Palmer Stock Company Is Coming.

OTIS SKINNER TO STAR NEXT YEAR

Bidney Drew's Foolish Breaks-Freddy Gabbard and That Silver Bath Tub. Notes and Gossip of the Stage.

Sidney Drew furnished a lot of comedy this week that he didn't intend to. His display of ire toward Harry Gibbs, the youth who had the temerity to become his brother-in-law, was ludicrous in the extreme. When he thought Gibbs had gone on to New York he put up a great bluff and imagined he had a thirst for gore, but the news that Gibbs was still in the city transformed it into a thirst of another, kind-one which he attempted to assuage with the mild concoction known as claret punch. In his dressing room and at the newspaper offices he did a large amount of swearing and flourished a pistol about quite recklessly, but he didn't seem at all sorry to learn that the man he was hunting for had left town.

Drew's bluster seems all the more silly when one takes into consideration the fact that Drew had been given ample opportunity to do the annihilation act had he been so disposed. At Columbus he had a lengthy conversation and discussion with young Gibbs, and had he been as eager for trouble as he seemed here, he could easily have

It's my guess that he didn't want it very badly; what do you think?

However, to do him fustice, it may have been the claret punch, etc .- especially the "etc."-that was doing all the blustering. He may be brave as a lion. I don't say that he is not. But I do say that nobody would believe it from reading that card, the main point in which was that Gibbs. Sr., would stand but little chance for the first prize at a spelling bee. That was

It sounded mightily like the vaporings of a cad. Their family fights are nothing to me, but I liked the spirit shown by young Gibbs and hope all will be well with him and his Phyllis. Gibbs's father is, I understand, quite a prominent railway official; Drew's father was an actor who attained some sort of fame as a delineator of Irish characters. Take your choice As for the marriage of Phyllis to Harry-

I am not very strong on stage marriages

But perhaps I'm a pessimist. Freddy Gebhard's marriage brings the erswhile admirer of the Jersey Lily into prominence once more. Freddy has been in

prominence once more. Freddy has been in semi-retirement since the Lilly went off with her dear friend, "Squire" Abingdon Baid, but something like his old-time notoriety is his now.

It's that silver bathtub.

Original? Yes; most certainly, yes. Such a bridal present cannot but suggest any number of poetic fancies—Venus rising from her bath will have a new meaning now. her bath will have a new meaning now



BESSIE FAIRBRIAN.

two hundred ounces of silver it contains and the value placed upon it is \$5,156, a low valuation for which the demonetization of the precious metal is responsible. But we refer to cost? Certainly so sordid a consideration should not enter into a contemplation of such a picture. It is the poetical, artistic side which we should think of, Now that silver bathtubs are to become fash-ionable as bridal gifts—for Freddy is sure to have a host of imitators—why should they not become available for stage purposes? If available for no other purposes, the tubs will unquestionably loom up as mediums for advertising. I'm surprised that for two whole days none of the girls have grasped the golden, or silver, oppor-tunity What's the matter? Where are Temple, Russell, Martinot and Tempest? Rosenthal hadn't parted company Ressie Bonehill we would have heard from

woods. You can gamble on it that as soon as the news reaches Lady Lil she will be heard from. Dollars to doughnuts she'll be

The coming of the Grau Opera Company this week recalls the story of the marriage of pretty Edith Mason to Tom Persse, and the pretty poem which Frank Stanton wrote on that occason. The story is worthy of epetition on its own account, but especially so on account of the occasion. You remem-ber under the title "The Taking of the

Tenor," Stanton's song: And the tenor is married! I knew That brilliant night at the play, That the sweet soprano, with eyes of blue, Was singing his heart away!

Binging his heart away; Leading his lips astray; The dark of the forest dreamed today, The stage was a meadow, sweet with May, And the birds were singing his heart away— Singing his heart away.

She was not singing to me; He saw himself in her eyes of blue— A drowning man in a sea!

A drowning man in a sea Where drowning is sweet, and she— O, she was singing his ship astray, But the beautiful haven landward lay, And love was singing his soul away-Singing his soul away!

Adieu, brave tenor, adieu!

You sang your part, and you sang it well, But love sang sweeter than you!

Love sang sweeter than you: Love with the eyes of blue:
The sweet soprano—she knew, she knew,
When she was singing of love and May,
That Love was master and ruled the play,
And love was singing your heart away—
Singing your heart away!
—FRANK L. STANTON.

This has been a season to delight the soul of the Atlanta theatergoer. It has been the best we have had in years, and now, though at apparently the shank of the season, we are promised some of the very best things

of the year. I am just informed that Klaw & Erlanger have secured the A. M. Palmer stock company for us, and that this company, which is undoubtedly the strongest dramatic organization in America, will be at the Grand on April 20th and 21st. In this organization are such well-known pcople as Wilton Lackaye, Reuben Fox, Edward Bell, Herbert Millward, E. C. Benedict, Ann Urhart, Madeline Bouton, T. H. Stoddard, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, Walden Ramsey, Ida M. Conquest, Stanton Herron, Fred A. Thompson, Rose Barrington, Jennie Eustace and others. I don't know that I have the list complete, but these I mention are the principal people. The company will are the principal people. The company will jump from Peoria to New Orleans, where they will play two weeks, then to Mempals, Nashville, Atlanta and on by way of Nor-folk and Richmond to New York. 't is a great company and its coming will be the

crowning event of a season that has been replete with splendid attractions. Handsome Otis Skinner is to begin his stellar experience earlier than he lad cxpected, owing to Madame Modjeska's an ouncement that she will spend next year Europe. It had been her first intention to make a tour of this country next season and then leave it forever,—that is professionally at least-but she has changed her plans and this fall will go to Paris. She will probably be seen in Paris and a few other of the principal cities of the continent, and promises to return to this country the year after

for a farewell tour.

All of this is especially interesting to me, because of the effect it will have on the



career of Otis Skinner, whom I regard the ablest young man who has dared essay Shakespearean roles, and the most promising actor we have in the higher and more ellectual planes of dramatic art. Skin ner has been practically co-star with Modjeska during the past two or three seasons, and, as he himself puts it, he feels that to support any other star would be a step backward. He will, therefore, star under the management of Joe Buckley, who has di-rected the Modjeska tours. The plays to be presented will include a translation of a standard French melodramatic tragedy, a new comedy drama of the period of Charles new comedy drama of the period of Charles II, two of the present repertoire, "he Merchant of Venice," and 'Macheth," and "Hamlet." Nearly all of Mr. Skinner's time will be filled in large cit's, as the productions will be elaborate, but I sincerely hope he will get south, and I know that if he comes he will be well received. that if he comes he will be well received.
Otts Skinner is not only a highly talented actor, but he is one of the best fellows in the world, and everybody who knows him will join me in wishing him g dajacad on his

Frank Arnette, who is here looking after the interests of "Wang," talks enthusiastic-ally of the business which has been done by this popular opera. The production is one of the most thorough of its kind the south has ever had. At its head is Edwin Stevens, an exceedingly clever con.ed an whose career has been uniformly successful whother in comic opera or the higher fields of comedy. Last year he was in the original "Gloriana" company, and scored a great hit in the leading role in that funny comedy. "Wang" is well known

Of the opera itself lovers of wit, merri-ment and music need be told nothing. In the music and libretto there have been changes. It is still the bright and dashing opera, which, for two seasons has delighted the entire country. Somebody once said that you might as well attempt to analyze a hasheesh dream as to analyze "Wang." And he might have added that, like the and he might have added that, like the generality of such dreams, "Wang" is delightful, a dream in itself of beautiful scenes and beautiful women, lauguter and nonsense, fantastic costumes and delicious music. It does not pretend to be more than it is, and that is something to be devoutly thankful for in these days of Munchausen advance agents and circus posters. "Wang" is merely sugared sea-foam. It is the embodiment of jollity, with a leavening of beautiful and truthful pictures of far away Siam, the land of the white elephant. Be yond these picturesque features and its mel-odies it claims no merit but that of enter-tainment, and this merit it has successfully claimed for three years.

Matt Grau, suave and handsome, has been here several days arranging for the com-ing of his company. "It is no exaggera-tion," said he, "to say that we have the tion, said ne, "to say that we have the finest company we have ever had, and as our operas are new to Atlanta and are all very fine, I'm sure we will please. On Monday we open with 'Dorothy,' on Tuesday the bill is 'Martha,' and the company gives a great performance of that opera-Wednesday we give 'Paul Jones,' on Thursday, 'Ship Ahoy,' and on Saturday 'Brigands.' We will also have a Wednesday and a Saturday matinee. Friday night be-



EDITH MASON.

ing Good Friday, we will give no performance. Our company is larger than ever, the costumes gorgeous, the orchestra as large as can possibly be accommodated and the principals all good."

The subscription to the Damrosch recitals The subscription to the Damrosch recitals will be opened at the warercoms of the Phillips & Crew Company Tuesday morning. These recitals will take place on April 23d, 24th, 25th and 25th. Subscribers are not required to take the tickets, which have been placed at \$5 for the six recitals, until the day of the first recital. As the number of tickets is limited to the seating capacity of the Phillips & Crew Company capacity of the Phillips & Crew Company music hall, it will be well to subscribe as soon as possible. This will be an event in which all the music-loving people will be

deeply interested.

You know a man by the company he keeps. If he is taking Hood's Sarsaparilla regularly you can rest assured that his blood is pure, his appetite keen and his health the best. Try it yourself.

In Atlanta of a Good Hope Man Recently.

IT IS INDEED WONDERFUL.

After Suffering Forty-Five Years Consulting All the Best Known Oculists in the South Without Encouragement, He Is Cured in a Few Days.

Last week Mr. N. O. Smith, who resides in Good Hope, Ga., and has a machine shop in Monroe, accompanied by his brother, who is a traveling salesman for the Winshig Manufacturing Company, of Atlanta, and lives at Social Circle, came to Atlanta to consult Dr. J. Harvey Moore, the oculist, at 203 and 204 Kiser building. He said: "I was born cross-eyed in both eyes, and am now forty-five years old, and had often wished to have them made straight. I have consulted the best known oculists in the south, but got no encouragement from them, other than that they would operate on my eyes, naming an exorbitant price, and saying I would have to give up all business for some weeks and stay here in the city at least three, part of which time I would be confined in a dark room. They would give me no assurance that, after all this, my eyes would be improved. On the other hand they said the operation might result in Total Blindness.

"My sight had become greatly impaired, and least the part of the Morel's painless meth-

they said the operation might result in Total Blindness.

"My sight had become greatly impaired, and learning of Dr. Moore's painless method, placed myself under his treatment. One eye was operated on last week, and the other a day or two ago. I have not had either eye tied up or been confined indoors a minute, and I can already see very much better. My brother and every one else say my eyes are perfectly straight. I tell you, the people here do not realize how skillful a man they have in Dr. Moore. If they would visit his office and hear his patients talk of and praise him, not only for straightening cross-eyes, but for correctly fitting glasses, after all other methods had failed, and thereby curing them of various ills that before would yield to no treatment of any kind. There are others who have suffered from nervous diseases of all kinds that have defied treatment until Dr. Moore prescribed for them. I tell you, I am perfectly delighted, and they all say they are, with the result of Dr. Moore's treatment. He is truly a great man, and while it seems no one could now have a more except the reputation than he, it will continue to grow and spread until he will be unable to attend to all his callers, for while he advertises, he does all he claims to, and has more than the ability claimed for him."

The doctor's hours are from 10 to 3 dally, except Sunday. All correspondence will be The doctor's hours are from 10 to 3 daily, except Sunday. All correspondence will be promptly answered when accompanied by stamp. He publishes no names without the patient's consent

THE TRIPOD PAINT CO.

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THE LARGEST GROUP OF BA-BIES IN THE WORLD IS NOW BEING MADE BY C. W. MOTES, THE PHOTOGRAPHER.

I propose to make the largest group of children under three years old ever made by photog-raphy to be exhibited at the Con-vention of Photographers of America at St. Louis, Mo., next

Only 50c will be Charged for Each Sitting

In order to induce parents to aid me in this undertaking I make the following liberal offer: I will give to each of the first five hundred children one fine Cabinet Photograph or aristotype and a souvenir copy of group. In addition, ten elegant, finely finished enlargements will be given as premiums to the ten prettiest children, to be awarded by a committee of competent judges. Make engagements at once and let the fun commence, and urge your friends to do likewise. I am never happier than when making pictures of the little ones and will endeavor to socure the happiest results and make this the largest, best and make this the largest, best and most artistic work ever pr

VV. Motes 53 Whitehall Street.

Wanted—Steers. Five hundred smooth, thrifty, unblemished, 3 to 5 years old, delivered at Macon Brooksville or "Johnson Barnett" plantation, northeast corner Noxubee county, Mississippi. Will pay prices consistent with markets. Fairbanks scales to weigh on Address

J. F. MILLER & CO., mrch 10—

Macon, Miss.

A. J. WEST & 60. ESTATE,

16 Pryor Street, Kimball House.

Two lots Juniper street, 50x240 feet each, only \$1,500 each. Juniper street is same width as Peachtree and the first street east of and parallel with Peachtree. This is a forced sale and must go.

50x101 at gate to Pledmont Park; fine We want offer on 57x97 for business lot on Decatur street. 100x200 Peachtree street, a corner. Must sell before 1st April. See us or write for imprination about real estate.

A. J. WEST & CO.
For the Exposition and Atlanta.

AUCTION!

SOME PE

AN INTRO

Deginning Monday, March 26th, and continuing until that magnificent stock of DIAMONDS. WATCHES, SILVERWARE and JEWELRY at our store, No. 93 Whitehall St., is entirely disposed of regardless of cost.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

REMEMBER this does not effect our store at No. 31 Whitehall St., which will be continued same as before.

We have leased our store, No. 93 Whitehall St., and sold our fixtures to the American Baptist Publication Society, and must give an early possession, so that the entire stock must be PURE READY MIXED PAINTS! disposed of at once.

MAIER & BERKELE,

JEWELERS

W. M. SCOTT & CO.

Street, Kimball House Entrance. Street, Kimbail House Entrance.

SOUTH SIDE, near in, on paved street, with electric line in front, new 8-room house, with gas, water, electric bells, etc. This is a very desirable home for a business man. Price \$5,250. Only small cash payment required, balance to run for a term of years. W. M. Scott & Co.

SIMPSON STREET, near West Peachtree, 203x200 to alley. corner. three 5-room

term of years. W. M. Scott & Co. SIMPSON STREET, near West Peachtree, 203x200 to alley, corner, three 6-room houses, one 6-room, one 2-room and plenty room for three more houses; good neighborhood, splendar renting property; only one block to Williams street school. Price \$15,000. Might take \$5,000 home as part payment. W. M. Scott & Co. NEAR GRANT PARK, on paved street, new 10-room residence on beautiful one-acre lot, 2-room servant's house. Only \$5,250. W. M. Scott & Co. NORTH SIDE, near Boulevard, new 7-room house, lot 50 feet front on two streets, desirable neighborhood; \$4,000, \$200 cash, balance \$30 a month. W. M. Scott & Co. EDGEWOOD, near Inman Park, 5-room cottage, lot 102x150 to alley, stable, etc. high, commanding location. Only \$1,750, \$100 cash, balance monthly. See this. W. M. Scott & Co. EXCHANGE—We have several desirable places in city to exchange for farms near Atlanta. W. M. Scott & Co. GRIFFIN, GA.—New 6-room cottage, lot 100x300, value \$2,750, rented*319 per month by the year, to exchange for close in residence in Atlanta to cost about \$5,000, will pay difference. W. M. Scott & Co.

ISAAC LIEBMAN. Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agent,

Loan Agent,

28 Peachtree St.

Some one is selling something and I am determined to do my share of same, hence take notice of the below bargains and call at my office, where salesmen are always on hand with vehicles to show any property I have listed on my books.

Any of the relow will yield a snug profit in the next twelve months.

\$1,200 buys three store rooms and rooms overhead that, rent for \$20 per month, large lot, on Markham and Tatnall streets.

\$1,600 buys new 5-room and 3-room houses corner lot, 50x100, on W. Hunter St., \$500 to run four crd a half years at 8 per cent; balance cash.

\$3,000 buys 30x103 running through to railroad on Marietta St., near Hunnicutt St.

\$40 per front foot buys corner lot 125x90 on Decatur St. this side Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills.

\$10,000 buys 105x140 on Decatur St. within half mile circle.

\$3,500 buys beautiful lot 50x150 to alley on Grant St., near Woodward avenue.

\$5,750 payable \$40 per month buys new 7-room house, lot 50x200 on Morrison avenue.

\$2,500 buys 50x100 on Decatur St., near Fort St.: \$1,500 cash, balance in October; 7 per cent interest.

Beautiful lot 44x125 to alley on Linden avenue. Owner anxious to sell.

I have some beautiful land out Peach-

avenue. Owner anxious to sell.

I have some beautiful land out Peachtree road, part of the Goodwin land that can be bought cheap.

I can make a few loans on city property,
ISAAC LIEBMAN.

28 Peachtree St.

For Rent by Green & Mathews, Rent ing and Sale Agents, 37 N. Broad Street Telephone 756.

Street relegable 100.		
f-r. h., 151 W. Fair	12	0
-r. h., 33 Johnson ave, gas	21	0
-r. h., 18 Garnett, gas and water	20	0
-r. h., Pryor at Fair	30	0
-r. h., 20 Castlebery	20	ò
-r. h., 72 Young.,	10	0
Fr. h., 72 Young	20	0
-r. h., 386 Hilliard, garden	12	5
Three large floors on railroad suitable	4575	
for manufactory or storage		
Fr. h., 16 Yonge	15	0
-r. h., 53 Alexander	17	50
-r. h., 258 Spring, gas and water	13	O
3-r. h., 20 and 24 Piedmont	22	50
-r. h., 192 Crew	14	0
-r. h., 95 Williams	10	0
Bakery on West Peters street	12	Б
sun tues thur		Ħ
0-r. n., 129 Spring	40	0
-r. n., west Peachtree	32	81
-r. n., soi Luckie	10	O
s-r. h., corner Mills and Williams	13	0
large room, 231/4 Whitehall	20	0
5-r. h., 40 Wheat	40	0
r. h., 228 Spring	20	0
r. h., 228 Spring. -r. h., 44 Stonewall, gas and water.	20	0
-r. h., 310 E. Fair, gas and water	15	0
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Goode, Beck & Co. Agts.

AT AUCTION

Tuesday, March 20th, 4 p. m., On the Premises.

ELECTRIC CAR AT THE DOOR. It is very near the E. T., V. and G. railroad shops, glass works and all factories on E. T., V. and G. and A. and F. railroads, and can always be rented. Lot lies well, and house is comfortable. Will be sold absolutely to highest bidder on its merits. Terms: one-third cash, balance 6 and 12 months; 8 per cent interest.

GOODE, BECK & CO.

94 PINE ST., N. W. CORNER BISHOP. 1 1-2 Blocks from Peachtree.

6-R. COTTAGE, LOT 47 1-2x1671-2 FT. AT AUCTION

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21st 3:30 P. M. ON THE PREMISES.

Sale Absolutely to Highest Bidder.

This is a neat 6-room cottage, with water, gas and all city conveniences, such as paved street and walks, sewer connection and electric car at the door. The lot is a corner, and has alley in rear. The neighborhood is as good as the best, and the locality one where homes of this character are always in good demand. The calls for northside homes of this kind are increasing yearly; and it is rarely one can be had at a reasonable figure. This goes at your own price, and must be sold to pay mortgage. Terms of sale: Purchaser must assume mortgage for \$2,000 due June 30, 1894, with interest from date, and pay balance one-half cash and other half in one year, with 3 per cent interest. Free ride from our office on Courtland or Peachtree car on day of sale, Wednesday, the 21st instant, at 3:30 of clock p. m.

GOODE, BECK & CO.
Corner Peachtree and Marietta streets.

HOMES.

How many can say they live in homes that are sense? Homes that are count of heavy expenses! Homes that are free from that cramped con-dition which makes a fresh breath of air an impossibility. Homes inges of the suburbs and at the same time are in close touch with the active pulse of city life! Union Square is the suburban homeseeker's ideal, It is at Union Square that you find all the conditions that tend to make a perseeking a location don't fail to see Union Square. If you are dis-antisfied with your present home, Union Square deserves your

We want good purchase money notes.

New 6-room house, Cherry street, must be sold this week. Come and make us an offer for it.

Farms all over Georgia for sale; or will exchange for city property.

exchange for city property.

North Atlanta lots, all around Pledmont Park, very cheap—\$700 up.

Homes and lots on the installment plan. Marietta lot, back to railroad, \$5,000; 53 feet front; mile circle.

Homes and lots on Peachtree, West Peachtree, Pledmont avenue, Forest avenue and nearly all streets in the city.

If you want to buy, sell or exchange, call on us. It will be to your advantage.

who other an acquai Tradition

Tradition the ex-cor Normandy conqueror, "Scrows," grandfath of Cromw removed which was Carolina. "My fet

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ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate and Loans. Real Listate and Loans.

\$2,200 will buy a bargain on the north side that for an investment can't be beaten. It requires only \$500 cash and balance in two and one-half years. Must come quick if you want to get it.

\$3,000—Peachtree lot that is a beauty and cheap. Come see it.

\$5,500—Corner lot, Capitol avenue; cheapest on street.

\$15,000—Peachtree home, very desirable.

\$400—Front foot Decatur street property near Loyd.

\$2,750—Cheapest lot in Inman park—100x200.

\$3,000 cash for a Woodward avenue home that is a sacrifice and a beauty. See it.

\$5,500—House and three-quarter acre lot fronting railroad at Decatur.

Money to loan here now. Bring your "ap's."

"ap's."
Office I2 E. Alabama. Telephone 363. J. B. ROBERTS. Real Estate, 45 Marietta Street. 5-r, Forest avenue, \$300 cash, \$25 per jointh, \$3,000. 8-r, one block Peachtree, close in, bargain. 8-r, one block Peachtree, close in, bargsin, \$3,400.
5-r brick, Newton street, 60x100, \$1,65a.
6-r, Summit avenue, 50x100, \$1,500.
4-r, W. Pine street, 50x100, \$100 cash, \$15 month, \$1,600.
7-r, Currier street, 50x175, \$5,500.
7-r, Merritts avenue, 50x200, \$5,25a.
3-r and \$1 ots, Pine street, \$2,000.
5-r, Hood street, \$2,200.
5-r, Georgia avenue, 50x100, \$200 cash, \$20 month, \$2,000.
6-r, Windsor, 50x170, \$3,800.
4-r, Simpson street, 105x100, \$4,606.
2-3-r houses, 40x106, \$750.
Do you want to exchange for a nice farm?
If so come to see us.
10-room residence, 115x150, \$4,000.

If so come to see us.

10-room residence, 115x150, \$4,000.
Factory building, 102x250, \$2,500. Will eschange for Atlanta property.

S. BOYKIN TURMAN, Real Estate and Renting Agent.

\$10,500 for choice central property renting at \$720 per year. 1,400 buys close in Washington street home inside half mile circle; lot 50x250 feet. 48,500 will get Broad street store; rents Washington street lot, 50x175 feet, \$1,850; must be sold at once. \$1,000 for lot on nice street, worth \$1,500; easy terms. Buy and build you a cot-tage. easy terms. Buy and but tage.
omes! have several can sell on monthly payments.
FOR RENT-7-r. h., 385 Capitol avenue, \$35.
See my rent list.
'Phone 164. 8 Kimball House. HALE INVESTMENT CO.,

No. 53 N. Pryor St., 2 Equitable Build's

FOR RENT

1 6-R H., No. 37 Pulliam street.
1 8-R H., No. 101 Pulliam street.
1 7-R H., No. 101 Pulliam street.
1 7-R H., No. 57 Crew street.
1 7-R H., No. 40 West Baker street.
1 7-R H., No. 40 West Baker street.
1 7-R H., No. 286 Crew street.
1 7-R H., No. 296 Crew street.
1 7-R H., No. 296 Crew street.
1 7-R H., No. 406 Central railroad.
1 4-R H., Corner Boulevard and Irwin st.
3 unturnished rooms suitable for light huse keeping in private residence at Inman Park, prettiest location in the city.
FOR SALE.

1740 will buy lot on Rankin street, near Boulevard, 50x190, if taken this week.
Nice cottages near Inman Park on car line.
190. Sper month, no cash payment required.
Tou can get you a home if you will call and see us.

DAYTON HALE, Sec.

ntinuing **IONDS** ELRY at disposed

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. P. McGRATH. AcGrath

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BROS. nd Loans.

on the north side t can't be beaten. sh and balance in ears. Must come get it. is a beauty and avenue; cheapest ecatur. now. Bring your

c100, \$200 cash, \$30

TURMAN. d Renting

0x175 feet, \$1,850; MENT CO.,

uitable Build's NT
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street.

A TRAVELER TALKS

of the People and the Places That He Has Visited.

SOME PECULIARITIES OF THE CHINESE

Pleasant Recollections of the Editor and the Diplomat.

AN INTRODUCTION TO HORACE GREELEY

How a Young Man Was Given a Start in Life-He Afterwards Became One of Georgia's Brilliant Journalists.

Out on Peachtree street, just a step below the home of the next governor of the
commonwealth of Georgia and half a dozen
doors below the former home of one of
the most cultured gentlemen that ever
graced the civilization of the old south,
lives, in the midst of warm friends and a
loving family, a veteran journalist and a
loving family, a veteran journalist and a
loving at the street of the street
you not already suspected it? A successful
journalist and diplomat, ex-minister to
Colombia, twice consul toChina and exUnited States minister plenipotentiary to
Yenezuela.

Venezuela.

His smile is one that makes you smile in return, so full is it of humor and mirthfulness. In fact, the whole bearing of the man is stamped with a kindness, courtesy and good fellowship met in men of this end of the century.

and good fellowship met in men of this end of the century.

Colonel Scruggs is at his best when he acts in the capacity of host. A genial, courteous gentleman—typical of the old southern school—the embodiment of manly dignity and polite conversation, he is a man in whose company one can not but delight. There is a centain hesitancy of speech that makes one just a little anxious to

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

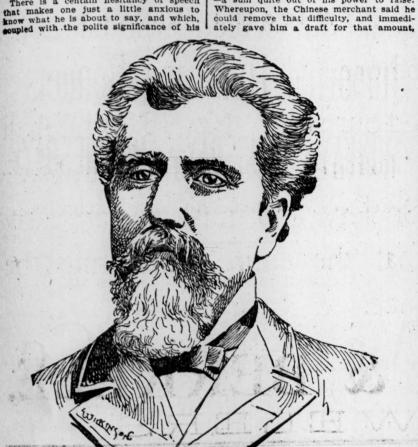
ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

the valuable qualities which they do possess. They are a grateful people as a rule, and industry, peacefulness and contentment are universally prevalent in the bulk of the population. I recall an instance that shows a favorable specimen of Chinese character, which appeared even at Canton.

"A merchant doing a large business had some dealings with an American trader, who attempted to leave the port without settling his bills. He would have succeeded but for the activity of a young officer of one of the company's ships. The officer boarded the American ship when upon the point of sailing, and, by his remonstrances, finally prevailed on the American to make satisfactory arrangements with his credisatisfactory arrangements with his creditor. In acknowledgement of his service the Chinese merchant purchased from the young officer, at different times on his return to the port, the whole of his commercial adventure.

"Now, I suppose you would consider that he had fulfilled any ordinary claim upon his gratitude, but he went even farther his gratitude, but he went even farther than this. After some years he expressed his surprise to the officer that he had not yet obtained command of a vessel. The officer replied that it was a lucrative post and that it could be obtained only by purchase at a cost of several thousand pounds—a sum quite out of his power to raise. Whereven, the Chinese merchant said he



versation charming in very truth. A Constitution representative called on the exminister last week not for a conventional interview, but to have one of those long, rambling, desultory chats that, running where it may, would show him just what he is and which would give delight to many who otherwise are debarred the fortune of an acquaintance with the man in person.

Tradition says that a remote ancestor of
the ex-consul and minister emigrated from
Normandy to England in the days of the

conqueror, the name at that time being "Scror"s," afterwards "Scruggs." His great grandfather came to Virginia in the time of Cromwell, and, liberating his slaves, removed to Jefferson county, Tennessee, which was at that time a part of North

"My father was named Frederick," ex-plained Colonel Scruggs. "He was a farmer and stock raiser. My mother's an-cestors were Lindsays and were all from Scotland. They settled in Virginia before

Then Mr. Scruggs told of his being sent off to college when he was but fifteen years old. After emerging from college he studied law and was admitted to the bar. "I never could satisfactorily account to myself why I did not practice law after my admission," he went on to say. "I loved the profession dearly—considered it one of the noblest of them all—but I was amointed school commissioner in Tennessee just after I came to the bar of that state and it was thus, I suppose, that I drifted out of the law into the pursuit of Ichabod Crane.

"It was not until just before the war that I became editor-in-chief of a Columbus, Ga., paper—The Daily Sun—and, in 1866, I think it was, I came to Atlauta to live, and, with Colonel John S. Prather, established The Daily New Era. I was editor of The New Era about a year and a half, when, upon my receiving a public appointment from President Grant, we sold out to The Constitution, and The New Era was thereupon merged into that paper." Then Mr. Scruggs told of his being sent

thereupon merged into that paper."

Later Colonel Scruggs was twice appointed minister to Colombia, South America, succeeding General Stephen A. Hurbut, and, in 1882, declining the consul generalship to Panama, two weeks later was appointed unsought minister to Colombia

a second time.

Colonel Scruggs's life, however, as consul general to China, first at Chin Kiang and then at Canton, was doubtless the most interesting of his stays abroad.

Remembers His Life in China.

Speaking about the peculiarities and characteristics of the Chinese as a nation, Mr. Scruggs called to mind an interesting mar-

riage custom of that peculiar race.

"When a Chinaman desires to marry,"
add he, "his parents intimate that fact
to a professional matchmaker, who, thereupon, runs though the list of her visiting acquaintances and selects one whom she considers a fitting bride for the young man. Next she calls upon the young wo-man's parents, armed with the bridegroom's man's parents, armed with the bridegroun's card, on which are inscribed his ancestral name and the eight symbols which denote the day of his birth. Now, if the answer is an acceptance of the suit, the bride's card is sent in return. Should the oracles prophesy good concerning the union, the particulars of the engagement are written on two large cards and tied together with

red cords,"
Colonel Scruggs talked entertainingly about the appearance of the Chinese in their worst phase. These are found at Canton, the place of his last stay while in Canton, the place of his last stay while in the empire. He said that it was unquestionably true that the good traits, as well as the bad, of the Chinese people could be traced to the advantages or the disadvantages of the social system of the country. In all the more civilized countries timidity of character is looked upon with anything but esteem, but in China the very principles of the general government have the effect of imbuling the people with this particular vice.

stating that it could be repaid at the young

officer's convenience.
"That's the way the thing is said to have occurred, and no one doubts the truth of the story. It is a good instance to show the grateful nature of the Chinese. From one example you may judge of the whole

"However," said Colonel Scruggs, "the advantageous features of the character of the people are not unaccompanied by vices. Frequently you will find an insincere Chinaman, and falsehood, mutual distrust and jealousy, the refuge of the weak and the timid, are found in great abundance."

"There Is No Chinese Literature."

I asked Colonel Scruggs about the language and literature of the Chinese people. "The vocabulary of the people comprise nearly 800,000 words," said he, "for the Chinese have a separate and distinct word for everything, and that word is generally a monosyllable.

"You see," said he, "the letters of our alphabet are simply symbols of sounds, while the Chinese characters are symbols of ideas. To illustrate, you have one of these Italians in Atlanta to pronounce the word 'twenty-two' for you, and if you don't understand him when he replies 'venti-due,' you will readily do so when he writes down 22. Now, this advantage, wrich belongs to our numerals only, pertains to the whole language of the Chinese." of ideas. To illustrate, you have one of

Chinese." The ex-minister said that he had taken The ex-minister said that he had taken no pains to become acquainted with the literature of the celestials, for the reason that they had none. "Then, too," he said, "there are many difficulties attendant upon the acquisition of Chinese from the great number and variety of its characters, which a short stay in the country would be insuf-

"There's one peculiarity about the books they do have, however, and that is that they number the words of the most valu-able volumes. I believe that this custom is said to have obtained among the Hebrews also. This is done, I should think, to di-vide the aggregate into daily or monthly

vide the aggregate into daily or monthly portions for the student.

"Among their moral works, and those on teaching, they have collections of detached sentences and aphorisms. They are very fond of these, and their language is singularly adapted for expressing them. I remember there is one whose truth holds good as well in China as in this country, and that is that 'misfortunes issues out where diseases enter in—at the mouth.' where diseases enter in—at the mouth.'
And then, when they wish to discuss the
comparative merits of flattery and reproof, they say, 'sweet words are polson; bitter words physic.' When a public speaker is becoming wearlsome with superfluous rambling talk they accuse him of 'adding feet to

his snake.'
"Some of the ordinary expressions of the "Some of the ordinary expressions of the Chinese are pointed and sarcastic enough. They call a blustering, harmless fellow a 'paper tiger.' When a man puts too great a value on himself they compare him to a 'rat falling into a balance and weighing himself.' Overdoing a thing they call a thunchback making a bow.'

himself.' Overdoing a thing they call a 'hunchback making a bow.'
"There are hundreds of such pithy sayings among the Chinese, and I have often thought that, if collected into some presentable form, they would make a volume replete with interest."
Colonel Scruggs discoursed entertainingly

replete with interest."

Colonel Scruggs discoursed entertainingly upon the nature of the cities of the Chinese, the religion of the people—Confucianism and Buddhism—the arts and inventions, the natural history and productions of the

principles of the general government have the effect of imbuing the people with this particular vice.

"However," said Colonel Scruggs, "it is only fair to give the celestials credit for spicuous part. I asked him about his recol-

Important Paper by Dr. Meriwether, of

THE CASE IMPARTIALLY PRESENTED

ections as an editor and he told of the

rather amusing circumstances under which he was first introduced to Horace Greeley, now more than twenty-five years ago.

now more than twenty-five years ago.
"It was a few years before Mr. Greeley's death, when I was in New York on a matter of business. I thought that I would drop in at The Tribune building and meet

the veteran editor. I gave the boy my card, but he said that Mr. Greeley would not see me. I told the boy to hand him my card at any rate. I knew that Mr. Greeley

would see me, for he had had a good deal of correspondence regarding slavery and the south in general, running through many months. He had written me that if I should be in New York at any time he would be pleased to have me call.

"Presently the how returned with the

"Presently the boy returned with the message that Mr. Greeley wished me 'to walk up.' I entered the editor's office directly. Mr. Greeley was writing away and I was surprised to see him standing there at a five-foot desk writing with his hand running along right under his nose." I made some slight notes to income the

"I made some slight noise to inform him of my presence. He paid no attention whatever to me, but continued writing

away as fast as he could.
"I took a seat on a sofa near. I was not pressed for time, and I could afford to

wait. Finishing his editorial presently, he suddenly turned around and said:

never leave my desk. So, this is Mr. Scruggs, is it, with whom I have had so much correspondence lately?

"The conversation was not long in turning upon the subject of our correspondence—slavery, and Mr. Greeley was astonished

to hear me declare with some show of earnestness that the people of the south were not all brutes, assassins, murderers and cut-throats. I told him that if he

would go back south with me I could very quickly relieve his mind on that score— that I could assure him that he would not

be murdered if he should decide to make

"You know," concluded Colonel Scruggs, with a smile, "Mr. Greeley had always been a natural abolitionist, and the questions of slavery was paramount

been a natural abolitionist, and the question of disposing of slavery was paramount with him. He was unquestionably the most eminent representative of that powerful, obstinate, fiery, pious, humorous, honest, industrious, thoughtful and reasoning people, the Scotch-Irish."

Giving a Young Man a Start. His mind still dwelling on on the same subject, Colonel Scruggs pleasantly recalled how, more than twenty-five years ago, when he was editor of The Daily New Era

in Atlanta, a young man walked into his office, and, with a charming candor, said that he had come to be a journalist. He had been reading law under the direction of Judge John L. Howkinsh but said the said of the said said that he had been reading law under the direction of Judge John L. Howkinsh but said the said that he was the said that the said

Judge John L. Hopkins, but said that he not cut out for a fawyer and he longed

"I told him to come again at 9 o'clock the following day, when I should have more time to talk to him. He was on hand promptly the next morning, and I handed him a heap of 'exchanges, and told him

on the largest morning fournal in the

The Character of Andrew Johnson.

with just enthusiasm; "and all from a mod-

with just enthusiasm; "and all from a mod-est tailor lad. In every position in life he showed himself a man of ability and cour-age, and I don't believe that Mr. Johnson's honesty was ever called into question dur-ing the whole course of his career. The smell of corruption was never upon his gar-

ments.
"It was really astonishing to see his popularity with the masses, "continued Colonel Scruggs. "He trusted the people implicitly. He was their tribune. Their best interests were secure in his care, and he would not have been guilty of an intentional harm to any one of them for the

"This was the true secret of the devotion of the masses to him. The theater of his power and greatness was before the people on the stump. I have always loved to

"Yes, he was a man who never once doubted the patriotism and integrity of the people, and they would have given him anything in the world."

Absolutely Nothing Like It.

will never regret it.

We will supply all back numbers up to No. 5 for the regular price, 10 cents each and no coupons, as an inducement for you to begin now.

No. 352 McDaniel St. at Auction.

Wednesday, March 20th at 3:30 o'clock p. m. Sale absolute. Two-room cottage, lot 50x100 feet, on barracks electric line, near East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia shops, Goode. Beck & Co., Agenta,

LUCIUS LAMAR.

of his purpose.

ite his name. The ex-minister said

to be a newspaper man.

"'Draw up a chair and have a seat. I

Conflict Between Urban and Rural Com-

munities—The Farmer and the Gov-ernment—Needed Re orms-

UNREST OF FARMERS.

Johns Hopkins University.

The farmer movement goes back to the beginning of city life and rests on the struggle between urban and rural communities. Social ease and readiness make the dweller in towns ridicule the "country crackers" and "country jakes." This raillery and contempt typify the contest always going en

ways going on.

The farmer is undoubtelly overreached by his city competitor, but he has no just ground for complaint except in these cases where the governing powers aid the municipalities to fleece him. He has loudly soundpalities to fleece him. He has loudly sounded his grievance against middlemen—commission dealers—but he has here no cause to murmur except at his own obstinacy and ruincus independence. He can co-operate with his neighbors and ship to an appointed agent, and reap all the profits himself. If he will not adopt this plan of combining against the tacit combinations of self. If he will not adopt this plan of com-bining against the tacit combinations of cities then he will have to stew in his igorant fumes until poverty brings him to his senses. The standard of life is higher in cities and the man in turn has a com-manding position in the higgling in the markets.

manding position markets.

Undoubtedly trusts are a heavy discrimination against the farmer. No "combine" can raise the price of his wheat, his beef, or his cattle for him, and yet nearly every implement he buys has a fictitious value on it, and it is put there mainly through the governing power. Trusts rest aid of the governing power. Trusts rest on two things, the tariff and patents. Both of these are a matter of legal regulation. In such instances the farmer has his only genuine grievance, a grievance against his



DR. C. MERIWETHER.

government because it extends special favors to some. Legislation is so often for special classes, with a sop now and then to the great bulk of the people—the patient agricultural masses. The halls and corridors of the capitol at Washington are being worn smooth by the professional variables. worn smooth by the protectionists crowd ing and clamoring for pet schemes, but the solid tread of the plowman is never heard there.

It is only when the supreme authority It is only when the supreme authority that we all support turns its beneficent rays upon a chosen few that the farmer should raise his voice in protest outside of government interference; his contest with cities is on an unequal plane, and if he is beaten by cunning and compact voluntary organization he can only blame himself for not uniting into an industrial army. But when his representatives are hoodwinked and bamboozled by shrewd lobbyists and imposing delegations and cooked-up petitions to pass statutes that gently but mercilessly ilch from his pockets the hard earnings of his labor, then he has a righteous cause of indignation. that I wanted him to go through the lot and extract and paragraph items of a gossipy political nature. His success with the task was so complete that I engaged him without further delay.

"And," concluded Colonel Scruggs, with emphasis, "he who was a beginner in the work then is today one of the most accomplished and versatile editorial writers on the largest marning fournal in the

his labor, then he has a righteous cause of indignation.

He has made an outery about his mortgages, but their amount and number only show his distress. Under our present social and industrial system he has no basis of atack in this matter, as he freely assumed those obligations under the law of supply and demand. The holding of these claims so largely by eastern capitalists on southern and western farms is an unfortunate occasion for the development of a sectional feeling. Turning back again to the days that are passed, I asked Colonel Soruggs if he had known Andrew Johnson, and if it was true that Mrs. Johnson had taught her husband to write his name. The ex-minister said that the popular belief was true, but that the Tennessee senator was distinguished for his thirst for knowledge and for an honorable ambition all the days of his life. "He went up," continued Colonel Scruggs, "step by step-first a poor tailor lad, then holding an office in the town in which he lived, and next in the legislature of Tennessee, afterward a member of the lower house in congress, then a senator of the United States, and finally president. "Think of it," exclaimed Colonel Scruggs with just enthusiasm; "and all from a mod-

sectional feeling.

But the farmer claims that his chief burden comes from having to help carry other vocations that the government looks on with partial eye. The establishment of banks is peculiarly facilitated and great power is put in their hands. The expensive requirements makes

power is put in their hands. The expensive requirements make such a business hopelessly beyond the reach of nearly every farmer in the land. Their control over the volume of currency is complete. Such sway is too potent for evil to be delegated to another agency.

But it is on the silver question that the farmer of the south and west is stirred most deeply and resentfully. He knows only too well that there has been a sad fall in the prices of commodities since the demonetization of silver by the leading nations of the world. He argues that this fall is because of the previous government action, and no one can disprove this. He has not lost heart in his fight for free silver. He has got his second wind. The repeal law last fall no more ended the strife than Cleveland's defeat in 1888 was the death of tariff reform.

But the strongest counts in his indictment against the government are connected with the general appropriations and the railroad question. In the past citles have been created by the breath of rulers. St. Petersburg has sprung out of the marshes of the Baltic. Berlin has taken on a second growth through the confederation of Germany. What is Washington itself but the stroke of a President's pen? How much have the vast sums voted by congress aided in the upbuilding of New York? Then add the millions that have been put into public buildings, into river and harbor improvements. The half million people in Baltimore have public buildings many times the value of such structures in a rural community of the same population down south or out west. Of course in all wise internal improvements the farmer indirectly gets the benefits, but the profits—which are sometimes enormous—all go to urban contractors and dwellers. We must have these expenditures, but they ought to be as widely distributed as possible. The congestion of people at a few points is a portentous evil and the engine of domination should be careful not to encourage this centralization. In the postoffice there is much tender solicitude to serve the he would not have been guilty of an inten-tional harm to any one of them for the world. He was one of the people. He was born so; he felt with them, sympathized with them and was always ready to do everything in his power for their material on the stump. I have always loved to recall how, on a crtain occasion, when the populace had become angered with him in their political differences, he made a speech that would have done honor to Marc Antony. He swayed them by the earnestness of his eloquence, and, before he was half through, he had completely won them over by the strength of the conviction which he aroused in them of the sincerity of his purpose. Absolutely Nothing Like It.

If any of our readers are missing "The Magic City" portfolios they are making a great mistake. This is the most beautiful and complete Wolrd's Fair Series published. It is just what every family ought to have. If you are not taking it we want you to call at our office or send and get a copy of No. 1, 2, or 3. We will furnish you these samples for 10 cents each without coupons, and if you do not say they are the most beautiful specimens of art printing, as well as the finest reproduction of world's fair scenery you ever saw, we will make you a present of all the rest of the series. Now here is your chance. We want everybody to get these splendid, these magnificent portfolios. Every number becomes more beautiful and more interesting as the series progresses. We are actually astonished at the splendor and completeness of the work. You must see it to appreciate its many varied and marvelous beauties. You have doubtless seen other world's fair portfolios that pleased and interested you, but the finest of them can give you no true conception of "Magic City." Get the samples, as advised, and you will never regret it.

We will supply all back numbers up to

of loss.

But the evil of evils for the farmer is the railroad. It was against this enemy that he first organized, and this is the most vulnerable point of assault to-day. The farmer is tied to one spot and sells all his crops at one season. He is bound hand and foot and cast into the lion's den of shifting rails

WE DO NOT

PRETEND TO PERFORM MIRACLES

But We Do Claim to Be Able to Cure Any Case of Catarrh, No Matter of How Long Standing.

When we, the parents of little Oscar Buffington, of Fairburn, Ga., consulted Drs. Copeland and Howald about four months ago, our child was then in a pitiable condition. He had catarrh from infancy in a very aggravated form. More recently it had attacked the nasal bones and they had



begun to decay. An opening had formed on the outside of the bridge of the nose through which several large pieces of bone were discharged. At that time his appearance discharged. At that time his appearance was truly frightful. His eyes were swollen shut, he could get no air through his nostrils, he was unable to eat or sleep and he had a continuous high fever. The odor from his breath was so offensive that it was almost impossible to remain in the same

room with him.

The above is a faithful portrayal of his The above is a faithful portrayal of his condition when Drs. Copeland and Howald first began treating him. Now, after only a few months treatment, he is the picture of health. The opening on the nose has closed, leaving scarcely a trace of a scar. He goes to school every day and is as bright and mischievous as any boy of his age, thanks to the skillful treatment of the Copeland physicians.

CURED BY THE HOME TREATMENT,

Miss Mary Kenny, living in Mobile, Ala., northe st corner of Scott and Conti streets, was a sufferer for many years. Her mother writes of her cure as follows: "My daughter suffered from all the dreadful effects of catarrh. I had her treated by the best doctors in Mobile, without receiving any benefits. She suffered with a severe sore throat. Her tonsils were enlarged and sore. She had a dropping of catarrhal mucus from the back part of the nose into the throat that kept her throat irritated and finally became so severe as to derange her stomach. She would frequently get sick at the stomach and vomit her food.

"Her lungs were affected and she would surely have gone into consumption had I not placed her in the care of Drs. Copeland and Howald. Her blood was in such a bad condition that great running sores would break out or her head, and her hair would

fall out. She had red pimples all over her face, which distressed her very much. I think her cure marvelous. Under the careful and skillful treatment of Drs. Copeland and Howald she began to improve at once. In one month's time she received more benefit than from four years' constant treatment which she had undergone previously. I want all sufferers to know this, because it will certainly be the means of sending them to Drs. Copeland and Howald. I cannot understand why people hesitate to go when they read of all the remurkable cures performed in the Copeland offices. It took me months to make up my mind to try the Copeland treatment on my daughter, probably because I had met with so many failures before, but now I can thank God that we did so, and that my daughter is relieved of all her miserable sufferings. Catarrh is cured, throat is cured, tonsils reduced, and falling hair stopped, and in fact, after years of sickness my child is well."

HOME TREATMENT.

Drs. Copeland and Howald have so perfected their system of mail or home treatment that they succeed quite as well in this way as they do in their office practice. All who reside at a distance from the city. and cannot conveniently call at the office, should write for a symptom Blank. Questions about all chronic troubles cheerfully:

\$5 A MONTH,

For All Treatment and Medicines. Specialties-Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nervous Diseases, Rheumatism, Consumption and all chronic affections of the Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver and Kid-

COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

W. H. Copeland, M. D.

Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 5:30 to 7 p. m.; Sunday, 10 a. m. te 1 p. m. PERMANENT OFFICES IN

Room 315, Kiser Build'g. Cor. Pryor and Hunter Sts. Take elevator.



Our 35th Annual

EASTER PANEL PRESENTED To All Our Patrons

NEXT WEEK:

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.,

75 Whitehall St., 116 Peachtree St.

Warehouses 31, 33, 35 37 Vesey St., New York. 200 Stores in the United States. Thirty-five Years Selling Pure Goods.

way rates. Competition in rates for him is a malodorous failure. The grangers made the first move for breaking up the feudalistic regime of transportation bossism. The keynote sounded then has furnished the strain to the present. The farmer's only salvation is in government ownership or strict government supervision. The railroads came from the government and they can be controlled by the government.

The farmer's movement has been sneered at and abused as socialistic and anarchistic. But the farmer is neither a socialist nor an anarchist. He is of all men the conservative member of society. He does not ask for equality of distribution, but he does ask for equity of treatment. He does not want revolution, but he does want reform.

Johns Hopkins University.

If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute article. Take Hood's and only Hood's.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. T. A. Slocum, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York

Receiver's Sale.

O4 Pine St. at Auction.

Wednesday, 21st instant at 3:30 o'clock p. m. Six rooms, lot 47½xi67½ feet, between Courtland and Piedmont avenues, on electric line, one and a half blocks from Peachtree. Good neighborhood; cosy home. Goode, Beck & Co., agents.

Mrs. F. C. Swift is arranging a party of ten or twelve for a charming four months tour of Europe, (longer if desirable to leave New York May 29th. Any one wishing to join the party can do so by conferring with her, 32 Spring Street, Atlants, Ga.

By virtue of an order of Fulton superior court I will receive cash bids until 8:30 o'clock a. m. March 21, 1894, for the entires stock of trunks, valises, satchels, trunk materials, tools, fixtures, etc., of Abe Foote & Bro., now stored at No. 17 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga., inventory of which is of file in the office of the clerk of Fulton superior court. Opportunity for inspection of said stock will be afforded on application; to the action of the court.

VICTOR L. SMITH.

Receiver of Abe Foote & Bro., and S. Gyte City Bank Building.

EMBASS&CO.

IT IS FINISHED -- The receiving of the goods bought at the Great Walker Bankrupt Sale at Chicago three weeks ago, and tomorrow, for the first time, we will lay it before our customers completed. No such stock as this--clean, unbroken packages---seasonable and up-to-date goods---was ever registered on the bankrupt catalogue on Whitehall street before.

the House Will Be as TOMORROW -- A RECORD BREAKER.

TV:HT

Ten thousand yards Spring Prints, Black Dress Goods. best cloth and make, 4c. \$8-inch all-wool fine twill Henriet-One thousand and eight hundred yards yard-wide Sheeting, smooth finta worth in Walker's store in 1sh. 4 3-4c. Chicago or any store anywhere at least 75c, they go in this sale Seven hundred yards Turkey Red Damask, 16c. One hundred and fifty dozen Jersey ribbed Blenched Vests, 5c. Ladies' fine button Boots, small sizes worth \$4 to \$6, at \$2. Yard-wide, fine bleached Muslin, Chicago purchase, worth 10c, 22 pieces 10-4 bleached Sheeting-Androscoggin-worth 30c, \$00 fine Corsets-many of them worth \$1.50-center table, job, no exchange 20-inch Moire Silk480 24-inch Moire Silk\$1.10 25-inch Moire Silk\$1.23

Satins. The best assorted stock to be found in this place. 24-inch Black Satin50c 24-inch Black Satin60c 25-inch Duchess Satin \$1

Brocaded Chinas. Evening Shades and Trimming Illuminated Effects, worth \$2

Fine Silk Warp Henrietta, extra quality, well worth \$2, some merchants would ask \$2.50, our price.....\$1.25 Colored Woolens. 60 pieces Diagonals, illuminated and two-toned Serges and novelty effects, 36 inches wide, at A beautiful assortment of evening shades-pink, light blue, nile, canary, cream, white, old rose, etc .- in cashmeres. henrietta and serges. In the great purchase made, they were secured at half values, and you can supply your wants of us at a sav-ing of 50 per cent to your Wash Goods. 10,000 yards A. F. C. Ginghams 5,000 yards Bonnet and Staple Dress Ginghams

1.000 vards India Linen, worth 40c, at 800 yards India Linen, worth 1.000 yards India Linen, worth 15c, at Good quality India Linen 1,000 yards checked Nainsook,

Hamburgs.

At not over half value. When the Auctioneer came down with "And sold to Bass." we went under more of the dainty edging than any Georgia merchant ever did at any one time before. It is a world of Embroidered Cambric at a little cost, and when we buy them down, we will sell them down.

Muslin Underwear.

Night Dresses, Walking Skirts, Chemises and Drawers, worth anywhere \$1.50. We will sell you what you want at about the cost of the material in their makeup Good Garments at

Table Linens. 60 dozen Doylles, per dozen..... Edinburgh Turkey ed Damask The 40-cent Leader.....

Oil Turkey Red, worth 90c, for Towels, hemstitched and knotted fringe, worth 35c to 50c, at Shoes. Shoes. Shoes. Ladies' Stout, Heavy-wear Shoes

Ladies' Splendid Glove Grain Button Shoes at Ladies' High Grade Bright Dongola Button, at\$1.2 Ladies' Extra Quality Kid Button Shoes, at

We have no better department than that of shoes, and the volume of business is steadily improving. This means that the quality, styles and prices are right. For medium and fine shoes for ladies, misses men, boys and children, come to see us. Our Heavy Tap Sole Blucher for

men has not an equal Gents' Furnishings.

Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, worth anywhere in the land 50c, at Fine Balbriggan Shirts and drawers. The usual price \$1. our price

1,000 Plain Half Hose, prices Half. Pure Linen Collars 400 Linen Bosom, Unlaundered Shirts, re-inforced back and front, continuous facings and patent gussets

Fine Dress Shirts of every kind. Stock very full.

Sundries.

190

250

Ladies' Shirt Waists250 Ladies' Shirt Waists, worth 90c at 50c Ladies' Drop Stitch Hose. Fine gauge and fast black, worth 20c, for a Dime Ladies' 40-gauge Silk Finished Hose cheap at 40c. for25c

Pure Moire Silk Ribbon, No. 16,......200 Kid Gloves, Silk Mitts, Scarfs, Windson Ties, Purses, Toilet Articles, Suspenders, Corsets, Embroidery, Silks, Laces, Lace Curtains, Quilts, Umbrellas, Fans, etc., etc.

We are always top notch for bottom

Max Kutz & Co.

The Acknowledged Leaders in

Will have their "OPENING" of

Imported Hats and Bonnets

₹MONDAY ** TUESDAY ** WEDNESDAY⊁

March 19th. March 20th.

March 21st.

A cordial welcome extended to all.

Max Kutz & Co.

52 Whitehall Street.

SOCIAL WORLD.

the Feshions and Fash ionable Wear.

A CHAT WITH ELLA WHEELER WILCOX,

Entertainments of the Past Week-Lent Will Be Succeeded by a Revival of Gayeties

You all know her by her works and reputation; in joy and in sorrow, in pain and in passion she has understood you and given forth that understanding from a pen moved by the heart throbs of her womanly, poetic nature. Knowing her in this way has made you feel, I am sure, that the woman herself must fulfill in her personal nature, the beautiful meaning of her art. Of this you would be convinced had you been with me yesterday afternoon during the little interview that I had with Ella Wheeler Wilcox in her lovely rooms at the Aragn, where she is now the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Bell. Mrs. Wilcox received me most cordially, and made a charming picture of herself with the luxurious hangings of the white and gold boudior for a background. She wore a soft, clinging gown of primrose pink silk. The neck was cut slightly square, and finished with pink lisse and lace and half. short sleeves of the diaphanous pink stuff revealed the lily-like perfection of her lyth arms. A golden girdle encircled her tapering waist and a cluster of spicy carnations nestled in the laces of her breast. She is about medium height, with a well-rounded, graceful figure, and her face is one whose intensity and brilliancy of expression it is difficult to describe. Her features are all good, and her face has a firm, sweet conour. Her hair is golden brown and her large expressive eyes are golden brown. too, and very clear, brilliant and rather wide apart, as are the eyes of all broad, sympathetic natures. Her mouth is her most interesting feature, for just as a red rose ingathers the dew and the sunshine of summers, so have her full-curved lips taken unto themselves all the graces and beauty of poesy. A poetic mouth it is, and sweet and charming is the voice and the smile that amimates it.

"I love the south, already," she said as we sat down. "I feel that I must have been here during some former existence. There is so much in my nature that responds to nature here."

"And the southern people?" "Oh! I like them, too, very much." Our talk then drifted to more personal matters and I asked her about her hus-

"No, he is not with me, but here is his picture," and she handed me the photograph of a very handsome man: "And you are still in love?" I asked.

"Oh, yes, irdeed. He is so sympathetic with me and so appreciative of all that I

"And tell me about your meeting him-She laughed in an amused sort of way. "I on't know whether I should tell that," don't know whether I should tell that, she said. "You see it was so unconventional. I was pointed out to him on the street in Milwaukee, and he fell in love with me at first sight. He didn't meet me then, but he went south, where his business carried him, and I received my first letter from him when he was in Macon. So you see I've great reason to love the south."
"And after this?" I continued, unwilling to be thwarted in my romance.

"Oh, well, he wrote to me a number of times after that—mere friendly letters—to which I replied in the same way. Then he came to Milwaukee and wanted to meet me, but he came several times before I consented, and then—well, the whole story is that I became engaged to him the third time we did meet and we were married a year after. This tells the story."

She laid a heavily wrought gold bangle bracelet in my lap. "My husband is a jew-

bracelet in my lap. "My husband is a jew-eler and this bracelet was his own design. This gold star with the sapphire, the jewel of constancy, in the corner, marks the first veek of our engagement; this enameled bangle has the date of our plighted troth; this gold disc with the ruby heart has the date of his first letter, and the crown and anchor of rubies and diamonds marks our marriage day, and the little horse shoes of turquoise is for the first time he saw me. She then showed me a beautiful ring Mr. Wilcox had just sent her—her birthstone, a sparkling topaz surrounded with diamonds. Our talk then drifted to others personally dear to her. Her parents are liv-ing, and she is the youngest of three chil-

after my parents left New England and moved out to the then arid and desolate plains of the west. "Your mother must be very proud of you?" I said.

"Yes, I think I have been able to bring her all the happiness, that her starved life longed for so many years. She was a New England girl, reared with all the strictness of those people. She loved and yearned for all the poetic and artistic things of life, and she was not able to gratify any of these tastes until a year or so before my birth, when a splendid library was open to her. She then simply devoured all the poetry within her reach—Byron, Moore, Shelley and Keats. She feels, and so do I, that this fact has had much to do with my gifts."
She then went on to speak of her love for her mother and of others dear to her, and through it all I could see the warm, loving

heart of this great woman-poet. She tells me that she has given up her sne tens me that sne has given up her home in New York for the present and is boarding. She spends her summers at "The Bungalow," her country place on the sound. Mr. Wilcox, who has beautiful taste in draperies and decorations, has furnished this charming place in East Indian fashion, and there his poet wife dreams the warm days away. days away.
Mrs. Bila Wheeler Wilcox will be with
Mrs. Bell, at the Aragon, until Friday.
Mrs. Bell will give a reception in her honor
this week.

"One of the prettiest pair of hands and the loveliest nails in this city," says Miss Cogswell, who ought to know, "belong to Miss Maude Hirsch. Her hands are thin through the paims, and her fingers are long

and tapering.
"It is a delight to me to care for her

pretty nails. They are a perfect almond shape, with the delicate moons so much desired, and they are as pink as seashells." Mrs. Fanny Wellhouse has returned home from New York, after a visit to her daugh-

ter, Mrs. Young. ter, Mrs. Young.

The wedding of Miss Alice Wellhouse to Mr. Borne Young, of New York, has been announced, and will occur March 28th.

On last Wednesday Mrs. Leary enter-tained the French circle at her residence on Peachtree street. A fine programme had been prepared by Professor Wellhoff, who assisted in receiving by Miss Leary. Miss Hardeman's piano selections were re-ceived with great applause. Mrs. O'Brien sang several French selections with exquis-ite style and finish, and charmed all her ite style and finish, and charmed all her hearers by her artistic work. Mr. Owens was never in better voice, while his singing always gives great pleasure. On this occasion he surpassed himself by his rendition of Sullivan's "Distant Shore." Miss Lilian Barrow and Miss May Kenny recited with perfect pronunciation two French pieces. Professor de Bordes and Professor Cocke completed the programme by reading French monologues. The next French re-

union will be held next Thursday evening at Paley's art school, in the Grand. Every-body is cordially invited.

An entertainment is to be given on Monday night by Cherokee tribe, No. 1, Improved Order of Red Men, to the members of that order here in the city, and it is to be quite an interesting occasion. Mr. Luclan Perry Hills, the poet, and Miss Flor-ence Ackerman, who is a charming elocu-tionist, of Brooklyn, are among the attrac-tions of the evening. Under the present presiding officer, Mr. D. B. sachem, this tribe has secured quite a number of enthusiastic members, and much is due him for the rapid advancement that has been made.

Mrs. Janie J. Carver, of Jackson, is visit-ing her sister, Mrs. F. B. Brantley, 23 East Harris street, and her cousin, Mrs. Dr. Powell, 37 Peachtree street.

The orchestral concert to be given by Wurm's orchestra complimentary to the Young People's Christian Union and Sunday school of the First Baptist church tomorrow evening, promises to be an event of uncommon interest. A delightful programme has been prepared and all the members of the union and their friends are invited to be present. There will be no admission

fee charged.

The programme is as follows:
Overture, "Stradella"—Flotow.
Fantasia, "Gipsy Life"—LeThiere.
Waltz, "Kroll's Bailkiage"—Lumbye.
Clarionet Solo, "Third Air Varie," Mr. F.
Wedemeyer—Thornton.
Paraphrase, "Loreley"—Nesvadba.
INTERMISSION.
Overture, "Martha"—Flotow.
Selection from "Der Freischutz"—Weber.
Waltz, "Weiner Blut"—Strauss,
March, "Tannhauser"—Wagner.

The many friends of Mrs. Darby and her charming daughter, Miss Katle Darby, will regret to learn that they have moved from this city to Rome, Ga.

Mrs. T. G. Bush, of Anniston, Ala., is visiting Mrs. M. B. Barnes at 103 Trinity

The Epworth League of Trinity church have arranged the following interesting programme for their social, which is to programme for their social, which is to occur next Tuesday evening, the 20th instant, beginning at 8 o'clock sharp:

PART I.

Flute and violin duet, with piano accompaniment, Dr. William Crenshaw and son and Miss Langford.

Recitation, Miss Jennie Carraway.

Vocal solo, Mrs. W. P. Davis.
Piano solo, Miss Mattie Weems.
Duet, Mrs. W. S. Yeates and Mr. J. H. Stiff.

Recitation, Miss True Little.

Recitation, Miss True Little.

Recitation, Miss True Little.

Intermission.
PART II.
Flute solo and piano accompaniment, Mr.
Jacob Schane and Miss Schane.
Vocal solo, Mr. J. H. Stiff.
Piano solo, Miss Annie Lou Talley.
Vocal solo, Mrs. W. S. Yeates.
Recitation, Professor B. C. Davis.
All people interested in league work are
cordially invited to be present. The young
people of Trinity church and congregation
are especially invited.

The many friends of Miss Helen Mead, of Decatur, will be glad to hear that she has returned home after spending several weeks in Newnan.

The many friends of Mrs. Poe will be glad to know that she is daily improving. Dr. Orme thinks she will soon be out.

The dramatic performance, "Ours," for the benefit of the Sisters of Mercy, will be given at DeGive's opera house Tuesday evening, March 27th, with the following cast: cast:
Prince Petrosky.....Mr. L. Bourzignes
Six Alex Shendryn, Bart..Mr. A. Shulhafer
Angus McAllister....Mr. C. Gavan
Hugh Chalcot....Mr. B. Storer
Captain Samprey....Mr. T. James
Lady Shendryn...Miss Minnie Young
Blanche Haye...Miss Minnie Young
Blanche Haye...Miss Willie Flynn
Mrs. F. C. Swift is arrenging. Mrs. F. C. Swift is arranging a party of ten or twelve for a charming four months tour of Europe, (longer if desirable to leave New York May 29th. Any one wish-ing to join the party can do so by confer-

AT CONCORDIA HALL

The Annual Exercises of the Hebrew Orphans' Home

WILL OCCUR THIS AFTERNOOM

A Splendid Programme Hes Been Arranged-The Public Cordially Invited to Attend.

This afternoon at Concordia hall the annual commencement exercises of the He-brew orphan's home will be held. The exercises will begin this afternoon at and the occasion will be one of the most and the occasion will be one of the most delightful in the history of the institu-

Te exercises will beginn this afternoon at 3 o'clock promptly and will consist of the following numbers:

The following is the programme to be

The following is the programme to be rendered:

Chorus—"Lister to the Woodbird's Song"—Class.

"Speech for a Small Boy"—Isaac H.
Floichman.
"A Mortifying Mistake"—Ricae Levy:
"Worth While"—William Scheimman.
"The Song of the Hall"—Pearl Michael.
"Every Day Reflection"—Oscar Kupferman.

"Every Day Reflection"—Oscar Kupferman.
"The Humanichon"—Select class.
"The Brave Huzzar"—Rosa Lepinsky.
Plano Duet—Overture to "Zampa"—Addie
Kaphan and Pearl Michael.
Aesthetic concert.
Closing Address—Emma Kaphan.
Distribution of Prizes—Superintendent.
Address—Hon. Simon Wolf.
Hon. Simon Wolf, of Washington city,
and Hon. William Lowenstein will be
among the distinguished guests of the
occasion.

The board of control of the institution will meet on this afternoon and also on Monday morning.

will meet on this afternoon and also on Monday morning.

The body is composed of the following well-known Hebrews: Hon. Simon Wolf, president, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Joseph Hirsch, vice president, Atlanta, Ga.; H. Alder, secretary and treasurer, Washington, D. C.; William Lowenstein, Richmond, Va. J. Morks. Norfolk, Va.; J. J. Macks. Va.; I. Moritz, Norfolk, Va.; J. I. Macks, Wilmington, N. C.; Sol Weil, Goldsboro, N. C.; M Daniel, Baltimore, Md.; Max Cohen, Washington, D. C.; Aaron Bragg, Baltimore, Md.; Rev. D. Levy, Charleston, S. C.; E. A. Weil, Savannah, Ga.; C. Henry Cohen, Augusta Ga.

S. C.; E. A. Weil, Savannah, Ga.; C. Henry Cohen, Augusta, Ga.

The officers of the local board of managers are Joseph Hirsch, chairman; D. Kaufman, vice chairman; Aaron Haas, treasurer; Fred Schiff, secretary.

There will be no fee of admission charged and all who are interested in the home are cordially invited to attend.

A special report will be read by the superintendent snowing the manner in which the institution has prospered during the past year.

An Invitation to the Ladies.

I have just returned from New York, where I have purchased the most elegant assortment of Parisian noveities in dress trimmings and laces ever before brought south. Those desiring elegant trimmings for their spring gowns at very reasonable prices are invited to inspect my lines at my dressmaking parlors, 62½ Whitehall street.

MRS. M. C. ADLER. GREAT SNAKES.

GREAT SNAKES.

One Hundred Reptiles Found Under an Old Fence.

Dallas, Ga., March 17—(Special.)—Two men near McPherson were moving an old fence, which had been placed there shortly after the war. When one of them saw a snake run into a pile of brush. He ran up to kill it, when 100 snakes got after him. The other man got a stick and tried to keep them off of him, but failed to do so. By frailing them considerably with sticks, they finally induced the snakes to go back into the brush. The brush were then fired, and the men, armed with stout sticks, took their stand on opposite sides of the brush to await the outpouring of snakes. And as the snakes came out the two men succeeded in killing all but three, and these were seriously, and perhaps fatally, wounded.



day and Thursday in the enlarged and remodeled main room of THE FAIR.

Souvenirs free to visitors,

GRAND OPENING

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Ladies of Atlanta and vicinity are cordially invited to attend the opening of Spring Millinery on tomorrow, Tuesday and Wednesday.

MISS MARY RYAN, 45 Whitehall Street.



H. L. Atwater, Esq.

51-53. S. Forsyth. St.

Most celebrate Magno Altanta. Ja.

and Buggins

LOU Her bears He the mark

Of an en purchase venirs in Fast Blac

> Our Gent

Ladies' Eight-But Gloves reduc

Trefousse reduced from

Muslin I SALE We have Muslin Und

Chemises worth 65c., 6

Lot No. 1

Lot No. Gowns. worth \$1, at

Lot No. Gowns, worth 85c.,

Ladies' Ladies'

MANY

Will Assist in

ED CALLAWAY Mr, W. T. Mo

The full cast vorce Suit," the be completed in given to the p Aiready a full stars have con-trial of the unit entertainment The Quadran The Quadrant eleverest of persentation and make their initiality of April wi all of them.

Many gentlem
yet been public
production. Mr
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about diamond hotels.
"I want my p said he; "I'm thing else. I the feel easy and n He will be g his choice role hight features Mr. W. T. M. ney, is another to the humor o will appear in lawyer, and wildefendant. Mr. an original min pect great thing ho small histric has tried his Mr. Ed T. Bro Andy Calhoun, will be too irres He will appear will tell, tearful his henpecked here will tell, tearful his henpecked here of the per Mr. E. C. Bru in the role of a story of the trice the public can bruncy. like a men who will a has never ma

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ly invited to

AN.

w, Tuesday

SALE OF Hermsdorf Fast Black

HOSIERY.

LOUIS HERMSDORF, DYER.

Hermsdorf Fast Black Dyed Hosiery never fails. Hosiery that bears Hormsdorf's stamp is reliable and the only fast black goods in

Of an engraving 20x24 inches, assorted subjects, will be given to every purchaser of \$1 worth of Hermsdorf Hosiery at our store. See the souvenirs in our show windows.

As an inducement to buyers this week we offer Ladies' Hermsdorf Fast Black Hose, 35c. quality

At 25c.

Our 50c quality at 35c per pair. Gents' 35c Hose at 25c per pair.

Ladies' Gloves.

Eight-Button Mosquetaire Suede Gloves reduced from \$1.25 to 54c per pair.

Trefousse 4-Button Suede Gloves reduced from \$1.75 to. \$1.07 per pair.

Muslin Underwear.

SALE CONTINUED. We have made three prices on Muslin Underwear to close.

Lot No. 1.

Chemises, Drawers and Gowns, worth 65c., choice at 38c.

Lot No. 2.

Gowns, Skirts and Chemises, worth \$1, at

78c each.

66c each.

14c each.

Lot No. 3.

Gowns, Chemises and Drawers, worth 85c., at

Ladies' Vests. Ladies' Swiss Lisle Vests, this Specials in Hosiery.

Misses' and Children's 1-1 Seamless Hose, in Black, former price 25c., offered this week at

10c a pair. Ladies' Full Regular Seamless Black Hose, 25c. quality, at

10c per pair. "Mothers' Friend" Waists

Our new Spring Stock all in. Just to introduce the new spring styles we will sell them at 50c., 75c. and \$1 Number at 50c. each.

Ask to see "Little William" Waists, something new, at from 99c. to \$3.50

Gents' Shirts.

This week we will sell our 75c. Unlaundered Shirts at 50c each.

Notion Cuts.

Two Spools of Cotton for 5c., or 25c. per dozen.

Hooks and Eyes, 2c. per card. Patented Hooks and Eyes 5c. card. Whalebones 6c. per bunch. Whalebones, 36 inches long, 10c.

Fine Quality Pearl Buttons, 16 to 24 line, at 10c. per dozen. Two packages steel Hair Pins, 5c.

Custom Requires that You Should Have Something New For Easter-

Show Great Bargains, not in goods made for cheap sales, but reliable merchandise, to prove that the best goods are always the cheapest. 3,000 yards 10c. and 12 1-2c. White Lawns, 40 inches wide, at

5c Per Yard.

1,500 yards Check Nainsook, 10c. quality, at 5c. per yard. 1,000 yards White Lawns, remnants from the manufacturers of 25c. and 35c. Lawns, go this week at

10c and 15c Per Yard.

3-4 Pacific Sateens, China Silk Patterns, 6 1-2c. yard. 20 pieces 25c. and 3oc. Sateens, in colors, newest pattern, 1oc. yard. 75 dozen Linen Towels, at 6oc. per dozen, worth \$1. 120 dozen Linen Towels, at \$1 per dozen, worth \$1.50. New Pattern Chenille Table Covers, from 85c. up. 50 dozen Bath Towels at 15c. each. We are sole agents for the

Black Spanish Court

Silks, the finest and best wearing Black Silk in the world. We have a superb line of Colored Moire, every color and price; the

stylish thing for trimming.

Japanese Silk Crepes, for evening wear, 40c. per yard, worth 75c.; they are beautiful goods for party dresses.

82 pieces of Duchesse Satins, at 90c., worth \$1.10. 100 pieces Figured China Silks, at 74c.; these goods are selling in New York now at \$1 per yard.

Colored Dress Goods.

This department has by far the prettiest selection of Dress Goods in the south. As the prices are cut we show this week some handsome goods at 25c., 40c., 50c., 60c. and 75c. per yard that are worth one-third more money.

Our Line of Novelty Suits is not beaten in Beauty of Design or Coloring in the United States. At present we get the credit of showing the prettiest line in Atlanta.

For Easter our Black and White Novelties in Satin and Lace are wonders of Beauty

New Line of Silk Waists, from \$4.50 to \$7.50. New Line of Silk Gingham Waists, from \$3.50 up.

Percale Waists, Laundered, from 49c. up. Silkoline, comfortable for summer use, at from \$1.25 to \$2.75 each.

Price \$42.50, Worth \$75.00.

The above cut shows a three-piece Solid Oak Bedroom Suit, with bevel-edge French Plate Mirror, 34x42, we offer this week only at \$42.50. Our regular price is \$75 per suit. See them. The same goods, with square dresser and mirror 30x40,

At \$42.50 Also.

Such an array of Bedroom Suits cannot be found south.

have them from \$12.50 per suit up to \$300. AT REDUCED PRICES

We show large and handsome lines of Parlor Goods, Library and Dining Suits, Leather Furniture, Office Furniture, Desks, Book Cases, etc., Hall Trees, Rockers and Chairs of Every Description.

100 pair Lace Curtains, reduced from \$3.50; this week only at \$1.50

125 pairs \$2 Lace Curtains, reduced to \$1 per pair, this week only.

We have added to our already la rge line all the new Spring and Summer patterns, making our line t he most complete in the city.

Special Bargains.

50 pieces Extra Super Ingrains, at 40c. and 50c. per yard are among the specials this week. Tapestry Brussels at 50c. and 60c. per yard this week only. Our line of Axminsters, Moquettes, etc., in all the light tints as well as dark colorings.

MATTIN

500 Rolls White and Fancy Japanese Mattings, at \$3.50 for 40-yard rolls, this week only.

All the Fancy Weave Mattings in the market at reduced prices. Japanese Porch Screens, a large stock just received. All kinds of Bric-a-Brac, Lamps, Brass Tables, Art Goods. See the Princess Boquet Piano Lamp for wedding and anniversary presents.

MANY BRIGHT STARS

Will Assist in the Atlanta Press Club's "The Divorce Suit."

ED CALLAWAY WILL WEAR DIAMONDS

Mr, W. T. Moyers and Other Gentlemen Will Be There-Many Brilliant

The full cast of characters of "The Divorce Suit," the press club's farce, will be completed in a few days and will be fiven to the public.

Aiready a full dozen of bright particular

stars have consented to take part in the trial of the unique case, and a triumphant entertainment is assured. The Quadrant has invited only the very cleverest of people to participate in the presentation and the gentlemen who will make their initial bow on the night of the 6th of April will be princely entertainers.

Many gentlemen whose names have not yet been published will take part in the production. Mr. Edward Calloway has conented to make his first appearance on any stage on that night, and he promised to wear more diamonds upon that occasion than ever Alvin Joslyn wore. He will be escorted by a brace of body guards to pro-tect his diamonds. He will be introduced as a witness and will give expert testimony about diamonds and married couples at

"I want my part to be a swearing part," said he; "I'm better in that than anything else. I think I can make a hit. I'll feel easy and natural in a part like that." He will be given his preference and in his choice role he will prove one of the light features of the entertainment. Mr. W. T. Moyers, the handsome attorhey, is another gentleman who will add to the humor of the occasion. Mr. Moyers will appear in a familiar role, that of a awyer, and will conduct the case for the defendant. Mr. Moyers has a bright and an original mind and the public may expect great things of him. He is gifted with no small histrionic talent and in time past has tried his "hard". has tried his "hand" in "amateurs."

Mr. Ed T. Brown, as the father of Judge
Andy Calhoun, who is suing for divorce,
will be too irresistibly funny for anything.

will be too irresistibly funny for anything. He will appear in a fetching makeup and will tell, tearfully, of the boyish virtues of his henpecked and downtrodden son. Mr. Brown will be one of the central characters of the performance.

Mr. E. C. Bruffey will appear on the stage in the role of a reporter. He will write the story of the trial during its progress, and the public can see how Bruffey does it. Mr. Bruffey, like the majority of the gentlemen who will appear in "The Diyorce Suit." has never made his appearance on the stage, and this event will be looked forward to with the very greatest of interest.

Before the date of the entertainment many other familiar names will be announced. The cast will be replete with the names of brilliant Atlantians, who have won reputation as entertainment, as has

morists.

The purpose of the entertainment, as has already been stated, is to create a fund for the entertainment of the International Press League, which meets here April Sist, and will be in session about a week. The greatest fournalists of the day will be present and the convention is one of the most important Atlanta has ever entertained.

It was at first decided by the Press Club to entertain the visiting newspaper men by a banquet, but this form of entertainment was deemed as less typical and distinctly southern as an old-fashioned Georgia barceeue. So the latter form of entertainment was agreed upon. One of the most elaborate barbecues ever known in this vicinity will be given at Piedmont Park, and the

ing newspaper men will enjoy a great southern treat.

The newspaper men are determined to make their entertainment on April 6th an unparalleled success.

TABERNACLE TALK,

Among those who are most prominently spoken of in connection with the next Georgia senate is Hon. W. J. Morton, of Clarke, who, it is said, will certainly represent the Athens district in the next senate. It being Clarke county's time to nominate the senator, and Colonel Morton having served the county with distinction as representative for the past two terms, his promotion should follow as a matter of course, provided he consents to continue in public service, which he can scarcely refuse to do, considering the strength of the pressure being brought to bear on him for senatorial promotion. The writer had the honor to serve with Colonel Morton as a member of the house, and, as speaker, had full opportunity to observe his merits as a legislator. It is no exaggeration to say that, personally, there was not a more popular member of the house than Colonel Morton, nor was there a man on the floor whose personal strength enabled him to do more for his constituents, by the power of personal persuasion, than Colonel Morton Always watchful of the interests of his county, as well as of the state, loyal and devoted to his constituency and ever ready to serve a friend, night or day, he held the respect and confidence of every member of the two houses in whch he had served. His promotion to the senate would be a source of gratification to thousands of his friends throughout the state of Georgia, who have watched with unusual interest the development of the report that he will be the next senator from his district. Of course, if Colonel Morton consents to make the race for the senate, he will be elected,

Mr. G. L. Norrman, one of Atlanta's leading architects, is confident that the building season in the near future will be a flourishing one. He has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. W. C. Frederic, one of the best draftsmen in the south.
Mr. Frederic came to Atlanta about three
years since and while in the employ of a
prominent firm of architects has designed prominent firm of architects has designed a large number of important buildings. He is a thorough student of architecture, has had a wide experience in his profession and has traveled extensively abroad in studying the beautiful models of the old world. Mr. Norrman should be congratulated upon his securing the services of so valuable a draftsman as Mr. Frederic.

At the residence of Mr. J. C. Dayton, on Druid circle, Inman Park, next Thursday afternoon, a delightful entertainment will be given by the young people of the Fourth Presbyterian church. The price of admission will be 15 cents, and everybody is given a special invitation to attend.

The first of a series of temperance meetings will be inaugurated this afternoon at 42½ North Broad street. Rev. C. P. Williamson, of the Christian church, will deliver the principal address, and Professor C. D. Tiliman will be in charge of the music. A recitation will also be delivered by Miss Louisa Lenn, of Edgewood. The musical programme will begin at 2:30 o'clock and the speaking at 3 o'clock. The rooms on Broad street are the ones formerly occupied by the Christian Scientists. Everybody is given a cordial invitation to attend.

Dr. J. B. Hawthorne, the paster of the First Baptist church, has returned to the city. His subject this morning will be: "Satan's Bid for Worshipers." He will also fill the pulpit at night. The other services as usual.

Second Baptist Church—Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock a. m.; preaching at II o'clock, by the pastor, Dr. Henry McDonald; services at night at 7:30 o'clock, and baptism at the close of the sermon; special services

throughout the week, commencing at 8 o'clock in the evening and lasting one

A new line entirely.

Third Baptist Church—The Lord's supper will be celebrated at the conclusion of the morning service today. The pastor earnestly requests a full attendance. The supples of the sermon this morning will be: "Drawing the Line."

Central Baptist Church, corner West Fair and Peters streets, D. W. Givin, D.D., Pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., L. M. Landrum, superintendent; Young Peoples' Union meets at 3 p. m.; Ladies' Ald Society meets Monday at 3 p. m.; prayermeeting Wednesday night at 7:30 p. m.

West End Baptist Church, Lee street, West End, Rev. S. Y. Jameson, pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7.45 p. m., by the pastor; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Malvern Hill, superintendent.

Sixth Baptist Church, corner Mangum and West Hunter streets, A. C. Ward, pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:39 p. m., by the pastor; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., W. M. Perry, superintendent; Young People's meeting at 3 p. m.; prayer meeting at 7:39 p. m. every Wednesday. All are cordially invited.

Baptist Church, corner Smith and Glenn streets—Rev. J. E. Balley, of Winder, Ga., will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. instead of 2:30 p. m. All cordially invited.

Methodist.

First Methodist Church.—Bishop A. G. Haygood will preach at the First Methodist church morning and evening. The evening sermon will begin at 7:45. All invited to hear Bishop Haygood.

Trinity Church, corner Whitehall and Trinity avenue, Walker Lewis, pastor.—Services and sermon by pastor at 11 a. m.; missionary lecture by Rev. E. Tamioslan, of Antioch, at 7:45 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; League meeting at 7 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening; experience meeting Friday evening.

Park Street Methodist Church, West End, Rev. J. W. Roberts, pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m., by the pastor, and at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. W. F. Cook, D.D.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Epworth League at 6 p. m.

Walker Street M. E. Church, Rev. J. H. Eaks, pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; by the pastor. Marietta Street M. E. Church.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by Rev. R. H. Robb, pastor; church extension in the morning; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., F. R. Hodges, superintendent.

Merritt's Avenue Church.—Preaching at 1 a. m., by Rev. I. S. Hopkins, D.D.; at night by Rev. P. A. Heard. All are cordially invited.

St. Paul M. E. Church South, Rev. W. W. Brinsfield, pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m., by Rev. Ezekiel Tamiosian, of Antioch Syria; Sunday school at 9:30, S. P. Marbut, superintendent; class meeting at 3 p. m.; preaching at night, by the pastor; Epworth League Monday night at 7:30. Everybody invited to come.

Payne Memorial Church, corner Hunnicutt and Luckie streets, Rev. T. J. Christian, pastor.—Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:36

St. James church, Marietta street—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. M. S. Williams, at II a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. E. M. Roberts superintendent. Boulevard church—Dr. T. R. Kendall will preach this morning on "Samson Shorn and Unshorn" This character is usually dismissed with the biography that he was "the strongest man who ever lived," when, in truth, his life is one of the greatest object lessons ever given to teach lessons to the end of time.

First Presbyterian church, Marietta street, Rev. E. H. Barnett, D. D., pastor-Divine ervices at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7:20 o'clock

p. m., by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock a. m. All are cordially invited.

The Barnett Presbyterian church, Hampton street and Marietta, Rev. L. B. Davis, pastor-Sabbath services at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school, 3 o'clock p.

and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath School, 3 o Clock p. m. Prayer meeting 7.30 p. m., Thursday each week; also Sunday school at 10 a. m. A cordial invitation to all.

The ladies' church social of the Barnett Presbyterian church on last Tuesday night at the manse was a very pleasant occasion. There were several in attendance from the First church. The exercises of the evening were pleasant, instructive and entertaining. These socials are valuable.

Central Presbyterian church, Washington street, Rev. G. B. Strickler, D. D., pastor-Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. G. B. Strickler, D. D. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m. Professor W. W. Lumpkin, superintendent; Charles D. Montgomery and Charles J. Ottley, assistants.

D. Montgomery and Charles J. Ottley, assistants.

Regular weekly prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Young men's prayer meeting on Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

The Pryor Street Presbyterian chapel Sunday school will meet at 3 o'clock p. m., at the corner of Vassar and Pryor streets. W. H. Pope, superintendent. All are cordially invited to attend. Religious services at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., on Sunday and Friday.

Edgewood Mission will meet at 3 o'clock, p. m., near Pearl and Georgia railroad. Prayer meeting every Tuesday at 7:30 p. m., and Sunday night. Charles J. Dayton superintendent, John J. Eagan assistant. Wallace Fifth Presbyterian church, corner of Fair and Walnut streets, Rev. R. A. Bowman, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., by the pastor. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m. All are welcome. W. D. Beatie, superintendent.

Moore Memorial church, Luckle street, Dr. A. R. Holderby pastor-Service Sunday Il a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Seats free. A cor-dial welcome to strangers.

St. Philip's church, corner Washington and Hunter streets, Rev. Albion W. Knight, vicar-Litany 9:45 a. m. Service and celebration of holy communion at 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30. Seats all free. Ushers in attendance. Public cordially invited.

St. Luke's cathedral—Service tomorrow will be conducted by the dean, D. R. S. Barrett, and will be as follows: Holy communion at 7:30 a. m., morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m., evening prayer at 4 p.m., informal service under the auspices of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew and address by Dr. Barrett, at 7:30 p. m. All the seats in this church are free, and the public generally are cordially invited to all services.

Congregational. Central Congregational church, West Ellis, near Peachtree-Services 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m., Sunday school 9:30 a. m. J. F. Beck, superintendent. Christian Endeavorers, 6:30 p. m. Rev. G. S. Ricker will preach morning and evening.

Rev. C. P. Williamson will occupy the pulpit this morning at the Christian church. He will also preach tonight. All are cordial-

At the Church of Our Father this morning at 11 o'clock Rev. William Roswell Cole, pastor, will speak on the subject, "How Did Jesus Triumph?" A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend this service. Sunday school as usual at 9:30 a. m. H. M. Currier superintendent.

Luthernn. First English Lutheran Church—Services at 11 o'clock ae the Young Men's Christian Association hall, conducted by Rev. L. K. Probst. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

St. John's Lutheran church, Forsyth and Garnett—A very impressive service will take place at il a. m. A number of young people will solemnly vow allegiance and adelity to their Savior and His church, and

will be received, after confessing their faith, as members of the congregation. A hearty welcome is extended to all. Sunday school services at 10 a. m. Superintendent, Mr. Albert Koppe.

Christian Science. Church of Christ (Scientists), second floor of the Grand, Peachtree street—Divine service at 10:30 and Sunday school at 11:30 a. m. Meeting Wednesday at 11 a. m., for study of the Bible, and Friday at 3 p. m., for study of internacional Sunday school lesson. All are cordially invited to attend.

Sniritani. The First Spiritual church will meet at No. 29 King street this, Sunday, night, 18th, at 8 o'clock. Rengious services. Friends cordially invited.

At the Y. M. C. A. The services at the Young Men's Christian Association this afternoon will be of unusual interest. Dr. W. F. Thirikield, the president of Gammon Theological seminary, will conduct the meeting. The music by a special orchestra, will be notably good and everybody is invited.

Dr. Scott Next Tuesday. Dr. Scott Next Tuesday.

The many friends and admirers of Dr.
W. J. Scott will be gratified to know that
he will resume his lectures on the "Holy
Land" during the present week. He will
deliver the first of his new series next
Tuezday evening at 8 o'clock in the base
ment of the First Methodist church. Dr.
Scott will be assisted by Major Charles W.
Hubner and Colonel Henry Clay Fairman.
With this brilliant trio of intellectual men
the occasion will be one of notable interest
and pleasure to all who attend.

At the Salvation Army today the meetings will be led by lady officers, assisted by Thomas Horne, the saved bartender. Meetings in the morning at 10:39; evening at 3; at night, at 7:30. Everybody welcome. Governor Northen Will Speak.

The rain storm last Sunday night prevented the delivery of the address to the young men and boys of the Capitol Avenue mission, but the governor has consented to be present and to speak tonight. You are invited to come; corner Capitol avenue and Georgia avenue, A. T. Spalding, pastor. AN EXPLANATION.

Mr. J. J. Maddox, of J. J. & J. E. Maddox, Makes a Statement Relative to the Boycott Now Being Made Upon Them by The Daily Commercial. A story in yesterday's Commercial Bulletin caused much comment in business cir-cles. Mr. J. J. Maddox, when asked about

"A sensational statement in Mr. Blackburn's Daily Commercial makes it necessary that I should say something about the so-called boycott against J. J. & J. E. Maddox, and the reason for any attempt on

the publication of the article referred to,

"My firm sold last year over a million dollars' worth of goods. Our sales this year have increased at such a rate as to show that the year's business will be in the neigh-borhood of a million and a half dollars. We buy in very large quantities for cash from first hands, and of course can sell cheaper than other men who do not do this amount of business, or do it in the way we do. Retail merchants buy from us very closely, and paying cash promptly and sellclosely, and paying cash promptly and selling at close figures, can, of course, undersell men who buy from high-priced wholesale men, and who do not sell closely, as our customers do. Naturally these competitors want to explain how it is that men who buy from us sell cheaper than others. Hence this falsehood as to our interest in any retail stores.

"At a meeting of the retail merchants held at the Chamber of Commerce last Wednesday night, it was charged that we were owners of several retail stores in Atlanta, and that these retail stores were cutting prices to the detriment of the bal-

ance of the retail grocery merchants. Mr. C. G. Hannah, Mr. A. C. Lampkin and other enterprising retail men who undersell their competitors, and know exactly why they are able to do so requested me to make a statement to the association. I did so, giving an unqualified fenial to the assertion, and now unqualifiedly denounce it as

they are able to do so requested me to make a statement to the association. I did so, giving an unqualified denial to the assertion, and now unqualifiedly denounce it as false. I again denounce it as false through the columns of this paper, and I now make the following proposition: I will give one thousand (\$1,000) dollars to the person who establishes the truth of the payosition asserted against my firm, viz: That we are interested in three, or any other number of retail stores in the city of Atlanta, either in the past or present.

"So far as the so-called boycott is concerned, the charge was made by a man who had never traded with my firm, and a resolution introduced by him did not even receive a second.

"It can be easily seen why drummers who represent competitors who caunot do the trade of the city as we are doing would give currency to this falsehood in order to injure us with the retail merchants.

"We not only have no interest antagonistic to the retail merchants, but our whole time is devoted to getting such goods and such prices as will enable those who trade with us to undersell their competitors who buy from opposition houses, and at the same time realize a fair and reasonable profit.

"The public has the final interest in this question, and we intend to let men who trade with us have goods at such rates as will make it to the interest of the public to buy from them. This we have done in the past, are doing now and expect to do in the future. The public will note the direct interest they have in upholding men who are making a war on high prices in this city. So thoroughly have the public and the trade recognized this that we are constantly increasing our force. An additional shipping clerk was employed the other day, making three. No other house in Atlanta has more, than one, and some none. We have a large force of drays, now using seven very large ones, and keeping the store open from 6 o'clock in the morning

Has been on the market since 1875. It is best appreciated where it has been the longest known, and is mostly drank by people who are accustomed to none but the best. Do not let the

comparatively low price prejudice you against it; it is the best tea to day that comes out of a tea-pot. If you cannot get it at your grocers, send to us for free sample. (Established ISIL)

MARTIN GILLET & CO.,

Exchange Place, Baltimore, Md.

The Tripod Paint Co., MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS,

ATLANTA, GA.

Writes Concerning the Last Days of the Confederacy.

URGED LEE TO IGNORE DAVIS

And to Conduct the War Upon Military Principles.

REINSTATE JOE

And Combine East and West for a Grand Defense.

GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF THE BATTLE

At Five Forks and the Assault at Fort Steadman-Words of Praise for the Confederate Private Soldier.

Gainesville, Ga., March 17.—(Special.)— In his address before the society of the Army of Northern Virginia Governor Jones, of Alabama claimed that General Longstreet had "instructions" to move to the southside in the event of General to move to the southside in the event of the weakening of the force in his front at the time of General Ord's withdrawal. Gen-eral Longstreet responded in The Constitu-tion, denying such "instructions" were is-sued. Governor Jones rejoined at length, claiming General Longstreet had a "liberal discretion" and was not "clogged with de-tails," and that "history is full of instances where subordinates have won fame and aved armies by the exercise of discretion, sometimes in the face of orders prescribing other movements to aid their chiefs who were battling against heavy odds," etc. General Longstreet comes back with much of the unwritten history of the "Last Days of the Confederacy" in the following inter-view, which has been corpyrighted: General Longstreet's Stay.

"Who steals my purse steals trash, 'tis something, nothing; "Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave to

thousands— But he who filches from me my good name of that which not enriches him, And makes me poor, indeed.

General and President Zachary Taylor once said "that any man could fight a bat-tle after reading the official reports"—in a word, a man's hind-sights are better than

his foresights.

But this was before the days of Governor Thomas G. Jones, of Alabama. Assuming to enlighten the public upon the "Last Days of the Army of Northern Virginia," Governor Jones said: "For some reason Longstreet did not perceive the weakening of the force in his front at the time of Ord's withdrawal, and hence did not move over to the south side of the river as instructed in that event." This refers to General Lee's movements preparaof April, 1865. Having been wounded in the collision with General Grant in May, 1864, at the battle of the Wilderness, I re-ported at the earliest moment practicable on the 16th of October, 1864, for service, and wrote General Lee that it might seem un-just to the officers commanding his troops who were more sole to endure the hardships of active duty to relieve one of them an officer who was crippled for life (as light service in Texas.

Despite this sincere request, I was two days later, on the 18th, formally assigned to the command of the part of General Lee's army that was posted on the south side of the James river in front of Rich-mond. General Lee made his headquarters near Petersburg, about twenty-five miles

The line upon which the command stood was new, in a great part, selected only a few days before my return, after Gen-eral Grant had attacked and captured Fort Harrison, which broke off a part of General Lee's lines, and forced him back to the

The troops, as I found them, were posted, Field's division on the left from the Darby road; Hoke's division between Field's right and to the left of the local defense, which, with sailors and marines extended the line to and occupied the forts on the James. The local soldiers, sailors and marines were under the command of Lieutenant General Ewell, and Gary's cavalry off my left. Pickett's division was on the south side, on the Bermuda Hundred front, and Kershaw's in the valley of Virginia. These divisions, though parts of the Ironside's first corps, were on detached service, not subject to my authority, but commonly re-garded as parts of my command. Kersnaw's division joined me in November. and Pickett's division was sent over for few days, and, after a time then recalled to the south side permanently. On the 20th reported the enemy's next move would be against me, and on the 25th General Gran accased me at both ends of our line, thereby seeking to draw General Lee's troops south, while he felt for a shorter route into Richmond by my left. These moves were well executed, but were both barren of any successful results. The loss of the command, attacking on

the north side, of killed, wounded and mi ing, was 1,103, and my losses, killed, wounded and missing, were 64. The loss of the enemy on the south side affair was 1,284. Our loss was not separately reported, but General Humphreys, and accurate statis-General Humphreys, and accurate statis-tician, estimated it as equal to the union loss, of which my total loss, as stated, was 64, although my command was attacked by General Grant, who lost 1.103.

When the move ordered by General Grant against Fort Fisher and Wilmington, N. C., was under preparation, the first intima tion of it came to my headquarters. I dis-patched the intelligence to General Lee, and a midnight order came, "Send Hoke's division to Wilmington." The division was predered and marched. These facts were narrated as indicating the conduct of business on the north side and to show that, while General Grant was industriously engaged trying to draw General Lee's line south, trying to draw General Lee's line south, he had an Argus eye to any chance that might open a way into Richmond by the shorter route of the north side and give greater celat to his vigilant mind than the plodding route beyond Pettersburg.

Nor did he nor General Lee try to drive a peg there. To lose Richmond by surprise would be to lose the government; to gain it, everything to General Grant.

So that Governor Jones in his innumber.

everything to General Grant.
So that Governor Jones in his innuendo that General Lee, if he failed to order me to the south side, or failed to give me instructions to that effect in case of the withdrawal of the force in front of me to that side, was in latches, is as wide of the mark as he is in his assertion that the instructions were issued and that General Lee was looking for my command to join him when he moved to meet the menace on his extreme right. The great confederate commander knew

he had lain down to rest where his troops were and how employed. General Ord's command on the north side was of the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth corps and a division of cavalry. By the latest morning reports an aggregate of 38,044, and by the latest reports, Field's and Kershaw's divisions had an aggregate of 7,400, the local defense troops, sailors and marines being about 2,700, an aggregate of 10,100, not including Gary's brigade of cavalry of 1,100. ing about 2,700, an aggregate of 10,100, not including Gary's brigade of cavalry of 1,100. When General Ord moved south, he took 10,000 men of the Twenty-fourth corps, 4,000 of the Twenty-fifth and his cavalry, 1,700, leaving 22,000 effectives under General Wright. As previously stated, I was assigned to the duty of protecting Richmond, General Grant's objective point. The order of assignment was the sum total of the order or instructions given, and was all that was needed, for the simple reason that General needed, for the simple reason that General Lee knew that the duties were as well un-derstood without minute instructions as they could after elaborate talks of them. In brief, that I was to hold against all comers until he could join me, if necessary. He well knew that to leave the position without his authority would be to desert my post. The situation and corresponding duty were as simple as an axiom. And he knew from the affair of the 25th of October that he committed no mistake in making the

assignment. Grant Was Watching Richmond. General Grant moved on the 28th of March. General Grant's orders of the 29th March. General Grant's orders of the 29th were for his command to be ready for assault at any moment. Had my command followed the march of General Ord, General Grant, upon finding that the command had passed Petersburg, would have sprung the order for his troops on the north side to march into Richmond and reinforce them by the commands of his troops under General Ord, or some more convenient corns. eral Ord, or some more convenient corps and a night ride of General Sheridan's cavand a night ride of General Sheridan's cavalry. The capital of the confederacy and the southern president would have easily been in possession of the enemy on the 30th or 31st of March. It is possible that this could have given General Lee opportunity to escape with a greater part of his army, but the capital taken by surprise and the president a prisoner would have brought discredit, if not disgrace, upon the army of the confederate cause, and yet this is the logic of Governor Jones's labored argument.

In his newspaper article, the addendur is address, Governor Jones dilates upon "liberal discretion" and intimate relations between General Lee and his com manders. This may have been true of af-fairs on the south side, but between General Lee and myself there were no intimate re-

ations when on duty.

When not on official business, our relations were very pleasant, but in official mat-ters he was at all times the soldier. The lastic term "discretion" never tween us. He knew well as I that it did not apply to military service, and could not be tolerated except at a vis-major, not anticipated, most perllous of de-lay and inviting of opportunity. Even un-der these extraordinary circumstances the officer who hazards the responsibility takes chances of his commission and the dou ble chances of his life; for under trial by a properly constituted courtmartial an officer who loses the battle by disobedience of his orders is as likely to be sentenced to be shot as to be cashiered. And yet this is the consequence Governor Jones's "liberal discretion" doctrine leads to—a myth in military nomenclature. It would make as many heads to an army as there are comma a proposition further from no one than

General Lee's Supreme Authority. The act of the confederate congress making General Lee supreme commander of the armies of the confederacy was construed as intended to make him responsible for those irmies, and to lift him above all authority The condition of our affairs at that ture, or period, was very critical and pe-culiar. Under that interpretation I report-ed that there were about 10,000 able-bodied men in Richmond, suggesting that they be conscripted, organized under the officers on duty about the war department and put into entrenchments so that he could feel justified in taking my troops out for a moving column on our right, that there were 1,200 in Lynchburg that could be called and put into the trenches with the conservity. put into the trenches with the conscripts Before that. I had written that the roads leading around the left of my position had been plowed with subsoil plows so as to make them impassable under the winter

rains for artillery until corduroyed.

Governor Jones refers to a series of let-

Governor Jones refers to a series of let-ters written in 1864 as applicable to the af-fairs of April 1, 1865. They indicate deep and constant concern for General Lee's end of the line, and the vein mirrored my feel-ings, and are suggestions that my line be so ings, and are suggestions that my line be so equipped as to justify him in leaving my position under other forces so that I could be called to the south side. As he was not so disposed, I wrote to say that I would move out against the enemy and attack or threaten him as to cause him to draw off some of his forces from the south side to the north side. This demonstration was the north side. This demonstration was made in a snowstorm, but developed nothing material, except the enemy, who waited anxiously, no doubt, for me to ery his fortifications. Governor Jones construes the letters as confirmatory that my "instructions" were to move south whenever General Ord was ordered to send detachments from his army to that quarter. Referring to them, how can he assume that my "instructions" were to that effect? Why the repeated suggestions that my line be so arranged as to gestions that my line be so arranged as to satisfy my commander that my troops could be moved? Why did he fail to admonish me be moved? Why did he fail to admonish me that I had authority to march at discretion? These, with letters of later date, showing conviction that the enemy felt himself called upon for very serious work on the south side, and show, at the same time, my readiness to submit to the better judgment of my chief. He refers to the judgment of my chief. He refers to the southern president and "Swinton's Campaigns of the Army of th Potomac" as good authority of long standing, not publicly denied. The former, as authority on battles, orders and instructions, referring to our army has been die. tions, referring to our army, has been discredited in one or more volumes from offi-cers of our army who, in support of their denial, have adduced the records, and I made very emphatic denial at the some of his statements, and did not, by silence, acquiesce therein, as Governor Jones claims, so there are few points of his on that line that have not been publicly challenged. I controverted parts of Mr. Swinton's work, and sent it to his publishers with the request that it be transmitted to the author with the desire expressed that he should make the correction, but his book had run its course, and the time for correcting had passed. He also quotes General Long's "Memoirs of Robert E.

The Five Forks Engagement. General Long, referring to the Five Forks affair, wrote of General Lee's move, on the 31st of March with 15,000 infantry and on the aist of March with 15,000 infantry and 2° 60 cavalry to meet the enemy. This command with its complement of artillery, would include about one-half of General Lee's army. In the same paragraph General Long mentioned that Longstreet was left to hold the troubles at the next wide. left to hold the trenches at the north General Lee's march was made and he reacked the field before the enmy's full reacked the field before the enmy's full force was up. General Pickret, with five brigades of infantry, met, attacked and drove back the enemy's cavairy the same afternoon to the vicinity of Dinwiddle Court House. Finding strong reinforcements of House. Finding strong reinforcements of infantry coming up against him during the night, General Pickett witndrew about daylight of the 1st of April, to a good position at Five Forks. On the afternoon of that day at 4 p. m., General Pickett was suddenly attacked by the Fifth Army corps, composed of three regular divisions and three or more divisions of cavairy. The concentrated force was overwhelming and the attack so sudden and desperate that Pickett's position was flanked, and after a severe struggle, his lines were overrun, many of his brave men killed and captured and the remainder forced into disordered retreat. General Long's account shows that Governor Jones's allegation was publicly denied before he published it—that it is beyond question that General Lee had all of the troops intended or expected for his move to our right, and that he left my command in its proper position on the north side. Events go to manifest the correctness of General Long's account. If Governor Jones had cared to know of the cause of the disaster at Flve Forks he could have ascertainedti from General Rosser's account thereof, published in 1884. It was ascribable to the fact that our cavalry commander was not on the field and neglected to advise General Pickett of the impending danger.

danger.

General Humphreys, who had access to the testimony of both sides before the Warren court of inquiry, stated that General Pickett was not informed of the approaching peril. But gallant George W. Pickett is dead. His stainless sword is cold, "and none so poor as do him reverence." I am indebted to Governor Jones, and those who have plotted and conspired with him, that they have had the temerity to show their hands before the time for me to follow the hands before the time for me to follow the knightly Pickett. He said: "General Lee resolved to try a bold stroke to revive the failing fortunes of the confederacy. His decign was, if possible, to destroy Grant's left wing, or, failing in that, to make him so contract his left as not to embarrass the passage of the confederate column south on its way to join Jonhnston's army near Greensboro." As I heard nothing of the affair from General Lee, before or after it I can only refer to Governor Jones's effort to connect my name with it and with the Fort Steadman affair.

The Fort Steadman Affair. He stated, alluding to the lat-ter, "owing to the breaking down of the railroad or other cause, the troops He from Longstreet did not arrive on the field in time. Waiting for them delayed the attack nearly an hour, so that, when maie, the plan of operation against these forts could not be executed before daylight, as had been intended. * * A division from the country of the country o Longstreet was also ordered to report to him."—General Gordon. He quoted from General Badeau: "While the armies of the Potomac and the James, and Sherman's cavalry, constituting General Grant's incavairy, constituting General Grants in-mediate command, numbered 111,000 sol-deirs," etc-and from Colonel Taylor, of General Lee's staff: "Lee had at that time only 29,897 available muskets for the defense of Richmond and Petersburg lines." Referring to the alleged Longstreet contingent Those from Longstreet did not arrive.

"Those from Longstreet did not arrive."
The point of the enemy's line selected for assault was Fort Steadman in front of General Gordon's position. The distance between the lines at that point was 150 yards, the assault to be made at 3 o'clock in the morning, General Gordon to command the assaulting column, a brigade of cav-alry to be in waiting to follow the attacking parties and cut the wires along the enemy's rear. Fort Steadman was covered by the structed as to sweep by their fire the lines about Fort Steadman in case of surprise assault. It is hardly necessary to add that the sortie as ordered was a contraction. the sortle as ordered was extremely hazardous, but if executed under cover of night,
as ordered, carried with it a possibility of
success, while if executed in daylight the
hazard was increased ten fold. The nightfire of the batteries constructed to sweep
the lines about Fort Steadman would be
shut off, being as dangerous to friend as
foe. General Parker reported of it at the
moment of the capture of the fort it was
just light enough to direct the fire of his moment of the capture of the fort it was just light enough to direct the fire of his other batteries. If there was delay or absence of troops ordered for the service at the time fixed for the sortie, the question of the moment was, not of the cause of delay or absence, but of the feasibility of the sortie under conditions not anticipated in the original orders. It is admitted and proved by the events that it was not possible of success if made after daylight. Pretermitting the claim of libered discretion, it seems pertinent to inquire why, during the long wait, the new conditions were not reported to our chief? He was close enough to the scene of action to be heard from before daylight and would have been pleased to order his troops back to their camps. In affairs of this character it is customary for assaulting column to advance with empty guns to obviate pre-mature alarm by the accidental discharge of a musket. It is fairly inferrable, indeed, quite probable, that General Lee was under the impression that the assaulting columns had made their first effort successfully and would be ready, wating for sufficient daylight to guide their future operations. cavalry brigade close at hand prepared to make their dash for the wires, when, to his amazement at daylight he found the initial move just opening. He i: "True, nearly two thousand unwounded men surrendered in the trenches when retaken by the final counter charge made about three hours after the confed-erates took Fort Steadman. The space from the en point did not give sufficient room for the deployment of all the troops, who entered the enemy's ranks to avail themselves of

the reported success of the assaulting So it seems that there were more troops within the enemy's works than the commander could handle, "making confusion worse confounded." Why were they put in before there was room for them? Why delay the attack for other troops, when more were in hand than could be used? It is easy to explain the absence of Longstreet's troops, namely: It was due to the fact that they were not ordered. General Pickett was on the south side and could

have been ordered by General Lee withou my knowing, but he could not be ordered to report to General Gordon, because Gento report to General Gordon, because of eral Pickett was the ranking officer ordered it was not as my troops, but a part of the first troops awaiting General Lee's orders. So there was no proper rea-son for associating my name with the affair that precipitaed the Army of Northern Virginia and the southern cause.

Urges Lee to Be Supreme. Two of Pickett's brigades was called for on the 25th. He sent Terry and Corse' They reported at eterburg that day ar received orders to be under arms ready to receive battle orders at a moment's no to receive battle orders at a moment's no-tice. They were not called, but remained in wait until the 29th, when summoned to join in the march toward Five Forks. The audress was delivered in Richmond, the home of many of Pickett's officers and men. If Governor Jones had preferred facts, he could have learned some of more interest and relevancy than his scandalous assertions. Our illustrious commander was not quite satisfied with his position and was inclined to abandon it sooner than but the president was unwilling to the capitol, so, bon gre mal gre, we anchored to that point and General Lee could only feel satisfied of its proper protection by holding my troops on its front. In his mind he approved my suggestions, but his duties called him to the course he followed. So our heroic commander acted as hest he could under the outward environments unless he assume the role thought thrust upon him by act of congress send the government to the rear and make himself free to handle all our armies. My construction of the letter and spirit of the act was to that effect, and I wrote urging General Lee that on his order he would restore General Johnston would restore General Johnston to command. Enough has been said to demonstrate that General Lee's views and mine were not wide apart. The salient points of difference arose from our interpretation of the act making him supprementations of the salient points of the commander. The Richmond authorities, from the standpoint of statecraft, thought the capitol should be held, and that was the

the capitol should be neid, and that was the influence that kept us there.

Mr. Swinton enumerated me as among the officers who advised General Lee to surrender his army on the 8th of April. General Long, in his "Memoirs of Robert E. eral Long, in his Memoirs of Robert E. Lee," mentioned my name as not approving such proceedings. It begins to appear that the sapient Governor Jones does not know all the distinguishing features of the "Last Days of the Army of Northern Virginia," or that he talks to conceal that that he does

The affair at Five Forks opened at 4 o'clock p. m. the 1st of April. After the discomfiture of General Pickett's command General Lee wired me to join him with a division of my command. The hour of the receipt of the dispatch was not noted, but taking the hour of the opening of that affair as a guide, and estimating the probable time of the engagement, it may be safe to say the order was received about o'clock p. m. The order was issued Fields's division and the quartermaster

sent to the depot in advance, so as to have the cars ready for the transportation of my men. The distance of the march to board the train was about six miles. To save transportation and accelerate the movement of the troops I rode with my staff across the country and reported to General Lee at his headquarters below Petersburg be-fore it was quite daylight. He was not yet at his headquarters below Peterson; be-fore it was quite daylight. He was not yet up, and he called me to his bedside to give orders for my continued march to Five Forks. Before he had concluded his in-structions a staff officer hurriedly came in and reported the line in General Lee's inmediate front broken and the enemy advancing en his headquarters. General Lee stepped to the front door and saw the enstepped to the front door and saw the enemy's line of skirmishers marching rapidly over the open field on a bee-line towards him, evidently intent on capturing our grand commander. It was Lieutenant General A. P. Hill's line that had been overrun. In his usual gallant style the brave Hill busied himself in trying to collect troops to check the advancing enemy, but in his desperate efforts he was shot and killed. The line broken through had been attacked by General Wright's Sixth corps attacked by General Wright's Sixth corps and was held by the divisions of Heth and Wilcox. The confederates broken off were driven to the right and left by General Wright in some disorder, but Wright's corps had been on the alert, fighting and moving about eighteen hours. The Twenty-fourth corps, under General Gibbon, came to the relief of Wright's fatigued Sixth. Their orders were to change direction and march for Petersburg. As General Gibbons changed his front march the advance of Fields's division—"Old Rock" Benning's fron brigade—came upon the field. General Ben-ning was sent with the greater part of his men to the front to meet the enemy's advance. I took about 200 of the men and vance. I took about 200 of the men and posted them on my right at Appomattox to hold that important point against a force moving to get possession there by which to dislodge us by the flank. We were in time; dug trenches and held them till night. By that route the enemy would have moved the corps, just entered, through our line towards Petersburg so far in the rear of the forts and our front as to be out of the reach forts and our front as to be out of the reac of their fire, joined General Parker, who had broken through at Petersburg, and called the forts to capitulate at discretion. Others of Fields's men and E. P. Alexander's artillery came on rapidly to Benning's line and set to work to strengthen the line by entrenching. As General Gibbons changed his direction for Petersburg we were in front of him, and I thought I recognized him in his saddle. He sent a division against the forts and gave that his attention. After a determined and very sanguinary assault Forts Gregg and Whitworth were captured, the former held by detachments of Thomas's and Law's brigades, the latter by a detachment of Harris's brigade, all of A. P. Hill's corps. The union troops, worn out by severe, continuous work, night worn out by severe, continuous work, night and day, thought to repose for the next day's labor, so that Fields was not sorely pressed. Richmond and Petersburg were evacuated during the night. Referring to the assault of Wright's corps, General Humphreys said that our line could not have been carried on the 2d of April but for the success of the affair of the 25th of

After Lieutenant General A. P. Hill fell als corps was assigned as part of my com-nand, but General Mahone's division was detached at Bermuda Hundred, A great part of Hetli's, cut off, marched up the Ap-pomattox river to Amelia courthouse, many of his men being lost during the morning engagements, and also many of Wilcox's. My command, thus organized, was com d of Fields's, Mahone's, parts of Heth's Wilcox's and the artillery. Part of Mahone's brigade was captured by the assault on Fort Waitworth, i. e., Harris's brigade. There were two brigades of Georgia soldiers in Fields's division, one of Ala bama, one of South Carolina and one of Texas. Who knows but that with the artillery these splendid men saved General Lee and his army and the confederate authorities from capture on the 2d of April, who, with those assigned us for the march in retreat, held the enemy at bay at Amelia courthouse on the 5th, assisted by the cayalry at Jetersville, Rice's Station and at Cumberland church, the only stands made, except that at Sailor's creek by Lieutenant Generals Ewell and R. H. Anderson, without the loss of a gun by us, while all of our other commands were crumbling into fragments daily, and finally confessed, on the 9th of April, that they were beaten, while my gallant command stood at General Lee's rear against the army of the Poto-mac, massed under General Meade—in bet-ter trim than we reached Petersburg—my brave boys eager for another collision with the enemy, still solid as a rock-the keystone despoiled, the arch came down! "Tell General Lee," said General Gordon to Cola frazzle and I fear that I can do nothing

unless I am heavily supported by Long-street's corps."

When Colonel Venable delivered this mes-sage General Lee said: "Then there is nothing left me but to go and see General Grant, and I would rather die a thousand deaths." (See Long's Memoirs.) Governor Jones disclaims intention to prejudice my record, but proceeds to justify his allegation of the 1st of April by letters written to my

commander in 1864.

Passing in review the rapidly dissolving scenes of the intervening three months, the statement of the proposition should be its own answer, but obliquity of vision and character has distorted and jaundiced his preconceived views. He started out to "make a case," regardless of the facts, but the truth confronted him in his reckles career. An ingenious lawyer's special pling may obscure, but can't wholly cerate the truth.

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extends to the lungs—consumption—death.
Second road, a slight cold—neglected—ccugh—settles on the lungs—cough gradually growing worse—consumption—death.
Third road, a cold—neglected—settles in the throat—hoarseness—short breath—consumption—death

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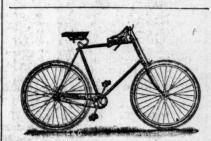
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SEABOARD AIR-LINE.
(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISIO)

SPRING

Adorned Natur

THE FLOWER

And the

EVEN THE

A Day in the

This year the endar. Spring schedule time, the annual par ance simultane

advance of the

Little eviden themselves to city man. The necessarily ton on the trees, grass. Most pminders to in come again.

Tide Is

From Washingt'n 3 00 pm STo Charleston... 5 Mass From Elberton... 8 15 am STo Elberton.... 3 65 am From Charlesto 645 pm STo Washington... 5 55 pm CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

From Hapeville 6 45 am To Hapeville 6 45 am To Hapeville 6 45 am To Hapeville 7 45 am To Hapeville 8 15 am To Hapeville 15 am To Hapeville 15 am To Hapeville 16 5 am To Hapeville 17 20 pm To Hapeville 16 5 am To Hapeville 17 20 pm To Hapeville 18 5 am To Hapeville 18 CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD. WESTERN AND ATLANTAGE SOLUTION WESTERN AND ATLANTAGE STORM Nashville... 7 00 am STO Nashville... 8 00 am STO Chattanoga. 3 10 pm SFrom Marietta... 8 40 am STO Marietta... 5 30 pm SFrom Nashville 6 25 pm STO Nashville... 8 30 pm LANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD

AT LANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Montg'm'y 5 00 sm STo Montgomery 5 35 sm
From Palmetto... 7 35 sm To Manchester... 9 00 sm
From Montg'm'y 11 40 sm STo Selms 11 55 sm
From Montg'm'y 11 40 sm STo Selms 13 00 pm
From Palmetto... 2 15 pm To Montgomery 4 10 pm
From Selms 4 45 pm STo Montgomery 4 10 pm
From Manchester 5 00 pm To Palmetto... 6 00 pm
Following Train Sunday
only:
From Palmetto... 10 15 am To Palmetto...... 1 55 pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. (PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.) From Washington 5 20 am \$To Richmoad.... 8 50 am \$To Cornella... 8 15 am \$To Washington... 12 50 am \$To Washington... 12 50 am \$To Cornella... 4 50 pm \$To Washington... 5 15 THE GEORGIA PACIFIC, RAILWAY 8From Birmin'h'm 6 20 am \$To Birminkham... 6 45am \$From Tailapoosa 8 55 am \$To Greenville...... 4 10 pm \$From Greenville 11 40 am \$To Tailapoosa..... 5 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD. \$From Augusta... 5 d0 am \$To Augusta... From Covingtom... 7 55 am To Decatur... From Decatur... 9 55 am To Clarkston... \$From Augusta... 1 15 pm To Clarkston... From Clarkston... 1 45 pm \$To Augusta... \$From Augusta... 61 pm \$To Covincton... From Clarkston... 4 45 pm \$To Augusta... EAST TENN VIRGINIA AND GEORGIARY.

GEORGIA MIDLAND AND GULF. (VIA CENTRAL RAILROAD TO GRIPPIN) From Columbus....1 20 am To Columbus.... From Columbus....9 05 pm To Columbus.... *8:05 arrival and 7:30 departure Sunday only ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD. From Ft. Valley...10 to am | To Fort Valley....3 10pm

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NORTHBOUND.

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Daily. Daily. Except Atlanta. Laiy. Daily 4:0am b 05 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 300 pm 6 45 pm 10:00 am 8:13 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 1:37 pm 8 55 pm 11:06 am 9:05 pm Ar Abbeville Lv. 11:47 am 3:05 pm 12:18 pm 10:02 pm Ar Greenwood Lv 11:17 am 2:45 pm 10:25 pm Ar Greenwood Lv 11:17 am 2:45 pm 10:25 pm Ar ... Clinton ... Lv 10:05 am 1:55 pm

11 23 pm Ar New York Livis As parallel 5 85 pm Lv P'tsm'tn (n) Ar 9 10 am 6 10 am Ar Phill'delp'la Lv 11 15 pm 7 43 am Ar New York Lv 8 60 pm 5 50 pm Lv Pm'ta (w) Ar | 8 00 am | 6 30 am | Ar Wash'gton Lv | 7 00 pm

(b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk R. R. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Co. Trains Nos. 134 and 127 soild vestious drama with Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta and Washington and New York; sleeping car hamlet and Wimington. Trains Nos. 23 and 41 run solid between Atlanta and Columbia, S. C., with through coach for Charleston, S. C. Tickets union depot or at company's ticket office, No. 6 Kimbali House.

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NORTH BOUND. No. 51. No. 53. No. 50. Daily Daily Daily

NORTH BOUND. No. 51. No. 52. No. 59
Daily Daily Daily Daily Daily
Lv N. Orleans ... 11 00 a m 7 50 p m
Lv Mobile. ... 3 35 p m 12 20 a m
Lv Pensacols. ... 1 35 p m 11 30 p m
Ar Montgomery 8 45 p m 6 10 a m
Lv Selma. ... 4 00 p m
Lv Montgomery 9 30 p m 6 20 a m 10 00 a m
Lv Montgomery 9 30 p m 6 20 a m 10 00 a m
Lv Columbus. ... 2 00 p m
Lv Columbus. ... 1 2 20 a m 8 19 a m 12 30 p m
Ar West Point. ... 1 2 a m 8 55 a m 1 20 p m
Ar West Point. ... 1 2 a m 8 55 a m 1 20 p m
Ar Newnan. ... 3 16 a m 10 21 a m 3 10 p m
Ar Atlanta. ... 5 00 a m 11 40 a m 4 45 p m
Train No. 50 carries Pullman vestibule sleepers from New York to New Orleans and dining car to Montgomery.
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subtle sort of in and straigh ry. This sprin on the wings sible for the A clever st a neat little p Bap Rose." T who lived with the chimney haughty boys flue. On the half warm, s spring—the b from a wedd in a way n

the fire. The spring was in Many people lar feeling th still bare and turesome end above the ear natured and It was the of spring have yearly park sous were the entire staff tale of the partial and the partial tale of the

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greenery that saw enough t the park will this summer. tic eye detect the finishing and the vagn

THE DE revive under balmy wind, private informand were ap vention.

The park fresh flower will be gay These beds shapes, all line the wain the space flower seems sarth at e and bloom a flowers flowers flowers flowers flowers in from the space flowers fl

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m 1 30 p m 5 35 am m 3 10 p m 6 45 a m m 4 27 p m 7 47 a m m 5 52 p m 8 17 a m m 5 52 p m 9 02 a m m 10 15 a m a m 6 55 p m 10 15 a m a m 5 62 p m 8 30 p m 11 05 a m a m 5 62 p m 9 001 p m 10 10 a m 11 15 a m 10 10 a m 10

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SPRING TIME AT THE PARK.

Adorned Nature Putting Forth the Signs of the Season of Seasons.

THE FLOWER BEDS ARE WAKING UP.

and the Velvety Grass Is Peeping Out Saucily.

EVEN THE ANIMALS REJUVENATED

A Day in the Park-Already the Human Tide Is Turned That Way In Search of Fresh Air,

This year the season is ahead of the calendar. Spring has come in a little before schedule time, and the spring poem and the annual park story make their appearance simultaneously about two weeks in advance of the usual date.

Little evidences of spring have shown themselves to even the most hide-bound city man. The heralds of spring are not necessarily tongs by the birds, green buds on the trees, early blossoms or peeping grass. Most people do not need such reminders to inform them that spring has some again. It is in the air, a gentle,

subtle sort of intoxication that one drinks in and straightway feels like writing poetry. This springy feeling that floats about on the wings of the atmosphere is responsible for the overplus of spring poetry. A clever story writer not long ago wrote a neat little prose pastel called "When the Bap Rose." The man in it was a bachelor who lived with his mother in a little house, the chimney of which was so low that haughty boys threw turf down the sooty flue. On the day of the story—a half cool, half warm, sunshiny, halmy day of early spring—the bachelor was walking home from a wedding. He deflected from his course and wandered off into the wood and gathered the just budding flowers, and when nobody was looking, he pulled off his boots, and, unmindful of the sharp pebbles, he danced a jig on the order of the boylish dances in which he had often and often engaged.

The day was a perfect one—just such a one as delights an artist's soul, and while our artist did not find the profusion of

greenery that he perhaps yearned for, he saw enough to cause him to prophesy that the park will be more inviting than ever this summer. In the bare aspect his artistic eye detected the outlines that under

the finishing touch of nature will become replete pictures.

The hothouses had been thrown open and the vagrant oreeze was floating in to mingle with the flowers which seemed to

- - Think - -

THE DEERS ENJOYING SPRING.

revive under the inspiriting touch of the balmy wind. The flowers seemed to have private information that spring had come and were apparently holding a silent con-vention.

vention.

The park has been dotted all over with fresh flower beds which, in a few weeks, will be gay with many colored flowers. These beds are fashioned in all sorts of shapes, all artistic and attractive. They line the walks and fill out pretty designs in the spaces between the sanded paths. A flower seems to have been tucked into the sarth at every available spot, to grow and bloom and beautify the park. Flowers, flowers—flowers everywhere. When the summer is fully come and the plants are in their glory, the park will be one vast flower farden.

Thewhole scheme of the park seems to have been laid out with a special regard for flowers. Flowers seem to be the domi-nating feature. Take away the flowers

subtle sort of intoxication that one drinks

THE MEMORIAL SPRING.

and you have robbed the park of its hue and color.

Springs and rustic seats were also prominent elements in the idea that the designers of Grant park had of what a park should be. Comfortable sents have been placed around at convenient intervals. It is impossible to want to sit down in the park and not find a convenient seat near by. The rustic benches are scattered around at random, as it would seem, but as I sat on one after another of them the other day the impression grew in my mind that the superintendent had placed each

looking souverir of the past life of the animals, stands exposed to the weather and gradually decaying. It is one of the wheeled cages used in displaying animals in circus parade. It is many years old and its former hues—it was red and blue—have so faded as to be barely distinguishable. The faded gilt letters announcing the name of the proprietor have been quite washed out by successive rains. It is a broken down vehicle that sive rains. It is a broken down vehicle that went to the park with a number of the ani-mals which were purchased from a stranded



seat with an eye to the outlook it would commard. Sit where you will, the per-spective is pleasing. Considering the unusual number of cool, clear springs that bubble up from the heart of Grant park, it seems evident that nature had an eye to the future uses of the ground and prepared for the coming park by planting more than the ordinary quota of springs within the area. Right and left nature has located these springs with a lavish disregard to number. And the won-

der of it is that each of the springs is a

All that a love of the beautiful and pic-

turesque could suggest has been done to make the springs attractive. Over one a

shady bower of clambering vines has be built, with doors on the side. Still another, which tursts from beneath the base of a steep hill, is walled up for several feet with granite over which vines grow. A bronze for the steep hill, is walled up for several feet with granite over which vines grow. A bronze for the steep hills with the steep

statuette stands guard over the cool foun-

The zoological collection has not been in-

creased this year. The same old friends are there to be bored by the visitors. Clio, the elephant, is uglier and sleeker than ever,

many parades it has been through; of the numberless animals that have ridden in it;

many parades it has been through; of the numberless animals that have ridden in it; of its travels, trials and general ups and downs. It is pretty safe to say that its wanderings are over. It will likely go to decay right there behind the park zoo.

The park has beer greatly improved and beautified since last summer: Quite a large force of hands have been at work during the past few days making such improvements as have been decided on. The driveways and walks have been resanded, the grounds resolded and the trees have been trimmed out. The trees around the music pavilion have been thinned out to great advantage. This week a new summer house is to be erected just below the music pavilion. It is the gift of Mr. R. F. Maddox and the material is already on the ground. The summer house is one that formerly stood on the premises of Judge Maddox and will form a pleasing addition to the park buildings. It is graceful and beautiful in style of architecture, and picturesquely located in the very midst of a forest of young ocks it will show off effectively.

The music pavilion has been placed in order and will be ready for the summer music which will be had as usual. Every Sunday afternoon a good band will discourse sweet music in the pavilion. The public comfort building was repainted last week and presents a fresh and handsome appearance.

In a few weeks the cyclorama will be open

In a few weeks the cyclorama will be open to the public. Wo.k was resumed on the large circular building last week and it will be completed in a week or so. It is located just west of Lake Abana, and whon the building is completed the famous painting, "The Battle of Atlanta," will be placed in position on the inside. A nominal price of admission will be charged, and the prediction is safe that the public will visit the

tion is safe that the public will visit the great picture.

The conscitoner and refreshment dealer is already open for business. The inevitable sugared popcorn ball, the tall glass of lemonade, the striped stick candy, the bottled sods water and other light refreshments have been laid in in wholesale quantities and the public need have no fear for the welfare of the inner man. When a huge ball of popcorn can be purchased for 5 cents or so long as the price of lemonade remains at the standard figures, there's so grounds for fear of hunger while visiting the park.

In fact, the park is an ideal place for a

ing the park.

In fact, the park is an ideal place for a summer outing. It not only holds out superior inducements to the young man with a girl, but for family picnics, it is right up to the mark. It is easy of access, three electric lines having regular schedules from the heart of the city into the park.

But, it occurs to the casual visitor that money could not be spent in a better purpose than in still further beautifying the park. It should be made a most attractive place, a place in



A VIEW LOOKING NORTH FROM LAKE ABANA.

and continues to swing back and forth with the same monotonous motion that is familiar to all park visitors. She has grown but little, although her capacity icr hay has

pebbles, he danced a jig on the order of the boyish dances in which he had often and often engaged.

Then, he went home, carrying his flowers in a way most unusual with him, and announced his coming by dropping a huge piece of grassy turf down the chimney, thereby spattering his mother from head to foot with the soup that was cooking on the fire. Then he asked her to spank him as she used to, which she did—all because spring was in the air.

Many people in Atlanfa have had a similar feeling the past week. The trees are still bare and but little grass has been venturesome enough to lift a green point above the earth, but the skies looked goodnatured and the breezes were intoxicating. It was the kind of weather that lightly turns the mind to thoughts of poetry, of love, Easter clothes and—parks.

In the editor's office the pervasive feeling of spring had the effect of suggesting the yearly park story. So genial and so delictous were the suggestions of spring that the entire staff expects something from the tale of the park, anno Domini, 1894.

Although the conditions for inspiration have been most favorable u.der the benign spring weather, I have not attempted to write anything about the park without first spending a large part of a day in sylvan precincts, which time was spent in the company of The Constitution's artists. We roamed about the pretty walks, around the lakes and through the zoo in search of indications of spring and what the public may expect this year at this popular resort. increased at an alarming rate. Joe Carter, the lion, is lusty and powerful, and has spent a prosperous winter. He has grown fat and is no longer the rollickhas grown fat and is no longer the rollick-ing youngster that he was a year ago. His cage is the last one toward the southern end of the zoo, and toward noon, on sun-shiny days, the sunslight pours a flood of brightness into one end of his cage. Lazily he stretches himself in the bright spot and grateful for the return of spring, sleeps away the bright hours.

away the bright hours.

The other animals still wander districtedly up and down their cages as if they despaired of ever having their liberty and their native land restored to them. On these warm mornings they snooze ir the warm corners of their cells and dream of their jungle homes and forget for the nonce their captivity.

their captivity.

There has been one death in the family of park animals since last summer. One of the camels, the double-humped one, died a few months ago. The superintendent was quick to have the hide stiffed, and now, as natural as life, the deceased camel stands erect upon the top of one of the animal cages and motionless and passive watches the passing throng without giving a sign or winking his glassy eye.

or winking his glassy eye.

What the park needs is more animals.

The children and the naturalists would be delighted if the city would spend some mon-ey in this way, or if some good philanthrop-ist would donate some animais. The ani-mals constitute the show of the park, and on favorable days he zoo is always crowd-ed. The children delight in the animals. There is no accounting the pleasure that young Atlantians have derived from the caged beasts. The other day I saw a pretty

caged beasts. The other day I saw a pretty little miss in white accompanied by a nurse in blue and a mother in black tripping through the aisle past the cages.

It was a show to see the little one. She pressed up close against the grating and, lifting herself up by her tiny hands, gazed iffting herself up by her tiny hands, gazed in wonderment and rapture upon the monkeys, lions, jaguars, etc. Her rapt enthusiasm and delight was worth about as much as an ordinary park contribution from council. She was especially pleased with the proud peacocks, and their gaudy plumes The pigeons and the guinea pigs were subjects of long and interested study on her part. Quietly, while the park was comparatively deserted, the mother was carrying the pretty little tot through the park, and the child's simple delight was compensation a hundred fold. After seeing the little girl's enjoyment I felt that I had been repaid for my visit.

Back of the zoo a curious relic, a sad which the people of the city will take great local pride and to which they would be glad to carry the visitor. A great south-ern city like Atlanta should have a typical prrk, and with the expenditure of no great prik, and with the expenditure of no great süm of money Grant park could be made all that is desired. It has been favored in a great degree by nature and is suscepti-ble of great improvement at a small cost. Its attractions should be diversified. The zoo should be enlarged, and the beautifying of the grounds should extend all over the of the grounds should extend all over the park. The people should have a place to visit on Sundays and holidays that would interest and entertain them. Such a place Grant park will be n a few years. Already it is one of the prettiest parks in the scuth.

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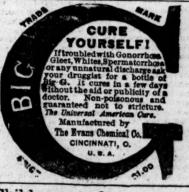
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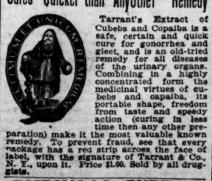
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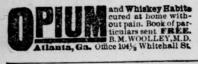
The subject indicated in our caption has recently peen much written about in journais devited to feminine matters. It goes without saying that our men would interpose few objections to a change in the time honored procedure. However, in the discussions which have been going on,

proposed innovation.

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Old Government Java 32c per pound. Fine Mocha, green, 32c per pound. MEATS.

MEATS.

12 pounds bulk Bacon \$1.
9 pounds lie cured Bacon \$1.
Ferris Hams and Breakfast Facon 16%c per pound. Dove Brand Hams 14c pound.

Compound Lard 8c pound.
Pure Leaf Lard 10c per pound.
BAKING POWDERS. BAKING POWDERS.

Royal Powders 45c per pound.

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In our wine department we are selling:

Catawba Wine \$1 per gallon.

Sherry wine \$1 per gallon.

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Roxbury Rye (finest whisky manufactured) sold under a guarantee, \$1 per bottle.

Belle of Bourbon \$1 per bottle.

Belle of Bourbon \$1 per bottle Best Corn Whisky 50c per quart.
We carry the finest and choicest goods
and will be pleased to serve the public.
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The fine appointments of the Richelieu Restaurant, consisting of fine Carpets, Chairs, Tables, Silverwear, Table Cutlery, Cut Glass Bric-a-Brac, Table Linen and the finest lot of Kitchen Utensils in the south. Sale commences Monday, March 19th, at 10:30 o'clock, and will continue until sold, at the Mitchell Building, 130 Whitehall street. L. Fresh, Auctioneer. By order of J. Sternberg.



SARGE PLUNKETT

The Old Man Lingers Along with the Road Workers.

HOW PUBLIC ROADS SHOULD BE WORKED

A Great Difference of Opinion Exists Among the Men Who Work the Roads.

For The Constitution.

Smoke is on the mountain, the birds sing sweet and the sun shines bright, but the hickory buds are belated and I'm afraid she is not here—spring, I mean.

This morning down in the field I watched the dogs race with a rabbit and saw them roll and tumble in the plowed ground as they ran over him and got turned back only in time to see him scoot into the briars at a little branch to one side. The boys stopped their plows and yelled in such manner as to call back the spring mornings of years long agone, but I am scared to count on such signs. A better sign I thought I had at noon today, as I watched Brown saunter along up the spring branch with his hoe on his shoulder. He lingered on the little fence just back of the house long enough to leisurely bite of his finger nails before he started for his seat on the back porch, where he always stops to pull off his shoes in warm weather. When I saw him frail his socks against a post as is his way during work time, I was almost ready to think that spring was here, but the summer grin was lacking on his face and for that I shall watch before I announce that "she is here."

I lingered along with the roadworkers yesterday. Roadworking is another sign of spring—of course they will wait till pretty

announce that "she is here."

I lingered along with the roadworkers yesterday. Roadworking is another sign of spring-of course they will wait till pretty weather and a busy time to warn hands to the roads. The matter of working the public roads has grown to be a much-talked of "problem." To see what a scanty force is in attendance at these roadworkings is discouraging to the few who must work and removes all cause for a surprise at the bad condition of public roads as one travels along them. Under some spreading tree along with these roadworkers is the place to find the correct way of doing most anything you may name. The average roadworker has plenty of time to study and discuss any "problem" that may come up. On the green grass under a tree along the road they are supposed to be working is the best place I have ever seen to get opifilons on roadworking. They are all opposed to the present system, but hardly two agree as to just how it is to be remedied. Most all are in favor of turning the chaingang to advantage in this way, but many disagreements come up about their management and of the moral effect upon many disagreements come up about their management and of the moral effect upon the criminally disposed class. Some say that the most of these criminals, if worked on the public roads in their own counties, would have no horror of being convicted, and that a younger set becoming familiar with the gangs along the roads would be ready to embrace it at the first opportu-

The expense to taxpayers and the insecurity of keeping the worst criminals, is another question with these road workers. One suggestion, I had never heard before, was to build good roads and charge toll. The advocate of this plan stated as his position that the state should build good thirty feet roads—one-half macadamized, the other dirt, side by side, but so built that vehicles could not change from one to the other except at stated places. At these places there should be a toll gate and a "nickel in the slot" for fare should be collected if the macadamized side was The expense to taxpayers and the inse be collected if the macadamized side was used. Of course, in good weather there would be no collections, as every one would travel the dirt road, but in bad weather, on the other hand, every one would pay the toll and take the solid road. A toll gate every five miles under this plan would not be extravagant and would pay all the be extravagant and would pay all the expenses of the chaingang system. It is the opinion of this advocate that there will be no grumbling on charges, as every one would rather pay for a good road than to pull stock on a bad road. I think it would pull stock on a bad road. I think it would be mighty hard to keep people from grum-bling, and I know not what would be the best plan, but that the present system of working public roads is unsatisfactory. One only has to linger along with the road

workers to be convinced.

Some are already planting corn in our settlement and to judge by what you hear there will be a large acreage planted and a small acreage of cotton, but it is hard to tell how this will be, as "talk" is not sustained in many instances. It is hard to make many farmers believe that there is any more cotton made in these years than in years long ago. These argue that it is just the bales made smaller now than formerly. It is a fact, they say, that 300 pounds is the average bale now, where it used to be 500, and that the men who fix up the statistics give no credit for this deficiency. The truth is, that with all the talk every year about this time, the farmers put in about all the cotton they can handle, and a further truth is that when you come to calculate on the price prid for any more cotton made in these years than you come to calculate on the price paid for seed now there is just as much money goes to the farmer from the crop. In old times cotton seed were worthless, now they are good for more things than any other one thing grown and new developments come every day. I might add another truth here by stating that farmers generally are compelled to raise cotton. Nothing, outside of what is known as market gardening, will bring the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money he is compelled to have a second control of the money has a second control of the money and the money are a second control of the money and the money are a second control of the money and the mone bring the money he is compelled to have as easily as does cotton—cotton is money when you get it in the bale, and nothing else is. There was a cloud thrown over the dream There was a cloud thrown over the dreams of our settlement about the exposition the other day, but it has cleared away and it is again all the talk—outside of politics. Of course, politics is the foremost question, and it is mighty hard for me to steer clea of it, but I will, for it is most as uncertain

as the weather.

The last mule Brown swapped for will The last mule Brown swapped for will stop every time any one speaks to you, 'no matter how you frail. I started from home the other morning at 6 o'clock, and with all the frailing I could do, I had not traveled but three miles by noon. I turned back for home and managed to get there by dark. "Good morning, old friend," form the corner of a fence, and the mule would stop. "How are you, Plunkett?" from under a tree, and the mule would stop. There is no getting the mule to go till you've passed a half-hours talk. Many of these fellows who called me "old friend" I never saw before, and many who were gilb with "How are you, Plunkett?" never noticed me before in all their lives. I got mighty mad with the mule and for a time I wondered at meeting so

their lives. I got mighty mad with the mule and for a time I wondered at meeting so many people and such clever people, but after a while it struck my mind that every one of them was running for office. Every office from bailiff to governor was represented by these clever fellows, pro and con, and I don't know which one I will vote for, but one thing I do know, I will never start anywhere with that mule till this election is settled.

Up the road or down the road, At the bridge or by the ford Going up or down the hill, At the store or at the mill— The office-seeker has a stand To shake a fellow by the hand— They never shook before.

SARGE PLUNKETT.

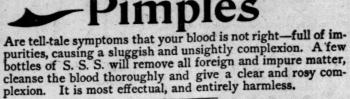
' Imitators and Impostors. The unequalled success of Allcock's Porous Plasters as an external remedy has induced unscrupulous parties to offer imitations, which they endeavor to sell on the reputation of Allcock's. It is an absurdity to speak of them in the same category as the genuine porous plaster. Their pretensions are unfounded, their vaunted merit unsupported by facts, their alleged superiority to or equality with Allcock's a false pretense.

pretense.

The ablest medical practitioners and chemists and thousands of grateful patients unite in declaring Allcock's Porous Plasters the best external remedy ever produced.

Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentation. Ask for Allcock's and let no solicitation or explanation induce you to account a substitute.

Pimples



Chas. Heaton, 78 Laurel St., Phila., says:—"I have had for years a humor in my blood which made me dread to shave, as small boils or pimples would be cut thus causing shaving to be a great annoyance. After taking three bottles of my face is all clear and smooth as it should be—appetite splendid, sleep well and feel like running a foot race, all from the use of S. S. S.

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Oldest bank in Atlanta, Ga. Open 8 to 4. As security for our depositors we have some of the best and most centrally located city property, yielding \$11,000 gross rents per annum. We pay 6 per cent interest on time deposits if they remain one month or longer, more than any other bank in the city, because our expenses are small. We solicit accounts on liberal terms. We have for sale cheap, on long time some lots on West Peachtree street, just outside the city limits. J. H. & A. L. JAMES.

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It's the finest in the landand we sell it. In fact, our salesrooms are chock full of the choicest importations from all parts of the civilized world.

The people of the south are our patrons, and we study how to please them.

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As to prices-they are specially suited to thes 'hard times.' Dobbs, Wey et Co.,

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Easter is just one week of, the weather is favorable, and our stock is alive with all that is new and taking in male attire. Never have we shown such an array of suits-suits for men for boys, for children-all sizes, all kinds. Hats the same way-all the leading shapes.

Let us book your order in our tallon

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Write for Prices. ATLANTA, GA

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BUY ANTHRACITE MONTEVALLO JELLICO,

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SPLINT,

R. O. CAMPBELL;

FOR THE CURE OF LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE, COCAINE, TOBACCO and CIGARETTE HABITS.

Endorsed by the United States Government.

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MACHINERY FOR SALE!

NEW MACHINERY.

One 16"x5" bed "Reed" engine lathe with countershaft.
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One 10"x4" "Reed" engine lathe, foot power.
One 13"x5" Barnes engine lathe, foot power.
One 13"x5" bed Barnes engine lathe, foot power. ower. One 25" back-geared power feed drill press, "Snyder's."
One 38" back-geared power feed drill press, "Barnes."
Five 25" back-geared power feed drill presses, "Barnes."
Fen 20" back-geared hand feed drill presses, "Barnes."
One 20" wood turner's lathe with counter. presses, "Barnes."
Ten 20" back-geared hand feed drill presses, "Barnes."
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One 12" wood turner's lathe with countershaft.
One 38" band saw, fron table, with countershaft.
One 38" band saw, fron table, with countershaft.
One 8" hand jointer, "Herbert Baker's."
One 4-h. p. vertical engine with 6-h. p. ver.

One 4-h. p. vertical engine with 6-h. p. ver.

tical boiler combined, "Dutton's."
One 2-h. p. vertical engine, "Barnes."
One 16-h. p. horizontal, center crank engine, with governor. SECOND-HAND MACHINERY.

One single spindle shaper, wood top. One 2-spindle wood shaper, "Rowie, & Her-mance." One Houston mortiser, with boring attackone flouston mortiser, with boring attachment, complete.
One iron frame railway cut-off saw.
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The above are only a few of a great many new and second-hand machines which we offer for metal and wood-working, and if bought at once will sell at reduced prices to make room for other goods.

We also carry a full and complete line of general supplies for mills, railroads, quarries, etc.—safting, pulleys, hangers, belting, packing, etc.

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WILLIAM ERSKINE, 21 Whitehall Street.

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Trunks, Sample Cases, Ladies and Gents' Traveling Bags and Toilet Cases.

The latest novelties in Pocket Books, Card Cases, Collar and Cuff Boxes. A complete assortment of Tourist Outfits.

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Henry M

\$10,000,0 It Will To

Prive

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THE MODERN PONCE DE LEON.

Henry M. Flagler Is the Rediscoverer of the State of Florida.

\$10,000,000 HAS ALREADY BEEN SPENT

It Will Take Millions More-The Greatest Private Enterprise of the Century. The Fruit Market of the Country.

Ponce de Leon Hotel, St. Augustine, Fla. March .—Seventy-three years ago Florida was ceded to the United States by Spain. On the 27th of this month it will be 381 years since Ponce de Leon landed on this corner of the continent. This Spanish adventurer and those who followed him were in search of the fountain of perpetual youth and incidentally of such deposits of gold, silver and precious stones as might be found in the new land. They discovered none. No land, so far as the precious met-als were concerned, was less promising, for Florida had risen from the sea on a foundation of coral, and its surface rested al-most level with the breast of mother ocean.

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The highest elevation in the state reaches only 500 feet above the ocean level, and a wast area, including the everglades and mprising a fourth of the state, is more or comprising a fourth of the state, is more or less a swamp. There was nothing, there-fore, 300 years ago, in all Florida of the allghtest value to the world. After the lapse of 300 years a new discoverer has ap-peared, just at the time when the golden possibilities of Florida are ripe for de-

Florida's New Discoverer. His name is Henry M. Flagler, of New York city. He came in 385 to visit Jackonville, and his coming marked the opening of a new and prosperous epoch. Be-youd the fact that Mr. Flagler is one of the chief executive minds of the phenomenally successfud Standard Oil combination., the public knows little of him. But so much is known: He was born in Canandaigua in New York, in 1830, and was the son of a rural minister with a salary of \$400 a year. At the age of fourteen he possessed the same self-reliance that marks his career today. He took passage by canal host for Buffelo thence by steamer, journeying to Sandusky city, and on to Bellevue, O. This was a long journey in those days for a lad of tender years, and when he reached his destination he had in his pocket one of the 5-franc silver pieces then current for a dollar, a 5-cent piece, and a cent. That he was not a spendthrift is evidenced by the fact that he still retains the 5-franc piece as a so venir of his earliest struggles. A six months' sojourn in Ohio was long enough for the boy, and he returned to New York and went to Orleans county, where he work. ed as clerk in a store at \$5 a week. His tto in life is to be contented always, but never to be satisfied.

A Pen and Ink Sketch Mr. Flagler is quiet, self-contained, well poised and apparently in the prime of life. He is of medium height, sinewy and com-

pact in build, deliberate in movement and distinct in speech. He has an excellent command of language, and is fond of epi-grams. He has clear, blue eyes, a firm, well-set mouth, a somewhat aquiline nose, a smooth brow—norraw across but deep-gray half and musteche gray hair and mustache.

In the business world Mr. Flagler is reckoned as the possessor of fine administrative abilities, coupled with high sense of moral responsibility. He is firm in his purpose, tenacious in his views, keen and analytical in his treatment of business problems and exacts faithful service from his employes, in return giving them generous, kindly, courteous treatment. He has no tolera tion for sham or veneer. His attire is in keeping with his plainness of speech, and no one would take him for the owner of \$40,000,000, which he is said to be, but of which he never speaks.

The Second Discovery of Florida. When Mr. Flagler first visited Florida in 885 he looked upon the everglade commonwealth with the eye of a business man and the contemplation of a philosopher. He realized that we live in a luxurious age. A few years ago hothouse veretables were found in the depths of winter on very few tables in the north. Tropical countries were not near enough to send us a supply at reasonable rates. Within a short period the southern states have supplied garden truck throughout the winter for the north. Year by year, as market gardening in the south has been extended, the winter prices of lettuce, tomatoes, green peas, cucum-

bers, strawberries, onions, cabbage, etc., have decreased so that at present nearly all of these can be found throughout the

year on the bills of fare of the leading

restaurants in our great cities.

Florida now produces all the oranges that this country can consume. If the rich sugar lands of the everglades were drained, I am told that they could produce more sugar than the country requires. Florida is just beginning to do for the pineapple what it has done for the orange crop, and within less than six years it promises to be the great pineapple-producing center of the world. Of garden truck Florida can furnish all that the porth needs throughout the world. Of garden truck Florida can furnish all that the north needs throughout the winter. One million crates of this truck were sent from the state last year, though but a small fraction of the land in the subtropical or lower half of the state—the richer half—has yet been placed under cultivation. The gold and silver that Ponce de Leon could be supposed for the state—the richer half—has yet been placed under cultivation. The gold and silver that Ponce and the state of the state o

de Leon could not fine in the ground Mr.
Flagler saw on top of it.
But there is something beside a sordid
purpose in his love for the sunny state.
He is impressed with the belief that great wealth is a great trust, to be used for noble purposes, and that the best and noblest of these is to benefit mankind. Mr. Flagler saw in Florida not only a place for profitable investment, but also found in its magnificent areas of untilled land an opportunity for the support of a multitude, and in its warm and genial climate an asylum for the feeble and ill-nourished, to whom the rigors of the north meant death.

St. Augustine's Transformation. I doubt if any man fully comprehends the cheme that Mr. Flagler has laid out in this state. In St. Augustine he has wrought a marvelous transformation. The ancient city has been rebuilt and redeemed. It was formerly known throughout the country as the oldest city in the land. It is now known as the most beautiful—famous for the splendor of its buildings, the cleanliness of its streets, its cheerfulness and health-

This is what Mr. Flagler has done for the city of St. Augustine: He has built that wondrous dream of architecture, the Ponce de Leon hotel, and the beautiful Alcazar on the opposite side of the street, at an expense of \$3,000,000. He has com-pletely rebuilt the massive Cordova hotel, paved one and a half miles of the streets

with simply building the churches, he insisted on adding the parsonages, the Sabbath school rooms, supplied water from wells, and planted the grounds with flowers. "No Jewel is complete until the setting is perfect," said Mr. Flagler. The railroad shops he has built in St. Augustine give steady employment to nearly a hundred men, and the whole city calls him a benefactor.

The Ponce de Leon.

Nowhere in all the world can a rival be

Nowhere in all the world can a rival be found to the Ponce de Leon hotel. It is a marvel of the architect's and the builder's marvel of the architect's and the builder's art. It is a combination of the Spanish Renaissance, the Möörish and the Oriental. The soft tinted gray walls are surmounted by dark tiled slanting roofs, while towers and minarets leap from the structure, rising at times to the height of 150 feet from the courtyard. One enters the brilliantly illuminated gateway and finds himself in the midst of a great mass of tropical foliage surrounding a fountain of a dozen jets in full play. Advancing into the center of the inclosure we are astonished by the massive and palattal appearance of the structure. The walls are covered with climbing flowers walls are covered with climbing flowers and shrubbery which mount to the loggia from whose pillared recesses the bright and cheerful faces of the guests look down upon the enchanting scene.

The East Coast Railway.

It was by reason of the erection of this hotel, I believe, that Mr. Flagler was led to embark in the railroad business in this state. The material for the construction of his hotels and thousands and hundreds of thousands of loads of earth and sand for filling in the site of the Ponce de Leon had to be transported a considerable distance to be transported a considerable distance and he found it cheaper to buy the connecting railroad than to pay its freight charges.
When he came to St. Augustine it was not a railroad center. It was an out-of-the-way place, the resort of invalids of all kinds. The railroad running from Jacksonville to St. Augustine, thirty-six miles, was a shabby, narrow gauge affair. Mr. Flagler bought this road and made it a broad gauge and built the fine bridge over the St. John's river at Jacksonville to make the connection complete. One of the Astors owned a little road running from a place called Tocol, on the St. John's river, west of St. Augustine, to the latter city. This Mr. Flagler also purchased and made a standard gauge first-class property. A third road ran from St. Augustine to Palatka and thence to Daytona. This was a narrow gauge concern struggling to pay its way.

All of these properties Mr. Flagler bought and at once made St. Augustine approachable from the north and south, and thus reaped all the benefit of the passenger traffic from the north and secured an entrance to the famous Indian river orange



district, with all its rapidly increasing freight business. With characteristic ener freight business. With characteristic energy Mr. Flagler proceeded to develop his railway enterprise, and pushed on to Rock Ledge, in the very heart of the Indian river country, 150 miles below St. Augustine. On the way down he also bought a connecting line midway between St. Augustine and Rock Ledge, running from Blue Spring to New Smyrna. From Rock Ledge the road is now being continued to Palm beach, on Lake Worth, to the sub-tropical region of Florida and the only point on its coast of Florida and the only point on its coast where the warm gulf stream almost touches the mainland. If the reader will look at the map of Florida, he will find Lake Worth at the swelling point of the peninsula east of Lake Okechobee. The railroad is now mished with the exception of about torty miles between Fort Pierce and Jupiter, and miles between Fort Pierce and Jupiter, and this gap will be completed within a month or two. The East Coast railway line is adding immensely to the business of Florida. A year ago Mr. Flagier had completed 196 miles of railroad, requiring an annual expenditure of \$1,500 per mile for care and maintenance, and had invested more than \$2,000,000 in this field of enterprise, always giving preference to Florida men and materials.

A Great Canal.

Mr. Flagler's operations in the state have been confined to the east coast of the peninsula. The third step in his work of development is the completion of a great canal system, destined to bring St. Augustine within reach of the entire eastern and southern coast by water. If you will look at a large map of the state you will see that what are called the rivers of the east coast, such as Halifax, Hillsboro and Indian rivers, are in reality sounds, connected with the ocean by inlets. They are long and narrow and resemble rivers, but the water is either salt or brackish, and comes from the Atlantic. A canal company, made up of Boston men, undertook years ago to connect these various rivers by narrow cuts or canals, so as to secure a continuous water route from St. Augustine to Biscayan bay, a distance of 338 miles. Mr. Flagler's operations in the state have

at an expense of \$3,000,000. He has completely rebuilt the massive Cordova hotel, paved one and a half miles of the streets with asphalt, filled in great sections of the eity, made new stréets, walks and sewers, and discovered and used a bountiful supply of water from deep artesian wells, of which St. Augustine has the largest in the world. All these city improvements cost not less than haif a million dollars. Then come the parks, and the delightful Casino, with the finest natatorium I have ever seen. The great plunge bath is fed from artesian wells. The bathing rooms or rather the robing rooms are the pink of neatness, and in this one matter Mr. Flagler's scrupulous attention to details is revealed.

Mr. Flagler has fifty artesian wells on his various, properties in St. Augustine. The beautiful Presbyterian church, built as a memorial to his daughter, cost a quarter of a million dollars, and the Methodist church 1100,000. In addition to his own stately residence he has built thirty other dwellings, and his work of improvement in St. Augustine is not finished. Not content

vana. The state will give a land grant of more than 1,000,000 acres to the canail company, and there is already a decided increase in property values along the coast.

The Southeramost Health Resort.

The terminus of Mr. Flagler's East Coast or Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Indian River railway is at Palm Beach on Lake Worth, and it is marked by one of the most commodious and luxurious hotels in the world and the most southern winter resort in the United States. The name comes from that of the royal poinciana tree, beneath whose sheltering branches, with their heavy clustering bunches of starshaped flowers, the wanderer in the tropics is sure to find a haven of rest.

This great structure, with its 600 rooms, was built in nine months at a cost of \$350,-

was built in nine months at a cost of \$350,000, although all the lumber had to be brought from Jacksonville, more than three hundred miles, and some of it required eight transfers. A Glimpse of the Tropics.

One gets a real glimpse of the tropics at Palm Beach. It is difficult to describe the feelings of a visitor from the north as he lands from the little steamer that brings him from the railway terminus, across Lake Worth, and is welcomed by the wav-

Lake Worth, and is welcomed by the waving cocoanut trees with their heavy clusters or ripening nuts. Here, too, we find the tamarind, the date palm, the guava, the great scarlet hibiscus, the beautiful oleander, the yellow and red jasmine, the royal poinciana, the dwarf poinciana and a variety of wonderful palms.

At only two places in Florida during my visit did I find an opportunity to enjoy surf bathing—at Ormond, which, next to Lake Worth, had the greatest attractions for me, and at Palm Beach, where the warm, sparkling waters of the gulf stream touch the shore and make the best surf bathing in the world. bathing in the world.

What \$10,000,000 Has Done. It is estimated that Mr. Flagler's invest It is estimated that Mr. Flagler's investments in Florida up to this date aggregate \$10,000,000. The concrete results of this expenditure within the past decade are these: He has made accessible an enormous area of fertile land in the most temperate and delightful zone. Thousands have already been provided with homes and a population of a million more can find abundant means of livelihood on the east coast. The increase in the value of this land and of its products through Mr. Flagler's enterprise is incalculable. ncalculable.

Perhaps most important of all, Mr. Flag ler's railway enterprise opens up the possi-bilitities of a prodigious foreign trade. The accompanying map will reveal at a glance the magnitude of this possibility. Biscayan the magnitude of this possibility. Biscayan bay, which I presume is the ultimate destination of Mr. Flagler's rallway, is only sixty miles below Lake Worth, and is separated from the Bahama islands by a little run of forty miles. It is within easy reach of the West Indies and when the Nicarauga canal is finished a steamer can make the run from Greytown to the terminus of this rallway in a couple of days. Another day's journey will land the passenger in New York. With reciprocity in trade, such as we have at present, developing our commerce with adjacent ity in trade, such as we have at present, developing our commerce with adjacent countries all high-class freight, such as seeks the express route, coming from South and Central America, the West Indes and the Bahamas will seek the quickest, shortest route to New York city, which will thus also profit largely by the results of Mr. Flagler's enterprise. His East Coast line will become the mail and passenger route and I can see in the not distant future great steamship lines radiating from ture great steamship lines radiating from Biscayan bay and bearing the Flagler pen-

nant.
When we think that our trade with Ber When we think that our trade with Bermuda last year aggregated \$1,462,000; with the Central American states nearly \$17,600,000; with Cuba \$95,000,000, and with the other West Indies \$36,000,000, not to speak of \$40,000,000 with the upper portion of South America, we realize what Mr. Flagler may have in his mind. Our imports from these continue to grow and our exports. countries continue to grow and our exports are also increasing.

The Master Mind. The master mind in all the operations of Mr. Flagler is Mr. Flagler himself. He originates his own policies and sees that they are carried out. He confers freely, advises often and yields to convincing ar-gument, for he is not inflexible nor in-fallible. He is fortunate in having a most delightful home circle. Mrs. Flagler is a woman of great taste, refinement and intelligence. Her culture is reflected in many of the special features of Mr. Flagler's enterprises and in the delicate touches which appear in their superb decoration. A Great Private Enterprise.

I have had time in this hastily written article to outline briefly what one can see and foresee of Mr. Flagler's colossal plan of operations. He is conducting the greatest personal and private enterprise of the century. I am not indebted to him for my facts. He still maintains perplexing reticence in reference to his ultimate purposes. Carefully following up his work by personal observation, I feel assured that he has not spent his millions in this state in the erection and furnishing of palatial hotels, the creation of a new railroad system and the continuation of a great canal project that will give him control of the entire east coast trade without a definite plan and coast trade without a definite plan and

coast trade without a definite pian and purpose.

We live in the most remarkable of all countries. The wildest dreams of the avaricious Spanish discoverer never approached the reality of Florida's present development of materal wealth. Columbus and Queen Isabella could not have faintly realized that four centuries would make the United States what they are today—in things material the envy of the world; in wealth United States what they are today—in things material the envy of the world; in wealth among the greatest of nations; in history the first of republics and a mighty factor in the world's religious and moral progress. I speak in reason when I say that the work being done in Florida, and now well foward completion, makes Henry M. Flagler one of the most notable men of this century. His labors have already involved an expenditure nearly twice as large as the ry. His labors have already involved an expenditure nearly twice as large as the original price paid by our government for the cession of Florida in 1821. It is a work in a state with an area of nearly sixty thousand square miles and an arable territory exceeding the aggregate of all New England's farms. It only needed the man keen of vision, courageous of heart, indomitable of will and supplied with abundant resources to discover and develop its amazing richness. The discoverer is here. He is Henry M. Flagler, of New York.—J. A. S. in New York Mail and Express.

LEMON ELIXIR.

A Pleasant Lemon Tonic.

For biliousness, constipation, malaria, colds and the grip.

For indigestion, sick and nervous headaches.

For sleeplessness, nervousness and heart disease, take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir is prepared from the fresh juice of lemons combined with other vegetable liver tonics.

At the Capitol. I have just taken the last of two bottles of Dr. H. Mozley's Lemon Elixir for nervous headache, indigestion, with diseased liver and kidneys. The Elixir cured me.

J. H. MENNICH, Attorney.

1225 F street, Washington, D. C.

W. A. James, Bell Station, Ala., writes; I have suffered greatly from indigestion or dyspepsia. One bottle of Dr. H. Mozley's Lemon Elixir did me more good than all other medicine I have ever taken.

Gratitude, Dr. H. Mozley-Dear Sir: Since using your Lemon Elixir I have never had another attack of those fearful sick headaches, and thank God that I have at last found a medicine that will cure those awful spells.

MRS. ETTA JONES,
Parkersburg, W. Va.

I certify that on the 15th of February I commenced giving my four children, aged two, four, six and eight years, respectively, Smith's Worm Oil, and within six days there were at least 1,200 worms expelled. One child passed over 100 in one night.

Hall Co., February 1, 1879.

SINCE THE WAR

Rhenmatism radically cared in every case since 1861 with Famous Prescription 160,384 prepared by MULLER, 42 University Place, Y. Muscalar, Youty, sciatic, infammatory Pleasant to take 75 cents a bottle. All druggists. Fampliets free. Sold in Atlanta by the Jacobs Pharmacy Company, corner Marietta and Peachtree streets, and all first-class chemists.

COME TO US FOR YOUR

THAN ELSEWHERE. We are sole agents for the celebrated Centimeri Kid Gloves.

BETTER VALUE

New shipment just received. You can find here all the latest things in Fabric Gloes, Silk Gloves with large pearl buttons to match, Silk Gloves, fancy welt and embroidery. We are selling

Kayser's double finger tip SILK GLOVES-A guarantee given with each pair not

to wear out on the fingers. We offer this week the following pecial V alues.

Prices we ask are below cost of importation.

Ladies' Suede Kid Gloves, black tan, mode and brown, with large pearl buttons, at 75c.; regular value \$1.25. Ladies' Real Kid Gloves, in all colors, either with large buttons or Fos-

warranted at \$1. Ladies' Silk Gauntlet Gloves, black and colors, at 25c.; worth 5oc.

ter lacing, worth \$1.50; fitted and

Hosierv.

Children's Fast Black Seamless Hose, double heel and toes, worth 20c.; tomorrow only 7 1-2c.

Children's Imported Ribbed Lisle Hose, double knees, heels and toes, Hermsdorf's fast black, worth 4cc., at 25c.

Ladies' Seamless Hose, fast black and tan colors, plain or drop stitch, at IOC

Ladies' 40-gauge Fast Black Hose, the celebrated Henry Shopper's make -double heels and toes-worth 35c.,

Ladies' French Lisle Hose, Hermsdorf's fast black, plain or Richelieu ribbed, double soles, high spliced heels, worth 50c., at 29c. Ladies' Fast Black Silk Plaited

Hose, worth 75c., at 5oc. Men's Imported Half Hose, seamless, Hermsdorf's fast black, at 10c. Men's French Lisle and Balbriggan Hose, fast black and tan colors, at 25c.

Underwear. Ladies' Sleeveless Ribbed Vests.

tomorrow at 5c. Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, low neck and sleeveless, at 7 1-2c. Ladies' Imported Lisle Vests, silk

at 25c. Men's Balbriggan Shirts, French neck, long or short sleeves, drawers

taped neck and sleeves, worth 40c.,

to match, 25c. Men's Plain or Fancy Colored Balbriggan Shirts, self or silk front, drawers to match, worth \$1.50 per

suit; we sell them at 37 1-2c. each. Children's Underwear, in Cotton, Lisle Thread and Wool Gauze, in all

The Challenge Drawers, made of best Pepperel jeans, double seats, regular price 50c., at 39c.

Corsets.

Full Line of Thompson's, Dr.Warner's, "R. & G.," "C. B.," Madame Warren Corsets, Ferris Corset Waists and sole agents for

"HER MAJESTY'S" Corset, the best fitting corset made.

We offer this week-Fast Black Sateen Corsets at 40c. French Woven Corset, long waist,

Style 23, a "C. B." Corset, extra long waist, worth 75c. at 50c. Thomson's Ventilated Summer

Corset, at 75c.

Shirt Waists. Ladies' Percale Shirt Waists, front

THE FAIR

Millinery Opening

Next Tuesday, Wednes-

day and Thursday in the enlarged and remodeled

THE FAIR.

Souvenirs free to visitors,

main room of

Sateen Shirt Waists, worth \$1, at 50c. Large variety of styles in Ladies' Fine Percale Waists, some laundried,

stiff collars and cuffs, at 50c. Boy's Best Quality Percale Shirt

Ladies' Fast Black and Colored

trimmed with ruffles, at 35c.

Waists, worth 50c., at 39c. Children's Blouse Waists, made of Percale or white and colored Lawns, with trimming, from 25c. to \$1.

Children's Hats and Caps

Immense variety of Infants' and Children's Mull and Embroidered Lawn Caps and Hats, including the latest novelties, from 10c. to \$2.50. Children and Boy's Straw Hats

and Caps, new shapes.

Handkerchiefs and Ladies' Neckwear.

Elegant Assortment of Real Duchess and Valencienses Lace and Embroidered Handkerchiefs for Easter presents, from 75c. up.

Alsatian Ties, all silk hemstitched ends, 21-2 yards long, in all colors,

All Silk Windsor Ties, in solid colors, figured and plain, four inches wide, worth 25c., at 15c.

Ladies' Scalloped and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, with initial letters, worth 35c., at 15c.

Fans. Fans. Fans.

New Styles of Silk Gauze and Feather Fans just opened. The Latest Novelty, the "Tuxedo,"

at \$1.25. Ostrich Feather Fans at 75 cents, worth \$1.50. Black Silk Fans worth 5cc., at 35c.

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Laundered Negligee Shirts, made of Madras or French Percale, worth \$1 to \$1.50, at 75c. Men's Laundered Dress Shirts at

Men's Silk and Satin Scarfs, silk lined, a mixed lot, worth 25c. to 50c., choice at 15c.

Men's Neckwear, latest shapes, Scarfs, Four-in-Hands and Bows, worth 50c., at 25c.

EDUCATIONAL.

ATLANTA SCHOOL OF ART. Open rally from 10 s. m. to 10 p. m. Classes held zeorning, afternoon and night. All branches of art taught. The One Dollar a Month Night Class. All kinds of drawing.
Every night from 8 to 10 o'clock.

The Grand, (7th floor),
Peachtree street

LESSONS in china and oil painting. WED-DING PRESENTS on hand and done to order, Art materials at bottom prices, WM LYCETT, 83 1-2 Whitehall, St.

Cons'd'in of Colosnite & SU LIVAN'S BUS. COLL. SULLIVAN

CRICHTON'S SCHOOL OF SHORTHARD.

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The Berlitz School of Languages 17 E. Cain Street,

FRENCH, GERMAN AND SPANISH Taught by native teachers. Trial lossons free,

B. COLLONGE, Directors.

Southern Shorthand AND

Business University, "The Grand," Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga., Over 6,000 students in positions. Short-hand, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, English, etc., taught. Send for catalogue.

G. W. ADAIR.

"THE BOLLES PLACE" CORNER ASHBY AND PORTER STREETS

In Seventh Ward.

If will sell upon the premises on Thursday, March 28th, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon that beautiful piace on the corner of Ashby and Porter streets in the seventh ward, formerly West End, known as the "Bolies place."

Every one who has passed the "Bolles place."

Every one who has passed the "Bolles place." agrees that it is one of the most charming and tasty homes in the city of Atlanta. The location is superb, the grounds picturesque and the building most convenient. It has one electric car line in front of the door and is only one block from the Whitehall street line.

The large amount of money now being expended in this ward by the city for water, sewerage and permanent improvements will make this property more valuable and desirable.

We fully realize the fact that this is not the most opportune time to throw such property on the market, but there is the content of the market, but there is the such as the such as the content of the market, but there is the market, but there is the most opportune time to throw such

desirable.

We fully realize the fact that this is not the most opportune time to throw such property on the market, but there is a mortgage on the place and the owner cannot hold it any longer, and is compelled to succumb to the inevitable. The place will be sold absolutely and unconditionally, without reserve or limit, and doubtless at a great sacrifice, and if you want a home and have the proper appreciation of good taste and all that is necessary to make a perfect home, attend this sale.

The purchaser must assume a mortgage for \$5,000, with \$528.48 accrued interest, and pay balance in cash. The mortgage is due march 28, 1896. Titles perfect.

G. W. ADAIR.

T. C. & J. W. MAYSON.

No. 11 Marietta Street. \$2,250 buys 5-room house on Walker street, belgian blocks, sewer, gas, electric car in front; easy terms. 2200 per front foot buys 100x100 central business lot.

\$450 busys beautiful elevated lot at Decatur
in block adjoining the famous Agnes Scott

REVERSES.

First Chapple—What killed Algy?
Second Chapple—Reverses.
First Chapple—Reverses?
Second Chapple—Yes, blew his fortune in, and then blew his brains out. Yesterday-Today.

Yesterday, dear love, 'twas sweet summer here, Within my heart—a season all my own. Today, how strange it is! the earth seems drear, And dead leaves fall, and winter winds

Yesterday I found life's sunshine in your Yesterday I found fire a sunshine in your eyes.

Sweetheart—my blood grew warm with love's sweet birth.

Today, I know but clouds and wintry skies, There is no happiness for me on earth.

Oh, woman's heart be true—'tis not for long;

Be faithful unto death, though love be

lost; Death's icy breath will soon blot out all wrong,
Beyond the grave there is no winter's frost.

Elizabeth Gray in The Home Magazine. DR. W. W. BOWES 1816 Marietta Street, ATLANTA, GA. SPECIALIST.

CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN -AND-BLOOD DISEASES

In both sexes. Consultation at the office free. Medicine sent by express in plain box anywhere. Diseases of the Liver and Directive Organs, diseases of the Nervous System, Nervous Diseases, Orbility. Impaired Vital Powers. Vital Losses. Immotency. Mental Debility and Wasting from various abuses and excesses. Nervous Prostration, Paralysis. Constination, Blood and Skin Diseases. Syphilis. Scrofula. Eversipelas. Ulcers. Ulcerated Throat. Mouth and Tongue. Eczema and Skin and Face Erurtions. Kidney. Eczema and Skin and Face Erurtions. Kidney. Eczema and Skin and Face Erurtions. Kidney. Stricture of the Urethra. male and female. Enlarged Progstate. Gonorrhoza, Gieet. The troubles of young and middle-aged men properly treated. Strictly-confidential. Twenty-years experience. The best of references. Send &c in stamps for book and question list for men. 2c for question list for females. Terms reasonable.

DR. W. BOWES.

DR. W. W. BOWES. 15½ Marietta Street, ATLANTA, QA.

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The Store that Sets the pace-- and never Imitates!

Douglas, Thomas & Davison.

The Big Store. Leaders Always. Followers Never. Up to date Allover. Undersold by no Concern in Existence.

Now for Hosiery!

Prices that tell, comparison is the test.

259 doz. Ladies' fast black hose richelieu rib, rembrandt rib, and plain double sole, high spliced heel and reiniforced toe, 25c., worth 40c 250 doz. Children's light weight, fine 1-1 French ribbed, fast black hose,

185 doz. Gent's imported half-hose,

110 doz. Ladies' Lisle thread hose, fast black, richelieu ribbed and plain, 35c., worth................ 50c 120 doz. Misses' drop-stitch hose, open work, fast black, russet, tans, and morocco,25c a pair.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

Now For New Dress Goods.

Such dress goods as can be had nowhere else. Novelty suitf as can only be seen here. Rare and choice effects from the best French makers. No two alike, and no duplicates to be seen elsewhere. Bayadere striped grenadine suiting, 42 in, wide, \$1.40 yd. 48 inch illuminated cheviots, in a rare line of color effects..... Small check suitings, very popular and very Illuminated and dotted novelties, 42 in. wide; Bordered grenadine suitings, extra wide At 50c yard.—We are showing a line of suitings that look like dollar values. Any style you

At 39c yard.—Cheviot suitings, 38 and 40 inches wide. A tip top value for a dress for general

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON,

Now for that Basement.

That place of perpetual bargains. Go through it before you have left the store. Standard Cotton Checks.....4c yard Large size Satine covered fancy pillows.....28c each Men's brown half hose, the best 15c article ever sold; basement, 10c pair.

Entrance to basement from Broad street and from center and rear of main floor.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON,

Now for Dress Making.

How Simple it is to have us do it-no trouble-no worry-no chance-Select what you want, and we guarantee to please you. Mr. Haskell has just returned from New York, and can tell you all about what New Yorkers are

We price you your dress completed for a certain sum. Street and walking

dresses \$27.50 up. Carriage and Visiting dresses \$35.00 up.

Evening and Reception dresses..... \$33.00 up. Treausseaux a Specialty.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

1894 Jewelry, the latest and best.

Silver and gilt-mounted rubber hair-

pins10c

Fancy tie pins, new......5c

Now For Sewelry.

Now For Handkerchiefs.

Handkerchiefs that have merit. Handkerchiefs that have value. Douglass, Thomas & Davison have them.

Ladies' pure Irish linen, unlaundried, hand-embroidered, hemstitched handkerchiefs. A good 25c worth for 15c each.

Ladies' sheer linen, soft finished hemstitched handkerchiefs 15c each. Children's white linen handkerchiefs, unlaundried, extra qualty, 90c dozen.

Ladies and children's white and colored bordered lawn handkerchiefs

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

NOW FOR CARPETS.

An entire new stock. The designs and colorings the very latest-Prices the very lowest. A full stock in all lines. Alexander Smith & Son's Moquette (with borders) at \$1.00 per yard. Horner's, Whittall's and other best makes. Body Brussels at \$1.00 per yard. A splendid Tapestry Brussels at 55c per yard. The best extra imported All-Wool Ingrain Carpet at 65c yard. A good, heavy Ingrain Carpet at 30c yard. A good, heavy Straw Matting at \$4.00 a roll. Window Shades with Spring Rollers, 25c. Cornice Poles, 25c each.

DOUGLAS. THOMAS & DAVISON.

Our big Boston purchases are now arriving. Shoe prices that will astonish you. Infants' dongola hand turm button boots, pat. tip...60c Children's dongola button spring heel, 5 to 8..........75c In dongola or pat. leather tips. Children's dongola button spring heel pat. tip, Misses' dongola spring heel button, in dongola Youths and boys' fine calf lace shoes \$1.25 Men's fine calf shoes, in lace and congress, plain or cap toe only\$2.00, worth \$2.75 Ladies' fine dongola button boots, pat. tip, regular \$2.50 shoe, today\$1.75 Ladies' fine dongola common sense and pat.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON,

That place where everything is cheaper than it is any-

value ever sold at 10c pair

hose; sure enough fast black 3 pairs for 25c

per cent. wool......10c yard

Ivory soap4c cake. Balsam for soap, with book of famous views......10c

That Basement is attracting attention every-

store. You will find something to interest you. SURE.

where. New things every day. Always under

anybody's price. See it before you leave the

Children's fast black ribbed hose. No better

"That Basement" 10c pair ladies' fast black

36-inch dress goods, any shade you choose, 60

Now FOR THAT BASEMENT.

That economy headquarters.

where else.

Now For Shoes.

or pat. tip, 12 to 2\$1.00, worth \$1.75. tip, button, regular \$2.00 shoe, reduced to \$1.50

Now For New Art Linens, and materials for all sorts of needle

work. Stamping and designing to

Art linen, lunch cloths, center pieces, squares, doylies, finger bowl napkins, etc., stamped in new and artistic designs 25c, 50c and 75c Cretonne table covers, stamped in

artistic designs, 50c each. Drapery silks, 1894 patterns, 39c a

Embroidery silks, the only complete You can't imagine a shade we haven't got, 50c dozen. Imported zephers, all shades, 5c.

Saxony yarn 124c. Ice wool, for fascinators, 23c box. Linen Bargaran fringe, in all sorts of color, combinations, 81c and 10c

Germantown wool 15c.

Rasement Drives.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

And remember, "THAT BASEMENT" is no Monday institution—Its an

EVERY day affair. Only its something new all the time.

The famous Glory Soap, 21c Proctor & Gamble's Ivory Soap. 4c

Boy's waists, all ages...... 21c New Satiues and Batistes..... 5c Standard Cotton Checks.....

Yard-wide Bleaching. 5c

Such Gloves-an can only be had of

D., T. & D. Match your Easter dress while the lines are compelte.

Big Button Pique Gloves, with heavy stitching, self or contracting color,

oxblood, green, navy, modes, tan, brown, etc..... \$2.00 pair.

The best dollar glove on earth. Big

buttons or small, any shade you please—including all novelties—Ev.

Kayser patent finger tips Silk Gloves-(the tips outwear the gloves.)
75c and \$1.00 pair.

Douglas, Thomas & Davison.

Now For Down Pillows.

An over-stocked manufacturer ship-

ped us a big lot of silk and satine

covered down pillows, to be sold at

18-inch down pillows, covered with

figured French satine; 75c would be cheap—the price is......50c

20-inch down pillows, ruffled edges, French satine covered, 75c each. Silk and satine covered down pil-

lows, large sizes, the \$2.50 kind \$2.50 Fine China silk pillows, very large size, \$2.00 to \$3.00 each, worth double.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

DOUGLAS, THOMAR & DAVISON.

Now for New Gloves.

ery pair warranted.

makers' prices.

A crockery store, and a big one. Not a small side issue. Prices heretofore unknown in this section.

Now For China and Glassware.

A good, heavy Oil Cloth at 250 yard.

Thes heretorore unknown in this section.
56-piece, imported decorated tea sets\$4.90
100-piece decorated English dinner sets 7.50
Vienna 100-piece dinner sets, new shapes, new
decorations30.00
Vienna china, festooned edge, decorated fruit
saucers\$1.25 doz.
Decorated china cuspidors
China bread and butter plates, festooned edge, handsome-
ly decorated
Job lot of china covered dishes, decorated in
new designs\$1.25 each.
China celery dips, gold edge\$1.25 doz.
After-dinner coffee cups
Decorated china plates20c each.
Thin blown glass tumblers4c each.
Thin blown glass tumblers, Greek and star
pattern6c each.
Thin blown glass finger bowls, crystal, green, etc. \$1,25 doz
DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON,

Now for Wash Dress Goods	•
A selection of good things—the best things—the mills ha Toile du Noud ginghams. 36 inch English percales, very choice designs. Imported Crepons, a very popular and sensible fabric. 19c to Imported zephyr ginghams, the usual 25c sort. Irish lawns, in the new brown linen effects	10c yard 12½c yard 40c yard 18c yard
DOWN STAIRS.	
You find good 10c satines at	5c yard

DOUGLAJ, THOMAJ & DAVISON.

	A selection of good things—the best things—the mills hav Toile du Noud ginghams	10c yard.	
	36 inch English percales, very choice designs		
	Imported zephyr ginghams, the usual 25c sort	18c yard.	
OV	VN STAIRS.		
	You find good 10c satines at Figured Batistes at Printed satinettes in very choice styles	5c yard. 5c yard. 7lc yard.	

	Toile du Noud ginghams.		
	36 inch English percales, very choice designs		yard.
	Imported zephyr ginghams, the usual 25c sort Irish lawns, in the new brown linen effects		
ov	VN STAIRS.		
	You find good 10c satines at	5c	yard.
	Figured Batistes at.		yard.
	Printed satinettes in very choice styles		yard.
	Standard ginghams	5c	yard.

Imported zephyr ginghams, the usual 25c sort Irish lawns, in the new brown linen effects	
VN STAIRS.	
You find good 10c satines at Figured Batistes at Printed satinettes in very choice styles Standard ginghams.	5c yard- 5c yard- 7½c yard- 5c yard.

Now for Linens and Cottons.

Clean Fresh and desirable, every inch we own. A visit will interest Scotch-huck towels; size 23x45 inches. Will wear like iron 25c each. Large size turkish bath towels, 10c each. 64 inch Cream damask, heavy, strong and finely finished, 48c yard. 72 inch Bleached Satin damask. Patterns very choice, and a linen of matchless value, \$1.00 yard.

Ready to use, hemmed Sheets, ten quarter size, at cost of

Hemmed Pillow cases, standard size, ready to use, 25c pair. Eleven quarter, white crochet quilts, evenly made and the best article ever sold for 98c

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON,

Now for New Black Goods.

The best sorts of black goods, the best value in black

DOUGLAS. THOMAS & DAVISON.

Now for New Silks.

New Trimming Silks, New Dress Silks, New Waist Silks. 24-inch China Silk, in dress and waist styles, 1894 pat-Figured Taffeta Silk, suitable for dresses or

Novelty, two toned and illuminated Silks, a very fastselling line.....\$1.00 yard All black figured Taffeta SHks, 24 inches wide. . 89c yard Delicate effects in China Silks for semi-evening wear, a A charming line of styles......\$1.00 yard Black Silks and Satins for dress and trimming purposes. All the new weaves.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON,

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

No	ow For Men's Fixings.	
	A show any concern might be proud of. Price the most interesting feature. 5 ply 2100 linen collars any shape you please Imperial, flowing end silk necties Unlaundried negligee shirts, new 1894 pattern. New nightsbirts, trimmed and plain, full length	25c each.
	Balbriggan vests and pants in brown, blue and oream, 50c values at	garment.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

oa	
	Figured granite cloth, all wool 42 in. wide75c yard.
	Figured Tamise, made by Prisetley & Co 42 in.
	wide 98c yard.
	Novelty suits and desirable fancy weaves, a very select
	line.
	All wool 46 in. French silk finished Henrietta. 98c yard.
	All wool Henrietta, smooth twill, 42 in wide, 35c yard
	All wool 40 in. serge, a close strong cloth 39c yard
	All wool Crepon, 40 in, wide 75c yard
	Priestley's all wool black challie, 42 in, wide 75c yard.
	DAUGIAL THOMAL & DAVISON

Now for New Capes and Suits.

Still arriving every few days. The new suits are particularly graceful, and very cheap. You can buy a ready to wear suit, made in the best style, for little

more than the cost of material. New Silk waists, full line colors \$5.00 each.

Wool wrappers and home gowns. A small line of well-made and very choice styles, \$6.50 and \$7.50 each.

Outing cloth wrappers at \$1.00 to \$1.50 each. Percale waists, plaited fronts, \$1.00.

DOUGLAS. THOMAS & DAVISON.

Silver hat-pins, ball and flower designs.....10c Silver and enameled sword corsage pins25c Men's scarf pins, entirely new, 25c Confederate battle flag tie pins. 25c Ladies' and children's silver and pearl cuff buttons......25c Solid silver link cuff buttons. \$1.00 Sterling and enameled cuff buttons, ladies' or men's.....\$1.00 to \$1.50 Silver match safes.....\$1.25 each Shirt studs for ladies' waists, choice line25c set

Douglas, Thomas & Davison

Now	ior	Not	ions.
		ings that	are wanted
Hair Cr Whist	Brooms Darning C	otton 2 fe	10c 10c 15c or 5c
New Fa Long R Best An	ncy Veil ubber Ha nerican P	Pins ir Pins 2 ins	10c 10c for 5c 5c
Heavy Ladies'	Rubber D Leather	Brushes. Pressing C Purses Tooth	500
Hard W	Tood Too	th Picks,	
	allty An	monia	90

Now for Stationery.

No such prices ever quoted. No such value ever shown, as these-Real trian tinen Aore paper, large or small size, ruled or plain, 5c quire. Square envelope to match above paper, 5c package. Our famous black box, 2 quires of Our famous black box, 2 quites of linen paper and 50 envelopes for 250 Stafford's Mucilege, 5 cents.
Staffoed's Black Ink, 5 cents.
Indellible Ink, 21 cents.
Fancy sealing wax, box 5 cents.
Initial stamps for sealing wax 256
Pencils Tablets, atc. Pencils, Tablets, etc.

LOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

TOILET ARTICLES.

The place of places for values. Chamois skins 5c up. Sponges, all sizes, 5c up, Colgate's Violet Water, 35c. Crab apple extract (Crown), 75c. Royal Lavender Salts, 25c. Quadruple extracts, 25c. Cuticura Soap, 15c. White Wing Soap, 5c. Buttermilk Soap, box, 25c. Pears' Unscented Soap, 10c. Colgate's Turkish Bath Soap, 44c. Douglas, Thomas & Davison.

Infants' Wear.

One of our newest additions, a department that is making friends every day. Infants' Caps, 25 cents up. Infants' Short dresses, 25 cents up. Infants' Long dresses, 25 cents up. Infants' and Children's skirts, 25 cents up. Children's undrbodies, 15 and 25c. Infants' and Children's gingham and Almost any article you wish ready for use and at very small prices.

DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON.

24 P

VOL. X

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IIS SALE EPHEMERAL
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LASTING
FOR A DAY
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THE PRICES
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AS & DAVISON.

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Water, 35c.

Salts, 25c.

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Wear.

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25 cents up. dresses, 25 cents up. dresses, 25 cents up.

skirts, 25 cents up.

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....25c set

ATLANTA GA., SUNDAY MRNING, MARCH 18, 1894.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Dress Goods!

Today we have some-thing very special to say. It relates to Wool Dress Goods in Spring

weights and wise economy. The result of our resident New York buyer's splendid purchases is manifest. Last week he secured and expressed to us values that are simply marvelous. It seems that importers and jobbers are bent on unloading without delay and at any sacrifice. Prices have gone all to pieces. Even our oldest salesmen—veterans who have experienced all conditions of the market—were speechless with astonishment when the present wonderful cheapness of fine fabrics was revealed. Visit the store and examine these—buying is incidental. They are here for examination and comparison.

Bargains Inspire the Animation.

Series 1 Contains two hundred pieces All-wool Spring-weight Dress Goods including all the favorite colors. There are soft, pleasant effects in Stripes, Checks, Plaids and Melanges. There are Homespuns and Cheviots. There are Honeycomb, Basket and Granite Suitings. There are Changeable and Illuminated Jacquard and Foulard Novelties. There are myriad other handsome weaves on those heaped-up counters. They are worth up to 75c the yard.

Our price-incomparable-only 37 c

AN EPHEMERAL AFFAIR LASTING FOR A DAY ONLY. THE PRICES ECCITED IN THE 400 FOR SITE THROUGHOUT THE WEEK, OR TIME WEEK, OR THE WEEK, OR T Series 2 Contains one hundred and thirty pieces All-wool Spring-weight Dress Goods, including all the favorite colors. There are Camel's-hair Serges, Striped and Plaid Fancy Mixtures and Bengalines. There are Silk-and-wool Bayadere Stripes, Silk-mixed, hard-twisted Tamise and Moose Cloth. There are serviceable Cheviots for banging about in, and a whole host of other excellent styles. They are worth up to \$1.50 the yard.

Our price—incomparable—only 75c

Series 3 Contains sixty-five pieces All-wool Spring-weight Dress Goods, including all the favorite colors. There are Waffle Suitings, Whipcords, Striped Silk-and-wool Glorias and a great variety of Fancy Cloths for tailor-made dresses. They are worth up to \$1.50 the

Our price—incomparable—only 89c

Series 4 Contains two hundred All-wool Spring-weight Novelty Suits including all the favorite colors. There are in this grand line some of the choicest and best materials of the season. They were bought at a fearful loss to the importer and are the best values ever offered by this or any other house. They are worth up to \$8.

Our price—incomparable—only \$2.98

Contains fifty-nine All-wool Spring-weight Novelty Series 5 Suits that are simply greater values than we can adequately describe. They are worth up to \$25.00.

Our price—incomparable—only \$9.98

Bargain Square Price.....

laste to Keely Company's Dress Goods Department tomorrow. It's the testination of the Monday morning shopping procession. A pageant of largains will greet you; yard sticks will fly; scissors will flash; activity rill reign. Great chances for you. Great business for us.

The Bargain Square! That restful rear-room is the rendez-

ous for the frugal and thrifty. Another avalanche of tempting bargains or to-morrow. Not scraps of lots, fragments, jobs and meagre remants, but full pieces, full cases and perfect assortments. These are time offerings and exceptional.

Worth Sc.)	TWO CASES CHECKED NAINSOOKS, Bargain Square Price	3
Worth Sc.)	BEST NEW-STYLE SPRING PRINTS, Bargain Square Price	5
Worth Sc.)	CHOICE DRESS GINGHAMS—FRESH, Bargain Square Price	5
Forth 15c.)	TOILE DU NORD DRESS GINGHAMS, Bargain Square Price	_
Forth 15c.)	BEAUTIFULLY PRINTED PRINCESS LAWNS, Bargain Square Price	31

Our Silk stock is absolutely faultess. Throughout the entire department it is perfect in every detail. The ame orethought and buying sagacity that performed miracles in Dress Gods controlled the gathering of our ample variety of Silks. Bargains abound.

WHITE INDIA LINEN, 40 INCHES WIDE,

See the 24-inch Japanese and Venetian Crepes at
See the Japanese Silks, self-colored ring designs at
See the Ombre Striped and Printed China Silks at67c.
See the rich Shadow-striped Suraline Silks at97c.
See the 28-inch Japanese Silks, all desirable colors, at
See the Black Moire, Black Faille, Black Duchess and Black Merveilleux Silks at97c.

KEELY COMPANY



Here is a picked lot of Bargains. No auction lots; no odds and ends; all clear, fresh goods. The quick mover is on each honestprice ticket. We mean low price when we say "quick mover."

We are very proud of our mothods, because we don't slip and slide—we don't higgle and haggle—about prices. We go straight ahead to the honest, plain price of a thing.

New Scrim at 5c yard. Choice Calicoes at 5c yard. Choice Silesia at 12c yard, Best Vaseline at 5c bottle. Tetlow's Face Powder at 13c. New Irish Lawns at 10c yard. Best Skirt Linings at 4c yard. New Dress Calicoes at 5c yard. Plain White Lawns at 5c yard. New Dress Batiste at 10c yard. Easter Eggs and Toys at 5c up. New Lace Insertings at 10c up. White Apron Checks at 5c yard. New White Lawns and Dimities. New Dress Satines at 121/2c yard. New Dress Ginghams at 8c yard. 10-4 Bleached Sheeting at 19c yard. Choice Apron Ginghams at 5c yard. New dotted Curtain Goods in Mulis. Choice yard-wide Bleaching, 5c yard. New Colored Embroidery at 5c yard. Wide Percales, for waists, at 10c yard. Bargain lots of Silk Ribbon at 5c yard.

New Point de Venice Lace at 33c yard. Lace Curtains, 3 yds, at 75c pair. Shawl Hair Pins, with metal top, at 24c.

New Window Shades (complete) at 33c. New Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 10c. New Japanese Cups and Saucers at 10c. All our new Cut Glass at low prices. Gold Trimmed Toilet Sets at \$4.98. New Cut-Glass Salt Shakers at 49c. New tinted Note Paper at 25c box. Faber and Eagle Lead Pencils at 4c. New soft-faced Sponges at 5c each. New polished Towel Arms at 19c.

Table Mats (wooden) at 50c set. New Pearl Buttons at 5c dozen. Japanese Cream Pitchers at 10c. Good Sweeping Brooms at 10c. Silk Elastic Webs at 21c yard. Good Wooden Buckets at 10c. New Haviland China just in. Piano Wool Dusters at 50c. New Wooden Ware just in. New Scrub Brushes at 10c. Tin Frying Pans at 10c.

New Gas Globes at 24c.

New Tinware at The Fair prices.

Cut-Glass Tumblers at 50c each. Gold-band Cups and Saucers at 98c set. Silver Teaspoons, Forks, etc., at 25c package. Colgate's Concentrated Perfumes at 25c ounce.

New silver plated Knives and Forks at \$1.98 set.

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THE ATLANTA

COMPANY,

57 PEACHTREE ST.

Rare Bargains for next

Call early next week and secure them.

Bargains in Haviland, Carlsbad, English and American China. We are overstocked with fine Breakfast, Dinner and Tea Sets which we will sell at exceedingly low

Bargains in elegant

Lamp Shades and all Lamp goods.

Bargains in Bric-a-Brac and fancy articles of

Home Decorations. We are determined to deserve success by giving our friends the best goods

at the lowest prices. We keep no shoddy and worthless stock. Every article is first-class.

Come to see us next week.

Dinner Sets.

We have a line of the most eleant sets which are higher in price, but which we are sacrificing.

Haviland China Tea sets of 56 pieces we offer at the very lowest prices next week. Get one tomor-

We have just received an elegant assortment "Atlanta" Souvenir A. D. Coffees that are gems.

Lamps, Lamps, Lamps.

We keep the finest Lamps. Our line is elegant. We are Headquarters for Lamp Shades, Chimneys, Wicks and Burners.

Chamber Sets.

Miscellaneous Articles.

Glass, Glass.

We have just received an elegant line of rich Cut Glass which we are selling at taking prices. Remember the Headquarters for Houseturnishing goods.

THE ATLANTA

57 Peachtree St.

THEY ARE AFTER HIM.

Postmaster Price Has Many Applications for Positions.

8,300 POLL TAX DODGERS IN BIBB

A Census Is to Be Made of Them-Van's Election Will Not Be Contested-An
Execution Against the Central,

Macon, Ga., March 17.—(Special.)—Dalsy Price's strongest competitor for postmaster at Macon was Dick Findlay. Mr. Findlay has held a position in the Macon postoffice about seven years, first going in under Postmaster Tom Hardeman, and when Hardeman was succeeded by a resultification. Hardeman was succeeded by a republican Colonel R. D. Locke, the present incumbent Mr. Findlay still remained in the office, so faithful and competent was he in the discharge of his duties. Mr. Findlay is a young man about twenty-seven years old, efficient, honorable and zealous in his work, and a stanch democrat. He has advance from place to place in the Macon office t his present position of superintendent of the delivery of mails at a salary of \$1,300 per annum. He has served in the mailing, registry, money order and general delivery de partments, and is considered the best in formed man on the postal laws and pestal affairs, from Louisville to New Orleans. He was admirably endorsed by the business community and all classes of citizens for postmaster, a position he was thoroughly competent to ill. Under the civil service laws Mr. Findlay can retain under Mr.
Price his present position as superintendent
of the delivery of mails, but he has handed
his resignation to Postmaster Locke and on Monday he becomes assistant cashier of the New York Life Insurance Company in the office of Mr. R. H. Plant at Macon, who is general agent for the states of Georgia, Florida and East Tennessee. Mr. Findlay is now really better situated, as regards his future, than if he had been appointed postmaster at Macon. He has better opportunity for advancement in the business world and has a strong commercial foundation upon which to stand.

No Further Appointments. The appointment of Mr. Lewis J. Ander-on as assistant postmaster is the only ap-ointment Mr. Price expects to make until pointment air. Price expects to make until he takes active charge. It will probably be two or three weeks before all the preliminaries have been settled incident to Mr. Price taking the oath of office. He is besieged by ants for positions, but he will not any further announcements. The up-nent of Mr. Anderson as assistant postmaster meets with public approval. He is a son of ex-State Attorney General Clifford Anderson, and is highly esteemed by all who know him. He is about twenty-seven veers old thoroughly

years old, thoroughly competent and reliable in every way and will make Mr. Price

The Macon Military. The Macon soldiers are pleased at the idea of being among the first companies to go into encampment at Camp Northen this year. They will attend in large numbers. The following are the Macon companies: Volunteers, Floyd Rifles, Hussars and Light Infantry. They belong to the Second Georgia regiment. The other companies of this regiment are: Eastman Volunteers, Americus Light Infantry, Putnam Rifles, of Eatonton; Baldwin Blues, of Milledgeville; Quitman Guards, of Forsyth; Columbus Guards, Southern Rifles, of Talbotton; Perry Rifles, of Perry.
St. Patrick's Day.

St. Patrick's Day was well observed in Macon. At half past 8 o'clock this morning high mass was held at St. Joseph's Catholic church, and was largely attended. The members of the Hibernian and Em clubs formed in line at their rooms ers of the Hibernian and Emme proceeded to the mass in a body. At hair past 7 o'clock tonight, at St, Joseph's chuch, key. Father Brislan, president of St. Stanislaus college, delivered a ber eloquent panegyric on St. Patrick. morrow night a grand banquet will be served at the Emmet hall at which the Hibernians and Emmets will be present. A deightful programme, which has already been published in The Constitution, consistsongs, speeches and recitations, will

A Big Deficit.

In five districts of Bibb county there are persons who are required under pay poll tax whose names do no pear on the tax digest of the county. Therefore, these 3,300 persons do not exercise the right of suffrage, and do not pay any poll tax to the county. Some time ago clise the right of suffrage, and do not pay any poll tax to the county. Some time ago the county commissioners appointed Mr. J. F. Means to take the census of the county in order to learn how many persons there are in the county who should pay poll tax. Mir. Means has completed five districts, towit: East Macon, vineville, South Macon and the two city districts, and in these he finds the 3,300 persons alluded to above. When he completes the country districts the number will, no doubt, rin up to 4,000. Some time ago, on recommendation of Mayor Horne, the city council ordered that the census of the city of Macon be taken to learn how many persons therein are hable to street tax. According to the census report of Mr. Means, the number in the fix wards of the city who by age are qualined to vote is 4,374. But of this number there are doubtless many who are exempt from street tax. All persons between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five are liable to street tax. At no municipal election has anything near like 4,575 votes been cast. At the aldermanic election last Wednesday only 1,384 votes were cast.

It is thought that no independent census will be taken of the city, but that the census many such or the county commissioners will be adopted by the city authorities.

An Execution.

An Execution

An execution was issued yesterday against the Central railroad for \$8,000, the amount of a judgment rendered against the road in a suit brought by Mrs. Brantley for the death of her husband. The case has been in the superior court since 1887, and has been carried backward and forward to the supreme court.

Seventh Anniversary.

Today is the seventh anniversary of the paid fire department in the city of Macon. Mr. L. M. Jones has been the efficient and popular chief since the organization of the department. He was formerly chief of the volunteer department. The paid fire department of Macon is one of the best in the south.

No Contest.

There will be no contest of the aldermanic seat to which Mr. J. Van was elected last Wednesday. Mayor Horne so informs The Constitution's correspondent. Mayor Horne says he will also notify Mr. Van of his election, as he is required by the charter to do. Mayor Horne says, however, that at the end of thirty days he will inspect the tally sheets, etc., t.) ascertain how many persons were sworn before they voted, and he will then learn by investigation if they were legally qualified to vote, and if it be developed that they swore falsely he will present the names of such parties to the grand jury to be dealt with as the jury may see proper.

BENNETT'S BODY FOUND.

The Search Is Being Continued for Anderson.

Rome, Ga., March 17.—(Special.)—In the parlors of the Central hotel tonight was a sorrowing assemblage gathered around the casket containing all that was mortal of Charley Bennett, one of the young men drawaged in the Coses drowned in the Coosa river Thursday afternoon. Many of the friends of the young man who met so tragic a rate and of his grief stricken parents were present full of the deepest sympathy and regret. Dr. Hadden and Dr. Goetchieus conducted the services and they were most impressive and they were most impressive. services, and they were most impressive

services, and they were most impressive and affecting in every detail.

The body was found this afternoon two and a half miles down the Coosa river, a half mile below the shoals where the water is swift and dangerous. All day long the steamer Resaca, with many men to assist, has been down the river. The river has been systematically dragged and this afternoon the body of Bennett was found. While the community believed there was no hope and that the missing young man must have been drowned, the finding of the body making if a certainty, created more of a sensation and more sorrow.

The search was continued for the body of anderson, but it has not yet been found.

His brother is expected from his South Carolina home tonight. So certain are his friends that he met the fate of Bennett that this afternoon the armory of the Rome Light Guards was drapped in mourning. The funeral services were held over the body of Bennett tonight because it is to be taken to Chillicothe, Ohio, in the morning. Many of the friends will go as far as Chattanooga.

A rather peculiar feature of the drowning

far as Chattanooga.

A rather peculiar feature of the drowning is the fact that a few nights ago Mr. S. B. Bennett, father of Charley, had a vivid dream of seeing his son drown. Charley had not been on the river since he has had not been on the river since he has been here, but the dream impressed the parent. The son was in the habit of going where he pleased without leaving word of his whereabouts, but strange to say on this occasion he left a note stating that he had gone boat riding. Mr. Bennett, immediately on its receipt, went to the river to stop him, but was too late. The dream impressed him so that he antiquated the to stop him, but was too late. The dream impressed him so that he anticipated the death, and long before others had given up hope, was in the deepest despair. Charley was the only child and Mr. and Mrs. Bennett are both almost crazed with

ASKS SUSPENSION OF JUDGMENT. Mr. Everett Says That the Railroad Is
Unjust to Him.
Brunswick, Ga., March 17.—(Special.)—The

arrest of Mr. R. H. Everett announced in today's issue created a storm of indignation amongst his numerous friends here. People associated with him in business and socially, declared that Everett's accounts are correct and that the proceedings against him are unjust. He has hundreds of friends here who refuse to believe he is guilty of wrong, and many proffered as bondsmen and will assist in his defense. Everett in ar interview tonight, said: "I did not care to refer to the matter, but the article which was wired purporting to save of the controversy between the road and of the controversy between the road and wired purporting to give an accoun or the controversy between the road and myself caused some comment, and I am glad of an opportunity through the same papers to say that the criminal prosecution instituted by the road is for the purpose of compelling me to pay them a debt of \$46 and to avoid paying what they owe me. I do not care to discuss the matter further through the papers, as I feel confident that all who are acquainted with me will give no credence to the statement that I a criminal, and I trust that those whom I am unacquainted personally, will suspend judgment until the case is tried in the courts.

THAT OLD SPANISH MINE. Where Gold Glitters as the Sunlight

Ellijay, Ga., March 17.—(Special.)—Some weeks ago Mr. W. C. Padget, a sawmill man operating a mill in the mountains northeast of this place, accidentally discovered some interesting relics in the way of stone mortars and other implements, which he thought had been used in mining. Some ancient excavations further lent color to this supposition. Mr. Padget not being able to determine about the mineral, secured the services of Professor Jo Clark, an old mining engineer, to prospect the place. In one of the excavations they discovered the spur of a quartz vein, which they went down for a bit. It proved better than they had dreamed. They report that they found gold sticking in the quartz in plenty, visible to the naked eye.

Professor Clark is enthusiastic over this place and says it is the richest thing he has seen. He said to a Courier man in speaking of the place. "It is a valuable find beyond doubt. In all my travels I have seen nothing to excel it. I believe it to be the exact snot where De Soto and Is a Reality.

has seen. He said to a Courier man in speaking of the place. "It is a valuable find beyond doubt. In all my travels I have seen nothing to excel it. I believe it to be the exact spot where De Soto and his followers located and mined for gold and silver 300 years ago. There is every evidence to prove this, the remains of a large fort, the old excavations, some of which have trees growing in them 200 years old. The cooking utensils, motars and other relics, hewn from the solid soapstone, all these prove conclusively the site of an ancient mine.

"This property lies on both sides of the Blue Ridge and on the head waters of Boardtown creek, on the south, and on the Fightingtown slope on the north, embracing Bushyhead and other mountains, having an elevation of 3,000 feet, with drainage to any point of the compass and permanent streams of water, some of great power for running hydraulic and other machinery.

"As to the mineral deposit, there is no place that I have seen in all my thirty-three years' travels that can begin to compare with it, for gold and silver. There are seven well-defined veins that are legitimate in every sense, having a well-defined igneus granite foot wall, running northeast and south southwest, dip east southeast. The gold bearing quartz is about a foot wide and in the seams shine like reblains of gold. This location cannot be described. wide and in the seams shine like reblains of gold. This location cannot be described. It must be seen to be appreciated."

BLOODHOUNDS, AFTER THEM.

Burglars Go Through Every Store in a Tennessee Town.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 17.—(Special.) Early this morning Chief Hill received this message from Ooltewah, Tenn.: "Send Phipps with bloodhound on first train Every store in town was robbed last night."

The chief at once dispatched Officer Phipps on the East Tennessee passenger with his sleuth hound "Jude," that has made such a phenomenal record as a trailer of criminals. Two other police officers were sent out on horses to cover the countries of the count try between this city and Ooltewah, and waylay the thieves with their booty, with which they must be departing in wagon loads. Ooltewah is the county seat of James county, fourteen miles from Chattanooga. It is at the junction of the main line and the Georgia division of the East Tennessee mailroad. The place has six stores.

Tennessee mailroad. The place has sux stores.

Percy Trueblood the fourteen-year-old son of Jesse D. Trueblood, died this morning from injuries received yesterday while playing foot ball. Young Trueblood and a playmate went plunging after the ball. The latter reached it first and Trueblood ran into him with great force. His comrade's knee struck him in the groin, causing a probable rupture from which he suffered intense agony. Trueblood, Sr., is a much respected citizen and an ex-deputy trustee of this county.

GRAND JURY DISCHARGED.

Friends of an Accused Man Obstructed Action Every Time.

Birmingham, Ala., March 17 .- (Special.)-A big sensation was created here this afternoon when District Attorney O'Neal arose in the federal court and moved that the grand jury which was empanneled about ten days ago and which has been weighing the charges of fraud, etc., brought against the United States commissioners by Special the charges of fraud, etc., brought against the United States commissioners by Special Examiner Chalmers, be discharged on the ground that they were of no further service to the government in that it was impossible to get a true bill in certain cases no matter what the evidence. The judge asked the foreman what he had to say in the matter and he promptly replied that he thought the jury was incompetent to dispense justice. The judge discharged them. The district attorney then moved that the jury box containing some threa hundred names be destroyed. He explained the necessity of securing unprejudiced jurors on account of the serious importance of the charges to be investigated. Judge Bruce took this motion under acvisement until Monday.

It is courthouse talk that the jury, which consisted of eighteen, invariably stood seven to eleven in favor of conviction in cases where one of the commissioners was involved. It takes twelve to get a true bill, and it would have been time lost, it is claimed, to have pursued the investigation further with this jury. It is stated that close personal and political friends of one of the alleged erring officers were on the jury and no bills could be gotten against him, but that several indictments were returned against another.

In Colonitt County.

Moultrie, Ga. March II—(Special.)—Col-

In Colouitt County.

Moultrie, Ga., March 17.—(Special.)—Colouitt's superior court meets on the first Monday in April.

It is understood that Judge Hansell will clear up the docket this time.

An addition is being made to the courthouse.

An addition is being made to the countries house.

Quite a number of new buildings are going up here.

The Constitution continues to grow in popularity here. Six months ago there was not a daily Constitution coming to this office. Now there is a large bundle. The position of The Constitution on the financial question has made it very popular with the masses.

question has made it very popular with the masses.

The Moultrie Observer is a new weekly which makes its first appearance this week. This gives Moultrie two live, sprightly weeklies.

Owing to recent rains, the farmers are delayed in planting their crops.

Miss Ruby Young, of Montezuma, is here to take charge of a music class.

Major Withers, of Augusta, is here establishing a branch of the Equitable Building and Loan Association.

A CHANGE OF JUDGES HUNGRY CONVICTS.

Justice Jackson May Be Transferred to ey Do Not Get Enough to Eat and Beg en the Streets. Another Circuit

JUSTICE WHITE COMES TO THIS ONE LY TWO MEALS GIVEN SOME DAYS

In the Event This Occurs the Central Bailroad Litigation Will Be Heard by the New Appointee.

Savannah, Ga., March 17.-(Special.)-A report has been received here that Justice Jackson is to be transferred to the sixth judicial circuit, and that Justice White, the recent appointee of the supreme court, is to

be assigned to this circuit.

The Central's litigation will, therefore, be emoved from Justice Jackson's jurisdiction and will go under charge of whoever is appointed to the fifth circuit. Justice Jackson had intended to stop over here on his way back from St. Petersburg, Fla., and hear the Savannah and Western matter, but he will not do so now, and has sug-gested that it be heard March 30th before whoever is assigned by the supreme court

to this circuit. The attorneys interested are very sorry o see Justice Jackson lose the case, but hey do not think it will materially affect the litigation. There will be little dot they say, about Justice White's ability

master it in a very short time.

Asking for Mr. Comer's Removal. Asking for Mr. Comer's Removal.

A report has been received here that a petition has been filed at Montgomery, Ala., by the bondholders of the Savannah and Western railroad for the removal of Mr. H. M. Comer as co-receiver, and the separation of the property from the Central Railroad of Georgia. The movement comes through the Central Trust Company, of New York, and is probably taken as a matter of policy to secure a segregation of inter of policy to secure a segregation terests which some of the holders of the vannah and Western railroad bonds regard

vannan and western rainted boths variation as not identical.

Mr. Comer is now co-receiver with Captain R. J. Lowry, of Atlanta. It is not believed that the petition is based upon want of confidence in Mr. Comer, but is a movement looking to a divorcement of the inter-ests of the two roads.

One of the Central's Claims.

The report of the master in chancery, George W. Owens, on accounts between the Savannah and Western and the Central railroads was forwarded to Montgomery today, where it will be filed. It shows that the receivers of the Savannah and Western owe the receivers of the Central \$384,323,36 as net deficit from operations of the forme system. The Savannah and Western als wes the receivers of the Central on car acowes the receivers of the Central on car accounts, \$53,924.25, making the total indebtedness of the former to the latter \$939,253.61. This is the amount which the receivers of the Central will ask the court to have the receivers of the Savannah and Western pay

them.
Celebrating St. Patrick's Day. St. Patrick's day was celebrated in the usual elaborate style here today. The usual elaborate style here today. Workingmen's Benevolent Association the Ancient Order of Hibernians altogether about 800 strong, and elab rate collations were served after the parade, which was reviewed by the mayor an

BUTTS THE WALL. Henry McDonald Goes Crazy in

Chattanooga Jail. Chattanooga, Tenn., March 17.—(Special The latest sensational incident on the in prisonment of Henry McDonald in the county jail came this afternoon, when be county in the county is afternoon, when he county is afternoon, when he came the afternoon when he came the county is afternoon. made a desperate effort to kill hims! While in the jail office with Sheriff Skien while in the jall office with Sherin Skiern and his brother, Charley Skilern, the jaler, McDonald sought to butt his brains out against the brick wall of the room. He was restrained by main strength. Iater, when alone with Charley Skilern, Mc-Donald had a Tearful struggle for his keeper's pistol, which hung at the belt. Mrs. Skilern happened on the scen, and by her entreaties, led McDonald to give up the determination to kill himself. the mania had passed off McDorald re-tained no recollection of what he had done. Tonight Sheriff Skilern wired the Rev. Henry McDonald, in Atlanta, that his son was wild and would kill himself if an op-portunity offered. The official advised the divine to come at once and received a reto come at once and received a that he would reach this city

divine to come at once and received a response that he would reach this city on the morning train.

Coroner Gahagan was summoned to the lail and had a long conversation with the young man. He expresses the belief that McDonald is suffering from temporary dementia, his mind being lucid for the greater portion of the time.

McDonald is trouble is the aftermath of the debauchery, aggravated by brooding over his trouble. He talks with the most shameless abandon of his conduct and said in glee that he had an offer of \$20 a week fo exhibit himself at a local barroom. Many of his reckless remarks had best not be repeated. When told that his father was coming to see him, he protested that he would see him under no circumstances. Furthermore he claims that his relatives hold him in mortal hatred and that he had been informed by a cousin of his wife that she would bring suit against him for divorce. He spends the hours and days in brooding over his past, speaking in reproachful and bitter language of his wayward youth. Hitherto he has had the freedom of the jail and has gone about the city on errands, unattended, and this afternoon went to the matinee alone. But little money is given him. He will probably be given into his father's keeping on his arrival.

THE DAY IN THE HOUSE. An Amendment to the Sundry Civil Bill.

Washington, March 17.—The house at 13:20, o'clock, on motion of Mr. Say democrat of Texas, went into committe the whole, to consider the sundry city appropriation bill, Mr. Lester, of Georgie, in the chair. By unanimous consent, at was decided to take up the amendment to the bill proposed by the committee on the judiciary, consideration of the Missouri river committee and soldiers home appropriations being postponed until Monday. The first amendment which was agreed to was as follows: "No fee shall be paid in any marshal for the execution of any warrant from a United States commissioner, unless the same shall have been executed within sixty days after the warrant was issued."

No other amendment was successful. Several was defeated ruled out on points of

No other amendment was successful. Several were defeated, ruled out on points of order or dropped.

Mr. Settle moved to strike out the paragraph appropriating \$50,000 for detecting and bringing to punishment violators of the internal revenue laws. He said that now, at

bringing to punishment violators of the internal revenue laws. He said that now, at a time, when the policy of retrenchment is enforced on any other line, the committee has doubled the appropriation for this item, which has for year's been made in the sundry civil bill. His primary objection to the increase and to the whole item, Mr. Settle said, was that it was wholly unnecessary. There were all scamping internal revenue officers in North Carolina, besides deputy marshais and those who are known as "from 10" and "award men" who were paid out of the appropriation under discussion. The money arising cut of the appropriation under discussion. The money arising cut of the appropriation for the appropriation of the appropriation of the appropriation and ided to the reporting of purely technical violations of the law, to the great embarrassment and often, loss of innocent persons. No argument had been adduced, he said, to show that an increase of officers was neversary. He had read from the clerk's deak an extract from the platform adopted at a recent democratic state convention, saking for the abolition of the internal revenue system as a war tax and a grievous burden upon the people. This extract, he said, showed how whe democracy of North Carolina regarded the internal revenue law. Those who were familiar with political conditions there, knew that the democratic of these taxes, yet with the party in control of the staxes, yet with the party in control of the government, they not only continued them, but increased them and new t.ey proposed increasing the corruption und ty an additional appropriation of \$25,000.

The committee rose and the special order for the hour, eulogies upon the late Representative W. H. Enochs, of Ohio, who died in July last, was taken up.

gusta's City Council Starts an Investiga tion-Two Positions Made Vacant by John Davidson's Death.

Augusta, Ga., March 17 .- (Special.)-The econd annual commencement of the edical department of the University of orgh will take place at the Grand opera use on Monday, April 22d. The cator who will address the twenty

e gnduates will be Bishop Atticus G.
19god. William E. Boggs, D.D., LL.D., celor of the university, will come down om Ahens to present the diplomas to e young men. cass officers are Walter C. Bryan,

jesidet; J. P. Kesler, vice president; W. Walen, secretary; Frederick Wall, easur; J. G. Crider, salutatorian; George Hore, valedictorian. The raduating class this year will be

folloss J. R. Blitch, W. C. Bryan, B. Caron, J. G. Fussell, M. D. Houssien, J.P. Isler, J. W. Mobley, W. T. Ramsy, C.C. Shepard, Z. M. Story, J. H. bwen, A. Brown, J. G. Crider, G. T. byne, V. L. Jackson, Thomas R. Mc-Ryeen, E. C. B. Mole, G. W. Mont-gmery C. R. Smith, T. W. J. Taylor, H. F. Turr, W. V. Walden, F. Wall, W. S. Vilkina and J. E. C. Wright.

kestigating Committees. Iwo portant and interesting investigathins amow being made by the city coun-Onis upon the complaint of contracters whobject to the manner in which th sewer atracts are given out by the board d heal for the city. The complainants vant theity to take the matter of letting ontrac out of the control of the board of heal and replaced in the hands of the ity coult. Some of the contractors co plain th they have not a fair opportunity to makbids and that if the council controlled e letting of contracts no one man or conen would have a monopoly of the work. he committee has already com-mencedts investigation and at a session be hd next Thursday night a numbe of contrators will be examined.

On Two Meals for Convicts. The over investigation will be into the complair made that the city convicts are not sufficiently fed in jail. The city boards its priseers with the county and pays 30 cents a lay for the support of the prisoners. Then the prisoners work they get three mals a day and when it rains or they are prevented from working on the streets bey are only given two meals day. Sone of the councilmen think the convicts should be given three meals a

day wheher it rains or shines. Then here is a kick made because the convicts are not given enough to eat, and when they go out to work they beg on the streets for food. Two of the investigating committee visited the jail at 6 o'clock Thursday morning to find out what the convicts were given for breakfast. They learned that the meal consisted of coffee and bread. It s said the prisoners are given the two leaviest meals for dinner and supper. Mr. Adams, of the committee, also went to the jail at dinner time to see what the prisoners were given for that meal. He says the men were not given ties claim they give the prisoners the same number of meals and the same quantity that they have always given prisoners. They insist that it is enough to sustain

Mr. Dav dson's Death. The death of Hon. John S. Davidson made two important offices vacant. One is hat of president of the board of education nd the other is the office of city attorney. is expected that either Mr. arper, Mr. James Tohin or Mr. John W. allace will be made the presiding officer the board of education. A number of lyyers are after the office of city attorney, it is expected council will elect Mr. Wilam T. Davidson, a brother of the de-ceed, who was his law partner. The term fothe office of attorney are Hon. William H. rleming, Hon. Joseph R. Lamar, W. H. Barrett, Jr., Salem Dutcher, W. K. Mill and M. P. Carroll. Mi Davidson left a will, but it has n

yet en filed for probate. His estate is varigty estimated to be worth from \$75, to \$1,000.

St. 1trick's Day was celebrated in Augusta day by all the Irish organizations with aborate exercises.

Ther was no street parade, Saturday being abusy day in the stores. Services were lid in St. Patrick's church this morninand were attended by the Ancient Order a Hibernians, Irish Volunteers, Sacred eart Cadets and Knights of St. Patrick a high mass was celebrated in Patrick. A high mass was celebrated in the chun. The panegyric of St. Patrick was elogently preached by Rev. Father Bruen, othe Catholic university, of Wash ington cit Cimarosa's grand military mass was sunmy the choir.

Tonight he Hibernians celebrated the day

and their with anniversary with an enter-tainment. An elegant banquet was served and some he toasts were delivered. A Electrical Device.

The late invention of Messrs. W. E. Moore & F.J. Edenfield, both of Augusta is a six ie, iron-clad, single reduction motor of hirty-horse power, designed especially ith an eye to simplicity especially the an eye to simplicity and ease of reir. The atmature is of the Pacinnotti ng type, made very light by reason of the six pole construction and is wound with modified drum winding, so arranged the any one coll may be removed without the ecessity of removing any of the others, he coils are lathe wound and taped, then ld in place in the slots, each coil being oft; same size and symmetrically arranged wit regard to the other coils. arranged wit regard to the other coils As there are o wires through the inside of the armatu, it is left with a very large opening, which secures good ventilation and cool runnig. The commutator is built in the most sustantial style, being twelve inches in diamer with a four-inch face. The bars, which are made of hexicand are Inches in diamer with a four-inch face. The bars, whic are made of hardened cop-The bars, which are made of hardened copper one and a quarter inches deep, are bedded on miciand held by heavy clamps insulated with mica covers for the full depth of the ba, thus making it practically impossible ft a bar to work losse or become "high." The attachment of the

commutator is secured by four machine bolts fitting in T stots in a projection of the armature spider. This method does away with keys, keyways and loose com-The armature shaft is of steel, two and

one-sixteenth inches in diameter by five and a half inches long for pinion end and our inches long for the commutator end.

The field magnet and frame consists of but two castings, has six poles, three consequent and three salient, and carries three sequent and three salient, and carries three field coils, which are wound with a wire of rectangular section. The lower half of the magnet may be swung back on eye-boits out of the way by simply taking off two nuts, thus allowing access to the field coils and armature. The armature may then be lowered with a pit by unscrewing four cap bolts. It is not necessary to re-move the brush-holders or disconnect any of the cables to get out an armature. The ease of removing the armature and field colls was made an especial study in the

of this moter. The side arms carrying the armature and exie brasses are heavily ribbed, have large groove boxes cored in them and are cast integrally with the upper half of the field

Ordinary standard machine bolts have been used throughout, where it has hereto-fore been customary to use cap screws, so that in case of a breakage it is not necessary to drill and top out, but is only a minute's work to put in a new bolt. brush holders are conveniently located on top of the commutator sixty de-grees apart. One of these motors under ar No. 21 of the Augusta Railway Company, up the hill, used 20 per cent less cur-rent than another car equipped with two

motors of another make. The inventors of these reaction motors are two busy electricians, who are winning laurels daily.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

He Likes Mr. Turner. Editor Constitution: Seeing the name of Hon. Henry T. Turner frequently men-tioned in connection with the United States enate, and having known him longer per haps than any other man in the state of Georgia, I desire to add my testimony to his exalted worth and to urge his claims upon the state as the most suitable person to succeed General Colquitt at the expiration of his term of service in the senate. Your correspondent was a schoolmate of Mr. Turner, being born and educated in the same town—Henderson, N. C. Even in childhood he bore an honorable and enviable reputation for scholarship and for his studious and exemplary habits of life. He was one of the best boys that I even knew, and I am proud to say that as a man he has fully sustained that high and pure standard in the many exalted positions he has been called to fill.

I need not mind an intelligent public or those who will be entrusted with the responsibility of appointing General Colquitt's successor of Mr. Turner's eminent qualifications for the position in connection with which his name is so favorably mentioned.

Whilst it is true that he is a useful member of the house and serves the commonwealth with fidelity and distinction in that capacity, he would serve it with still greater dignity and usefulness as a wearer of the senatorial ermine, and it can be said with truth no man in Georgia is better qualified to respond to all of the demands of the position than Henry G. Turner.

T. H. BLACKNALL.

Will Do Injustice to No One. Georgia, I desire to add my testimony to his exalted worth and to urge his claims

Will Do Injustice to No One. Editor Constitution-In reference to the communication which I sent you and which you kindly published several days ago, in which the statement was made that Mr. J. D. Stokes, editor of The Eastman Times-Journal, promised General Evans that he would not publish anything against him but what he knew to be true, I beg to state that Mr. Stokes denies this promise. I, perhaps, may have stated it a little too strong. I am satisfied that that was Gen-

am also satisfied that Mr. Stokes is equally Now, I am investigating the matter, the same seems to be a misunderstanding be tween these gentlemen, and in which know they were both conscientious ar

eral Evans's understanding of it, and I

Mr. Stokes is a young man of integrity and character and I am satisfied that he would not do any one an intentional wrong I make the above correction in justice to Mr. Stokes, as it is not the intention of General Evans's friends to do an injustice to any person. Yours very truly, D. M. ROBERTS.

Eastman, Ga., March 15, 1894. JUDGE NEWNAN TAKES A HAND

Gainesville's Fight Against the Plymouth Rock Pants Company.

Gainesville, Ga., March 17.—The fight between the city of Gainesville and the Plymouth Rock Pants Company and its agents, Messrs. Davis & Jones, still waxes warm, but up to date the company has decidedly the best of the fight.

The city, not content with the release of the company's agents under the writ of habeas corpus before the county ordinary, an account of which appeared in today's Constitution, directed the city marshal, Stansbury, to arrest them again, and yesterday about noon both Messrs. Davis and Jones were arrested again for selling goods by sample for the Phymouth Rock Pants Company.

This time the city allowed them to give bond and set the hearing for 3 o'clock this afternoon. Plymouth Rock Pants Company.

bond and set the hearing for 3 o'clock inis afternoon.

The United States supreme court having decided that it is a violation of the interstate commerce law to tax non-resident companies or their agent selling by sample and delivering direct to consumers, the company decided to appeal to the United States court for protection, so Messrs. Davis & Jones directed their counsel to prepare a bill of injunction against the city of Gainesville and last hight Mr. Dean, attorney for the Plymouth Rock Pants Company, went down to Atlanta and found Judge Newman at the Grand and presented Judge Newman at the Grand and presen

the oill to him.

The judge promptly granted the injunction and ordered the city of Gainesville and tion and ordered the city of Gainesville and all its officers to let the Plymouth Rock Pants Company and its agents severly alone until a hearing could be had on their bill.

rains company aid its agents severify alone until a hearing could be had on their bill.

Mr. Dean returned this morning and had the city served with this restraining order and gave notice that the bill would be heard on its merits before Judge Newman on Saturday, March 2stn.

The bill also alleges false imprisonment and injury to the business of said company and damage to the character and feelings of Messrs. Davis & Jones, and asks the sum of \$10,000 for each of the agents and the sum of \$2,000 for the company against the said city.

Judge Bleckley in one of his decisions says, in referring to one of the United States decisions: "After the state has yielded to the federal army it can very well afford to yield to the federal judiciary."

The Plymouth Rock Pants Company proposes to carry the fight on to the end, and at the same time sell goods to everybody that is willing to give them an order.

OUT OF TOWA.—Governor Northen was

OUT OF TOWN.—Governor Northen was not in his office yesterday and it is understood that he left the city during the morning. Mr. Sanhope Sans said that he knew nothing of the governor's intention to leave, if he had gone.

WHAT BEECHER SAN

About Newspapers, Preachers, D and Advertising.

HE WAS SHOCKED IN

High Church Dignitaries Advertis by Side with Actors, Singers and Clown s-His Wise Cor

When I was in England I found on

dead walls of London placards decision that Dean Stanley, chaplain of the pri

that Dean Stanley, chaplain of the proof Wales, would preach at such a plas that his grace, the archbishop, I think. Canterbury, would preach at another and place. Again, that an Oxford pressor would preach. In short, religonations were found sprinkled in among a theater bills, and high church digniture were advertised side by side with more advertised side by side with more advertised side by side with more advertised. theater bills, and high church dignize were advertised side by side with act singers and clowns. Of course, i shocked by it, but in a moment I bettome, if it be all right and dignized to a sexton to ring a bell when the min is going to preach, it is all the ame silence the bell that not frequently greatly disturbs its and hire a bill sticker tell the same news, the essential being to tell the truth every time remedy for lying advertisements is for honest men to tell the truth. A really man, whatever be his gift, makes as mistake if he falls to use these at through want of advertisance. Thous mistake if he fails to use these through want of advertising. Thouse of persons have gone through life madisfigured and suffering because meethics forbade the doctor to inform the poor unfortunates that their disease curable. How often have we heard peochain, 'i am glad the doctor cured it am glad the doctor put it in the exclaim, 'i am glad the doctor cured it am glad the could cure him, and if any doc is sure he can cure such diseases and a not put it in the paper, I am sorry, a pity it would have been had this of man come to town with his wealth accience and experience and hid his in under a bushel, leaving him uncured, we apity if the patient had been so prefuil against advertising as not to read and a pity if the patient had been so prepuis against advertising as not to read and restigate the truthfulness of the cer-cates of the doctor and give him the by as a quack. What are newspapers if not to circulate information. What me valuable information can a newspaper if not to circulate information? What my valuable information can a newspaper than to tell a sick man where he may cured? If a man has devoted his life a labor to the study of a special class of eases the necessity of saying so becomall the more pressing. His duty to a vertise becomes imperative."

The above are the words of the Rev. In Henry Ward Beecher, and thousands people might reap immediate profit if him, they would put aside their prejudant make room for reason and commissions. The invalid who will not go to doctor because he advertises is opposible of the sound of the same and the sound of the same in the same of the advertising professional mis rapidly passing away, provided he main or claims beyond what he is able to perform. This is clearly proven in the can of the celebrated oculist. Dr. J. Harve Moore, of this city. He has attained a regulation here in a short time that any passician might well feel proud of even the spending a life time in acquiring it. The is not alone due to his advertising, but the remarkable cures he is daily performing, mention of which has been made in The Constitution from time to time if all physicians who advertised did as Dr. Morand did not exaggerate their change.

A YOUNG MAN DIES SUDDEMI.

A YOUNG MAN DIES SUDDENLY.

Coroner Paden Will Hold an Inqu This Morning at S O'clock.

Mr. Max Samuelson, a young Hebrewel known in the city died very suddenly sterday afternoon. The death occurred a boarding house on Auburne avenue. It was a great surprise to the yearnan's friends when they learned that was dead. Yesterday morning and most up to the very hour of his death was able to be up.

Coroner Paden was notified of the deal last night and at 8 o'clock this morning will hold an inquest. This Morning at 8 O'clock

BRYAN AT OMAHA

The Brilliant Congressman Give Omaha, Neb., March 15.-Exposition Omaha, Neb., March 15.—Exposition hin this city tonight was packed from pit gallery with one of the largest and mo enthusiastic audiences which ever assenbled in this city. Every seat was occupied and all standing room was filled. On the stage were the leading democrats of Omah representing every faction. This great a dience was assembled to do honor to to rator of the evening, Hon. William I Bryan, of Lincoln, congressman from the first district. Mr. Bryan's trip west heen a triumphal one, but the dimax cases. been a triumphal one, but the cl

iirst district. Mr. Bryan's trip west as been a triumphal one, but the difinar castonight when 6,000 arose to their feet as cheered as he strode upon the stage. To Samoset Club had escorted him to the hill and to exhibit the good feeling pression. William McHugh, the president of the kesonian Club, presided over the meeting. He alluded to the campaign of 1890, when the county gave Bryan 5,000 plurality for express, and then introduced Mr. Bryan. The who expected Mr. Bryan's speech would a jeremiad against the administration we sadly disappointed. It was a clean, if forceful and brilliant exposition of the wind forceful and reference of the predicted an early and better settlement the silver question. His points were melearly and quickly and elicited great in constant applause. He ridiculed the tional speeches of Reed and Burrows in eactly turned their argument against the selves. The speech throughout was temperate and well calculated to all the work of campaign education. The is no doubt that it will be of great bead in healing the factional strife.

A Girl Killed by Lightning.

A Girl Killed by Lightnin A Girl Killed by Lightning.
Forsyth, Ga., March 17.—(Special.)—A severe hail storm struck Forsyth last aid about 6 o'clock. The hail stones were volarge and fell for five minutes. The hawas accompanied by a strong wind as a heavy rain.

During the storm lightning struck a negrabin on the place of Dr. A. C. Moreiand killed a little negro girl and shock the other members of the family, best setting the house on fire.

Notice Retail Grocers!

Notice Retail Grocers!" An important meeting of the retail gross will be held at the Chamber of Commentuesday evening, March 20th, at 13 o'clock p. m.

I. S. MITCHELL, President
A. W. FARLINGER, Secretary.

A. W. FARLINGER, Secretary.

Chief Justice Elected.

Nashville, Tenn., March 17.—Spec
The supreme court this morning eJudge D. L. Snodgrass chief justic
succeed Judge Lea. Judge Snodgras
preside until the new justices elected
August take the bench. Judges Ca
and Snodgrass are the only justices at
the bench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were elected by the particular of the pench who were the

Tuskaloosa, Ala., March 17.—The master at Coaling, in this count, a resident of Atlanta, Ga., and been for the past two years. tolone D. Johnson has the commission, the has been a citizen of Georgia for years. Efforts have been made by people of that vicinity to have a resident of the postmaster appointed, but so far to avail.

LECTURE UPON THE ARCTIC REGIONS.



The Colonel Miss Pollard SAYS HE HOPED An Explanation of Mrs. Wing-Ti Washington, the United Press ridge has decided ublication respe

OLD WIL

Breckinridge

HE ADMITS

Baughty Girl

his trial, but Mr. New York, have the probable eff Colonel Bred was answered as has about 35,000 which he receive a majority of so times has taker years and twice years he has h having been only en who are E. E. Sett Mr. Settle is fi of Owen, repr Owens from the ing some 1,800 been only one to him could h the 6th day of three distinctly men were non the custom in ting member a will go back every precinct will be returne "How long d last?" "The witness

through by Me evidence will Wednesday ni robable that at the end of the speeches made by his and his warm Brecking

Will the co "He says he of his life, wh ing, for, he sa best speech is "Do you ob line the plan "I suppose under any cir to be requir

not chaste. O

mit evidence

of the plaintif

from Aleck J

tucky, who sv in 1882, two y the defendant mock marriag after the man if it was no married to go gether; plaint being then u cants. Ev sumptive of plaintiff and advanced he from R. R. he met this was deeply plored him her to Chi stated, the claimed to the experie liams, the birth of her plaintiff w put her age be proved b and Dr. Gi 1883 the pla tion hous others wh tablish the than as th wark will made a co

> Did he no her on the "He did inridge a young we and who The fact burn's pr threater less the dition. arisen Filet:e Mrs. Bla be said t pose tha without out invo to New quickly render a

that she !

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ECHER SA Preachers. Advertising.

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Elected.

SAYS HE HOPED TO AVOID A SCANDAL An Explanation of His Secret Marriage to Mrs. Wing-The Defendant Will Go on the Stand and Testify.

Manghty Girl Before He Knew Her.

HE ADMITS HIS OWN WICKEDNESS

Miss Pollard to Mrs. Blackburn.

Washington, March 17 .- (Copyright by the United Press, 1894.)-Colonel Breckinridge has decided not to be interviewed for publication respecting the future course of his trial, but Mr. William E. Christian, of New York, having asked an intimate and well-informed friend of the defendant what the probable effect of the trial would be Colonel Breckinridge's political future,

was answered as follows: "He is quite confident of re-election. He has about 35,000 voters in his district, from which he received about 30,000 last election, a majority of some 6,000. His election three times has taken place during presidential years and twice in off years. In the off years he has had no opponents, the vote having been only 6,000 or 7,000 all told. Two gentlemen who are striving for nomination E. E. Settle and William C. Owens. Mr. Settle is from the celebrated county of Owen, representing 4,000 votes; Mr. Owens from the county of Scott, representing some 1,800 votes. Thus far there has en only one primary in which adherence to him could be tested. This was held or the 6th day of March at Frankfort, when three distinctly and personally Breckinridge men were nominated. Congressional nomi nations take place in August, and as it is the custom in this district to give the sitting member a chance for canvassing after the close of the session of congress, he will go back to Kentucky and speak in every precinct. I firmly believe that he will be returned by his constituents." "How long do you suppose this trial will

"The witnesses for the plaintiff should be through by Monday night. The colonel's evidence will all be in by the following Wednesday night. Then there will be two speeches on each side and it is not improbable that the case will go to the jury at the end of next week. It is likely that the speeches on the colonel's side will be made by his comrade, Colonel Thompson. and his warm personal friend, Major Ben Butterworth.

Breckinridge Will Not Speak

Will the colonel speak?" "He says he expects to make the effort of his life, which will consist in not speaking, for, he says that 'I often find that my best speech is that which is not spoken.' "Do you object to stating to me in outline the plan of defense?"

"I suppose not. In the first place no man under any circumstances can be expected to be required to marry a woman who is not chaste. Of course the defense will sub mit evidence to impeach the good character of the plaintiff. There will be a deposition from Aleck Julian, a blind man in Kentucky, who swore that he met the plaintiff. in 1882, two years before her meeting with the defendant, and who went through a mock marriage with her. He will say that after the marriage the plaintiff asked him If it was not customary for people when married to go to their rooms and be alone, and that they did repair to a room together; plaintiff according to his disposition cants. Evidence will be introduced presumptive of improper relations between plaintiff and James C. Rodes, the man who of marriage. There will be a deposition from R. R. Rozell, also stating that in 1884 he met this young woman, who, he alleges, was deeply in love with him, and who implored him as he was leaving her to take her to Chicago with him. As has been stated, the colonel's meeting with this young woman took place in 1884, when she claimed to be a shy girl of eighteen, with the experiences I have mentioned behind her. It will be proved by Dr. U. V. Williams, the physician attendant upon the birth of her sister, that at the time of the birth of the youngest sister in 1865 the plaintiff was two years old, which would put her age when he met her at twenty-one, instead of eighteen, as she alleges. It will be proved by John Brand, Hiram Kaufman and Dr. Green, of Lexington, Ky., that in 1883 the plaintiff was a visitor to assignation houses. These facts, together with others which will be introduced, will establish the unchastity of plaintiff, but will be used rather to bolster up the defense than as the main bulwark. This main bulwark will consist in the fact that the defendant has never at any time intended or made a contract to marry Miss Pollard and that she knew at all times that he would never marry her."

About Mrs. Blackburn's Testimony "How, then, do you construe the conversation between the colonel and Mrs. Blackburn as testified to by her on the stand? Did he not ask Mrs. Blackburn to protect her on the ground that he was giving her

"He did not. Why should Colonel Breckinridge ask Mrs. Blackburn to protect a young woman with whom she had been already on terms of intimacy for two years and who participated in her receptions? The fact that she came under Mrs. Blackburn's protection was one that antedates the conversation you refer to. You will remember, moreover, that Mrs. Blackburn threatened to withdraw her protection unless the colonel agreed to this or that condition. Wify should these conditions have arisen in Mrs. Blackburn's mind? Mrs. Filette had been telling Mrs. Blackburn stories about the plaintiff, which had no doubt weakened her in the estimation of Mrs. Blackburn. In order to avoid public scandal, if possible, and to save the girl the colonel took heroic measures and what he said to Mrs. Blackburn was for the purpose that she might pass from the scene without any prejudice to herself and without involving Mrs. Blackburn. She did go to New York afterwards, but she was quickly back again and did everything to

render any efforts for her effective." Madeline Toys with Guns.
"As to the scene which was enacted in the office of Chief of Police Moore, what construction would you look for on that? Will it be said in the defendant's evidence

was afraid. I think you might say that he was apprehensive, rather than afraid. Yes, that would express it, for now it

OLD WILLIE'S STORY. mes to pass that there are two pistols which the plaintiff threatened to use besides the one exhibited in court. But when the colonel takes the stand he will tell the whole truth and face the music Breckinridge Says Madeline Was a like a man. Whatever may have happened in Major Moore's office the plaintiff never dreamed for one instant that the colonel would ever marry her, nor did she claim that he had seduced her; for, do you not remember in the evidence of Major Moore the colonel said to him in her presence that he did not seduce her, to which she The Colonel Denies Introducing made no reply whatever to him, thus acquiescing in his statement.

"Returning for a moment to the protection theory, upon which Mrs. Blackburn claims to have acted, had the colonel wished protection, did he not have his prother here with his family, and also a brother cousin, with whom he had the sweetest relations? He could have taken her to them had he been seeking protection for her." "Now, may I take the liberty of asking

you did the colonel make any promise marriage to Miss Pollard during the lifetime of his late wife?" "Never in any form whatever. Any

statement to the contrary is absolutely false in every particular." "Do you believe that the colonel was the

father of three children mentioned in this whole matter? "I do not. He was not aware until he heard the evidence in court the other day that any of the children had been born

That Secret Marriage. "How long was it between the Blackburn conversation and the colonel's marriage

with his present wife?" "The conversation occurred on March I, 1893, and his marriage took place on

"Then he was secretly married?" Here there was hesitation for a momen when an affirmative answer was given. "I will tell you all about it. He was

married to Mrs. Louise Wing at 7 o'clock on the evening of April 29, 1893, in the city of New York by Dr. John R. Paxton, at his home in the presence of Dr. Paxton's wife "What was the cause of this secret mar-

rlage? rlage?"
"Well, Mrs. Wing, who was then in
Washington, was not well and expected to
go east, while the colonel expected to go
west, leaving it unlikely that they should
meet again in months. Referring to this feature, the colonel spoke to me as fol-lows: 'We were engaged to be married, but she was extremely anxious to be on sweet terms with my children and to preserve the best relations in a joint family and the alternative came between a postponement of our marriage until congress could meet in September or a private mar riage and its subsequent announcement.'
Any other reports about that marriage are all malicious falsifications-absolutely false and concocted by those who have so lied or

Sarah's Testimony.

In connection with the evidence given by Sarah Guess, the colored procuress at

Lexacton, it was stated:
"There were two falsehoods sworn to by
her, but alibis will be duly forthcoming on
the colonel's examination. Inasmuch as this woman had told two falsehoods it is quite natural that if she had been put in position to do so she would have told a third one also. You will remember she was asked by counsel for the plaintiff as to the condition of the bedclothing in the room. These were described simply as 'disordered. Had this young woman been, as claimed. I should imagine that more pressing questions as to the appearance of things would have been put to her. In that case had she answered in a way to sustain the claim of the plaintiff it would have been a lie, but probably for a time an effective lie. But no such question was put to her, because no such evidence was existent. Moreover, it would seem strange for an innocent girl travel from Cincinnati to Lexington, distance of ninety miles, and stay in a colored brothel for three days for the purpose of having herself seduced. But all these things will come out clearly in his

'Does the colonel look for a favorable "He does. His friends have stood by him

everywhere. He became entangled, as many another man has before him, and he as was so perplexed that he hardly knew which way to turn, and I do not see how any man or body of men can ask for him ore punishment than he has received already. Certainly, no jury could expect him to marry or in good faith to contemplate marriage with such a woman. He went into this case somewhat handicapped, hav-ing been refused an extension of time until Colonel Totten should return from Florida, where he is a sick man. At the last mo-ment his dead friend, Butterworth, came in, prompted out of nobility only and without preparation. His counsel now have the case well in hand and things are going along smoothly. Yet the counsel that had been already retained had covered only a portion of the case up to 1887, since which time Colonel Totten was familiar with every detail and would have been an in-valuable help."

HAS NO MIDDY.

Judge Maddox Discovers That His District Has No Naval Cadet.

Washington, March 17 .- (Special.)-Judge Maddox has discovered that the seventh Georgia district has no representative in the United States naval academy, at Anaccredited to that district is from Washington city, and was appointed by Mr. Harrison's secretary of the navy, Mr. Tracy. Colonel Everett represented the seventh district in congress when the appointment was made, and though he has not been heard from, it was evidently done without his knowledge. He evidently had no notice that there was a vacancy from his district or he would have been eager to have filled it. The law provides that congressmen shall be notified of vacancies from their district. When they fail to fill them by appointment then the secretary of the navy shall appoint a cadet from the district of such congressman. Mr. Tracy in appointing a Washington boy clearly violated the law, but Secretary Herbert today told Judge Maddox he could not remedy the matter. The boy now in would have to remain as the representative of the seventh Georgia district. But Judge Maddox is determined that he shall not. On Monday he will demand of Secretary Herbert that a seventh Georgia district boy shall be admitted to Annapolis at once. If the secretary declines to permit it then Judge Maddox will tion and passage of a joint resolution, instructing the secretary of the navy to comply with the law, which says that every congressional district in the United States shall have a representative at the naval bona fide citizen of the district from which he shall be appointed. Judge Maddox does not intend to be run over by any of the ms or practices of the navy depart-

Ships Can Sail Through.
Jacksonville, Fla., March 17.—On next
Saturday ships drawing fifteen feet of water
will be able to sail into Jacksonville as on
that day the dredging of St. John's river
from Jacksonville to the sea, for which
Duval county appropriated \$300,000 will be
finished. The work gives a uniform depth
from Jacksonville to the bar—twenty milesof eighteen feet at low water. The jettles
at the bar have not yet been finished, there
being but eighteen feet there now at high
tids.

NO CHANGE IN POLICY

Lord Roseberry Makes a St. Patrick's Day Speech to the Scots.

HE EXPLAINS HIS VIEWS ON IRELAND

The Premier's Friends Say That He Is Really All Right on It,

THE IRISH LEADERS ARE SATISFIED

Mr. Gladstone Is Liable to Appear in the House at Any Time-HetHas Not Dropped Public Affairs Altogether.

London, March 17 .- (Copyright 1894 by the United Press.)-Lord Roseberry's definition of his attitude towards the question of Irish home rule, as given in his speech at Edinburgh tonight, certainly ought to be sufficient to defeat the purposes of the malignant misrepresentations of the premier's remarks in the house of lords, No repudiation of the meaning which the unlonist newspapers have succeeded in attaching to Lord Roseberry's utterance has been deemed necessary in ministerial circles, excepting with a view of dissipating the uneasiness in the ranks of the Irish parliamentary party, which misinterpretation and misrepresentation have created.

Justin McCarthy, Thomas Sexton and Timothy Healy had an extended interview on the subject with Mr. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, on Thursday, and obtained from him once more a precise statement of the home rule policy which the Roseberry ministry intends to pursue Mr. Morley informed the Irish deputation that the policy of the present government in regard to Ireland was the policy of Gladstone, which had not been altered and would not be altered. Home rule, he said, was in the forefront of the liberal programme and there was no intention deviate from the course which had long ago been marked out. Roseberry's Speech.

Concening the speech of Lord Roseberry in the house of lords, Mr. Morley said the premier's rather unhappy phrases in the upper house had afforded the unionists an opportunity for perverse interpretation, but tonight's elucidation of the govern ment's policy and the premier' Edinburgh should confidence in the sincerity of the government and in its purpose to carry out the home rule policy of Mr Gladstone. Irish home rule, the Irish secretary declared, had not been indefinitely postponed, as the unionists and tories had alleged. Even in the event that the next general elections, be they far or near, should give the liberal party a mafority smaller than it has now, the home rule bill would be reintroduced. The exact terms of Lord Roseberry's policy, continued Mr. Morley, were agreed upon by the new premier and Mr. Giadstone, who desired that all adverse criticisms and speculation as to the policy of the new liberal ministry should be foiled by an explicit declaration reaffirming the principles of the liberal party under the former leader ship.

Irish Lenders Satisfied.

Neither at the cabinet meeting, which was held at the foreign office on the day of the reopening of parliament, nor in the debates of the house of lords, had Lord Roseberry had a full opportunity to make a proper elucidation of his policy. Th liberale throughout the country wanted an inspiriting manifesto touching the whole range of party questions, and, with a view of enabling the premier to pronounce such a manifesto, the Edinburgh meeting had

The interview between the Irish secretary and the leaders of the Irish party wa entirely satisfactory on both sides, and the Irish members withdrew with the convic-Irish programme of the new premier were founded upon nothing more tangible than prejudice. The reports circulated by the unionists that the government is prepar ing for a dissolution of parliament in July are based upon their expectation that the house of lords will reject the registration and evicted tenants' bills, in which event the assumption is that an appeal to the country will be precipitated. It is true, however, that the plans of the ministry point definitely to a general election in 1895, unless the registration bill shall be passed in time to complete the new electo ral roll by autumn, in which case there

may be an election earlier. 'the duke of Devonshire, the leader of the unionists in the house of lords, has stated that the peers will insist upon a one-vot one-man clause, implying such equilization of representation as will abolish the anomaly of Ireland having 130 representatives in the house of commons, while London, with a population about equal to that of Ireland, has only sixty-two members. The only chance of the registration bill passing the house of lords, therefore, dies in their acceptance of part of the provisions of the bill, while rejecting the one-man-onevote provision, which is really the essence intends to try to prolong the session until September, but all sides recognize the difficulties that beset the ministry and are agreed that in a situation so difficult, an appeal to the country may come even earlier than July.

Gladstone Still Interested.

Mr. Gladstone's season of rest at Brighton by no means implies that he has freed nimself from the turmoil of politics. On the contrary he is very much in evidence in the political trial now going on before the tion with the ministers, advising them in all matters submitted to him and has written to the liberal whips that he is in readiness at any time to respond to their summons to take part in any important division or debate should his presence in the house of commons become necessary.

The conviction is growing in the inner ministerial circle that the grand old man's retirement is not final. The general expecta-tion is that he will make occasional reap pearances in parliament pending the result of the operation which is to be performed upon his eye.

The changes in the Irish nationalist com-mittee, which took place at the recent three days' meeting in committee room No. 15 in the house of commons, will give the Dillonites a majority, but will not impair the solidity of the party. The Healyites have accepted the deposition of Arthur O'Connor for the secretaryship in favor of William Abraham with fairly good grace, and have been thrown a sop in the selection of Daniel Sullivan, member for Westmeath

of Daniel Sullivan, member for Westree'sh to act as joint secretary with Abraham.

The unionists have decided to put up can-didates to oppose the return of ministers, whose change of office in the ministry has necessitated their re-election to parliament. The only exception made is in the case of

Herbert Gladstone, who was returned ye terday without eposition.
Fond of Talking.

William T. Stead, who has recently re turned from Chicago, talks copiously of his impression of America with anybody who will take the trouble to interview him for publication. He is ready, he says, to his interviewers, to talk all day. He declared that his "Maiden Tribute" was the best possible credential he could have had to commend him to men and women of all sorts of conditions in Chicago. Upon purely English questions. Mr. Stead said the Amer icans take sides as abruptly as the English

do in discussing American politics.

Mr. Stead said the Americans generally disliked Sir William Harcourt and intense ly detested William Waldorf Astor. He could not find out exactly why they detested him, but it was difficult to make them understand that Astor was of no account in London. The municipal boodie system in America had engendered in his mind a deep rooted distrust of a representative system of government and his belief in universal suffrage was "played out."

"Americans," he said, "recognize that the English lead the van of social progress and when you tell them about the great municipal council in which there is not a single saloon keeper or a member who takes moeny for his vote, they look as if you were describing the kingdom of heaven.'

MORE TROUBLE IN COLORADO.

A Miners' Riof at Cripple Creek-The Situation at Denver. Denver, Col., March 17.-Efforts are being ide by everybody in authority to get the governor to agree to arbitrate. The county commissioners passed a set of resolutions this morning and have gone n a body to

wait upon his excellency This morning Adjutant General Tarsney received a request of Sheriff Bowers, at Crip-ple Creek for the militia to assist in putting lown a miners' riot. He answered as fol

"Denver, Col., March 17, 3 a. m.—Sheriff El Paso County, Cripple Creek: You ought first summon a posse comitatus of your county. If they cannot maintain order, then call upon me as governor for aid. Calling the troops must be the last resort. I will troops held in readiness immediately me. DAVIS WAITE, Governor."

The trouble at Altman and Cripple Creek is over a question of wages. The mines have been practically idle for thirty days. The insisted on working only eight hours day, the owners wanted nine hours' and pending a settlement of the dispute the miners struck. A few weeks ago proprietors working nine hour shifts were notified by the miners that the men must labor only eight hours a day in the future or quit work altogether. Some of the owners acceded to the demand and others closed down.

A few days ago the sheriff went to the A few days ago the sherin went to the scene and posted a notice warning the miners that if they interfered with the working of the mine, they would be in contempt of court, and no other difficulty was experienced until yesterday, when the men went to the Victor and, as stated in a dispatch from Cripple Creek, were halted and dis-armed and the sheriff decided to ask the intervention of the state. Sheriff Bowers, with a large posse, is in possessoin of the mines at Altman and no trouble is antici-pated during daylight. The hills there are in an uproar and the miners are congregating. The trouble will come in the night. The mines are working with a limited number

Governor Waite's lengthy statement and questions were submitted to the supreme court today. He will await their decision be-fore making any other move. The city hall people were not considered and no stipula-tion or agreement was signed.

THE FLAG OF ERIN In Front of the Dome on New York's City Hall.

New York, March 17 .- A green flag with a seven-stringed golden harp without a crown, otherwise known as the flag of Ire-land, was raised at sunrise today on a line between the staffs on which the state and municipal flags fly on the city hall building. It is just in front of the dome from which the stars and stripes are displayed The green flag is the one which was carried by the steamboat Hazel Kirke during the aval parade last year and whch was salut-

ed by the visiting warships.

This is glorious St. Patrck's Day, and all Irish-Americans are pleased to see the green flag together with the stars and stripes waving side by side at the city hall The sky s clear and the sun shines brightly and Grand Marshal Patrick Costello says that the parade of forty-seven divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians this afternoon will be the largest seen in years.

Oxford Won.

London, March 17.—The fifty-sixth race between the crews of the universities of Oxford and Cambridge since 1829, when the present series began, was rowed this morning. Oxford won by three and a half lengths, in twenty-one minutes thirty-nine seconds. The race was rowed over the championship. seconds. The race was rowed over the championship course of four and a half miles, from Putney to Moitlake, the start being made from moored boats immediately above Putney bridge and the finsh at the Ship hotel at Moitlake. The Oxford men were fresh at the finish, but the Cambridge crew were completely pumped out and did not cross the finish line.

Sovereign in Florida Pensacola, Fla., March 17.-Grand Master Workman J. R. Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor, was taken in charge this mo organizations of the city and taken to the navy yard and forts on the steamer Helen. The trip was greatly enjoyed by Mr. Sovereign. He is delighted with Florida and in his speech last night said that he had found the condition of labor in this state better and wages more remunerative than in any state in the union. He left this afternoon for Mobile, where he will speak on for Mobile, where he will speak

Lawrence, Mass., March 17 .- Stanley's large brewery, on Oxford street, this city, was totally destroyed by fire early this morning. The building was four stories high. The loss is about \$125,000; insured. The brewery, which did a good business and employed a considerable force, was owned by the New England Brewing Company, the principal stockholders in which are an English syndicate, which, some time ago, purchased a number of similar estab-lishments in this section.

Bourke Cockran Did Not Appear. Bourke Cockran Did Not Appear.

San Antonio, Texas, March 17.—Hon.

Bourke Cockran was expected to arrive here today from Mexico and deliver an address at the St. Patrick Day celebration given here tonight, but he failed to put in an appearance, much to the disappointment of a large crowd of people who had gathered at the Grand opera house to hear him. Private advices were received stating that Mr Cockran and Congressman Wilson are on their way to San Antonio from Guadalajara. travelling by easy stages. They will probably reach here tomorrow.

Assignment of Shoe Manufacturers Assignment of Shoe Manufacturers. Worcester, Mass., March 17.—Isaac Prouty & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers of Spencer, have made an assignment. The firm employes 2,000 hands when running full time. The concern was the largest boot and shoe firm in the world. The pay roll with a full force was about \$13,000 a week and lately has been about \$8,000 a week. The nominal assets are \$1,500,000 and the liabilities are said to be about one million.

Santa Anna, Tex., March 17.—A tornado swept over portions of this town and cotton counties last night, wrecking buildings and leveling fences. At Trickham, in Coleman county, W. D. Watson's house was blown to the ground. Mrs. Watson and four children were killed outright. An infant escaped unhurt, while Watson's injuries will prove fatal.

Nashville Wins.

Nashville, Tenn., March 17.—(Special.)— The first ball game of the season today between the Nashville Southern League and the Athletics resulted 10 to 6 in favor of Nashville

AN OLD RING BROKEN

Houks's Defeat Smashes the Republican Machine in East Tennessee.

GIBSON TALKS ABOUT THE FIGHT Money and Liquor Were Used Lib-

erally at the Primaries.

BALLOT BOXES WERE STUFFED ON HIM He Is Surprised Himself That in the Face of All the Fraud He Won So

Handsomely.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 17.—(Special.) With booze and boodle as the price of votes and with votes flowing as free into the ballot box as booze into the throats of the voters, the campaign in the second district against Gibson, Houk as bolter and Gibson received the nomination over Congressman Houk for congress, stands out upon the landscape of the history of politics in the state of Tennessee as about the dirtiest campaign that ever disgraced the repub

Both started out to win. Both had money, and both were determined.

as remarkable as deplorable.

In Blount county, the vote polled was as follows: Gibson, 1,551; Houk, 332; total, 2,483.

The largest republican vote ever polled in this county heretofore was in 1888, when Harrison received 2,237. In 1888, the republican vote in that county was only 1,937. The two scramblers in this contest ran

The registration in the fourth ward of Knoxville is 63. The largest vote ever polled in the ward was 48. But at the late primary election there were 118 votes cast, 14 of which Gibson got, 104 going to Houk. The Gibson men explain this great discrepancy by the statement that the bal-lot box was kept in Linck Houk's office, who is a brother to John, and that everybody was invited to vote, regardless of

color or party.

In the seventh ward of the city of Knoxville, 943 votes were polled for Houk and 112 for Gibson. This is more than the ombined registration of the democrats and Both Daubed with the Same Brush

But every time Houk yells fraud in the country Gibson yells fraud in the city. The man with the biggest pile got there. Gibson walked in and Houk walked out. When Houk walked out and Gibson in, there ended the reign of a ring regime that has, for years and years, held the republicans of the second district in an iron grasp. And the complexion of politics in that district may, within a short time, undergo a big If Houk can gather his force around him and carry them to the polls against Gibson, Houk as bolter and Gibson as regular nominee, then a democrat may go to congress from the second district, and do something that no democrat has ever done before.

But Judge Gibson doesn't think these things. He neither thinks that Houk will run or that, if he does, the democratic will step in.

in Knoxville the other day The Constitution's correspondent interviewed him on the subject.

nim on the subject.
"Well, what do you want to get out of
me?" he asked, in rather a gruff tone, as
he cut a reporter's copy all to pieces with
a blue pencil in the office of The Journal. simply want your story of this little

election," was the reply. He's Feeling His Oats.

"I have no story to tell," Judge Gibson said. "The primary election told my story. It said 1,089 majority for Gibson. I am the republican nominee. I will receive the sup-port of the republican party majority and be the next congressman from this district. "Mr. Houk's leading friends in this city and all over the congressional district have come out for me. And why shouldn't they? Have I not fairly won the nomination against Gibson, Houk as bolter and Gibson all the election machinery in his hands. He selected such men to hold the primary as he thought would favor him. "It is safe to say that had a fair election

least 6,000, and I would have carried every --- this talk by Mr. Houk that I used

money and perpetrated frauds only provokes a sickly smile on the faces of those who know Mr. Houk. He knows that for every Gibson vote illegally cast there were from

Gibson vote inlegally cast there were from ten to one hundred illegal Houk votes counted or cast.

"I never thought of perpetrating any frauds. My only purpose was to prevent him from perpetrating frauds on me. Outside of Knoxville the election was reasonably fair, but in Knoxville it was one huge stuffing of helled boyes and one continuous. stuffing of ballot boxes and one continuous round of repeating by Houk men. Plenty of Houk men voted from two to ten times. Houk tickets were substituted for Gibson tickets after they were put in the ballot box. In the seventh ward a ballot box full of Gibson-Houk tickets was substituted for the regular ballot box, which contained a probable majority for me.

Surprised Himself.

"In the country districts, where the elec-tion was fair, I was generally successful. It is almost incredible that I succeeded in the face of so much trickery. The demo-crats were almost universally against me. In many precincts they were allowed to vote for Houk. Boys were also allowed to vote, provided they wished to vote for

"The republicans generally acquiesce in the result of the primaries and I am re-ceiving warm letters from prominent Houk men, assuring me of their support. I have no doubt about the result, whatever Mr. Houk's action may be. No considerable number of republicans will follow him out of the regular party ranks. Our republicans believe in party organization and never give much aid to bolters and disor-

"It is certain that I will be elected in November by a very large majority—say 12,-

An effort was made to see John Houk but he was out of town that day. How ever, it is said that he has not been visible since the election to any one on any day No despair is so great as the despair of the politician out of a job.

TRANSFER SET ASIDE. Creditors Get a Favorable Judgment

Against the C., R. and C. Chattanooga, Tenn., March 17.—(Special. In important decision was handed down

in the United States court here today in the case of H. Clay Evans vs. the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus, the Savannah and Western and the Richmond and Danville railway companies, and the Central Rail-road and Banking Company of Georgia, in which Judge Key set aside the transfer of the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus rail-road, and Tennessee creditors may now recover.

The suit came up in this way. Some time ago Mr. Evans obtained a judgment

time ago Mr. Evans obtained a judgment in the chancery court for \$4,311.09 against the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus on a claim for repairs to two locomotives. When the execution was issued it was returned without a bond, as the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus had turned over its franchises to the Savannah and Western, which went to the Georgia Central, and then into the hands of the Richmond and Danville, the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus being mortgaged to the amount of \$2,240,000 first mortgage bonds, with an additional mortgage of \$1,400,000 on the income of the road to secure the income bonds.

bonds.

In the bill of sale the Savannah and Western was to assume the payment of the first mortgage bonds, but not to the income bonds, with this exception, however:

"The Savannah and Western agrees to

pay the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus the sum of \$400,000 of the first consolidated bonds of the Savannah and Western railroad, guaranteed by the Central Railroad and Banking Company, through the last named company for the use and benefit of the holders of the income bonds and of the stocks of the Chattanooga, Rome and Co-umbus, \$295,000 of which bonds are acknowllumbus, \$235,000 of which bonds are acknowledged to have been paid for and to the holders of the three-fourths of said stock and income bonds which have been delivered and transferred in accordance with the terms of this indenture."

In the agreement no provision was made to satisfy claims of other creditors, and all the profits were to go to the income bondholders and to the stockholders This transfer of sale Judge Key holds to

e a fraud and sets the same aside so far as Tennessee creditors were concerned.

THE VACANT SEAT.

Lawyers Interested in the Vacancy of Alahama's Supreme Bench.

Birmingham, Ala., March 17 .- (Special.)-The lawyers of Alabama are naturally very much interested in the matter of the apmuch interested in the matter of the ap-pointment of a successor to the late Chief Justice Stone, of the supreme court of this state. Most prominent among the north Alabama eligibles are ex-Chief Justice R. C. Brickell, of Huntsville; Associate Justice Thomas McClellan, of Athens; Associate Justice T. W. Coleman, of Athens; Associate Justice T. W. Coleman, of Greensboro; Judge J. R. Dowdell, of Clanton; Judge William H. Simpson, of the city court of Decatur, and Mr. R. G. Simpson, of Florence.

Judge Brickell and Judge McClellan are

believed to have the best chances. The former is regarded as the best lawyer in the state, being the author of Brickell's digests, and having for years occupied the bench as chief justice. His appointment would come as near satisfying everybody as any that could be made. Judge McClellan is the senior associate justice, and is, therefore, next to Judge Stone in the line of promotion. His appointment would necessitate the appointment of a successor to himself, and might be construed as a nation against the other justices Judge McClellan is very highly thought of by the bar of all parts of the state. He is only about forty years of age, while Judge Brickell is rather advanced in years. This part of Alabama would be unanimous in asking the place for Associate Justice Head, of this city, were it not for his continued ill health. This is the way the lawyers here talk. The appointment will probbe made in a day or two.

Jackson Aspires to Promotion.

Birmingham, Ala., March 17.-(Special.)-Mr. J. Kirk Jackson, private secretary to Governor Jones, and who served Governor Seay and Governor O'Neal in the same capacity, is a candidate for the democratic ination for secretary of state. Mr. Jack-is universally liked and the man who son is universally liked and the man who beats him will be apt to get the job. He is a Lauderdale county boy, and comes of good democratic stock. His official position has given him a good pull with the powers that be and it will require a very strong man to head off his nomination.

A Grand Lodge Meeting. Birmingham, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)— The grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias of Alabama will meet in this city on April 17th. The meeting will be an important one and a large attendance is expected. The proposed widows' and orphans' home for the Alabama division will be located by the convention. Montgomery, Mobile, Birming-ham and several other important towns and cities will bid for the location. the erection of the home the grand lodge of the state will meet in it every year, so that it will be quite a catch for the place

that it will be quite a catch for the place that secures it. Birmingham has one-fourth of the entire membership of the order in the state. The home building will cost some \$50,000 and will be an ornament to the city that secures it.

A plan is on foot to have the uniform rank of the order in the states of Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi meet here on the 21st of April, the last day of the grand lodge meeting. Local knights are working on this scheme now and will probably carry it to a successful result.

Pardoned the Old Soldiers.

Pardoned the Old Soldiers. Birmingham, Ala., March 17 .- Mr. Shaw Nixon, of Randolph county, a good old confederate soldier, was convicted at the fall term of court and sentenced to one

fall term of court and sentenced to one year and a day's imprisonment for removing property that was mortgaged to A. E. Fields, of Blountsville, through the earnest and incessant efforts of his counsel, George W. Darden, Governor Thomas G. Jones was induced to pardon the old man and restore him to full citizenship.

Birmingham, March 17.—The executive committee of the Alabama Press Association will meet in Birmingham on the 24th instant to decide on the time and place of the next convention. Will it be Ashbury

park or Mobile is the question.

Washington Sets the Pace.

Birmingham, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)—
Major Harris wants to be nominated by the democrats for a third time to the office of state superintendent of education, and some of the state papers are critic.sing him seriously, but not harshiy. The following from The Athens Courier, states the case about as it is:

"It is a democratic precedent, and a good one, too, that no man shall hold a state office for more than two terms. Major Harris run this on Major Palmer when he stood for a third term and it is but right and proper that this same thing should apply to his honor, the major. We think that he should step down and out in a graceful way, for he could not do it in any other manner being born a Chesterfieldan, and allow some other good democrati who is capacitated for the place, to be honored by his democratic friends. Ordinarily, we would be for Major Harris, but he has had the job for four years and it's the doctrine of the democratic party for two-termers to step down, and the major will have to take the dose that he gave his predecessor, Major Palmer. If the third term were allowable, there is no telling where the thing would stop."

Alabama Soliciting Immigrants.

Alabama Soliciting Immigrants.

Birmingham, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)—
Hector D. Lane, commissioner of agriculture of Alabama, will embark about April 1st on a tour of some six weeks through the northwest in the interests of immigration. He will go to make a thorough investigation into the situation, to distribute literature and to learn the best plan for systematic work in this line in future. The commissioner would like for the commercial organizations of the different cities of the state to send him such advertisements of their respective sections as they might desire him to distribute, and he will take pleasure in seeing that the northwesterners get hold of the documents.

Suing for Damages.

suing for Damsges.

Suing for Damsges.

Cullman, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)—
Three suits, aggregating to \$12,000 have been brought against Keepman & Gerdes for damage to property alleged to have occurred from the dynamite explosion in Keepman & Gerdes's warehouse March 5th. Kinney Bros. sue for \$10,000, Josephine and Samuel Rudder \$1,000 each. George H. Parker and Fuller & St. John represent Parker and Fuller & St. John represent the defendants. Colonel Sumpter Lea, of Birmingham, is counsel for the plaintiffs. Other suits are expected to follow for per-sonal and property demosts

sonal and property damages. ALL PLEASED WITH IT.

Stay In.
March 17.—The Louis New York, March 17.—The Louis-ville and Nashville, the Chatta-nooga, the New Orleans and Texas Pacific and Illinois Central have agreed to come back under the old terms. The agreement was drawn up and signed this morning before the meeting adjourned. Most of the members of the association returned to their homes as soon as possible after the adjournment. They are well pleased with the result of the meeting.

result of the meeting.

A Prize Fight.

New York, March 17.—The much talked-of fight to a finish between Frank Creig, the "Harlem Coffee Cooler." and Fred Morris, Billy Madden's "Black Cyclone," took place at a late hour last night in a Connecticut resort. About three hundred spectators were present. Those who saw the fight were well repaid for the journey they took, as the battle was of the most spirited nature. Although Creig was the favorite by good odds all through the battle, Morris put up a great fight all the way to the finish, and it was his gameness and clever ducking that enabled him to last against the "Coffee Cooler" as long as he did. He was knocked out in the eighteenth round, It was a very hard-fought battle throughout.

How It Is Made Within Rifle Shot of The

CONSTITUTION

Interesting and Instructive Methods

WHICH ARE BEING PURSUED

By the Atlanta Brewing and Ice Company.

Paradoxical as it may seem, lager beer is ary subject to discourse upon and very few of our citizens who quaff the foaming amber are aware of the fact that they have before them in all its purity the result, in this country, of over half a century's untiring push, zeal, and scientific manipulation in the brewer's art, as manifested by the product of the Atlanta Brewing and Ice

Company's efforts.

We do not propose to weary our readers with a technical description of beer brewing, nor to follow the intricate channels through which the different grains slowly wend their way from their receipt, then to the weighing scales and up to the storage bins, undergoing a thorough sifting and cleansing by the latest improved mechanical devices while in transit, and on through the grinding, the mashing, the sparging, the boiling, and the cooling processes and so forth into the fermenting tuns, and thence undergoing fining and krausening and settling experiences, until at last the beer is at rest in the immense storage casks, there to await maturity, when it is drawn off into the hearty lookng, cold little kegs we are all so familiar with. Nor will we attempt to burden our friends with extended or flowery observations upon the perfect method of brewing as practiced by our home institution, for the old saw that "nothing succeeds like success" has the acme of exemplification in this modern extensive establishment of the Atlanta Brewing and Ice Company, which from year to year has kept pace with Atlanta's growth, until, by the addition of necessary structures from time to time it now possesses one of the most extensive and striking collections of modern artistic architecture adapted to the brewing of beer to be found anywhere in the United States. But we will take

United States. But we will take

An Easy Stroll
through the various buildings, and to
those who have never visited a first-class
brewery, it may be of unlimited interest to
know the process which, by the investment
of unlimited capital, a glass of beer, the
essence of purity, is placed within the reach
of prince and peasant alike.

The First Process

The First Process that the malt experiences when brewing is commenced is the grinding. From the storage rooms the malt is conveyed by an ingenious complication of slides, endless bucketed belts and shakers to the malt mill, which consists of a series of metal rollers so perfectly adjusted that its work is complete. After crushing, it is again carried by a similar mechanical construction to weighing devices which register the exact weight and when the necessary

looks like an infant alongside of them, and which are polished to such a degree of brightness that one's features are reflected true to nature. When this liquid now flows into these boilers it contains the essence or full body of the beer, and after a certain period of boiling, which is accomplished by coils upon coils of steam pipes, within the boilers, and which are pipes, within the poliers, and which are supplied by a continuous current of steam direct from the boiler room, one of the most important stages of brewing has been reached, I. e., the adding of the hops. Without hops lager beer would scarcely be lager beer; with it that aromatic, tasty, slightly bitter flavor, so agreeable, is obtained while at the same time acting as a tained, while at the same time acting as a clarifier and preservative. The Production of Hops

is on a parallel with that of champagne. We can make a fair quality of the latter in the United States, but for the genuine old time drink of the gods we must go to the old country. The Bohemian hops of today possess a certain peculiar flavor wholly their own, and that no other on earth can their own, and that no other on earth can claim or equal, and are simply, as one may say, a gift of nature, being the result of extensive enough to bathe at once all the children in one of our public schools. It is said that right at this particular point in the brewing of beer the crucial stage will have been reached, for the anxious look on the brewmaster's countenance tells you that at a certain temperature of the cooling liquid a quantity of yeast must be added to assist in fermentation. The very greatest care must here be exerted by the competent brewer and at the proper moment the correct quantity must be mixed in. The cooling process is, indeed, one of the most important phases of the brewer's calling, important phases of the brewer's calling, and in former years without artificial assistance it was one of anxiety, and somesistance it was one of anxiety, and sometimes jeopardized an entire brew, but now
as science comes to the rescue with refrigerating apparatus of wonderful ingenuity, what was once a dread is now shorn
of its most disagreeable and dangerous
surroundings. From this cooling tank the
wort trickles over a series of refrigerated
piping (the second stage of the cooling
process), and thence into the Great Fermenting Tuns.

Fermentation commences at once, and

storerooms, through and by which day and night a constant system of refrigeration is going on. From this operation to the last stage of manufacture is but a hop, skip and a jump, or a "cleansing" and "fining," which names somewhat define themselves, and thence to the storage tuns is a transfer of small import. In these last receptacles the beer languishes for five to eight months and then flows in all its sparkling, crystal splendor into the kegs we so often behold, with the little green, square government stamp affixed to one end.

Once upon a time the idea was prevalent Once upon a time the idea was prevalent that only certain sections of this country could produce a clear, palatable, merchantable lager beer, and when we bear in mind that in these days of progress in mechanical inventions and extensive competition, it would be the height of folly for any corporation to invest hundreds of thousands of dollars in a brewing plant, to place upon the market an inferior quility of lager beer in the end—it would be suicidal, indeed. That Atlanta is geographically eminently adapted to the brewing of beer is manifest, for the climatic changes all the year round are less variable than any other city in the union, and no beer in existence

factors in brewing is the quality and untity of the water used. In this respect Atlanta Brewing and Ice Company is more fortunate, indeed, for they have

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firm, every cor every kind, as v Boll of Honor.

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An Artesian Well
on the premises that was drilled five handred feet through solid rock, when a few
of the coldest clearest, purest sparing
water came gushing to the surface in plen
ty and to spare. This same water is conveyed through pipes to every portion of
the buildings and grounds and is also used
in the extensive ice manufacturing department connected with their brewery, from
whence the ice is shipped airect from the
grounds ir enormous quantities throughout
the territory tributary to Atlanta. Speaking of ice, let us remark that the temperature of lager beer, during and after manufacture, is one of its most important essentials, for it should be neither too cool nor
too warm, and to more fully illustrate its
importance and the extreme care devoted to
this part of the successful brewer's career,
it was told to me that within the importance and the extreme care devoted to this part of the successful brewer's career, it was told to me that within the past year two employes were discharged from this brewery because they permitted the temprature in the storage rooms to rise on degree beyond that authorized by the manager, The New Cellar

just built by the Atlanta City Brewing Company is a wonder in itself and contains enormous tubs, reaching from foor to ceiling, and holding almost enough bear to float the United States government white squadron, and in challenging the ad-miration of the visitor it shares the honor winte squarter, and in chainening the admiration of the visitor it shares the honor with the new immense bottling quarter, just completed, where the export beer is bottled, and boxed or barreled under the two well known tempting brands, "Old Cabinet Lager," beautifully capped and attractively labeled, and "Southern Export Select Lager Beer," also presenting a captivating appearance, that can be found in every home and on sale in every first-class hotel and saloon and which, on account of the reputation it has earned for purity, clearness and general excellence, is recommended by eminent physicians for its high tonic properties and medicinal qualities.

One thing very noticeable in the Atlants Brewing and Ice Company's premises is the Scrupulous Cleanliness

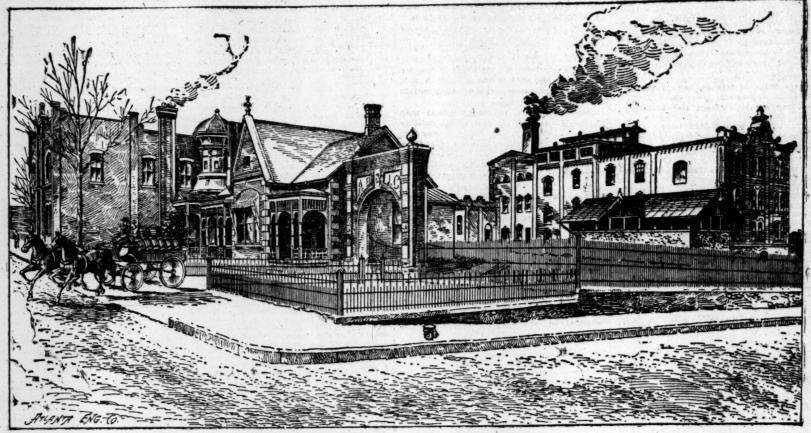
Scrupulous Cleanliness that prevails. The floors are as free from dust as the blush of a maiden's cheek is full of roseate sweetness, and the iron work and wood work on every hand looks as if it were the recipient of a good housewite's most devoted and conscientious attention.

at were the recipient of a good housewife's most devoted and conscientious attention, while the machinery connected with this vast establishment fairly glietens with pride as it pursues its noiseless energies day and night in the successful manipulation of that most popular of popular beverages—lager beer.

The proprietors of the Atlanta Brewing and Ice Company are gentlemen too prominent in Atlanta's financial circles in particular and the commercial world in general, to require special extended mention in these columns, and there is such an atmosphere of welcome and hospitality hovering about the premises that to devote an hour or so in examining their extensive plant and looking through the many buildings under the supervision of a gental and obliging example comes at once mes at once

A Source of Pleasure and a mine of information and instruction and when bidding adieu to the clever bot, perhaps not the least enjoyable incident of your visit will be the acceptance of a giast will be the acceptance of a giast will be the acceptance of a giast will be acceptance of a giast will your visit will be the acceptance of a may of nectar, with its lily-white crown of effer vescent foam, straight from the cold storage tuns, and as it trickles down one parched throat it seem to strike the very spot and makes us yearn for a repetition of the new sensation, and to possess a neck sufficiently elongated to thoroughly enjoy it. Ladies and gentlemen are cordially instited to hyperst the grounds and plant

invited to inspect the grounds and plant st any time, for the management takes very great pride in disclosing to the public one of Atlanta's most extensive enterprises, which, through the employment of hundreds. which, through the employment of nundrea of hands all the year round, has proved itself a public benefactor as well. Atlanta push, Atlanta enterprise, Atlanta progress and Atlanta beer are synonymous. GEORGE W. MARKENS.



ATLANTA BREWING AND ICE COMPANY.

uantity for each brew is crushed, an elecquantity for the overseer, and automatically turns off the crushed mait into another bin ready for the next brew. We will follow the first lot of crushed malt as it is carried along to a preparatory mash tun in which the mash is thoroughly mixed with water at a proper temperature by mechanical methods which leave not a particle of it free from moisture. It then

The Mash Tubs

The Mash Tabs
proper, and during this process extreme care must be observed by the brewmaster, for the temperature of the water must be "just so" and he must observe the effect of the heat upon the mash, and know precisely at a glance when to open the valves and draw off the wort into the boiling kettles below. We will now descend and behold these. behold these

Wondrous Copper Bollers which are so huge that the brewer favorable climatic advantages, and rich and thorough cultivation of years and years. You may as well try to stem the rush of Niagara or hush its mighty roar as to attempt to make a clear, delicious, lively lager beer without a proportionate use of Bohemian hops, an ample stock of which you will always find in the ware-rooms of this brewery.

To return to our brewing. After the proper boiling the hopped wort is rushed through large pipes to the floor below, into an immense tank which performs the duty of a drainer or hop retainer, and from this reservoir it is again returned to the top floor by pumps of powerful and wonderful capacity and emptied into Massive Cooling Tanks

as rapidly as possible, speed being very essential in order that the wort shall retain its brightness and brilliancy. This cooling, tank is oblong, about three feet deep and

can be transported in kegs for any great distance without materially deteriorating in quality, and it is for this very obvious reason that lager beer seems so much better to one's palate the nearer to the brewty one drinks it.

The Facts Are very soon the beer will contain that attribute which, when too freely imbibed, will impart that glorious roseate hue to the surroundings and make you pick a quarrel with your mother-in-law, at the same time increasing the size of your head to twice its normal condition. The transfer

when your eyes become accustomed to the darkness you behold that the walls and ceilings are covered with ice several inches thick and that the tanks themselves have a thin coating. This is the result of miles upon

time increasing the size of your head to twice its normal condition. The transfer of the beer from the fermenting tuns into the resting and storing tubs down to the cellar is easily accomplished, and as we go into the depths the air becomes so cold and penetrating that one turns up his coat collar and feels a chill creeping dewn his spinal column. And no wonder, for when your eyes become accustomed to the darkness you behold that the walls and ceilings are covered with ice several inches thick and that the tanks themselves have a thin coating. This is the result of miles upon

Miles of Piping.

The Facts Are

Atlants Brewing and Ice

Company's holdings now cover four

acres of Atlants's most valuable

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TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY.

CRITICISES IT.

Hon. James W. Robertson Reviews the Wilson Bill.

DIFFERENCE IN REFORM AND REDUCTION

Mr. Robertson Thinks the Bill Needs Reforming-Wholesale Reduction Is Not Adjustment.

From The Augusta, Ga., Chronicle. Cornelia, Habersham County, March 5.— Editors Augusta Chronicle: Your editorial on "The Tariff Bill," in your issue of February 26th, which you kindly sent me, has been read with much pleasure. You has been read with much pleasure. For look at this great economic question in the only true democratic light, that of "traiff reform," and discuss it from the standpoint of common sense—not theory. The question, though great, is a practical business question, full of details, and should be dealt with accordingly. The recent debate in the house of representatives on the "Wil-son bill," or "an act to reduce taxation, to provide revenue for the government, and other purposes," developed many interesting facts, and over-much theory.

One of the Facts Developed is that, though the bill as amended in committee of the whole, passed the house by a large majority, it did not have their hearty support—except from a few members—which its authors might have members—which its authors might have expected under existing circumstances; and which it would have commanded, had the measure been framed on the line of "tariff reform," as demanded by the Chicago platform. The bill was acquiesced in by many members simply because—as was stated over and over again during the debate—it was "a step in the right direction." If this "right direction" is to reduce tariff duties regardless of consequences, then the step taken in passing the bill is rather in the nature of a jump. If the is rather in the nature of a jump. If the "right direction" is to "provide revenue for the government," as stated in the cap-tion of the bill, then the step taken in this direction is that of a paralytic, for it falls ort of the objective point over \$70,000,000. Another Fact Developed

By the debate is that a large majority of the members participating, narrowed their view of the great question to the horizon of their own congressional districts, and to the effect the measure passed would have on the interest of their immediate stituencies, without regard to the welfare of all the people.

all the people.

Another fact which stands out prominentthousands of other good and true demo-erats, are possessed with the idea that any and all protection through tariff duties is unconstitutional, because the democratic platform of 1892 declared it to be "a fun-damental principle of the democratic party; that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for revenue only." Such an idea involves an absurdity. Can any fariff duty be imposed and collected on any article imported into this country, which can be produced or manufactured in the United States without the reduced. the United States without the producer or manufacturer of such article being pro-tected in proportion to the duty imposed? Certainly not. Then protection is not, in liself, unconstitutional, for the constitution grants to congress the power to lay and collect duties on importations. While this is true, yet a method of protection may be unconstitutional.

Unconstitutional Protection.

cago platform as "the culminating atrocity of class legislation."

Permit me to remark just here that I, for one, cannot see the difference—if there be any—between a tariff duty for prohibition, and the creation of a monopoly, and a tax levied, not for revenue, but for de-struction and prevention of competition, such as the 10 per cent tax on state bank issues; both, to me, are atrocities of class A Careful Examination

Of the "Wilson bill" warrants the charge that the authors of the measure, like many others, hold to the idea that "tariff re form," the slogan of the campaign of 1892, means simply a reduction of tariff duties, without discrimination. While the term "tariff reform" embraces within its meaning and application the factor of reduc-tion, it goes a step farther, and takes in the idea of adjustment; or, in other words, the true meaning of tariff reform is the democratic doctrine—that necessities should be lightly taxed, and luxuries, or non-essentials, be made to bear the burden of taxation through tariff duties. And, also, that the incidental protection which must necessarily follow the imposition of any tariff duties, should be so distributed or adjusted, as to prevent the creation of monopolles, and the destruction of competition.
While the articles enumerated in both the
McKinley and Wilson bills, for taxation by tariff duties, cover nearly everything that is "in the heavens above or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the waters under the earth," there are Not Over Twenty Articles.

Named in the "Wilson bill," on which the duty has been increased, and those are insignificant as to revenue, excepting "preclous stones," while the duties on every other article embraced in the fourteen schedules have been lowered so as to reduce the revenue to be raised for the gov-

ernment over \$70,000,000. This fact clearly indicates that a reduction in tariff duties is considered by the authors of the "Wilson bill" as the full measure of redemption of the party pledge for "tariff reform." In this wholesale re-duction no judgment or discrimination has seemingly been exercised in regard to lux-

urles, non-essentials and necessities, but all share, and share alike, in reduction. Some Wilson Bill Figures.

This is shown by the following figures taken from the "Wilson bill" as passed by the house. In schedule A will be found the following reductions: On "oplum con-taining less than 9 per cent of morphia, and oplum prepared for smoking," the duty has been lowered from \$12 to \$6 per pound, thus reducing the revenue \$400,072.50. On cosmetics and perfumery the reduction in duties amounts to a loss in revenue of \$20,977.77. On sponges the loss in revenue by reduction of duty is \$36,524.85, making a loss in revenue on the three articles named \$457,573.12.

In schedule B, which deals with earthen and glassware, are found reductions in duties on the following items: On tiles ornamented, glazed, painted, enamelled, or decorated, the duty has been reduced 5 per cent, with a loss in revenue of \$7.066.72.

Are These Necessities?
On stained, enamelled or decorated china, On stained, enamelied or decorated china, porcelain ware and plaques, ornaments, toys, charms and vases the reduction is 20 per cent, resulting in a loss in revenue of \$1,364,218.52. The enumeration of articles above does not include china or porcelain ware not decorated. On articles of glass ware, "cut, engraved, painted, stained, printed or decorated." the reduction in duty by the "Wilson bill" is 20 per cent, causing a loss in revenue of \$100,583.33. On marble slabs in revenue of \$100,583.33. slabs, mosaic cubes and marble paving tiles the reduction in duties is 19 per cent, making a loss in revenue of \$35,573.11, and on manufactures of marble, onyx and alabaster the reduction is 20 per cent ad valorem, with a loss in revenue of \$35,472.25, making a total shrinkage in revenue on articles named in schedule B of \$1,554,914.08. Note in this connection that there is not the schedule of \$1,554,914.08. A duty imposed to prohibit the importa-tion of any article useful or necessary, such as food or clothing, for instance, and to thus, by a tariff duty, create a monopoly, or destroy competition, is not only unconsti-tutional but pre-eminently undemocratic, and it is just such McKinley or republican protection, which is denounced in the Chi-

fectionery," and the duties on these have been so lowered as to cause a loss in revenue of \$11,968.37.
Schedule F, which embraces tobacco of all kinds, manufactured and unmanufactur-

ed, snuff, cigars, "cigarettes, including wrappers," is so reduced in duty, about 26 per cent, as to help on the deficiency in revenue to the extent of \$3,303,206.88. To this item should be added \$75,730.75 lost in pipe bowls of all materials and all smokers articles," including cigarette books "and pouches for smoking or chewing tobacco." On schedule G, dealing with "agricultural products and provisions," the decrease in cent. While this schedule deals with provisions it embraces many luxuries, and the cut in duties on these is worth consideration, as the following figures will show: On maccaroni, vermecilli and similar prepara-tions the duty is reduced by the "Wilson bill" 14 per cent, at a loss in revenue of \$93, 048.58, Grapes, plums, prunes and figs take a reduction of 15 per cent, making a loss in revenue of \$394,310.85. Oranges come in for a reduction in duty, causing loss in revenue of \$66,161.57, and the duty on lemons is so lowered as to add to the revenue loss on oranges the sum of \$131,895.69, while the reduction in duty on raisins and other dried grapes makes a further loss to revenue of grapes makes a further loss to revenue of \$25,999.85—and now comes "comus, sweet-meats, jellies of all kinds and preserved fruits," on all of which the duties are so lowered by the "Wilson bill" as to make a loss in revenue of \$47,997.74. Another interesting item in this provision schedule is that of nuts, almonds, filberts, walnuts, reported by the street of all kinds "not special." peanuts and nuts of all kinds, "not specially provided for in this act," all of which are lowered in duty so that revenue is minus the sum of \$306,172.59. The nuts "specially provided for" are cocoa, Brazil, cream and palm nuts, which are carried to the

the articles named from schedule G. the total amount lost to revenue by the "Wilson bill" is \$1,275,576.88, which amount is 31 per cent of the total reduction in duties on "agricultural products and pro-

Now consider schedule H, "spirits, wines and beverages." This schedule embraces "brandy, distilled from grain, or other material;" cordials, liquors, amack, absinthe, champagne, still wines, ale, porter, beer and "al imitations of mineral waters" and artificial mineral waters. The reduction in artificial mineral waters. The reduction in duty on this schedule by the "Wilson bill" results in a loss in revenue of \$1,276,989.37, which loss it is presumed will be made up by an increase of internal revenue tax on whisky of 10 cents a gallon—thus increasing the premium for illicit distilling.

Other Necessaries and Luxuries In schedule J, "flax, hemp and jute and manufactures of these articles," we find that the duties have been reduced 20 per cent on "laces, edgings, embroiderles, lace curtains and other like articles," and embroidered and hemstitched handkerchiefs and other luxurious articles of this kind, and that by such reduction in duties the loss to revenue is \$532,980.19, to which add \$16,032.10, the re-duction made on "oilcloth for floors and

cork carpets."

The wool schedule presents many reductions on necessities in the way of clothing and material for clothing, though 37 per cent of the reduction on the whole schedule is due to "wools, hair of the camel, goat, alpaca and other like animals," being transferred to the free list. This schedule deals not only in necessities in the way of clothing, but also some luxuries, such as "aubu sun, axminster, moquette and chenille car-pets woven whole for rooms and oriental and Berlin rugs," which articles are so reand Berlin rugs," which articles are so reduced to cause a loss of \$23,602.03. There are besides those mentioned ten other grades of carpets on which duties are reduced. In this connection it may be of interest to state that adulterants for wool manufactures, "rags, murgo, flocks and nails" have followed wool to the free list. On silks and silk goods the entire schedule has been reduced and the reduction in duties by the "Wilson bill" on this schedule results in a loss in revenue of \$3,156,611.12, not one item-even that of "velvets, plushes, chenilles and other rich fabrica" has escaped a cut in duty. A Few Sundries.

Now consider the schedule on "sundries." On dolls, doll heads and other toys the revenue loss is \$282,704.43. On feathers, down, artificial flowers and other millinery ornaments the loss in revenue is \$261.665.82. On furs, not made up into articles, the re-.02. On gun w and jewelry of all kinds, commercially known as jewelry, the loss in revenue by the "Wilson bill" is \$47,892.18. In this schedule of sundries there are

nineteen different classes or grades of gloves made of kid or leather ranging in unit of value from 3.32 to 12.50 and classed as to length, "not over fourteen inches long, over fourteen inches and not over seventeen inches and over seventeen inches in length." On seven classes of the pinches length." On seven classes of the nineteen the duties are so lowered by the "Wilson bill" as to cause a loss in revenue of \$852,-606.77. On straw manufactures the duty is reduced so that the revenue is decreased \$48,274.15, and on straw for julips the reduc-tion amounts to \$5,250. What a consoling thought this will be in August, 1894. On manufactures of ivory, vegetable ivory, mother of pearl, gelatine and shell the duties have been so reduced as to decrease the revenue \$17,132.36.

The "kluklux" and masqueraders will be glad to know that Mr. Wilson, in his tariff bill, has reduced the revenue on "maske made of paper, or pulp," 10 per cent ad valorem, thus shrinking the revenue to the extent of \$984.09. Not a single article mer tioned can be properly classified but as a

Luxury or Non-Essential. except the first, "opium," and that as given does not include opium for medicinal pur-poses or medicinal preparations of opium. On the articles specified the total loss in revenue by the "Wilson bill" is \$13,957,752.84, being 18 per cent of the estimated deficiency of \$75,707,784.06.

It will be noticed that in making up the figures presented no consideration has been given to the following schedules of the

Schedule C, metals and manufactures of metals; schedule D, wood and manufactures of wood; schedule I, cotton manufactures, and schedule M, pulp paper and books, on all of which there has been much reduction in duty. But even if there be luxuries or non-essentials in these schedules, enough has been devloped to show that the "Wilson bill" as passed by the house is

Not a Measure of "Tariff Reform," and not such a measure as should be hur-ried through the senate to satisfy public clamor for action. The senate amend and adjust the provisions of the bill on the line of "tariff reform" and in the interest of the wellare of our own people, independent of the wishes or demands of anglo-maniacs who insist on forcing upon this country the financial and revenue poli-cies and theories of England, whose terri-torial area is about half that of the state of Texas, but whose population is half that of the whole of the United States. Give to this republic one-fourth of the population and consumers to the square mile that England has, and the theory of "free trade" may become a practical question; now it may become a practical question; now it is but a theory fraught with danger to the business interest of every section of the union. JAMES W. ROBERTSON.

More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation can be cured in less time, with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

A CHANGE OF BASE .- Probably one of A CHANGE OF BASE.—Probably one of the most popular young men about town at the present moment is Mr. Fred Schaefer, whose home is in LaGrange. Mr. Schaefer was for quite a while with John W. Hughes, but now with the mammoth clothing firm of Eads-Neel Company, and will be pleased to see his many friends in his new quarters. Since Mr. Schaefer entered into commercial circles his rise has been rapid and there is yet much in store for him.



Next Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday in the enlarged and remodeled main room of

THE FAIR. Souvenirs free to visitors.

TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPERSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. ONE TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. DOSE TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. CORRECT TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. INDIGESTION TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. IN TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. FIVE TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. MINUTES.

> TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY. TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY.

TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY.

Price 50 Cents per Bottle. For Sale Everywhere.

O. TYNER MANUFACTURING CHEMIST, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

e first. and 'Directo this list and notice of app named on eachairman, and mittee togeth as practic tical and tho or profession That this already been himself ma to see the la appointed bei they might ac ing; and yeste reported sub \$1,200. He se ore will be This shows mittees (is sharp, de The full lis

BUNKE

It is import promptly to tees together ing forward to be hoped will join hea It is all fo Here are to WHOLESZ glish, E. W. Kiser, A. M DOCTORS W. S. Elkin, C. E. Murpl FLORISTS ney, J. Hart ICE COMI min, C. L. PLUMBE ters.-C. W Franklin, V MEAT A Walker, H. Stewart, J. T. R. Saw BANKS

M. Inman, Orme, T. C BAKERI W. J. Keel LUMBER G. V. Gree COAL A O. Campbe
A. H. Ber
RETAIL
I. S. Mito
A. L. Hol
WHOLE Oglesby.
FURNIT
dealers.—F
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W. Motes
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H. Benjar

RETAIL

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Cellar

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MARKENS.

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ALL TOGETHER FOR THE EXPOSITION

SHOULD WIND IT UP.

The Work of Canvassing the City Should Be Completed This Week.

ADDITIONAL COMMITTEES NAMED

To Aid in Canvassing the City in the Most Thorough Manner Possible—The Sub-scriptions Sent in Yesterday.

This should be a banner week with the exposition, and it will be.

The canvass of the city will be made thorough and complete, and the nucleus

fund will be secured. Then a report will be received from the famous landscape architect, Mr. Frederick Law Olmstead, as to the best disposition to which the grounds can be put.

After this has been received and discussed, the board will be in shape to begin active work on the park.

First of all the fund! The particular work ahead for this week nust be the more thorough canvass of the city on the lines indicated in the appointment of the committees, named below. the very nature of things, this comes first of all. A few days-a long, strong, and alltogether pull ought to complete that work, for everybody in Atlanta ought to be glad to subscribe and will do so as soon as seen. Many are not waiting for the visits of the committees but are sending in their subscriptions. This speaks volumes for their enterprise and patriotism; but equally patriotic will be those who respond promptly to the call of the committees, and every business man, every professional man, every firm, every corporation, every company of

have his or its name enrolled on Atlanta's To this end, the list of committees should

nd, as well as every citizen, should

John Berkele, A. L. Delkin, F. J. Stilson, C. W. Crankshaw.
MUSIC STORES—H. E. W. Palmer, B. B. Crew, J. H. Stiff.
HOTELS.—W. A. Hemphill, Charles Beermann, C. J. Weinmeister, C. J. Keith, Gporge Scoville.
RESTAURANTS.—E. P. Black, L. B. Folsom, B. Vignaux, H. B. Diack, L. B. Folsom, B. Vignaux, H. B. Vignaux, H.

som, B. Vignaux, H. R. Durand. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LIQUORS. Joseph Thompson, F. M. Potts, M. L. Bichart, M. Tittlebaum, A. Steiner, Pat Kenny, Steve Grady, P. Breitenbucher,

ouis Steinau. LAND COMPANIES.—F. P. Rice, J. C. Hendrix, A. Haas, W. H. Nutting, W. M. MACHINERY .- H. L. Wilson, George

Winship, W. W. Boyd, H. M. Beutell. BROKERS AND COMMISSION MER-chants.—W. R. Dimmock, J. D. Frazier, A. P. Morgan, M. W. Spence, T. B. Paine, D. Browder, Humphries Castleman, Darwin G. Jones.
STATIONERS.—J. R. Wylie, George F.

Bolies, Frank Lester.
BOOTS AND SHOES.—R. D. Spalding,
W. W. Draper, J. R. McKeldin, R. C.
Black, John Daniel. Black, John Daniel.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.—John A. Fitten, Harry Silverman, H. C. Beerman.

RETAIL CLOTHING.—E. C. Peters,
George Muse, M. Hirsch, W. B. Eiseman,

Henry L. Rosenfeld. Henry L. Rosenfeld.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.
Peter F. Clarke, J. W. Goldsmith, W. C.
Hale, A. McD. Wilson.
INSURANCE.—Joel Hurt, Livingston

Mims, Clarence Knowles, R. F. Shedden, Thomas Peters, Clarence Angler, J. R. Nutting. Albert Perdue. LAUNDRIES,-A. L. Kontz, Frank Beck, W. E. Hanye. LIVERY STABLES-John A. Miller, Will

Jones, Frank Stewart, H. M. Patterson, LAWYERS.—A. W. Smith, R. T. Dorsey, Morrs Brandon, J. W. Austin, R. B. Black-DENTISTS.-William Crenshaw, Frank Holland, B. H. Catchings, C. T. Brockett,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS AND PAINTers.—F. J. Cooledge, M. M. Mauck, F. W. Hart. W. S. McNeal. DesSaussure.
PUBLISHERS AND PRINTERS.—George H. Harrison, W. J. Campbell, W. O. Foote, H. C. Sawtell, ... C. Wilson, Win-

MR. OLMSTEAD TALKS

He Says the Grounds Can Be Made Very Beautiful.

HIS VISIT FOR CONSULTATION ONLY

He Does Not Go Into Details-To Send a Written Statement of the Opinions He Has Formed from Observation.

A very important visit was paid to the exposition grounds yesterday morning. It was one that will doubtless have an influence on the work of the board and especially upon the arrangement of the grounds. Mr. Frederick Law Olmstead, the famous landscape architect, reached the city at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. He came upon the invitation of President Hemphill, and the purpose of his visit was to make a thorough inspection of the grounds with a view to determining how they could be laid off to greatest advantage.

Mr. Olmstead is the most famous man in this country in his profession-probably the most famous in the world. It was into his hands that Jackson park was placed by the world's fair board and the transformation of that property into the great White City was largely due to his magic touchthat is, so far as the arrangement of the grounds is concerned. If any man in the world knows how to prepare grounds for exposition or park purposes it is he, and his views upon the adaptability of Piedmont park and its arrangement will be of great value to the exposition.

Mr. Olmstead was met at the train by the president and director general, and accompanied by such members of the board as were able to go out, spent the greater part of the day on the grounds.

During all that time Mr. Olmstead was COTTON MILLS AND BAG FACTO- studying the character of the grounds and

lication. My visit here has been a pleasant one and I have been delighted to find Atlanta so progressive and so busy a city. I hope your exposition will prove a great success, and from the enterprise manifested by your citizens, have no doubt it will be so."

Mr. Oimstead is a distinguished looking gentleman, a fluent talker and irilliant conversationalist, and certainly a genius in his profession.

JURY OUT IN FOSTER'S CASE. The Case Was Argued All Day and Is Now with the Jury.

LaFayette, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)—
The fifth day of the Foster trial has been marked by able speeches upon the part of the state and the defense. Court opened at 8 o'clock. Mr. A. Barnes spoke for the defense. He was followed by Colonel W. J. Sanford, who plead earnestly for the prisoner. The closing argument for the state was made by Judge J. J. Robinson. Judge N. D. Denson charged the jury. At this hour, 8 0'clock p. m., the jury has not announced the verdict.

The city election for mayor, marshal and councilmen takes place next Monday. J. T. Heffin and W. C. Lowe are candidates for mayor. Heffin is the present mayor, R. J. Moore and R. B. Smith are candidates for marshal. Moore is the present marshal.

New Postmaster for Gadsden.

Gadsden, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)—A telegram was received here this afternoon by prominent parties from Congressman Denson, at Washington, stating that Major H. Herzberg had been appointed postmaster at Gadsden, Vice W. S. Standfer, removed. There were three applicants for the position and Major Herzberg came in last and captured the place.

Senator Vance in Florida. Jacksonville, Fla., March 17.—Senator Zeb Vance, of North Carolina, reached here last night from Suwanee Springs, where he has been for his health. The seantor was quite unwell when he reached the city, but was feeling some better today. He will remain until he becomes stronger.

Run Over by a Train.

Anniston, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)— A young, well-dressed unknown mulatto man was run over and instantly killed by a Georgia Pacific train at Hfflin, thirty miles east of here, this morning. He was trying to board the train after it started, but fell between the cars and was cut in two.

He Spoke at Talladega. Sylacauga, Ala., March 17.—(Special.)— In today's Constitution it is stated that Colonel Oates made a speech at this place. It was at Talladega.

A War Relie.

A War Relic.

Editor Constitution: I have in my possession a relic of the late war, a family Bible, giving records of births, marriages and deaths. It has evidently belonged to some prominent southern family. It was brought here by a union soldier and quite recently came into my possession. I know nothing of its history as to where it was found, nor the name of the soldier who found it. It would, however, be a valuable book to any member of the family now living, and. I would be pleased to be instrumental in getting it to them. The originnal entry marriage is Ford to Sayre, dated March 13th, A. D., 1834. No place of residence is given.

Knowing that your paper has a large circulation in the south, I thought, perhaps, a notice in your paper giving the above facts and names, might reach the descendants of the family. If such can be found, I will be pleased to send the Bible to them. Any one desiring to correspond in regard to the book can write me, enclosing a stamp for reply.

MRS. SADIE N. BOLINGER, Calhoun, Illinois.

Dr. R. C. Flower of Boston, Mass.

Dr. R. C. Flower of Boston, Mass.

Dr. R. C. Flower, whose name is a house-hold word throughout the country, whose patients are numbered by hundreds in the state of Georgia, will stop professionally on his return north at the following places: Ocean house, Brunswick, Ga., Monday, March 19th.

De Soto hotel, Savannah, Ga., Tuesday, March 20th.

Arlington hotel, Augusta, Wednesday and Thursday, March 21st and 22d.

Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga., Friday and Saturday, March 23d and 24th.

It has been said that Dr. Flower will build his health institute in Atlanta, though nething has yet been heard from the doctor direct. Such an institution would be a great thing for Atlanta and the south, and under Dr. Flower's direction would do more to advertise Atlanta and the state of Georgia than a hundred common enterprises.

THE VERDICT IN.

It Comes from the People and "The People Are Never Wholly Wrong." There is only one way of determing the justice of a man's course before the public, that is, by the manner in which the public receives it. There is only one entirely adequate measure of a man's skill and ly adequate measure of a man's skill and ability, that is, the public approval of it. There is only one absolute vindication of truth, and that is the verdict of the people. There was ample reason for that old saying. "The voice of the people is the voice of God."

ing, "The voice of the people is the voice of God."

With the modesty that recognizes absolutely the will and judgment of the people upon whom they depend for suport, but with the confidence that is born of the justice of their claims, the unassailable truthfulness of their printed statesments, Dr. Hathaway & Co. placed in the columns of the daily press a fair and straightforward statement of their qualifications, education, experience and ability. They made no flings at other physicians, no innuendoes, no insinuations, no covert attacks. They gave their credentials, the record of their work, and the personal evidence of the success of their methods.

That they represented years of continual

work, and the personal evidence of the success of their methods.

That they represented years of continual practice; that they were conceded to be in the first ranks of specialists in this country; that their experience and observation was far larger and wider than that of any other firm of specialists in the city; that their facilities for treating catarrh and diseases peculiar to men and women were better; that they believed that their methods were more scientific, less painful and dangerous, and more certain, complete and permapent than any others, they had the right to cialm.

Today they can, with something like and

gerous, and more certain, complete and permapent than any others, they had the right to caim.

Today they can, with something like pardonable pride, point to the vindication of their claims in the approval of the public; point to a demonstration of their ability in the enormous patronage extended to them in this city; point to a test of the truthfulness and genuineness of their course in the verdict of the people. Dr. Hathaway & Co. have today the largest medical practice that was ever established in the United States. They not only have it today, but they will hold it in the future.

Their practice is not dependent upon advertising, and the measure of their success is not dependent upon the amount of space they use in the flewspapers. Their skillful, courteous and successful treatment of patients, the knowledge of the diseases in their specialties and their scientific mastery over them is the basis of their success.

Always avoid harsh purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill.

A BRILLIANT OPENING.

One of the Acknowledged Lenders Welcomes You.

Tomorrow morning Max C. Kutz & Co. will have their spring opening of imported hats and bonnets and will continue until Wednesday. Wednesday.

Everything will be "chic" and up to date a genuine treat is in store for all who nay attend.

A most cordial A most cordial welcome is extended to every one.

PERSONAL.

M. M. Mauck, wait paper, paints, shades, picture frames, decorator. Samples sent. Atlanta.
C. J. Daniel, walt paper, window shades, durniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples. ATTENTION.

Both of my stables were not damaged by fire or water. I am now located at Nos. 33 and 35 S. Forsyth street, and am ready to furnish my customers with the finest of livery; also, ready for boarding horses, which I make a specialty.

W. O. JONES.

Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and worren. 23\(\frac{1}{2}\) South Broad street.

See Them. The Estey Organ Co. has just received three of the finest of Decker Bros', pianos. Every one knows them to be of the highest grade. It will do you good to see them. They have also six new Estey planosbetter than ever. Call and see them. 55

are Earned Every Month by Graduates of Sullivan & Crichton's Business College and School of Short-hand. THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS



Mr. William R. Collins, head bookkeeper and confidential clerk of Mr. Fred J. Stilson, wholesale and retail jeweler, this city, is a young man of exceptional ability. He graduated from the business department of Sullivan & Crichton's business college, after exactly three months study, and was immediately placed in his present position, where he doubtless receives a larger salary than any young man of his age in the city. Mr. Collins is also secretary and treasurer of the Dixie Baking Powder Company which is rapidly becoming a concern of great importance. He is a brother of Mr. James R. Collins, city tax collector and president of the Home Banking Company, who also graduated from this famous school after about three months' study. His uncle. Mr. James D. Collins, one of the most prominent business men in the south, has recently placed a relative with Sullivan & Crichton for the full business course.

Among prominent citizens who have recently placed sons or relatives in this school may be mentioned Colonel Robert Maddox, oresident of the Maddox & Rucker Banking Company; Mr. Andrew P. Stewart, state and county tax collector: Mr. Tom Meador, of the Orlesby & Meador Grocery Company; Mr. Frank Malone, head bockkeener of the Atlanta National bank: Mr. W. W. Draper, of Kiser, Moore, Draper & Co., wholesale dry goods: Mr. W. R. Gregg, of Bock & Gregg Hardware Company; Mr. W. G. Ragul, president Mexican National Rallroad Company, and John Colvin.

When such prominent citizens as the above patronize a school it is certainly conclusive evidence of its sunerlority. Mr. William R. Collins, head bookkeeper

EDISON PHONOGRAPH.

These Wonderful Machines Seld Outright by Mr. Morris Slattery, Atlanta, Ga.

This wonderful invention should be in the hands of every business man, clergyman, lawyer, teacher and in every profession. It shortens labor, makes no mistakes and is the true amanuensis. It talks, sings, whistles, coughs, cries and laughs, and should be in every parlor for home amusement.

should be in every parlor for home and ement.

Under authority of Thomas A. Edison, president of the North American Phonograph Company, Morris Slattery, of Atlanta, Ga., is the exclusive dealer for Alabama, Georgia and Florida. All inquiries should be directed to him, whose offices are in the Gould building in Atlanta.

The public should beware of traveling fakirs, unscrupulous, and irresponsible parties.

The new phonograph is obtained direct from the Edison works, and only through the authorized dealer.

12 per cent

MACON'S POPULAR HOTEL. The Elegant Hotel Lanier Still Grow-

ing in Favor. ing in Favor.

The rapid increase of patronage that the Hotel Lanier, of Macon, has been receiving since Mr. J. B. Duy has had charge, is conclusive evidence that the public appreciates the efforts of this competent landlord. Tourists and business men are alike in their praise of this strictly first-class southern resort.

resort.
All northern tourists returning from Florida should arrange their trips so as to spend a few days at least at the Lanier. Free busses meet all trains and every attention and comfort is provided guests.

See Alexander's bicycle advertisement in another column. It will pay you to see him.

Mr. F. B. Orchard who was formerly with Chamberlin, Johnson & Co., is now with the Ladies' Bazaar Co. Mr. Orchard has many friends here and he is well known throughout Georgia and South Carolina. Mr. Orchard was one of the leading spirits in the building up and progress of Manchester. He has for some time been in the insurance business, which kept him out of the city. His friends will be delighted to know that he has decided to remain in the city.

RAPID GROWTH.

A Well-Known Suburb Comes Rapidly

to the Front—A Few Points.

The management of the Henrico Land Company are now prepared to put a number of their beautiful lots upon the market at a nominal price. This is done in order to interest parties who possess only limited means and desire to procure homes for themselves and to stimulate the upbuilding of Henrico. This well-known suburb is situated on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia raliroad, six miles south of the union depot, and for beauty of location and surroundings it is not surpassed by any of Atlanta's suburbs.

A large number of our well known citizens have purchased lots at Henrico, and several handsome residences are now in the course of erection. Trains stop regularly, and consequently a home at Henrico will be as convenient for a person doing business in Atlanta as a location within the city limits.

Now, in order to promote the growth of this beautiful suburb, the Henrico Land Company will sell a limited number of their choice lots for \$1\$ per front foot. Said lots range from 200 to 225 feet deep. The streets are broad and the lots lie well for drainage and are well shaded.

Parties desiring homes should not fall to call early in order to avail themselves of this unprecedented offer. Liberal terms given. Room 206, Equitable building. to the Front-A Few Points.



Pure, Soft, White Skin.

Have you freckles, moth, black-heads, blotches, ugly or muddy skin, eczema, tetter, or any other cutaneous blemish? Do you want a quick, permanent and absolutely infallible cure, FREE OF COST to introduce it? Something new, pure, mild and so harmless a child can use or drink it with perfect safety. If so, send your full Post-office address to

MISS MAGGIE E. MILETTE,

134 Vine Street, Cincinnail, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Ever Shopped

If not, you should, if you wish to enjoy the full purchasing power of your dollar. This season they

THE FINEST LINE

Dry and Fancy Goods NOVELTIES AND NOTIONS

ON EARTH NO SPECIAL DAY FOR BARGAINS,

But Great Attractions offered every hour each day.

NOW ON SALE:

100 pairs Lace Curtains, 75c, 95c, \$1, \$1.33, \$1.50 and \$1.68. They are slightly imperfect, but are about one-third less in price than regular goods.

Fast black and seamless Socks

and Hose, 1oc. 1,100 to 1,500 yards Waste Silk,

40c hemstitched Towels, 25c. Ladies' and Children's ribbed

Vests, 8c. Gents' Balbriggan Vests and Pants, 25c.

Children's Shirt Waists, 15c. Ladies' Shirt Waists, 37c. . Glove Cambrics, 4c. 25c English Silesia, 15c. Lonsdale Cambric, 10c. . Best 100-yard Spool Silks, 8c. Infants' Dresses, 25c to \$8. Infants' Cloaks, \$1.25 to \$5. Coats' and Clark's Thread, 3c.

(American Notion Co.)

28 WHITEHALL ST. MONEY. Everybody wants to make money. In no way can it be made so quickly as in

STOCKS. To make money one must have reliable advice and the right kind of broker. We have issued a market letter every day for over two years; it is open to inspection. It has correctly foretold the market. Hundreds have written saying it is the best and most accurate they ever read. WE WILL BE PLEASED TO SEND YOU THIS DAILY MARKET LETTER, ALSO OUR CIRCULAR CONTAINING A FEW SIMPLE RULES, WHICH, IF FOLLOWED, WOULD HAVE PREVENTED ANY LOSSES YOU HAVE EVER MADE.

We deal in stocks, bonds and grain. You can buy for cash, taking away your securities, or we will carry purchases on 3 to 5 per cent margin. We have large and elegant offices, with every facility that intelligence and capital can command for the transaction of our business.

I WAND A WILL BERTSON & CO., 15 State

Or W. H. ALBERTSON & CO., 15 State
Street, Boston, Mass. Connected by exclusive private wire.
mar 18—1m—sun, wed.



Dr. E. Grewer,

The Philadelphia Specialist. And his associated staff of English and German physicians, are now permanents, located in

Old Capitol Building.

Old Capitol Building.

Rooms 52 and 53. Entrance Forsyth street and Marietta street, opposite post office, Atlanta, Ga., where they may be consulted daily and Sunday on all acute and chronic diseases of men, women and children free of charge.

The doctor is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, formerly demonstrator of Physiology and Surgery in the Medico Chirurgical College, of Philadelphia. He is also an honorary member of the Medico Chirurgical College, of Philadelphia and Surgeon in Chief of the most noted American and German hospitals and comes highly endorsed by the leading professors of Philadelphia and New York.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED. WEAK-NESS OF YOUNG MEN CURED. Specialist on the eye. ear. nose and throat. Ruptures permanently cured without use of knife or wearing painful trusses.

If you have been given up by your physician call upon the doctor and be examined. He cures the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Scrofula, Old Sores, Catarrh. Piles, Female Weakness, Asthma, Deafness, Tumors, Cancers and Cripples of every description. Consultation in English and German free, which shall be considered sacred and strictly confidential.

Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily, Sunday, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

STRICTURE.

AVOICE FREE I have nothing to sell, but for the sake of my fellow sufferers I will cheerfully direct those who are strictured in the way of a safe and permanent cure. I was a great sufferer from stricture for many years, was treated by many doctors, and tried many remedies without relief, but was finally completely cured, without cutting or dilating. Address with stamp, and I will send you a history of my own case, which will tell you of a safe and sure way of getting cured, without cutting or dilating. Address Gratitude, Box 6, Atlanta, Gamar 18, 12t.—sun, tue, 'hur.

A RUSH TO GET ON THE EXPOSITION BAND WAGON.

come first. Yesterday President Hemphill 'ries.-Julius Dreyfus, Sam Stocking, Charles General Palmer completed this list and this publication is the formal notice of appointment. The gentleman first named on each committee is made the chairman, and is requested to get his committee together as early Monday morning as practicable and take in hand the prac tical and thorough canvass of the business

or profession assigned to him. That this will bring splendid results has already been demonstrated by Mr. Alex smith, who proposed the plan and who was himself made chairman of the committee to see the lawyers. This committee was inted before the others, in order that they might act at the time of the bar meetnd yesterday evening Chairman Smith reported subscriptions amounting to over \$1,200. He says he believes fully as much

more will be secured by his committee. }

This shows the value of the plan. Other committees can do as well. All it requires sharp, decisive, concentrated work. The Committee as Named. The full list of committees is given here. It is important that the chairmen act promptly tomorrow, getting their commitsees together as early as possible and pushing forward the work. And it is sincerely be hoped that every gentleman named fill join heartily and earnestly in the work.

It is all for Atlanta. Here are the committees: WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.—J. W. Endish, E. W. Marsh, W. E. Ragan, Gordon Ciser, A. M. Robinson. Miser, A. M. Robinson.

DOCTORS.—H. H. Cabaniss, J. S. Todd,
W. S. Elkin, F. H. Orme, W. S. Armstrong,
C. E. Murphy, W. M. Durham.

FLORISTS.—Clark Howell, E. P. McBurney, J. Hartmonn, E. Wachendorf. ICE COMPANIES—J. T. Glenn, M. Benja-ICE COMPANIES—J. T. Glenn, M. Benjamin, C. L. Engle, M. Beath.
PLUMBERS, STEAM AND GAS FITters.—C. W. Hunnicutt, D. S. Paul, H. Franklin, Wingate, T. F. Stanhauer.
HARDWARE.—D. M. Bain, John S. Clarke, J. C. Kirkpatrick, W. A. Gregg, G. E. King, J. B. Hightower.
MEAT AND FISH MARKETS.—B. F. Walker, H. F. Emory, T. L. Day, J. M. Stewart, J. Tye, C. P. Henry, T. G. Echols, T. R. Sawtell.

T. R. Sawtell.

BANKS AND BANK EMPLOYES.—S.

M. Inman, Paul Romare, Jacob Haas, J. T.

Orme, T. C. Erwin, E. S. Pratt.

BAKERIES.—Joseph Hirsch, F. M. Jack,

W. J. Keeling.
LUMBER.-W. H. Venable, D. Woodward,
G. V. Gress, W. L. Traynham.
COAL AND WOOD.-C. E. Harmon, R.
O. Campbell, W. F. Plane, J. T. Stocks,
A. H. Benning. A. H. Benning.
RETAIL GROCERS.—Martin Amorous,
I. E. Mitchell, C. J. Kamper, R. Dohme,
A. L. Holbrook, Geo. M. Hope.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.—G. T. Dodd,
A. J. Shropshire, J. E. Maddox, J. G.
Orlesby.

Oglesby.
FURNITURE MAUFACTURERS AND dealers.—P. H. Snook, P. H. Miller, G. S. May, O. Pappenheimer, Louis Gholstin. PHOTOGRAPHERS.—J. J. Spalding, C. W. Motes, J. H. Kuhn, Edwards.

DRUGGISTS.—Grant Wilkins, Joseph Jacobs, C. O. Tyner, L. R. Bratton, H. Benjamin, Harry Sharp, Stovall Smith-RETAIL DRY GOODS.—E. P. Chamberlin, J. M. High, John J. Morris, M. Rich) ce Douglas.
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.-Forrest Adair, A. J. West, H. L. Wilson, Clem Harris, S. W. Goode, W. A. Osborne.
BOARDING HOUSES.—P. H. Harralson,
L. R. Allen, J. B. Scarratt.
JEWELERS.—C. A. Collier, J. P. Stevens. Tuller, Henry Wellhouse. FERTILIZERS.-W. T. Ashland, C. M. Candler, George McCarty, A. D. Adair. A Meeting Tomorrow Atternoon.

At half past 3 o'clock tomorrow after oon, the chairmen of the various commit noon, the chairmen of the various committees on streets, as originally appointed, will
meet the president and director general at
exposition headquarters, and that meeting
is for the purpose of consolidating the lists,
comparing notes, arranging for visits to
people who may have been missed and who
are not assigned to any of the above named
new committees, and for a general discussion of the situation as it stands.

This will be a most important meeting
and every one of these gentlemen should be
present.

subscriptions Sent in Yesterday.

present.

Subscriptions Sent in Vesterday.

A number of good subscriptions were sent into exposition headquarters yesterday.

Notable among these was one of \$500 from Governor Joseph E. Brown; one of \$500 from Mr. Rhode Hill, and one of \$500 from Eiseman Bros. Then there were a number of smaller amounts in addition to the more than \$1,200 secured by the lawyers' committee.

Yesterday's list is as follows:
Joseph E. Brown. \$500

W. R. Hill. \$000

Eiseman Bros. \$500

Smith & Pendleton. \$500

Smith & Pendleton. \$000

Judge W. T. Newman. \$100

Judge W. T. Newman. \$100

Judge W. R. Hammond. \$100

Judge W. R. Hammond. \$100

Judge W. R. Homson. \$100

Shubrick & Daley. \$100

Shubrick & Daley. \$100

J. M. Hill. \$100

J. M. Hill. \$100

J. M. Hill. \$100

J. A. Fritz. \$100

W. M. Middlebrooks. \$100

Smith & Simpson. \$100

Smith & Simpson. \$100

Albert Boylston, their stenographer. \$100

Albert Howard, janitor. \$100

A. J. Orme. \$500

A. H. Davis. \$100

Peter Howard,
A. J. Orme.
A. H. Davis.
B. H. & C. D. Hill.
Samuel C. Dunlap....
Morris Brandon
Mayson & Hill.
Thomas R. R. Cobb...
E. W. Martin. Lawyer.... James H. Gilbert.... W. W. Lampkin.... Judson Warlick....

Judson Warlick.

J. C. Rogers.

Milton A. Candler.

F. Jones & Co., Acme barber shop.

I. W. Rodgers.

T. D. Meador.

W. L. Dolphyn.

Cherokee Advance, B. F. Perry.

Dr. Swamp Angel.

Lawyer

David Eichberg.

Should Be Signed Up.

making informal suggestions. He spoke in high terms of the property, seemed to take it all in at a glance and his suggestions showed that he believes a great exposition can be placed to great advantage within that park. The party went over all parts of the ground—the new as well as the old, viewing it from all possible points of van-

Mr. Olmstead is to make a written report to the board embodying his ideas, and it would be unjust to attempt to quote him as to these details in advance of his writ-

ten conmunication. He talked in high terms, however, of the grounds. "It is a beautiful spot," said he last night, "and is capable of being converted into splendid exposition grounds. It is suffic-iently large to hold a great exposition. The location seemed to me remarkably good and the grounds themselves are capable of being

the grounds themselves are capable of being beautified to a high degree.
"I do not care to go into details in advance of my report," said he. "I come here simply to consult with these gentlemen and my conclusions belong first to them. I will say, however, that the more one studies these grounds the better is he pleased with them. And as to beautifying them, this can easily be done and in a way that will be most effective. My idea ties of nature. The beauty
ties of nature. The beauty
park consists in this.
park consists in this.
park as I said," continued Mr. Olmstead,



Those new taper crown derbysthe latest style—the lightest weight are ours—they'll be yours when you see how becoming—how comfortable—how good—they are \$3 and \$4

24 Whitehall, corner Alabama.

FUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY, WEEKLY,

just be paid in advance.

Contributors must keep copies of articles. We do not undertake to return rejected MSS., and will do so under no circum-stances unless accompanied by return post-

12 CENTS PER WEEK. For The Daily Constitution, or 50 cents per salendar month. Sixteen cents per week for The Daily and Sunday Constitution, or 67 cents per calendar month; delivered to any address by carrier in the city of At-

Where to Find The Constitution. The Constitution can be found on sale as follows: WASHINGTON-Metropolitan Hotel. JACKSONVILLE-H. Drew & Bro. CINCINNATI-J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine

NEW YORK-Brentano's, 124 Fifth avenue; Fifth Avenue hotel news stand.

EHICAGO—P. O. News Company, 91 Adams
street; Great Northern hotel, Auditorium annex, McDonald & Co., 55 Washington street.

ATLANTA, GA., March 18, 1894.

The Right Spirit.

The exposition is stirring up as much enthusiasm outside of Atlanta as we see at home.

No appeals have been made to outmiders, but contributions are coming in. Editor Perry, of The Cherokee Advance, at Canton, sends in a subscription. Down in Florida The Jacksonville Citizen talks

"Atlanta has started out in earnest to make sure of its proposed exposition. The projectors began a canvass this week for \$200,000 with which to begin the enterprise. At the end of the second day they had three-fourths of the required amount, and no doubt by this time they have the remainder. This is evidence that the enterprise is to be put through with vim and ultimately with success. Now, if the Atlanta exposition is to be made a southern affair, why cannot Florida be properly represented in it? Atlanta is not far from us. and if we can have an attractive exhibit there we can easily interest prospective investors and settlers sufficiently to bring them to Florida. Once here, we can show them something that will make them want to stay."

This sentiment is growing. It will spread over the country like a prairie fire. Now, the thing is to take advantage of it. When people at a distance rush in to help the exposition, and when men here on low salaries, like the firemen and the policemen, roll up a large amount of voluntary subscriptions, the Inspiration for others to do likewise should be irresistible.

The classified lists of canvassers who will start out Monday morning will reach every occupation, and every profession. We believe that they will do their work in perfect shape. Every man In Atlanta must have a chance to get his name on this roll of honor, and we shall do our best to bring the matter before

Instead of raising a minimum fund it, and show what Atlanta can do! We can run it up to \$500,000 if needed, and the larger the preliminary fund the bigger the exposition!

Don't be afraid of small subscriptions. They all count in the aggregate. Come forward, now, with the voluntary

The Way of the Platform Juggler. The New York World, along with a great many other newspapers which have steadfastly adhered to the financial policy which has thus far dominated the present administration, is giving the president a gréat deal of gratuitous advice as to what he should do with the Bland seigniorage bill. The World goes further than this. It takes occasion to tell congress and the president how they can save both their meat and their manners. Congress has passed the bill. This makes the congressmen solid with their democratic constituencies. Now, according to The World's reasoning, if the president vetoes it, he will give the country from cheap money, and thus two birds will be killed with one stone.

The World says:

This will give to Mr. Cleveland a fresh opportunity to emphasize his purpose to protect the country against financial folly by vetoing the measure and setting forth the reasons for his course.

A veto will not surprise or very greatly annoy the men who have pushed the measure through congress. They have expected that result from the first, and it will not deprive them of the only fruit of victory for which they seriously care. It will still which they seriously care. It will still ve to them the privilege of going before their cheap money constituents and boast-ing that they have done their utmost to-wards the reduction of the dollar to the

Now, it is just this sort of stuff that is doing more than anything else today to contribute to democratic defeat in the next election. Is it possible that The World thinks that the people of this country are such fools as to be deceived such clumsy juggling? Does The World mean to say that the representatives of the people of the United States would consent to such a farcical display of political chicanery merely for the purpose of holding their seats for another term. It is to be feared that the cuckoo press is inclined to pass judgment on the acts of others in accordance with its own short-sighted and fatal policy. The great movement of the peoto cast off this gilded hierarchy, which sits in the high places and lays at will its withering hand of contraction on the channels of trade and commerce is far too strong and too relentless to be turned aside by such specious sophistry as this. The people are not fools, and if any congressman who voted for the Bland bill on such a silly pretext should go before his constituents to explain his position, if the bill should receive the presidential veto, he would be

ooted from the hustings by the just inlignation of his neighbors. The World's comments, however, may

be taken as the ex cathedra utterance of the cuckoos. It is the very syllabus of their religion—their confession of faith. They have demonstrated a thousand times, and are still daily demon strating that their idea of national polley is to give exhibitions of platform juggling beneath the dome of the capitol and then at the tail end of the performance retrench on their position by some abortive piece of legislation, which they think will square them with their constituents. It has been noticed that some senators, who were remarkably disposed to disregard the platform when necessary to catch some of the early patronage plums, are now more inclined to conform to the wishes of their constituents as the hour approaches when they are to be asked for an account of their stewardship. The talent which was entrusted to their care, and which has long been lying neglected in the napkin, undergoes a process of vigorous burnishing just previous to the expiration of their

But if the cuckoo press thus thinks to whistle the will of the people down the wind, they will find when it is too late that it is a mistaken policy. If they mean to intimate that the representa tives who, coming straight from the mass of the people, have carried such stout hearts and determined minds into the seigniorage contest, have waged this fight for the sole purpose of gaining a silly subterfuge by which to escape from a predicament into which an endeavor has been made to force them, they will find they have reckoned without their host. If this utterance is an explanation of the actions of the cuckoo element in congress, then they will find out how far they have misjudged the people when it is too late.

The day of the platform jugglers is at an end. The reckoning is almost at hand, and by no subterfuge or chicanery will they escape from the wrath to come. when they stand face to face with a resolute and intelligent people.

The International Press Clubs.

In another column will be found an interesting article from Mrs. Loulie M. Gordon in regard to the approaching meeting of the International Press Clubs in Atlanta.

This influential league of journalists decided at the St. Paul meeting, last year, to come to Atlanta, and their action was due to the cordial invitation extended by Mrs. Gordon and backed by the press of Atlanta, the Woman's Press Club, of Georgia, and our public officials.

The visit of these brainy tourists will be an important event in our history. They represent many sections and countries and many shades of political faith. and their utterances very largely shape public opinion.

Some of the most prominent journalists in the country will be present.

It goes without saying that this re union will be a brilliant success. Our people will be delighted to welcome these representatives of distant states to the Gate City, and our visitors will find their trip a very pleasant one.

Of course, it is understood that polltics cuts no figure in this matter. Our people want these intellectual representatives of the north and west to come down here and view the situation as it an old-fashioned Georgia reception. Mrs. Gordon made a ten strike when she invited them, and Editor T. J. Keenan, Jr., of Pittsburg, should also share some of the honors. He stood solidly by Atlanta all the time, and contributed to the success of the movement locating their meeting here.

The thing to do now is to get things ready for the entertainment of our visitors. We have never had a more distinguished body of visitors in our midst.

Will the Promise Be Kept?

A Washington press dispatch, which appeared in the newspapers yesterday, contains the following interesting information:

A delegation of New York bankers. headed by Mr. Stewart and Mr. Heph are here to urge the president to veto the silver seigniorage bill. These bankers are the same gentlemen through whom Secretary Carlisle negotiated in New York for placing the \$50,000,000 bond issue. They assert that the bond issue was subscribed by the New York banks on the assurance that the president would not sarretion any silver legislation by this congress.

So it was when the democrats in con-

gress desired to substitute democratic financial legislation for the Sherman act. They swarmed to Washington and stormed the very citadel of the capitol in order to prevent democratic financial legislation. And they succeeded. They went to Washington by twos, by threes and by delegations, and finally they held a convention next door to the capitol. They lobbied, and button-holed, and pulled and hauled, until they carried their point. The purchasing clause of the Sherman act was repealed unconditionally, the democratic pledge was repudiated, the people's hopes blasted, and our whole currency system made to conform to that of the European monarchies. The people sent no private delegations there. They thought they were represented by the men who play the part of congressmen, and so they had no outside lobby looking after their interests. This is where they made a seri-

ous mistake. We now see that the organized money power of Wall street has sent a delegation of bankers to implore Mr. Cleveland not to sign the seigniorage bill. It need not be supposed that the organized money power (which, as Mr. Cleveland personally told Mr. Oates, is able to wreck the treasury in forty-eight hours) has failed to lobby against the seigniorage bill. The lobby was there, and very active, but it could make no headway against the determination of a number of democrats who had voted for unconditional repeal to set themselves

right with their constituents. The lobby was powerless, and so the noney power was compelled to fall back delegation plan. As a result, a number of bankers, headed by Hepburn and Stewart, have been sent to Washington to lay siege to the white house. And they go armed with this unanswerable argument—that the bankers who subscribed to the new bonds did so on the assurance of Mr. Carlisle that Mr. Cleveland would not sanction any silver legislation by the present congress.

It will be observed that these bankers representing the organized money power of Wall street-the money power that is able to drain the treasury within forty eight hours-stand on solid ground. If Secretary Carlisle had not assured them that Mr. Cleveland would refuse to sanc tion any silver legislation by the present congress, the bankers would not dare to make public an assertion to that effect. If Mr. Carlisle gave the bankers the as surance, as they claim, he did so on the authority of Mr. Cleveland. If Mr. Cleveland authorized Mr. Carlisle to make such an assurance, the seigniorage bill will be vetoed, and the delegation from the money power is an unnecessary

But observe the facts: When The Con stitution, several weeks ago, hinted that Mr. Carlisle had given the bankers an assurance that if they subscribed to the new bonds there would be no further silver legislation, the patronage heelers declared it was another sorehead attack on the administration. What will the collar wearers say now that the bankers have publicly asserted that the assurance was given?

The English Way. The English people are a very shrewd people. When we speak of the English people we mean the people of Great Britain. For ages, when not engaged in internal dissension, they have been milk ing the balance of the world. There is not a country on the globe that has not, and is not now, paying tribute to Great Britain. The less civilized the nation the more she squeezes them. Sometimes her victims turn and fight. If it is not profitable to fight she soon makes peace, for nine times out of ten she is the aggressor. But because she makes peace it does not follow she will change her course. It is a determined power. They cut and come again in some other way, and generally get what they are after. Her power is pernicious and always fatal when she gets the influence she seeks. Look at Egypt, Turkey, India, China, South America and Mexico. All these countries have been her patrons. She traded almost exclusively with them. advised with them and loaned them large sums of money. They have paid the penalty.

But the finest work ever done by the English government is being carried on right here in America.

If you can control the money of a coun try you can control the trade of the country. If you control the trade of a country you control all the products of a country. The price of every product in America is fixed in London.

"Oh," says one of the sympathizers "that is because London is the great commercial mart of the world."

The men who control our finances, who speculate and want great and sudden fluctuations and a place to dump our watered stock and bonds, say so. But the legitimate business of the world would go on uninjured if there were no such place as London.

They have succeeded in impressing some of our statesmen with the fact that what is good for England is good for the United States. They have John Sherman's picture hanging in the Bank of England labeled, "the greatest American financier." It is to the interest of England to get our products just as is. Our visitors will have a hearty and cheap as possible. She needs them all, and by impressing our statesmen she attains her end.

But the latest, and a most atrocious scheme, is the one inaugurated last year, by which men are sent to different parts of the south to make special estimates about the cotton crop. Last fall it was announced from England that the cotton crop would amount to about five hundrd thousand bales greater than

it can possibly be. This was taken up by the English sympathizers in this country, and assisted by adverse silver legislation, cotton dropped to suit the English demand, and they have accumulated the largest stock on record at a very cheap price. Now these same men are promulgating the statement that 20 per cent more guano is being bought by the farmers than last year. No man can make a correct estimate of what the cotton crop will be in October, nor how much guano will be used on the cotton crop this year in March. The figures are intended to be misleading. The English manufacturer takes these figures as official, acts accordingly, and our product tumbles. That suits him, and so it goes.

These are plain facts that can be verified by examination. The remedy is the problem of the future. England has this country nearer under her control today than even before the time that British gold bought Benedict Arnold.

The Cotton Crop.

What about cotton? Business men and merchants are as much interested in this question as the farmers. No matter what may be said, the cotton crop is the chief source of business prosperity in the south. However low the price may be, it brings money here and this money presently finds its way into all the channels of

It is true the money that is sent here doesn't stay long, being returned to the north and east for supplies that we ought to manufacture ourselves, but it does good while it does stay.

The time has arrived for the farmer to pitch his cotton crop-to decide in his own mind whether it will be profitable for him to increase or to decrease his acreage. The low prices which have been and are now prevailing are not very stimulating to increased production, but if the farmer had any reason to believe that prices would advance he would be encouraged to plant as large an acreage this season as he did last.

In point of fact, however, there is not much encouragement in the outlook. A few writers, who have not taken the trouble to investigate the facts or to get at the figures, have declared that the low price of cotton is due to overproduc-They preceed on the theory that the price of cotton is lower now, at the heel of the season, than it was last year because there is more cotton in the

world today than there was a year ago. But Mr. Alfred B. Shepperson, who is as high an authority on cotion figures in this country as Mr. Ellison is in Europe, says that this is a fallacy. He asserts, and gives figures to prove the assertion, that the world's actual supply of cotton is no more than it was last year, when the price was nearly 2 cents a pound higher than it is now. Mr. Shepperson goes on to show that at this time year ago twenty millions of cotton spindles in Lancashire (five millions more than all the spindles of this coun try) were idle, and yet the price of cotton was about 1% cents a pound higher in all the markets of the world than it is today.

Mr. Shepperson shows furthermore that the conditions that ought to affect cotton favorably have essentially changed from last season. European spinners are now consuming 25,000 bales a week more than they consumed at this time last year.

Taking all things into consideration, Mr. Shepperson admits that overproduction is not the cause of the present low prices, but he also perceives very clearly that one of the remedies for the low price is for the farmers to raise less cotton and to expand the acreage devoted to food crops.

The farmers may be weary of this sort of talk for aught we know. It has been dinned into their ears in good times and bad. Whenever an editor has had nothing else to write about, he has indited a solemn address to the farmers advising them to plant less cotton and raise more supplies for home use. Such advice is good whenever it is given, but it is especially apt now when the farmers have been made the victims of an object lesson in financial legislation that ought to last them the rest of their lives

We say to the farmers, therefore, that the very best thing they can do for themselves and the country is to plant a little less cotton this season, and register a vow never to cast a vote for any man who has been instrumental in fastening on them the burdens of gold monometal-

Not a Southern Outrage.

Among our exchanges The New York Sun, the other day, had a long account of the lynching of a negro in Pennsylvania and gave a horrible sketch of the murderer as he appeared on the improvised gallows of the lynchers.

When we glanced at the headlines we supposed at first that the entire matter referred to something in Mississippi or Texas.

It seems that we were mistaken. The lynching occurred in the north, and it was simply the protest of an outraged people against lawlessness which they were not willing to endure.

Only a few days ago another negro was lynched in New Jersey, and a year before one was lynched in New York. Human nature is about the same everywhere, and the man who supposes that lynch law is confined to the south will find that he is badly mistaken, when he looks into the matter.

You have been keeping your eye on Atlanta? Very well. Just hold to that focus a little longer.

Issues are arising that the people them selves will have to settle. The next senator from Georgia will have to stand squarely on the democratic plat-

form. If Mr. Cleveland vetoes the seigniorag bill will that fact make the democrats who voted for it soreheads, populists and ene mies of the administration?

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

A Columbus, O., special of Tuesday says "The board of Ohio penitentiary manager: is wrought up over the report that the plates the building of a prison in the south for government prisoners for the reason that all such convicts now sent to the Ohio penitentiary suffer from the rigors of the climate. The board, while agreeng that in many cases prisoners have suffered from lung trouble, wants the old practice preserved because it is profitable to the state There are at present 128 southern prisoners at the 'pen,' divided among the states as follows; Georgia, 48; Arkansas, 22; Florida, 16; South Carolina, 11; Kentucky, 8; Tennes , 9; Alabama, 6; Texas, 4; North Carolina Mississippi, 1. These prisoners are nearly all long termers and by far the most prot itable of any in the prison. The department of justice at Washington is under contract to pay the management of the Columbus 'pen' 25 cents a day for the sustenance of each of them. Fully haif the number are employed by the state at work requiring skilled labor, and the remainder, who work on contracts, command high wages because they are long-termers and more valuable than the majority of Onio convicts. Last year the prison management made a clear profit of \$24,890 on United States prisoners, which materially helped to keep the institution out of debt.

"The Town Talker" of The Louisville Sun-day Critc, says: "Colonel Cuthbert Bullitt has arrived from St. Louis and is at the Galt house. It is a pleasure to meet this fine old southern gentleman with his handme presence, his courtly manners and his ood fellowship. Although he has been quite good fellowship. Although he has been quite ill for some time with la grippe, he is look-ing extremely well. It is the wish of the mu-tual friends of the colonel and his wife that a reconciliation be affected. There was never a reconciliation be affected. There was never any real cause for the trouble that the papers made such a sensation of. I voice only the general feeling when I say that the stream of true love should run smooth for both of these estimable people. Colonel Bullitt and his wife belong to historic Kentucky families. They are both what is called in southern parlance "high strung" people. But they both owe something to the society which their families have so long adorned and to the reputation of southern civilization. The the reputation of southern civilization sanctity of the marriage tie and its binding nature have always been recognzed in the south, and the permanency and essential soundness of our civilization have been based on them. These two representatives of our highest social elements owe it to the community in which they and their families have so long been recognized as representing what was best, to subordinate small perso al questions to their duties as representati members of society. The suggestion of 1 al ducstions to their duties as representative members of society. The suggestion of re-conciliation has been hailed with delight by all the friends of both parties, and as a censor of public morals we feel it incumbent to say that reconciliation is a duty of both

GEORGIA PRESS PERSONALS.

Savannah Press: Congressman Lester is a hustler. He is looking after deep water with a careful and skillful eye. Colonel Lester takes care of Savannah and of th district.

Americus Times-Recorder: Major J. F. Hanson, of Macon, is a brilliant speaker, man of large information and has the cou age of his convictions on all questions.

Valdosta Times: Cuss Livingston as much as you please, but he has broken the record on pushing bills through congress. He recently introduced an appropriation bill of \$3,000,000, and had it passed in less than ninety minutes, a happening never recorded before, they say.

A SUNDAY SYMPHONY.

What It All Means. Each eve she meets me at the gate— Her brow has roses on it; And, for one kiss she gives me eight. (That means an Easter bonnet!)

Each dish that most delights my eyes table has upon it; And, "Dear, try this, and this?" she cries. (That means an Easter bonnet!)

My slippers always are in sight: My smoking-cap-I don it; She strokes my hair: "You're tired tonight!" (That means an Easter bonnet!)

Such kind attention! Never saw The like! Heaven's blessing on it! God bless both wife and mother-in-law. (That means an Easter bonnet!)

Patti and Her Poet. Mr. Lucius Perry Hills, whose recent beautiful poem to Adelina Patti added a new laurel to his fast blossoming wreath, has received in a complimentary letter the grateful thanks of the famous singer, who acknowledges his charming tribute raceful words. The diva was so pleased, indeed, that she requested that a number of copies of the splendid little booklet be forwarded to her address im-

> Love in Two Stages. Love is glory—
> Wisdom, worth;
> A sweet story—
> All the earth! Made of sunbeams Starlight-all! Spring in winter-Flowers in fall! Love is business: (True, alas!) Just plain groceries.

town of Smithville, in Lee county, has a flourishing literary society. And it is modeled on the right plan. At every supper is served, after which eting a fir ed to defer the discussion of literary matters until the next meeting. That is a society with a strong foun-

A Sure Winner.
"What kind of race is the colonel making this year?"
"Splendid!"

"Yes, killed every man who ever ran

The Atlanta edition of The Southern Magazine will be a notable one in every way. The editors will spare no expense to make it in point of general excellence one of the best numbers ever issued by them. Her Iden of Harmony.

Laura heard the sweet bird sing, While within the pew she sat; Then she whispered: Would that it were on my hat!' Mr. Eugene Field must not omit Atlanta

from his southern tour. His friends here are getting anxious about him. The Ruling Passion. The minister called the mourners Of high and low degree When the candidate cried From the Amen side: 'Good brethren, pray for me!"

Mr. Hamlin Garland is talking up western literature. As a matter of fact, however western literature speaks for itself, It's Coming!

O, the pretty Easter bonnet With a bunch of roses on it; Did the fairles kind bequeath it To the living rose beneath it? O, the pretty Easter bonnet! Can you sigh and look upon it? With such golden curls to thrill it? With so sweet a face to fill it?

Mr. L. L. Knight. Mr. L. L. Knight, of Atlanta, will be the guest of the Hibernian Society, of Sarannah, on Monday at their annual banquet, nd will respond to the toast, "The Ladies." This is a compliment to a young man who is coming to the front as an orator, and his friends here are gratified with his increasing popularity, which is but a merited tribute to his talents. Atlanta, it seems, is not to have a monopoly of him. He will do credit to both cities on this

COMING OF THE PRESS LEAGUE.

A Body Composed of Distinguished Newspaper Men and Women. Just one year ago, at the urgent reques

of the lovable and most able president of the Georgia Woman's Press Club, I represented her club and our state at the convention of the International League of Press Clubs, at St. Paul, Minn., with the laughing agreement that I was not to "make a speech!"

Traveling for days in the magnificen special Wagner palace cars as the guest of the delegates of the convention I was impressed and touched by their marked atten tions to my niece, Miss Bigby, and myself the only southern strangers in their midstshowing a most cordial spirit in making us one of them.

At every leading city through which they passed they were welcomed by brother journalists, railroad officials and representative men; and at te world's fair they had everything at their disposal. Gate keepers knew their magic badge and the highest officers and officials sought them. One of the most enjoyable and unique en tertainments given them was a "wild west" luncheon by "Buffalo Bill" in a tent just as he entertained the prince of Wales in England.

The hotels offered them inducements and the leading theaters sent them stacks of

complimentary tickets. When they reached St. Paul the hospitality and cordiality awaiting them was equal to a southern welcome, and every hour of their visit was a continued ovation. The leading men and women called upon them-some inviting us to be their guests; and there were drives by the city council, bands of music, boat excursions to Minnehaha falls, where we were beautifully entertained by Dr. Love's charming daughter, who left Atlanta to become the light of the home of a gallant officer in that far northwest; and then at Minneapolis a luncheon was given them at the leading hotel with the compliments of the city; and carriage drives by the most prominent citizens of the city, which is one of the most beautiful I have ever seen.

Back again to St. Paul, where the entire city seemed to be honoring itself by showering hospitalities upon these men and women, who are the powerful levers in making public opinion.

The banquet given them by the prominent politicians, state and city officials and newspaper men was elaborate and the large hotel dining room was beautifully decorated.

These evidences of appreciation further convinced me of the force and importance of the league and its members and it came upon me suddenly, as an inspiration, to invite them to our southland-to our own Atlanta, so near and dear to each one of us, and which is becoming the pride of the

stead, Mr. M. H. DeYoung, of San Francisco, who was then the president of the league, (by the way, he married a southern woman) and Mr. T. J. Keenan, Jr., editor

and proprietor of The Pittsburg Press, was the first president of the league, others. I told them that I wished to it the league to hold their next nual convention in Atlanta-for seemed to me that broad-minded edite should know our section by meeting our people on our native heath, and to have the cornalists of different sections meet-fraternally on southern soil would surely bring about that "peace on earth," for which Henry Grady died!

I telegraphed Mrs. Byington (through whose wisdom the Woman's Club was the first club from the south to seek admi to the league), Governor Northen, The Atlanta Journal and The Constitution to approve my invitation, and they kindly responded at once offering the hospitality of the papers, the city and the state. These telegrams were read aloud by the popular secretary and treasurer, Mr. Charles Price, of The Electrical Review, and they were received with loud applause by the convention and the acceptance was an ova-tion to Georgia and her delegate!

These telegrams were printed in their next minutes, where they now bespeak At-

I earnestly believe that the coming of these delegates, whose writings will reach every city and hamlet of the great west, east and north, will help advertise our exposition and advance the interests of our city and the entire south. Most of these men and women have never been south and do not know us or our climate or resources

The 'climate and resources are living, breathing, splendid facts which have only to be pointed out to them, and the warmth of cordiality of our people can best win the good wishes of these journalists, whose talents lie in being on the alert, in mind and heart, for the best of all things! They will arrive in the early evening of the 30th of April via the East Tennes

Virginia and Georgia railroad, well cared for by genial, progressive, thoughtful Colonel B. W. Wrenn and will be received by the Georgia Woman's Press Club and the Atlanta Press Club at the Kimball house, which will be their headquarters. Refore leaving Chattanooga they will be driven over the battlefields at Lookout and beautiful Chickamauga by Mayor Ochs and the leading citizens. These guests of the

Woman's Press Club of Georgia, the Atlanta Press Club and our city will be entertained by the Capital City Club with a brilliant reception, with Major Mims as the prince of hosts-and he always has Atlanta's interests at heart. Mr. Pigott has kindly consented to sing some of his soulful songs at the reception. Mrs. Harry Vought, the pretty prima donna wife of the secretary of the league, will sing charmingly. The Buffalo papers have complimented her as the star in opera this

The Commercial Club, with her levelheaded business men, who are the very backbone of our city, will entertain our guests royally; the exposition directors vil extend special courtesies to them; the deenthusiastic Quadrant Club, composed of four earnest and clever young men, will add a feature to their pleasu Mrs. William M. Dickson, who is enthus-astic for everything to help Atlanta, will entertain the league in her usual graceful magnificent way; the class. composed ciety women of Atlanta, will extend hos pitalities to them, and, last but very far from being least, the editors of our Gate City will delight them with an old-fash-Adair gives. This will be a realization of a longed-for toothsome dream of those editors and who have only read of them in stories of our dear, dead old plantation days. With Mr. Clark Howell, Sr., and Captain Dick Rust as geniuses of the spits presi this purely Georgian feast (fit for the gods), with our fair, gracious women as hoster and our manly men as hosts; with toasts o good feeling in the springtide balm and beauty that May day at Piedmont park I would defy sectional feeling to live in the breast of any editor present!

Mr. Joel Hurt will have special observation electric cars for carrying the guests to and from the barbecue. The delegates will travel in Pullman cars and after their them for a hurried peep at tropical Florida Mrs. E. A. Conner, of the American Press Association of New York, and Mrs. Salle Joy White, of Boston, two of the leading spirits among the women of the league, are to serve on the press board of our Cotton States and International exposition. Mr. T. J. Keenan, Jr., is chairman of the committees on arrangement and league ex-tension. He organized the league with the hope of bringing journalists from all sec-tions—all over the world—into its fold of closer brotherhood, and of elevating the profession to the highest standard. He urges that press clubs of men and women be formed throughout the south and that they will apply for admission to the league, which is a non-political association. From a practical standpoint this would be helpful to our clever young editors, whose diversified tastes may lead them into many paths where a fraternal hand-clasp with the members of the league may put them in touch with valuable ideas-then, all of journalists can be so full of far-reaching usefulness and responsibility! LOULIE M. GORDON.

OUR BIG EXPOSITION.

"There's Millions in It."

From The Jasper, Ga., Republican. We are all interested in the public spirit, the energy and the progress of Atlanta. because it is near us, the capital of the state, the gateway of the south Atlantic enterprise and commerce and in every way modern and model city; always in the path of development, full of good men and women, and equally as full of business activity and business methods for the common advancement of its people. The great expo-sition to be held there next year is not only characteristic of the city, but will be of immense value to it and the whole country, for that which benefits Atlania berefits the state of Georgia and all the other states, because, in the common cause of industrial growth in any given section of the union, all are interested, and all should participate in its promotion. We believe the exposition will contribute largely in bringing our resources and possibilities to the attention of the world and perhaps result in the addition of millions to our m wealth. The people of north Georgia sho take early interest in making a creditable exhibit of the products of their region, of which the country, as yet, knows so little.

Atlanta's Way. From The Dalton, Ga., Argus. Atlanta subscribed \$159,400 to its big exposition in two days this week. There is but one Atlanta. Its citizens pull together.

Always Gets There. From The Dahlonega, Ga., Nugget.
Atlanta never does things by halves and when she undertakes a movement of any kind she generally gets there with both

"A Howling Success."
From The Darien, Ga., Gazette.
That great Cotton States and International exposition is going to be a howling suc ecause Atlanta is bossing

"It's a Certainty."

From The Cochran, Ga., Telegram.

Atlanta people never do things by halves, and the exposition may be considered as a

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BRILLIANT OR

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with her level-are the very entertain our n directors will them; the derant Club, com-clever young their pleasure; who is enthusi-Atlanta, will usual graceful the history leading so-ill extend hosbut very far s of our Gate h an old-fashcolonel George ealization of a of those editors are unknown Captain Dick ts presiding at for the gods), en as hostesses with toasts of tide balm and edmont park I to live in the

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The delegates renn will take ropical Florida. American Press and Mrs. Sallie of the leading of our Cotton and league exinto its fold of en and women would be help-editors, whose them into many M. GORDON.

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OLD ERIN FOREYER.

The Grand Celebration of the Day of the Patron Saint.

A BRILLIANT ORATION IN THE MORNING

gow the Procession Was Made and March ed-The Banquet at the Aragon-A Brilliant Affair.

A thousand men in line, and all of them

Irishmen!
That is what constituted the St. Patrick's Day parade yesterday morning, and a right royal parade it was. Early in the morning tag merchants began to decorate their stores and the Irishmen in the city began to move toward the place where the line was to be

It was 9 o'clock when Chief A. B. Connolly aided by his assistants, Messrs. Bradley, johason and Brady, formed the line at the armory of the Hibernian Rifles. The line ation was as given in yesterday's ssue of The Constitution.

The Rifles were in command of Captain W. D. Ellis, Jr., and Lieuwnants Hastings, Ryan and Wrigley. More than fifty turned

rom the armory of the Hibernian Rifles, the procession moved around to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, where military mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Schadewell, assisted by the military men. The Rev. Father Bazin, of Washington, Ga., pronounced the oration. His subject was the "Patron Saint of Ireland." He explained why the people had met at the aburch. It was to do honor to the name of the apostle of Erm. The day, he said, was the anniversary of the birth of the great restonary of Ireland.

Father Bazin explained that, in expounding the doctrine of the Holy Trinity, St. Patrick used a little sprig of trefoil, or three-leaved grass, whence the shamrock Basin's panegyric was a complete exposition of the trials and triumphs of the life of St.

death," said he, "occurred on the Ith of March, 493. He lived over 100 years, and more than sixty of them were devoted to the conversion of the people of Ireland, who accepted the faith without resistance, and who have clung to it since with a loy-alty unequaled by any other people in

From the church the procession moved to the opera house by the way of Mitchell to Whitehall, Whitehall to Marietta, Marietta to Peachtree, Peachtree to Forsyth, For-

The exercises at the opera house consistod in the oration of the day, delivered by the Hon. Alber H. Cox, and in speeches made by other distinguished men. The Hon. James F. O'Neill was the presiding of-

foer here. the Hon. Albert H. Cox, and in speeches the general committee, introduced the orator

of the day, saying:
"Ladies and Gentlemen—It is fitting that
the people of Ireland should celebrate this, the day of its patron saint. It is most fit-ting that there should be a distinguished erator, who shall speak of the deeds of the Irish people, when Ireland was a nation, and the wrongs of the nation, since it ceased to be one; for it is a theme which no mediocre orator should attempt to cope with. There have been distinguished speak-

mediocre orator should attempt to cope with. There have been distinguished speakers who have appeared here even within the last twenty years to illustrate the deeds of boom of cannon was heard to resound one before you who is better fitted by nature and by sympathy to speak to you than the gentleman who is to address you today. "He is not a new cohrade in the cause of liberty, and his fame as a speaker is not a new one; for, when the bayonets were drawn on all the soil of Georgia, and the boom of canon was heard to resound thoughout the land, it was the voice, the sole and single voice of Albert H. Cox that was raised in the classic halls of Athens with the determined resolution that the liberties of the people should not be surrendered without one word of protest. I have the honor to introduce to you the orator of the day, the Hon. Albert H. Cox."

The applause that saluted the speaker as he advanced upon the stage was deafening to hear, and it was several minutes before he could be heard.

Mr. Cox said that he was highly honored in the invitation of the Irishmen of Atlanta for his sentiments on St. Patrick's Day.

"I thank you," he sai... "for believing

in the invitation of the Irishmen of Atlanta for his sentiments on St. Patrick's Day.

"I thank you," he saw, "for believing that my nature is suited in ever so humble a degree to the generous sympathies, the stirring impulses, and the steady principles associated here. You may well believe that i do rever your immemorial faith, that I do honor your loyalty to your native land, and that your kind compliment did fill my heart and make me happy entirely."

Mr. Cox said that he would be happier still if his lips could truly be the telephone of his heart, fully and really to render to the Irishmen present and to all the warmer impulses of his sympathy, his admiration, his love and his hopes for beautiful and noble, unfortunate and injured, but invincible Ireland.

The speaker reviewed at full length what the Irish received ware ments.

ble Ireland.

The speaker reviewed at full length what the Irish people have undergone, in order to estimate the strength of the Irish character. The Irish people lived, said the orator, their faith lived. They met in secret on their mountain sides, they knelt on the shamrock of their dells, under the great dome of their God's own skies, lit by steady stars, and they worshiped in their own way for the aske of their own souls. Finally their unyleding religious liberty stood forth acknowledged victorious and free.

The speaker paid a noble tribute to Grattan, the Irish patriot who had stood at the cradle of Irish independence, and who was doomed to stand by the bed of its untimely death.

"Yet do not sive up your country!" oried.

craile of Irish independence, and who was doomed to stand by the bed of its untimely death.

"Yet, do not give up your country!" cried the speaker. "You see her in a swoon, but she is not dead! Though ir her tomb she lies helpless and motionless, still there is on her lips a spirit of life and on her cheek a glow of beauty!"

The speaker then gave three hopes why he believed in the eventual triumph of Ireland it. Time unites her and divides England. The second was in England. He said that she could not shut her eves to the grandeur of that people, nor could she forget how long Ireland had prized liberty and freedom herself. The third hope, he said, why Ireland should finally conquer, was because the world loved Ireland. Other peoples have lost their liberties, but they have not the bearts of the world as Ireland has.

The oration was generously applauded throughout, and was conceded by many present to be the effort of the speaker's life.

At the Banquet Board.

At the Banquet of the speaker's life.

The banquet hall at the Aragon was a some of matchless beauty. The multicolored lights flashed through the heavy vines of graceful smilax, which hung in profusion. from chandelier to chandelier, and from pillar to pillar. Seven parallel tables stretched across the whole length of the hall, and at the rear side another and longer table was spread.

The decorations which lined the walls were superb. Banners and flags were draped and arranged with elegant taste. The red, white and blue of America was twined with Erin's green and old gold. Huge pallas and tropical plants spread out their verdant to hage in the corners of the room and by the windows.

The spacious mantel in the center of the hall. At the Banquet Board.

The spacious mantel in the center of the hall was especially striking. In the middle of the mantel hung the large banner of the Ancient Order of Hibernians with its "Erin Go Bragh" flaunting to the breeze. On each side, along the broad mirror, smilax was wreathed around two of Uncle Sam's pretitest flags.

The tables were loaded down with dainties of every description and decorated with flowers of every hue, the cut glass pleces sparkling with prismatic radiance and the flowers showering forth ambrosial fragrance, and the tables creaking under the weight of the feast were a sight to make the eyes of the most critical epicure dance with delight. Huge bouquets of La France roses and jars of many-colored hyacinths were spread at intervals along the tables. The splendor and brilliancy of the banquet hall told that the careful preparations of the committee on arrangements had been crowned with glorious success. The

whole place was a tribute to their tireless efforts.

It was after 3 o'clock when the folding doors were thrown open and the stirring notes of "Colonel Geddings" burst forth from the orchestra. The long procession filed in, everybody was in a glorious humor, the whole crowd was gay; and everybody was amazed at the beauty of the scene. The most phlegmatic sons of Epicurus stood in open-mouthed wonderment.

The 173 guests took their seats.

At the center of the hall the speakers were seated. In the middle was master of ceremonies, Mr. James F. O'Neill. Upon his right in regular succession sat Mayor Goodwin, Father Schadewell, Hon. Albert H. Cox, Rev. Dr. Henry McDonald, Mr. P. J. Moran and Mr. M. N. Blunt,

Upon his left sat Father Kelley, Dr. Barrett, Father Brozin, Mr. Jack Spalding, Mr. H. H. Cabaniss, Mr. W. L. Calhoun and Captain W. D. Ellis, Jr.

After the blessing by Father Kelley the guests fell to the following sumptuous programme.

Champagne Punch.

programme.

programme.

Champagne Punch.
Blue Points.
Salted peanuts and cheese straws
Consomme with Chicken
Olives
Diamond back terrapin, a la Maryland
Broiled Delaware shad, Maitre D'Hotel
Sliced Tomatoes
Fiellet de Boeuf, aux Champignons
French peas
Spring chicken, saute a la regence
Cauliflower Hollandaise
Chocolate croquette, orange cream sauce
ST. PATRICK PUNCH.
With Wafers.
English snipe farcie, aux fine herbs.
Lettuce Mayonnaise
Strawberries and Ice Cream
Assorted cakes
Compotes of fruit
Cheese and Crackers
Coffee.
Mr. McDonaid Speaks.

Mr. McDonald Speaks. Mr. O'Neill then introduced Rev. Dr. Henry T. McDonald, pastor of the Second Baptist church. Dr. McDonald said in be-ginning that the people of Ireland had kept up the fight for seven or eight hundred years in the past, and that she could keep it up for seven or eight hundred years in

the future. He said further that if there were two things in the world which had his deepest hatred, they were civil persecution and religious persecution. He despised one almost as much as he despised the other. He referred to the English penal laws as the most damnable system of laws that were ever put upon a people—so damnable, said he, that nobody out of hell could be found to execute them.

Dr. McDonald said that where there had been unjust legislation against the Catholics in the past there had also been unjust legislation against the Profestants. He referred also to the patriotism of the Irish people, and asserted that the man who does not love the country from which he came might well be distrusted in the land into which he went.

Dr. McDonald's speech was a magnificent effort and, delivered extemporaneously, abounded in many happy allusions to the history and character of the Irish people in years gone by.

To the inspiring tunes of an Irish grand march by the Third Artillery band the crowds dispersed, and the exercises of the day were concluded.

When the Toasts Came. things in the world which had his deepest

When the Tonsts Came.

Mr. Jack Spalding was introduced. In his own happy vein he referred to his Irish ancestors. He said that he was somewhat embarrassed because the subject had been exhausted. He said that he might discuss with all appropriateness Cleveland' administration or the question of the old waterworks, but he hesitated to take up a subject so long discussed.

Mr. H. H. Cabaniss. Master of Ceremonies O'Neill introduced

Mr. H. H. Cabaniss.

He said that properly Cleveland should respond to the toast of the United States, but that gentleman wasn't able to be pres-

but that gentleman wasn't able to be present. In 1492, he said, Columbus discovered America. A little later on the Dutch discovered New York, but a little after that the Irish had all the offices.

The speaker said that wherever an Irishman went he loved his country, and this was a tribute to him and his people. Concluding he said: "When the great day shall come and all things shall cease, I verily believe that St. Peter will say to the Irishman who presents himself at the golden gate, "Come, in, Pat, for heaven wouldn't be heaven without you."

Ireland the Toast.

Mr. Carroll Payne was introduced and

'Come, in, Pat, for heaven wouldn't be heaven without you.''

Ireland the Toast.

Mr. Carroll Payne was introduced and responded to the toast of Ireland. He said that it was quite a surprise to him to be qailed on, but that he was always ready to say something about St. Patrick.

Mr. Payne was extremely clever in his impromptu remarks.

At the conclusion he called for a rising toast to Ireland, and amidst the applause of the crowd all drank to old Erin.

Mr. F. H. Richardson responded to Georgia. Mr. Richardson sustained in all his remarks his well-deserved reputation as an ofator.

In a style most sublime he told of the work of the Irishman in our state.

"It is to them more than Oglethorpe old Georgia owes what she is today."

Steve Grady sang "Wearing of the Green."

The song was the biggest hit of the evening and fairly took the crowd.

After a slight intermission Judge Lowndes Calhoun responded to "Home Rule."

An eloquent reference to Gladstone called forth wild bursts of applause and Tom Moore, O'Connell and Farnell were all talked about.

"Ireland will be free; it has been the dream of my boyhood, and the prayer of my manhood." This was the sentiment of his toast and in a stirring way he handled it.

Mayor Goodwin was happy in his talk. He said that he preferred not to discuss the old waterworks. "Ireland and Atlanta," was the subject of his remarks. The mayor showed how Atlanta had led the whole country in vim and push.

Mr. P. J. Moran responded to "Robert Emmet." "Emmet," he said, "is not dead, but lives and shall live forever." In his climax Mr. Moran inspired the whole crowd, and when he ended the applause was deafening. Captain W. D. Ellis came next, Mr. Ellis is commandant of the Hibernian Rifles and is one of the most popular young men in the city. The captain's toast was "Our Military" Company," and he handled it in a masterly manner. Each sentence was greeted with uproarous applause and his speech deserved it.

The last speech for the evening was "Our Invited Guests," by Hon. Albert H. Cox.

Elike an analysis of the grand programme it was.

St. Patrick's banquet will long be remembered as one of the most brilliant events ever known in the history of Atlanta. It does credit to the following committee of arrangements: James F. O'Niell, chairman; L. E. O'Keefe, treasurer; James Gillespie, secretary; W. H. Dorsey, H. G. Keeney, J. H. Gavan, C. P. Johnson, John J. Kelley, R. T. Dow, William M. O'ls, P. J. Moran, Larry Conner, Thomas N. Scales, J. J. Doonan, P. J. Kenny, J. J. Duffy, A. B. Connolly, H. T. Conolly, John N. Malone, Thomas F. Corriean, M. N. Blount, P. W. O'Pryne, J. D. Brady, John B. Johnson, S. T. Grady, J. W. Murphy, P. H. Moore, J. J. Hastings and George Willam Oliver.

HAS BEEN DISSOLVED.—The temporary injunction which was granted by Judge Lumpkin against James G. West to restrain him from collecting certain notes which were placed in controversy by the petition of Kaufman and Mrs. Grabfelder,

COURTS DULL.—All day long yesterday Judge Van Epps was engaged hearing motions and Judge Lumpkin had his attention occupied in much the same way.

occupied in much the same way.

SAD FOR THEM.—Some time ago there were several soldiers sent out to the stockade and from there to the chaingang for rioting near Fort McPherson barracks. There were three of them dressed in their stripes of conviction, summoned as witnesses yesterday to appear in a case in Judge Westmoreland's dourt. As the three men marched down the street in their prison garb the procession in celebration of St. Patrick's Day came along and the military band began to play. One of the men hid his face in his hands and cried, while the other two turned their faces away. They will all be dishonorably discharged from the army at the next courtmartial.

PAID FOR PENSIONS.—Yesterday was the day of days for pensions and the state treasury was relieved of \$37,500 in short order. There will be only a few more to be

SENSATION IN FURNITURE CIRCLES!

LOWEST PRICES EVER KNOWN!

Furniture Below Cost All Next Week!



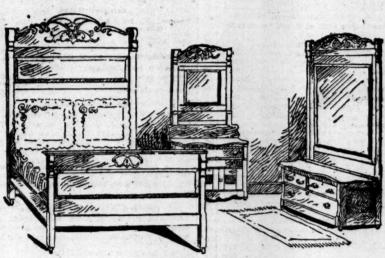
THIS SOLID OAK SUIT \$12.50.

This is no "scrimpy." "bungled up" suit made to draw customers into the store in the hope of selling something else, but a full sized, regular made, smooth finished plece of goods, sold on its merits. Here's the size of every piece to the fraction of an inch: Dresser, 17x38 inches, with beveled plate glass mirror 20x24 inches; washstand, 17x30 inches, with splasher attachment; bed, 78 inches high, and 54 inches wide. All posts are made of solid pleces, and drawers finished with a patent attachment that prevents them from binding or sticking. The best cheap suit ever made in America. Carving and ornamentation exactly as shown in engraving above.

Spiral Bedsprings, 76 cents.

Woven Wire Springs, 90 cents.
(Look out for cheap imitations of these genuine woven wire springs. Ours are the regular full size, and best made.)

Cotton Top Mattresses, \$1.28.
All Cotton Mattresses, \$2.88.
Dining Chairs, cane seated, 92 cents.
6-piece solid Oak Suits, worth \$35, at \$18.
6-piece Cheval Oak Suits, worth \$35, at \$18.
6-piece Cheval Oak Suits, vorth \$35, at \$17.
3-piece Oak Suits, worth \$25. at \$17.



\$35.00.

This is undoubedly the sensation of the year. This immense suit, nicely polished, handsomely carved, made of the very best oak obtainable, only \$35 now. This suit was made to sell at \$60, but we offer it to you for \$35. Look at the description: Dresser, 20x54 inches, with wide, beveled, heavy French plate mirror, 3x40 inches; bed, six and a half feet high, and four and a half feet wide; commode, 19x36 inches; bed, a wide beveled, heavy French plate mirror 18x20 inches. Nothing like it ever offered before for lss than \$50. Now is your gold en opportunity to get this magnificent suit at only \$35.

Hat Racks, worth \$21, at \$14.20.
Hat Racks, worth \$20 at \$12.25.
Hat Racks, worth \$35, at \$17.90.
Hat Racks, worth \$35, at \$42.35.
Hat Racks, worth \$35, at \$52.35.
Sideboards, worth \$30, at \$75.
Sideboards, worth \$35, at \$30.
Sideboards, worth \$35, at \$20.
Sideboards, worth \$35, at \$8.20.
Imitation Walnut Dining Tables, 50 cents per foot.
Soild Oak Dining Tables, 75 cents per foot.
Oak Center Tables, 24x24 inches, \$1.25.
Handsome line Fancy Center Tables, \$6 to \$13.

Every item in our Furniture stock has been marked way down. Our position as "Leaders of Low Prices" shall be maintained at any cost. Read this advertisement carefully, cut it out and bring it with you. We guarantee to show you every article advertised at advertised prices.

WOOD & BEAUMONT STOVE AND FURNITURE COMPANY,

85-87 Whitehall St. 70-72 S. Broad St.

Special photographs of Furniture and Catalogue of Baby Carriages sent free on application.

THE WAKING OF A CITY.

As night rolls on toward the Occident in its eternal pursuit of day man wakes up and goes to his appointed toil. The lamps of industry never go entirely out. They are kept burning through the darkness with all the zeal of a Parsee tending his sacred

The waking of a city is not wholly commonplace. It has a claim to interest akin to a sunrise at sea or a sunset in the mountains. For some unexplained cause the best views in the mountains are always from a peak a long way off. And on shipfrom the deck far surpasses one through

the windows of your stateroom, even if it is located on the side of the vessel which first receives the rays of the sun.

In the city there are persons who have to sit up all night, and it is decidedly more

to sit up all night, and it is decidedly more convenient to hear about what they note and what passes around them than to get up and see for one's self.

In the residence section night lasts from 10 o'clock until 5 o'clock a. m. There is a flitting of theatergoers for half an hour after 11 o'clock. Carriages rumble by: the lights of the last car fade out in the distance; there are adleus at the doors; hall lamps are turned out; the chambers are bright for a few minutes, and then all is darkness save the electric lights at the corners of the blocks. at the corners of the blocks.

This is night on the Peachtrees, on Ca tol avenue, on Highland avenue and the parallel and lateral streets away from the



THE MILK WAGON-4:30 A. M.

heart of the city. Side streets are dead. Not a sign of life is to be seen. In the business section, however, the streets are never entirely deserted. Soon after midnight, though, the passers dwindle rapidly in number and from I until 3 o'clock it is lonesome even on Whitehall. The just and the unjust are asleep. It is a mistake to think that the unjust do not sleep well. If it were otherwise insomnia would be If it were otherwise insomnia would be

epidemic.

At 2 and 3 o'clock arriving and departing trains and the rattle of cabs make a little hum, but not enough to break the general quiet. From 3 until 4 o'clock the city is sleeping most heavily. Some stray reveler who has been making a night of it may pass unsteadily along, but his kind generally get in either earlier or later. There are some most respectable people out at that hour—the newspaper workers homeward bound—but it goes without saying that there is nothing unsteady about their gait. Occasionally a man hurries along wearing on his face if you can catch a glimpse of it under the arc light, a look of anxiety. He rushes into an all night drug glimpse of it under the arc light, a look of anxiety. He rushes into an all night drug store and inquires breathlessly for certain drugs, or perhaps, telephones for a physi-cian. He hears the fluttering wings of an angel—either of death or of life. A soul is going out or coming into this world of darkness.

darkness.

Four o'clock and the city sleeps on. In midsummer the eastern skies are turning a rosy hue, but not so now. Dawn has not begun to shoot the blackness with its first grey streaks, but the city is about to show evidence of coming to life again. The resurrection has its lights as coming events have their shadows. Chanticleer lifts his voice. Say not that this is untrue of the city. Do not be so precipitate. Where the bird is I cannot say, but he is somewhere in the city and he has just the same habit in this respect that his farmyard brother is noted for. And there is always another chanticleer somewhere within call to answer. That is one thing which spans

continents-the early crow of the cock. continents—the early crow of the cock.

Merkmen begin to appear on the streets,
making their way to shops or factories.

They are few as yet in number. Directly
the milk wagon comes clattering down the
street. This is followed by lights in the meat markets, the bakeries and the fruit stands Our fellow citizen from Italy is an early riser. Often he never seems



WAITING FOR A COCKTAIL-4:50 A. M.

sleep at all. Many a night he never closes his stand nor possibly his eyes. It is cer-tain that his ear catches every passing He makes his toilet by lighting a cigarette, and, puffing it, he goes about repolishing fruits and rearranging pyramids of oranges, which he seems to tear down for the fun

which he seems to tear down for the fun of rebuilding.

Watch him for a few minutes and then come up to the next corner, Across there are two or three or more men chatting. The shining badge reveals the policeman. He is taking in with watchful eye a block up and down each street. He is watching four blocks—carelessly it may seem, but closely just the same. A young man passes with quick step. He has a cheery goodmorning for the group. Very likely he recognizes all of them at the glance.

all of them at the glance.

There is no mistaking this sign of approaching day. The young man disappears in a door and a moment later the lights are turned up inside.

It is now 5 o'clock. The last stroke of the city hall clock is dying away softly. The official day has begun. The first bar is

have disappeared. No, the earth has not



MORNIN' PAPER-5:30.

opened and swallowed them. They are after the matutinal cocktail and are doing the swallowing themselves.

Now the signs of day begin to multiply rapidly. The Constitution's carriers trudge by with great bundles of papers under their arms. "Morning paper. All 'bout the sliver bill and the accident," the newsboys cry.

boys cry.

In the neighborhood of the hotels and the union depot there is plenty of bustle.

Trains are preparing to leave. One comes in from the north and passengers turn out glad to breathe the fresh morning air after

spending the night in the stuffy sleeper. Another train and the third and the fourth roll in and the depot is a busy place. Out in the city the side streets are waking up. There go the women who are "out in service." They carry a basket or have a voluminous shawl or skirt. If one has a family she must provide for it, and if she has nobody dependent upon her she probably takes in boarders or is supplying something to eat

to a friend to a friend.

The butlers and cooks and porters turn out from 5:30 o'clock to 6 o'clock. Some straggle along as late as 6:30, but at 6 o'clock many a servant is throwing open the windows of the house where she is

Clerks of the great and little stores are on their way down town by this time. There is a stream of these until 7 o'clock. One can read in their faces who was ou late last night and who has had a goo night's rest. If employers got down early enough to look into the faces of their men they would know who would give the best day's work and who is spending more

than his weekly salary.
Seven o'clock brings the store girls. They make quite a procession. Some are rosy cheeked, but others show a pallor, brought by the long hours and the hard work. They come in pairs, threes and fours.

Now the city is fully astir. Business has

taken up where it was left off the night before. Wheels are turning, mechanics are measuring and fitting; drays and wagons



are thundering over the pavements, the cars go whirring past—another day is un-

FRANK WELDON. AMONG THE FOREMOST.

The Chalfant-Pigott Bicycle Co. Comes Rapidly to the Front-The Messenger Service.

One of the busiest firms in town just now is the Chalfant-Pigott Cycle Company, agents for Victor bicycles. Hardly a day agents for victor becycles. Hardly a day passes that they do not sell a new machine. One of the chief features of the 94 Victor is the wood rims. These are much lighter than steel, stronger and infinitely more resistant and quite as durable as any steel rim ever made and have been subjected to the most severe tests.

as any steel rim ever made and have been subjected to the most severe tests.

The Flyer fitted with them and nickel spokes is a veritable picture and has a life and resistancy to which a steel rim machine is a stranger. The chain with alternate links of aluminum and steel is another great feature, effecting a marked improvement in both weight and strength.

They are also doing a tremendous business in second-hand machines, and those desiring to sell their old wheels cannot debetter than carry them there. Three or four days usually results in a sale.

Their repair shop is the most complete in the south. They have an enameling oven and you can have your wheel re-enameled or renickeled equal to new. They are popular, well known and pushing and are certainly doing much business.

The Bicycle Messenger Service, of which they are also proprietors, is doing a land office business and fulfilling a long-felt want.

It Is Reported That Prohibition in Some Form Will Be an Issue. The people's party is preparing to inject the temperance question into the state campaign this year. There has heretofore

been strong objections to this course, but the party has, it is said, about decided to make the issue. Talking on this subject to one of their leaders yesterday, he said: "The people think there is not much in the people's party. You hear them little 2x4 fellows, who drop in here to make arrangemen to borrow money at eight per cent. to lend to farmers at fifteen per cent. and they tell you 'the pecple's party in my county is

ter organized than ever, and will have stronger men to lead it." Will Watson run for governor was asked. "No sir. We want Watson for United

dead.' Don't you believe it. We are bet-

States senator." "The people's party will be solid. Our men will be nominated, and elected. When we get here we will then decide who will be elected. My choice is Watson. When our convention meets we will adopt a platform that means a great deal. The temperance question is one of the livest in the state. The cities are not strong for the people's party and never will be. The country is where our strength lies. Already there are over one hundred countles in Georgia that are prohibition counties. We will have a system something like South Carolina or Mississippi, but we are going to pound the rum power and don't you forget it."
"Who are you going to run for governor?"

"Can't say, but I am for Walter B. Hill

of Macon-that is my preference."

The remarks of this man, and he appears to know what he is talking about, are significant. Watson is having a great deal of temperance talk in his paper lately, and reports from all over the state indicate that his party is well organized in each

On the Way-Good Meals on the Rich-mond and Danville. The management of the Richmond and Danville road struck the key note to a successful passenger line when it arranged for its very satisfactory meals served along

By the vestibule limited, which leaves At-lanta at 12 o'clock noon daily, all meals are served in Pullman dining cars. These cars are fitted out in the neatest and most comfortable manner and neither pains nor expense are spared to furnish first-class

meals.

By the fast mail train, which leaves Atlanta at 5:15 o'clock p. m., meals are taken at the celebrated Richmond and Danville meal stations, which are a feature that has long made the route famous. At these several stations the most fastidious can be more than satisfied, and it is a well known fact that the meals served are superior to those even furnished by any railroad company in the world.

When you travel by the Richmond and Danville you get not only the best possible train service and cars, but something to eat which gives you a long and pleasant recollection of the greatest southern passenger line.

THE CAPITAL CITY GUARD FAIR.—
The Capital City Guard, now known as Company B, of the Fourth Georgia battation, is preparing to give on of the most delightful entertainments in the way of a fair the city has known in a long time.

The donations to the fair are large in number and varied in quality and the event promises to be one of the most delightful of the kind that has taken place in the

of the kind that has taken place in the city in many years.

Convicts Take Strikers' Places.

Nashville, Tenn., March/17.—(Special.)—
The state convicts were used today to unload the upper Cumberland steamer, Baymond. The rousters had refused to work for 15 cents an hour and demanded 20 cents.

THE BANK STATEMENT

Was More Favorable Than Had Been Expected.

PROFIT TAKING PREVENTED AN ADVANCE

On Stocks-Cotton Oil Makes a Sharp Advance-Cotton Gains 5 or 6 Points

New York, March 17 .- Profit taking was New York, March 11.—From taking was the order of the day at the stock exchange and naturally, in the absence of any marked demand, lower prices resulted. At the start, the market had every sign of a genuine bull speculation and ar advance of % to 2 one per cent was recorded. Cotton Oil and Sugar preferred led the rise, the former selling up to 30% and the latter to and Sugar preferred led the rise, the for-mer selling up to 30¼ and the latter to 85%. There was a good inquiry for North American and Northern Pacific. A break in Chicago Gas, however, changed the tem-American and Northern Pacific. A break in Chicago Gas, however, changed the temper of speculation, and in the last hour of business, there was a general desire to sell. The traders were actively engaged in depressing Chicago Gas and Whisky and to facilitate their operations. Reports were circulated that the seigniorage bill would be placed on the statutes, and that exports of gold to Europe next week would be on a large scale. The favorable bank return was without influence and under the pressure of sales, prices declined ½ to 1½ per cent. Chicago Gas fell 1 ½ to 63%; Whisky to 26¼, Sugar to 90%, Cordage to 21½ and the other prominent stocks from ½ to ½. In final dealings there was a slight recovery and the market left off steady. In the inactive issues, Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan rose 1½ to 11½ on the revival of the talk about a new deal with the Lackawanna. Great Northern preferred advanced 1½ to 103, and Baltipreferred advanced 1½ to 103, and Balti-more and Ohio 1¼ to 76½. The active list shows losses of \(\frac{1}{2} \) to 1\(\frac{1}{2} \) pe cent for the day, but St. Paul Lead preferred, North American and Northern Pacific made frac-

Sales for the day were 98,000 shares. Railway and miscellaneous bonds were

higher. New York, March 17.—Treasury balances: Coin, \$101,448,000; Currency, \$46,610,000.

Money on call easy at 1 per cent; prime mercantile paper 3½ and 4½ per cent.

Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in banker's bills at 487½ to 487½ for 60 days and 488% to 489 for demand. Postdo days and 488% to 485 for definition of the days and 488% to 487 for sixty days and 488% to 488% demand. Bar silver 59%.
Government bonds steady.
State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds higher.
Silver at the board was neglected.

The .o. owing are clo	Suis	blas:	
Cotton Oil	293	Missouri Pac	26%
do. pret	70	Mobile & Ohio	17
Sugar Refluery	90 %	Nash., Chat & St. L.	72
	88	Nat. Cordage	21%
	74%	do, pref	40
	23/6	N. J. Central	116%
	10-3	N. Y. Central	99 %
Baltimore & Onio	765	N. Y. & N. E	11
	68	Nor oik & Western	20
	17%	Northern Pac	5%
	36	do. pref	19%
	81 %	Northwestern	106
	6454	do, pret	140
	86	Pacific Mail	17
Dis. & Cat. Feed	26	Reading.	22
East Tennessee	34	Rich. Terminai	3%
do. pre:	8	Rock Island	70
	1796	St. Paul.	635
	3714	do. pref	122
	1236	Silver Certificates	8816
	925	T. C. I	19%
	15%	do, pref	70%
	63	Texas Pac	84m
	274	Union Pac	184.
	19	Wabash, St. L & P.	7
L'ville, N. A. & Chic.	84	do. pref	15
Manhattan Consol 1	2234	Western Unioa	85%
	10	Wheeling & L. Erie.	123
	8	do, pref	47 %
Bonds-			
Alabama, Class A	8	Tenn. new set'm't 5s.	102
		do. 3e	77 4
	7	Virginia 68	60
Louisiana stamped 1		do, pref	64
	99		1124
N. C. 6s 15		do. coupon	1135
	60	do. 26	96
	234	*Ex-dividend. †Aske	d.

Foreign and Domestic News.

By Private Wire to J C. Knox Manager.
Foreign and Domestic News Company—
The market reacted sharply in the final dealings on the reports that the seignlorage bill will become a law, and that gold shipbill will become a law, and that gold shipments will be made next week. Sugar and National Cordage were strong features, it a former losing some of its early strength, when insiders discovered that long stocks were coming out. Cordage was bought by smaller traders, and showed little reactionary tendency. The traders took profits in St. Paul. Rock Island was the most unsettled of the Grangers on sales by the lower pool, which was detected by the Cammack brokers, who also helped on the decline. There was scattering liquidation in Chicago Gas, sales coming principally from commission houses with Chicago connections. Dispining and Cattle Feeding was also weak on the understanding that President Greenhut had been compelied to make material concessions to the American Distributing Company. General Electric was well supported at the decline, on account of a new contract with the Cataract Construction Company, of Niagara Falls to furnish the apparatus for the electric house power on the canal. The contract involves between one and one and a half million declars. ments will be made next week. Sugar and

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Today.s Clos'g bi	Yesterday Clos'g bi
Delaware & Lack				168%	16;
Northwestern	106 %	100%	106 16	106 3	106%
Tenn. Cos. & Iron	18%	19%	18%		19
Richmond Terminal	10000		*******	3%	3%
New York & N. E	111/6	1114	11	11	114
Lake Shore	***** ***			1271	12736
Western Union		85%			85%
Missouri Pacific		. 27	26 %	26%	26 74
Union Pacific	18%	18%		184	18%
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co	27 4	27%		26 %	2714
Atchison	15%	15%		15%	16 %
Louisville and Nash	2214			22	2214
North. Pacific pref	49%		48%	49	40%
8t. Faul.	19%			1914	193
Rock Island	63%	63%		63%	63 4
Chicago Gas.		71	70	10	70%
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	65	65	63%	63%	66%
Amc'n Sugar Refinery	81%	81%	8118	81%	
Erie.	91%	92%		90 %	
An 'n Cotton Oil	294	17 kg			1750
General Electric	42:4	4214	291/2	25 ½ 41%	28%

93 1 69

The Weekly Bank Statement.

The Weekly Hank Statement.

New York, March 17.—The New York Financier says this week: The exhibit of the New York clearing house for the week, ending March 17th, shows the extraordinarily large increase in deposits of \$7,162,700, but it also shows a larger increase in loans than any statement published since the pande, with the exception of the time when the but it also shows a larger increase in loans than any statement published since the pante, with the exception of the time when the government loan was floated. This is a very favorable feature in the statement, as it indicates that there has been a greater demand for rungs during the past six days than was supposed. The aggregate expansion of loans amounts to \$3,108,600, which is a surprise to many, as it was given out by a prominent bank president before the publication of the statement, that in his opinion, it was the dullest week in the loan market for twelve years. The enormous amount of surplus cash which the banks hold keeps the rate for mercantile paper downs. In fact, single name paper is quoted 3 per cent, which is the lowest since the week was \$3,459,600, of which \$1,219,200 was in specie, and \$2,260,400 in legal tenders. One million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in gold was drawn from the Fourth National bank and shipped abroad on Saturday, and this transaction will likely show in next week's statement, as it is not reflected in this one. The changes brought about an increase of the reserve to the extent of \$1,668,955, and the banks now hold \$77,302,300 in excess of legal requirements. The total clearings of 1856,500,000 of which \$469,000,000 was cleared through the associated banks of New York. The averages exhibited in the statement, compared with the same time last year, are as follows:

Loans. M Specie. Legal tenders. Net deposits. Circulation.	98,583,000 113,785,900	\$439,504,000 72,139,500 44,389,900 441,961,100
Total reserve	\$212 268 900	\$116,529,400 110,490,275
Excess of reserve	.\$ 77,302,300	

中的 医性神经 医神经性 医二氏性 医二氏性 医二氏性 医二氏性 医二氏性
ment of the associated banks for the week enting foday: Reserve, increase \$1,085,025 coans, increase \$1,005,600 peotes, increase \$2,240,409 cegal tenders,
uirements of the 25 per cent rule.
Local Bond and Strok Quotations. The following ero bid and asked quotations: STATE AND CITY BONDS.
New Ga. 3\sell to 30 years 97 f8 Atlanta6s, L. D. 108 New Ga. 3\sellar 15 Atlanta6s, L. D. 100

New Ga. 34:27	Atlanta 6s, L. D.108	
to 20 years 97 f8	Atla : ta 6a, S. D. 130	
New Ga. 3)45,15	Atlantada, L. D. 100	100
		113
New Ga. 4/48, 111 112		113
		10:
		LUZ
Bayannah 5s 101 105		
Atianta 8s. 1903116 118	Water works 8 - 10)	
Atlanta 7s, 1934 103 108	Bome 58 9)	
Atlanta 7e, 1893196 107		
RAILBO	D BONDS	
On. 86, 1897 97 98		
Ga. 6s, 1910 103 104		33
Ga. 6s. 1922 100		85
O 1 1044 111	Maratta & N (1 .	-19

WPINETRA 10, 1033-140		D BONDS	
Ga. 6a, 1910 97 Ga. 6a, 1910 103 Ga. 6a, 1922 103 Oentral 7a, 183 113 Ohar. Col. & A. 33	7	Ga. Paci 1s, 1st. 87	33 85 18 48
RA	ILROA	D STOCKS.	
Georgia 114 South western 19 Central 10 Cent. deben 19	146 50 12 21	Aug. & Sav 75 A. & W. P 10 do deben 85	78 78 90

Darwin G. Jones, Manager. 1,013,660.31 1,214,728.15 For the week . Clearings last

Financial Gossip.

Foreign and Domestic News Company-By

private wire to J. C. Knox, manager.—The advance in Western Union was wholly on covering. No stock was met below 86, but at that figure there was a fair supply. The sentiment among traders was bear-ish, although it was known that there were considerable stop orders in the stock from

It is rumored that the long Western Union borrowed Friday morning was for an ac-count which it is supposed to be generally long of stock, but which sells occasionally and borrows for delivery, so as not to dis

It is a fact that previous panics have been followed by decreases in Western Union earnings in the year following the The bears hold that this fact is likely to hold good this year, in which event earnings for the June quarter are likely to show's decrease as great as that for the March quarter.

Dow-Jones News Company, New York-Dow-Jones News Company, New York— London advices are to the effect that there is not the least of foreign holders, as a whole accepting any proposals to fund the coupons on Reading general bonds for a term of years. It is there believed that any plan providing for this must be a fail-ure. For this reason there is not much hope expressed regarding an immediate or even early reorganization of the property.

The advance in Sugar started with buying by Moore & Schley. When traders began to cover it was apparent that no stocks were in sight, and Mr. Oelrichs bid it up to 90 with no blocks of stock in sight any-

The advance was generally regarded as a forerunner of further improvement.

Sugar has usually been a sale "ex-div," and some stock was bought with the expec-tation that the rule would hold good this

The bulls argued that the signature of the seigniorage bill would mean inflation and higher prices, while a veto would in-duce buying on conservative ideas.

The bears said the advance in stocks was a bluff by the bulls. Commission houses say they have sold more stocks than they have bought on the recent rise.

Western Union advanced on covering on

Insiders on Lead say the condition of the

The news from Washington was favorable to Sugar. It is reported that Havemeyer, who has been rather pessimistic for some time, has become more bullish, stating that the improvement in railroad earnings and business generally is less spasmodic than it has been, and that business men report a steadier demand for staple products and a more hopeful outlook as

The weakness in Gas in the last hour Friday was beginning to affect prices.

Railroad earnings-St. Paul, for th ond week in March, decreased \$85,471; Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and St. Louis. first week in March, \$236,998; a decrease of \$17,770. East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, first week in March, \$106,785; a decrease of \$1,986. Louisville Southern, first week in March, \$11,000; a decrease of \$2,482. Memphis and Birmingham, first week in March, \$5,213; a decrease of \$330. Richmond and Danville, first week in March, \$192,557; a decrease of \$26,833. Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, first week in March, \$16,250; an increase of \$740. Columbia and Greenville, first week in March, \$16,550; an increase of \$3,000. Georgia Pacific, first week in March, \$40,842; a decrease of \$2,258; Flint and Pierre Marquette, first week in March, \$58,969; an increase of \$4,178.

The Local Cotton Market, Local - Market closed steady; middling 6%a The following is our statement of the recei

ments and stool	at Ac	lanta:				
A straight of	RECE	IPTS	SHIP	ST'M'	bT(CK.
	1894	1993	1894	1893	1894	1893
Saturday	39	185	653		2821	6705
Monday	******		*****	*****		
Tuesday	* ****	1999	******	*****	****	,******
Wednesday	******		*****	******	*****	*****
Thursday	*****	****				
Friday	******	***			-	
Total.,	39	685	653		***************************************	-

Atwood Violett & Co's. Cotton Letter. By Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager. NEW YORK, March 17.—Liverpool evidently expected a larger amount coming into sight this week than was reported by the New Orleans exchange yesterday, which was 10.00 less than the previous week. daily port movement for the balance of this month last year was quite large, and our impression is that we shall fall under it nearly every day unless Memphis and town stocks in Texas unload freely, of which there are no present indications. Memphis received 300 bales today and shipped 2,400, most of which will go to New Orshould act as a stimulant there on Monday, therefore merly exchanging stocks from one visible point to another without adding to the supply. Liverpool cables have been decidedly more encouraging today, and, as this market has advanced about 4 points, it should act as a stimulant there on Mnoday especially as they improved 1-64d today, although this market declined a net yesterday of 6 points. Port receipts on Monday last year were 9,600, which we shall not equal. The amount coming into sight for the week ending Friday next last year, was 62,000, and this we shall most likely not exceed, and rerisaps fall under. The Bland bill will be before Mr. Cleveland on Mon.ay or Tuesrerhaps fall under. The Bland bill will be before Mr. Cleveland on Mon-ay or Tuesday, and should he veto it, which is generally anticipated, it would give all markets a better tone. In years previous to this the English spinner has carried a very considerable amount of cotton in the way of stocks, but owing to the difficulty of financing he now takes his cotton as his needs require, and thus a great deal of cotton that goes to Liverpool remains in the visible supply at that point, whereas, in former years, much of it was invisible, owing to the facts above mentioned. It therefore makes the comparison of visible supply now of American cotton with former years decidedly to the disadvantage of the present season, because, were spinners carrying relatively in the way of surplus stock what they formerly carried, we would have at least 200,000 less visible stocks in that market, thus making the statistical position stronger than it now is, and has been throughout the season. The New York Chronicle makes stocks at thirty-one leading ports in the south last night, according to their visible weekly reports, 105,000 bales less than last year, and yet to make this crop one of 1,700,000 minimum it is necessary that the invisible towns and plantations shall hold

about 500,000 more than at this time last The following is the range of cotton lutures in New York today:

		Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Today's Clos	Yesterday
March		7.30 7.41 7.31 7.51 7.61	7.47 7.54 7.59 1.7.65 7.60	7.51 7.61 7.67	7.40-41 7.45-46 7.32-53 7.58-59 7.63-64 7.59-60	7.31-3 7.36-3 7.41-4 7.50 5 7.55-5 7.6)-6 7.53-6 7.53-6
October	*********	1 110		,		1
Closed steady The following receipts, export	; sales ; sa si is and	41,100 t	bales. ut of t	the on	9-12-5	od no
Closed steady The following	; sales ; sa si is and	41,100 t	bales. ut of t	the on	. sT	
Closed steady The following	sales is a si and i	11,100 to atome stock as IPTS 1893 8032	EXPO	he on ports:	1994 3 798352	OCK.

Hubbard, Price & Co. NEW YORK, March 17-The statistical position, smade up by Saturday's Financial Chronicle, is as

	This	Last	THEF
	week.	week.	year.
visible supply	4.330.920	4,374,991	4,072,830
American	3.718.720	3,769,791	3,581.630
Crop in sight	8 818 652	6,604,378	5,890,666
Came in sight	75 174	70.944	62,415
Plantat'n deliv'es	49,223	45,122	38,350
Contrary to the erpool market, a reported from abring of this mark disposition on the cipate a repetitic decline on Mondi	slight in road toda et there part of the	mprovements. At the was some the trade the usual	e open- ne little to anti- weekly

decline on Monday, but prices recovered closing gleady at 4 points improvement from yesterday's prices. This improvement is a small one, but the change in the feeling of the trade regarding the future of the cotton market is not accurately repredented by the slight advance in values. From evey point reports of increased business in the cotton goods trade are received and in one case a mill is reported as being so overwhelmed by the sudden influx of orders that the machlinery will run until 9 o'clock at night. Cables from Liverpool and Manchester report a continuance of the good business in progress in Lancashire manufacturing centers.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

shire manufacturing centers.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, March 17.—Cotton advanced 4 to 5 points, reacted and closed with net advance of 2 to 5 points, steady. Liverpool advanced half of a point and closed quiet. Spot sails 8,000 at steady and unchained prices. New Orleans advanced 3 points. Spot cotton here was steady at unchanged prices. Sales 148 for spinning. Southern markets were quiet, steady and unchanged. St. Louis sold 937; New Orleans 650, and Savannah 500. Receipts at the ports 6,717, against 8,894 this day last week, and 8,032 last year. New Orleans receipts on Monday estimated at 4,000 against 8,110 last Monday, and 6,039 last year. Most of the southern rivers were falling. At Vicksburg, the Mississippi was rising. It was geneally clear at the south but there were rain falls for 24 hours of 1.66 inches at Mobile. 88 of an inch at Montgomery, and .82 at New Orleans. It was only the ghost of firm speculation in cotton that was seen today, but what there wad of it made the bears a little nervous. Liverpool seemed for the moment to regard with an evil eye. Its prices were steady on the spot and slightly higher for future delivery with its spot sales very fair for Saturday. There was less pressure here to sell long cotton. The bears were more inclined to cover or else to hold off than to put fresh lines. Port receipts showed some diminition, though the perpindicular falling off is still "in your minds eye. Horatio." Yet they were smaller than might have been expected, and the New Orleans estimate for Monday was not of a kind to furnish capital for the bears. The cotton goods trade is brightening up a little. The interior receipts were comparatively large today, but then, as conservative people have latterly pointed out, they must exceed those of the year 1890 for the rest of the season, if we are to get a crop of 7,200,000 bales. One drawback is that there is not much snap in the spot trade in cotton, though it is perhaps hardly so dull as recently.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular.

New York, March 17.—(Special.)—The trading today was of a light and hesitating character, with only a trifling change in values. Liverpool was anchanged and this fact of itself tended to stiffer the views of holders, as a further decline in that market had been generally expected, but the improvement was limited to about three points, and the week closes with quite as much uncertainty of feeling as to the course of prices as it began. May opened this morning at 7.44, advanced to 7.47 and closed at 7.45 bid, with the tone steady. After the close, the traders were bidding 7.46 for May. There seems at least to be a little roore animation in general trade, and under ordinary conditions the low prices of cotton would invite and stimulate the same speculative buying for a rise that in previous seasons has so often lifted the market. But the threatened passage of the Hatch bill by discouraging speculation, has taken away a powerful prop to values and left cotton at the mercy of the spinners, whose needs at the moment are by no means urgent, and who naturally want to get the raw material as cheaply as they can, irrespective of the cost of production. This state of affairs is but a foretaste of what the south must expect next fall if Mr. Hatch's ruinous measure should become a law. The movement continues heavier than the bulls had hoped and predicted, and the perpendicular drop in receipts, for which we have been expecting for months, is yet to come. The shadow of the next crop is already affecting the market unfavorably, as there are no trustworthy indications of a decrease in acreage anywhere, and in Texas a considerable increase seems to be almost certain. The 'port receipts next week are estimated at from 55,000 to 60,000 bales, against 50,461 for the same week last year. We fear that the autiook is not an encouraging one to those who have been looking for a substantial advance, but the price is low, the shorts are quick to cover on the slightest scare and the chances are that we sh Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular

The Visible Supply.

The Visible Supply.

New York, March 17.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 4,330,220, of which 3,716,720 bales are American against 4,072,830 bales and 3,581,630 bales respectively last year.

Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns, 33,438 bales. Receipts from the plantations, 49,233 bales. Crop in sight, 6,676,652 bales.

The Liverpool and Port Markets

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

LIVERPOOL, March 17.—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot quiet with prices steady; middling uplands 4 %; sales 8.000 bales; Amercan 7.300; speculation and export middling clause March and April delivery —; April and May delivery 36:3-64, 4.4 1-64; May and June delivery 4:-54, 4:-64; June and July delivery 4:-54, 4:-64; June and July delivery 4:-54, 4:-64; June and July delivery 4:-54, 4:-64; Jure and September delivery —; September and Cotober delivery —; Cotober and November delivery —; Tutures opened firm with demand fair.

LIVERPOOL. March 17.—1:00 p. m.— Uplands low middling clause March delivery 3:63-64, 4; March and April delivery 3:63-64, 4; April and May delivery 3:63-64, 4; March and July delivery 3:63-64, 61; July and August delivery 4:646, buyers; August and September delivery 4:6-64, buyers; August and September delivery 4:6-64, buyers; October and November delivery 4:6-64, buyers; lutures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Cotton steady; sales 148 bales.

closed quiet.

NEW YORK, March 17—Cotton steady: sales 142 bales; middling uplands 7½: middling gulf 74; net receipts 180; gross 373; stock 291.725.

GALVESTON, March 11—Cotton steady: middling 7½; net receipts 1,215 bales; gross 1,018; sales 1,821; stock 57,578.

tock 67,978.

NORFOLK, March 17 - Cotton firm; middling 7 3-16; act receipts 326 bales; gross 306; sales 387; stock 50,228; exports coastwise 300. exports coastwise 300,

BALTIMORE, March 17—Cotton dull; middling 7%;
net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock BOSTON, March 17 - Cotton quiet; middling 71/4;

BOSTON, March 17 — Cotton quiet; middling 71/4; net receipts 51 bales; gross 53; sales none; stock none. WILMINGTON; March 17 — Cotton quiet; middling 7; net receipts 3 bales; gross 3; sales none; stock 14,031. PHILADELPHIA, March 17 — Cotton quiet; middling 716-16; net receipts 23 bales; gross 26; stock 11,653. SavANNAH, March 17 — Cotton steady; middling 7/4; net receipts 23 bales; gross 32; sales 500; stock 58,208; exports coastwise 1,700.

NEW OBLEANS, March 17 — Cotton steady; middling 7/4; net receipts 4,325 bales; gross 3,99; sales 550; stock 239,257; exports to Great Britain 21,450; to continent 3,149.

AUGUSTA, March 17—Cotton dull; middling 73-16; net receipts il bales; shipments 199; sales 429; stock 24,663.

HOUSTON, March 17-Cotton quiet; middling 7%; net receipts 977 bales; shipments 1,182; sales 209; stock 14,559.

Cotton Gossip.

The news on cotton the week just past has all been of a bearish character, but the market has held extremely well the decline, as compared with the closing of last Saturday, amounting to only 3 to 4 points, and about 1/2c on spots. The rumor that most dusturbed the cotton trade was to the effect that the farmers in the cotton belt were making preparation for the planting of another enormous crop, it being said that purchases of fertilizers

vere considerably ahead of last year. The ruomr could be traced to no authentic source and it is denied by fertilizer dealers in this section, who state that their sales will fall fully 20 per cent below those of last year, while it is stated by a number of farmers that a good portion of what they have bought will be used on eorn, and it was stated on 'change yesterday by a broker that meats would be cheaper in a short while, owing to a lack of demand

It was also rumored during the week the New England spinners were discussing the propriety of shutting down on account of a poor trade demand

Cotton speculation has also been affected by the expected passage of the Hatch anti-option bill.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, March 17.—A decline of 2c from last Saturday's close has occurred in wheat the past week. The situation, both as regards conditions and in a statistical way, has moved very bearish, and there has nothing occurred that could afford holders any encouragement, but around these low prices and at this season of the year, the temper of the trade is quite different from that of a month or two ago, and notwithstanding the weakness that has prevailed and does still prevail, the most sanguine bear is more conservative in his operations. Now that all doubts regarding the reserves have been settled by the government figures, and the crop of 183 having about spent its force as a factor in governing the action of the market, the trade is turning its attention to the prospective crop of 1894. While the present situation is favorable and the growing plant looks healthful and the acreage of spring wheat is likely to be large from all indications, yet it is quite evident that in order to maintain this high condition of the fall sown, a good rain is needed, as reports of dry weather injuring certain sections are beginning to come in, and these reports are quite generally accompanied with an appearance of the destructive chinch bug which warm and dry weather broods, so that for the next two weeks or so the weather will be a potent factor in determining the course of the market.

The opening today was quite firm, but the market became very weak and declined on a report current that a cargo of Chicago, March 17 .- A decline of 2c from

factor in determining the course of the market.

The opening today was quite firm, but the market became very weak and declined on a report current that a cargo of wheat in the river, which is being unloaded, is badly out of condition, closing cables were a trifle firmer, but the speculative feeling is weak, and good local traders look for lower prices Monday.

Coarse grains have been active all the week, although the trade has been limited, but with the approach of spring the market is broadening out and will probably be governed by the movement towards during seeding.

Provisions close very weak and have ranged so during the entire week, and some traders look for the weakness to continue for some time yet, as the product is out of line with the price of hogs. Packers are not having a very smooth road to travel

The leading futi	ar es r	anged as	follows in	Chicago
	pen.	High.	Low	Close.
March	564	56 %	5614	56%
May	58%	58%	58>	581
CORN-	80%	60%	60	60
March	35%	35%	34%	3514
May	3736	37.34	36%	363
July	381	88%	37.4	37 14
March	30	30	29%	2914
May	3046	3054	2936	30%
July PORK-	28%	28%	27 1/2	27 1/2
May 10	95	10 95	10 724	10 75
July1i		11 12%	10 77%	10 82%
May 6	60	6 60	6 40	6 42 14
July 6	67.14	6 57%	6 40	6 40
May 5	6734	8 6716	- 5 55	£ 5714
July 5	67 -	8 6736	5 05	6 577

San Francisco, March 17.—(Special)—There came near being a panic in the produce exchinge Friday. May wheat jumped from 110 to 115% and closed strong at 115. This jump was a surprise to all brokers who were on the short side. There was a will scramble to cover. All the excitement was caused by the operators of D. W. caused by the operators of D. W. Mc-Glaughlin. Today they took all that was offered. McGlaughlin & Co for some time have been quietly engineering a corner, the board short on May wheat. No one knows who is backing them, although it is rumored that Ed Pardridge, the Chicagoan, who is here, is putting up the money. McGlaughlin's purchases for the day were 25,100 tons, and it is estimated that since Decemter they have bought May wheat to such an extent that their payments and margin

have amounted to upwards of two million dollars.

Note—Wheat is sold by the 100 weight in San Francisco.

Wheat opened up %c at Duluth and Minneapolis %c, but both were losing the gain at 10:20 o'clock.

Corn was weak and affected wheat a litde. Fine weather and a dull trade were the factors.

Receipts of wheat, car lots-Minneapolis, 268, against 172 last year; Duluth, 69, again 113; Chicago, 39, against 263. Total, 376,

Exports from both coasts of wheat flour for the week, 3,258,000, against 2,851,000 last week and 2,886,000 for the same week last year, and 3,818,000 for the same wee

Liverpool-Wheat quiet, with demand poor; holders offer moderately. Corn firm, with demand moderate.

Boston clears—No wheat or corn, and 450 barrels of flour. New Orleans clears 15,000 bushels of wheat; flour none. Corn, 68,000 bushels.

bushels.

Provisions were dull around the opening, but fairly steady until Baldwin taking advantage of the dullness, commenced one of his characteristic raids. That is about all there is to it.

Estimated receipts of hogs next week, PROVISIONS, GRAINS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, March 17. Flour. First patent \$4.50; second patent \$4.00; extra fancy \$5.10; fancy \$3.50; family \$4.50. Corn - No. 1 white \$52; No. 2 white \$52 mired \$10. Oats—Texas rust proof \$18\$; white \$45 mixed \$10. Oats—Texas rust proof \$18\$; white \$45 mixed \$10. Oats—Texas rust proof \$18\$; white \$45 mixed \$10. Oats—Texas rust proof \$18\$; white \$10 mixed \$10 mixed \$10. Oats—Texas rust proof \$10 mixed \$10 mix

Groceries.

ATLANTA. March 17 - Roasted coffee - Arbuckle's 21.10c \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 100 to cases Lion 34.10c Levering's 21.10c Green-Extractione 21/5c; cholos good 20/5c; air 13/5; common 17/5615; Sugar-Granulated is a powdered by a colonia 5/5; white extra C a New Orleans yellow clarified is 45; yellow extra C 34/64. Syrup-New Orleans choice Get prime 35/40c; common 36/240 Orleans choice Get prime 35/40c; imitation 22/250 Test-Black 35/6c; green 40/40c. Numer 58/650 Cleyes 25/250c. Clanamon 10/212/6c. Allepice 16/2110 Ginger 18c. Singapore paper 11c. Nace 51/25. Electric 15/250c. Groceries.

Virginia for. Cheese—Flats 12:61:6. White fall—y
bbls 84:09; pells 86c. Mackaret—j bbls 85:00:03.6.00 ad.50 Soap
—Tailow, 100 bars, 75 ns, 85.00:03.7c; turpentine, 66 bars,
85 ns 61:23c:250. Candres — Paramin lic: star Itc.
Matches—4.66:84:00; 200s 83:06:03.7c; 200s 87.00:05.7c; 50s,
a gross, 84:75. 8:00:05. Kerg, bulk, 4:sc; do. 1 h package,
3 for cases, 1 b 5%c; do 1 and ½ hs 8c; do. ½ hs 5%cs
Crackers—XXX souds—Kerg, bulk, 4:sc; do. 1 h package,
3 for cases, 1 b 5%c; do 1 and ½ hs 8c; do. ½ hs 5%cs
Crackers—XXX souds—Kerg, bulk, 4:sc; do. 2 hs 5%cs
Crackers—XXX souds—Kerg, bulk, 4:sc; do. 2 hs
Since 1 hs 5%cs
Crackers—1 hs 5%cs
Cracke

kegsilik Shot-\$1.50. Flack.

NEW YORK, March 17—Coffee, options closed frm

8620 points up; No. 7 Rio March 18.50; April —: May

5.85; July 18.46; September 11.50; December 14.25; spot

Rio dult; No. 71.3, at 173, Sugar, raw quiet and stady;
fair refining 2%; centrifugal 85-test 3 3-19 refined

quiet and stendy; No. 6 3 13-5624; mould A 4-56

4 11-16; standard 4+624.7-16; off A 3-564 11-16; confec
tioners 4 3-1624;; cut loaf and crushed 4664 -14;
powdered 4 9-1641;; granulated 4+641-16; cutes 4-56

4 11-18. Molasses, foreign nominal; New Orleans dull

but stendy; open mettle new good to choice 33638.

but steady; open settle new good to choice 30g538.

For LOUIS, March 17—Pork, standard mess \$11.25.

Lard prime steam 5.5. Dry sait meats, loose shoulders 5.36; long clear 6.70; clear ribs 5.70; short clear 6.85. Bacon, boxed shoulders 5.75; long clear 6.70; clear ribs 6.624; short clear 6.874;

ATLANTA, March 17—Cear rib sides, boxed 64c, loe-cured bellies 10c, Sugar-cured hams 10c, 3225; clear coording to brand and average; Ca'itornia 8.63c; Breakisst bacon 114. Lard—Leaf 8; compound 65c.

NEW YORK, March 17—Pore easy; new mess \$12.72 (812.75, Middles nominal; short clear —. Lard quiet; western steam 2.65; city steam 6.50; options nominal; chick Go, March 17—Oasb quotations were as follows: Mess port \$10.675. Lard 6.55. Short ribs, bose 5.55. Dry sait shoulders bexed 6.00g6.25; short clear sldes boxed 6.00g6.25.

CINCINNATI, March 17—Pork, mess \$11.56. Lard, steam leaf 6.75; short clear 7.00.

Naval Stores.

SAVANNÁH, March 17- Spiritr turpentine opened steady at 18% for regulars and closed unchanged; sales 676 casks. Rosin firm but quiet and unchanged with small sales: A. B. C. D and E \$1.05; F \$1.10; C \$1.55; H \$1.85; I \$1.36; K \$2.30; M \$2.40; N \$2.50; windowglass \$4.70; waterwhite \$3.00.

WILMINGTON, March 17-Rosin firm; strained \$0; good strained \$0; turpentine steady at 28; tar steady at \$6; crude turpentine steady; hard \$1.10; \$0ft and virgin \$1.50.

NEW YORK, March 17-Rosin quiet; strained common to good \$1.10 < 1.16; turpentine dull at \$14@31%. OHARLESTON, March 17-Turpentine steady at 28%; rosin firm; good strained \$3. Naval Stores

Connetty Ponnes,
ATLANT2. March 17 - Eggs 11 all'sc. Butter —
West ern creamery 27 aboc; fancy Tennessee 15 aboc;
choice 18a 20c; other grades 12/5 albc. Live pecitry—
Turkeys 8: 100 % b; hens 25e 27 y; spring chickens,
large 25a 35c; large fries 18a 35c; medium 12/5c lbc;
small 10a 12/5; ducks 15a 20. Dressed pouttry—Turkeys 10a 12/5c ducks 16a 15c; chickens 10a 12/5. Irish
potators 25.06 2.75 % bb; fancy 5 bu 5.56 20. Swet
potatoes, 70a 15c % bb; fancy 5 bu 5.56 20. Swet
potatoes, 70a 15c % bb. Honey—Strained 8 210c; in
the combiolistys. Onlone 75c 41.00 % bb; 25c 25c
&2.75 Spanish onlons. 1 bu, crates, \$1.40a 1.50. Cabbage 262 3c. Grappel—Malaga 56 to 55 h kegs \$5.00a
5.00; 60 to 65 h kegs \$5.50a6.00. Conneter Poquee.

T. H. Northen.

Walker Dunson.

Northen & Dunson. Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable

Bull-ling.

WEST PEACHTREE—For a BEAUTIFUL elevated lot, close in, for \$20 a front foot less than real value.

CAPITOL AVENUE—Lot 50x200 to alley, paved street, water, gas, etc., 'n front of lot; in 100 feet of 2-story residence to be erected at once, and only \$1,100 (easy terms) buys the lot.

\$2,000—For BEAUTIFUL lot, 100x150, covered with an oak grove, between the Fleachtrees, right near the city limits.

\$5,000 for HOUSE AND LOT on Capitol avenue, four blocks of state capitol, and on best part of street.

\$5,500—For large, elevated lot, 100x250, West Peachtree, just outside of city; easy terms.

**NORTHEN & DUNSON.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR. G. W. ADAIR, REAL ESTATE.

No. 14 Wall St., Kimball House.

Watch out for the following AUCTION SALES.

THURSDAY, MARCH 29th-"The Bolles

THURSDAY, MARCH 29th—The Bolles Place," a magnificent residence in West End, at absolute forced sale.

APRIL 3d, AT COURTHOUSE—The Toon property, 100x200 feet, corner Courtland avenue and Glimer street, at administrator's sale.

APRIL 3d, AT COURTHOUSE—The Gammark Property Pager West End cornection. mage property, near West End, opposite the residence of Mr. Anthony Murphy.

APRIL 3d, ON PREMISES, at 2:30—That beautiful lot corner Jackson and Cain streets, and house and lot corner Cain and Dunlap streets. Cut this out for reference.

G. W. ADAIR

MONEY TO LOAN.

6 PER CENT, 7 per cent, 8 per cent m to lend; any good short-time note bou six-year loans at \$17 on each \$1,000, able monthly (including principal and terest); purchase money notes bought money on hand. R. H. Jones, 45 Mari-etta street. march18-tf FOR RENT-FURNISHED-One of the

most pleasant summer homes in n Atlanta. Large, beautiful, shaded Apply 95 East North avenue. LOAN BLANKS complete for loan agents kept in stock, and the finest printing done at the Mutual Printing Company, 27 E. Hunter street.

\$2,500 AT 7 PER CENT on near-in residence property, worth \$5,000 or over. John Y. Dixon, 411 Equitable building. FOR SALE—\$1,100 in good purchase notes at a reasonable discount. "Notes," 33 Lovejoy street.

\$25,000 FOR STRAIGHT 5-year loans on imthe proved Atlanta city property in sums of \$1,000 and up to \$10,000, interest from 7 to 8 per cent, 1 per cent commission. If you can use any of this money and have good security it and the property of the

S. ORT LOANS made on approved paper at reasonable rates; no delay; established 1875. J. B. Redwine, 29 E. Alabama st. jenit 13t sun TO LOAN-\$6,00 on city property. Call at reem 66, Gate City Bank Building. MONEY WANTED—For six months, \$250.
Three as good names as Atlanta wants given to the note as endorsers. A liberal interest will be paid. Address T. X. P., care Constitution.

WANTED-To loan a few thousand dollars on good security. Address, with particu-lars, Money, care Constitution.

TO LOAN-\$400 for three years, 8 per cent, semi-annually, with small commission "Jack," care Constitution.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS TO LEND or Atlanta property. Not less than \$1, loaned. Address Capital, care Constituti TO LOAN—At once \$100, \$200, \$300, \$500, \$1,500 and \$2,000; money on hand, no delay. Call early. Eibert & Schmidt, room 28 Inman building.

A FEW thousand dollars to loan, one to five years, 7 to 8 per cent; no commissions and no loans made through agents, brok-ers or attorneys. Come yourself. Geo. S. May. mar4 4t sun MONEY TO LOAN—Are you hard up? You can get money at 3 per cent a month from Uncle Sam's pawn office, 98 Decatur St. maril-3m-sun

THE ATLANTA BANKING CO., 10 Wall street, Kimball House, will loan money on Atlanta or suburban real estate, at 8 per cent, returnable in monthly installments; no delay; purchase money notes bought. Willard H. Nutting, cashier. marii-2w-sun wed fri

LOANS made on real estate; purchase money notes, or any notes well secured bought. E. P. McBurney, 34 Equitable building. THE MERGHANTS AND MECHANICS Banking and Loan Co. will loan you money at 8 per cent, repayable monthly, on city real estate. R. H. Wilson, cashier. 51 N. Pryor street. [eb 21, 1m. MONEY TO LEND-On improved residence and business property in the city, at 8 per cent straight, interest payable semi-annually; for from two to five years. Absolutely no commission charged. W. T. Crenshaw, Cashler. mar8 tf

FOR LOANS on farms and city real estate come direct to Gate City bank building. W. P. & W. C. Davis, Attorneys.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY regotiate loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 25 S. Broad street. jan 4-ly.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN persists real

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 22 Gould

PERSONAL.

ATLANTA PARCEL and Baggase of pany has moved to 42 East Wall, or depot; trunks delivered and translate; leave checks and save storage. In phone 43.

HELP

VANTED—Sales sists to handle a snap. Addre Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Thorsetic men to to Georgia as gen bian Building Richmond, Va.

WANTED-A go sewing machin wholesaling on experience and

WE WILL STA stable business home; no cap either sex; Sou this if you ca day. Western Louis, Mo.

Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Salefor St. Louis
houses to sell
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elry and furnit
address for p
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Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Men cugar-shaped tood from a quired, as ever as he sees it; ple and outnit stamps. New Box 51, Stamps

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men and tea
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ager, Dalas,
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to J. I. Yanc
ceive by retu
gains: "The b
and 158 popul
complete—ali
wanted—ali
wanted—ali

wanted—Tw with retail ga dress, giving rience, P. O.

WANTED-TW

Kutz & Co.

EMPLOYMEN Whitehall str

WANT YOU with six year business; no such contract of experience once. Call

building, Atl

BTENOGRAPH mers, clerks, ers, are furn reau, 71½ Pea

BOUTHERN street, Atlan a good posit

city for cigar Address, with tory, Fourth New York ci

MANTED—Rel fice near here and reference

TRAVELING years experimedicines to yer Medicine nue, Chicago.

WANTED—Pa erywhere. Li no expense. Card. P. O. feb 18 _ su

WANTED Sal selling pants Tailoring Con dect-60t e o

BALESMEN-I retail trade of cialty; a rous commission; postpaid. Ad Co., Provide mari3-3t tue

PAINTER or paper; terms sortment. P tion. Box 71

BALESMEN

samples to the sell on sight firm; liberal advertising sition. Addr Co., D 17 Ch.

SIDE LINE-

WANTED-A

SALESMEN-chant tailor selling artic 30 cents for N. Vine str

LEARNERS Home work mont avenu

MANAGER

sible man take charg slot machin & Co., Cin

BALESMEN

ing our sid dlers wante Cincinnati,

MEN TO Steady em

AGENTS W hangers wa make good ory wall p Providence,

LADIES WA weekly; no Miss Fann

ANY LADY

week quiet with stam Gordon, Jo offer, and hours per gate,

WANTED-1 light house street.

quietly at stamped es Jonet, Ill. will pay pare only

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Bend, Ind.

LADIES CA and address no canvas with stam South Ben

WISH to from their time in my from \$5 to ty. No e postage a lady who ployment illustration atamp, M Ky.

AGENTS, everywher new; no

Co., Sprin WANTED

four year J. N. We

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sary, \$75 Chemical V

phone 43.

ROBERT L. RODGERS, attorney and conselor at law, notary public and ex-once justice of the peace; law office room it court rooms, lb-l6 James bank building No. 16½ Whitehall street, Atlanta Gawill give special attention to collection conveyancing, land claims, settling attates.

tates.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS repaired and covered. 6 East Alabama street, lately 12 Peachtree. J. M. Burkert. CARPETS RENOVATED on the floor same as new; send in your orders at once; work guaranteed. Excelsior Steam Laundry, 53 Decatur street; 'Phone 41. DON'T BUY NEW CLOTHES when you can have your old ones cleaned equal to new at \$1.50 per suit. Where? At a Decatur street; phone il. Excelsion Steam Laundry, W. E. danye, manager. MRS. M. C. THOMAS, clairvoyant and medium, tells past, present and future. Kirkwood, Ga., Decatur dummy line.

Wood, Ga., Becatter dummy line.

NEW LODGE Golden Chain, entrance tes
\$3.50. See G. S. Prior, 75 Peachtree St.

Organize on 20th inst.

WANTED—Several good lady correspondents from everywhere; all letters promptly answered. Address John Roscoe, Broydon, Ga.

don, Ga.

THE SOUTHERN LAW and Collection Exchange, Robert L. Rodgers attorney and counselor, rooms 11-15-16 in James bank building, No. 18½ Whitehall street Atlanta, Ga., will give special attentos to collections for manufacturers and jobbers, wholesale and retail merchants. Raliable correspondents at all accessible places.

places.

YOU CAN obtain a receipt to fortune to 25 cents. Send money and address 1. Box 283, Atlanta, Ga.

"JULIET" wants a "Romeo" correspondent. Address "Juliet," general deliver, Atlanta, Ga.

W. AND E., P. O. Box 24, Charlotta N. C. Two jolly boys want to hear from refined ladies. All letters answered.

INVITATIONS, programmes, cards, ticket, etc., printed best, cheapest and quicket at the Mutual Printing Company, I E Hunter street.

TO EPILEPTICS—Send for Dr. O. Phelps Brown's famous treatise on "The Cause and Cure of Epilepsy," with particular, testimonials, etc. J. Gibson Brown, Jer-sey City, N. J.

BEST CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, 22 per dozen. Mrs. Word, 56% Whitehall street, over Rich's.

SAVE YOUR STOCK of swinnied shoulders and sore necks by using the Giant wagon brake. M. J. Bobo, 227 Marietta street. brake. M. J. Bobo, 227 Marietta street.

THE SOUTHERN LAW AND COLLECtion Exchange—Robert L. Rodgers,
attorney and counselor at law, rooms 11,
15 and 16 in James bank building, No. 154,
Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., will give
special attention to loan claims for owners and agents; conveyancing for vendors
and vendees; settling estates for heir
and legatees.

and legatees.

MOVING, packing, shipping and storing furniture and household goods. In M. Ives, 38 South Broad. mari4-wed su J. S. DAVITTE, manufacturer of first-class lime, Davittes, Ga. Write for price. feb25-3-m sun

MARRY—If you want a husband or wife rich or poor, send 10 cents for matrimonia.

rich or poor, send 10 cents for matrimoni paper, sent sealed in plain wrapper. Ir. and Mrs. Drake, Central Bank buildin Chicago, Ill. maril-list-sun and Mrs. Didac,
Chicago, Ill.

SHOPPING IN New York at lowestprice
and no commission asked. Send for chcular. Mary J. Curry, 261 W. Tventich
feb 11, 9-sun.

cular. Mary J. Curry, 261 W. Twenten street.

FREE TEST—Send date and place of birm and 10 cents for magazine, "The World of Mystery," and I will tell you what astrology says of you past and future. Sealed reply. Professor W. H. Chang, 225 Dearborn street, Chicago.

FREE INFORMATION about guaranteed permanent cure of syphilitic blood poison in 20 days, obtained by addressing A. C. Jones, 84 Adams st., Chicago.

Jan28 12t sun

ATTENTION LADIES—"Emma" Bust Developer will enlarge your bust five inches guaranteed; sealed instructions 2c, or 3-page illustrated catalogue 6c, by mail Emma Toilet Bazaar, Boston, Mass.

jan21-13t-sun

Janzi-list-un

IF THE GENTLEMAN who told his companion on the train that he would buy 10,000 bushels of wheat if he knew how will write to C. F. Van Winkle & Co., 236 La Sale street, Chicago, he will receive a book explaining speculation and how to trade.

SAVE VOLD CLOSURED. ceive a book early decirement of trade.

SAVE YOUR CLOTHES by having them dyed or cleaned at the Southern Dye Works, 22 and 24 Waiton street; telephone 695; work is perfect and will please your nov 28, 6m—sun

nov 26, 6m—sun

A TRANCE MEDIUM—Send 25c and lock
of hair, with age, sex and stamp, and recelve horoscope of future life. Mme. Arcole, dead trance medium, seventh daughter, born with double veil; tells past, present and future, full name of whom you
will a serve and the control of the market. will marry; advice on business, love, marriage, speculation, changes, losses, divorce, etc. Box 19, 121 Fourth avenue, New York.

ACME SIGN WORKS—Cheapest sign works in the south. Latest metropolitan styles and designs, 96 Whitehall street. A. P. Paris, manager.

REDUCE your funeral expenses 33 per cent Simmons Bros., Undertakers, 127 Marietta st febil MARRIED LADIES, for absolute \$5'.60' and health use the Gem. New Invention. Send 10 cents. Ladies' Novelty Company, Kansas City, Mo. ta st.

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Geneset; Niagara Falls forty miles away. Niagara Falls forty miles away. July 16-ly. CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., Jewelers, 57 Whitehall.

AUCTION SALES-Real Estate. GET YOUR PLATS, circulars and display cards printed the quickest and cheapes at the Mutual Printing Company, I E. Hunter street.

MEDICAL.

LADIES! Chichester English Pennyroyal
Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe
reliable; take no other; send 4 cents in
stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Company,
Philadelphia. Pa Philadelphia, Pa. april 16-156t thur sat sun

WHITE AND BARRED Plymouth Rock eggs for hatching at \$2 per setting. H. A. Kuhns, Box 400, Atlanta. LANGSHAN EGGS.

FOR SALE-Chickens, Eggs, Pet Stock

ENGLAND'S BEST imported black Lang-shans, Paragon strain, the only true Chi-nese type; eggs, \$2 per setting. A. T. Lea, No. 70 Smith street, Atlanta, Ga. FOR EXCHANGE.

WOULD exchange exceptionable paying property on Indian river, Florida, for good income Atlanta property. B. L. Hearn, Atlanta, Ga. FOR TRADE—Gentleman's fine gold watch. Stevens's % movement, for top buggy of phaeton. Watch, this office.

WANTED-Real Estate.

WANTED—Real estate agents to have their plats printed and buy their legal blanks from the Mutual Printing Com-pany, 27 E. Hunter street. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

10 CENTS ONLY, shorthand self-instruc-tion, guaranteed positively self-instruc-tive; no teacher required; secure this wonderful book; mailed free for 10c. Mac-Nair Publishing Company, Detroit, Mich. WHO SAID TIMES ARE HARD? Not so.
Money loaned on diamonds, watches, pistols, guns, clothing, musical instruments at low rates of interest. New York Loar Office, Henry H. Schaul, proprietor, 14 Decatur street. MONEY TO LOAN.

Decatur street. mrch 10tf

LOANS of any amount promptly made on central business property at 6 per cent. \$30,000 for choice residence loans at 7 per cent. Weyman & Connors, 611 Equitable building.

building.

MONEY TO LOAN—Short time loans made on approved paper. Also on diamonds, watches, silver plate and fine jewelry. Albusiness confidential. Smith & Owen, brokers, 17½ Peachtree street. febil-200. SHORT LOANS made on real estate with out delay. Good notes bought. Moody a Brewster, all Equitable building. Teb 14-6m. MONEY TO LOAN—Purchase money act bought by the Trust Company of George Equitable building.

LIFE ENI policies 1 Whitehal maris-s

ARASOLS repaired it Alabama street . M. Burkert. D on the floor sar orders at once; wo or Steam Laundr es cleaned equal to Where? At one il. Excels

Adlanta, Gs.

**NTED—Thoroughly reliable and energete men to take charge of the state of deorgia as general agents of the Columbian Building and Loan Association, of Richmond, Va.; parties must be men of sufficient means to thoroughly prosecute the work; liberal and profitable contracts to the right men. Address the Columbian Building and Loan Association, Richmond, Va.

**WANTED—A good salesman to wholesale sewing machines. Must have experience wholesaling or retailing this line. State experience and age. Address Box 668. clairvoyant and ment and future. Kira-tummy line. Kirawe will START YOU in pleasant, pro-fitable business; can be done at your own home; no capital required; no pending; either sex; so week eastly made; answer this if you can only spare two hours a day. Western Supply Company, St. Louis, Mo. chain, entrance feat r, 75 Peachtree St. WANTED—Sale-emen in the south to travel for St. Louis and eastern wholesate houses to sell boots and shoes, clothing, nats and caps, tobaccos, perfumes, jew-elry and furniture. Salary and expenses, address for particulars, American Business Exchange, 714 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.

W and Collection

for Dr. O. Phelps lise on "The Cause

TOGRAPHS, \$2 per

ng the Giant wago 27 Marietta street.

W AND COLLEG-ert L. Rodgers, or at law, rooms 11, hk building, No. 164, inta, Ga., will give an claims for own-yancing for vendors estates for heirs

ipping and storing hold goods. L. M. marl4-wed su

a husband or wife ents for matrimonia plain wrapper. Mr. tral Bank buildin marll-list-sun

ork at lowest prices sked. Send for cir-, 261 W. Twentieth feb ii, 5t-sun.

and place of birth azine, "The World will tell you what past and future or W. H. Chaney,

about guaranteed hilitic blood poison addressing A. C.

"Emma" Bust De ur bust five inches tructions 2c, or 3d ogue 6c, by mail Boston, Mass.

who told his com-nat he would buy if he knew how an Winkle & Co., cago, he will re-g speculation and dec31-62tsun

by having them e Southern Dye n street; telephone will please you. nov 25, 6m—sun

Send 25c and lock and stamp, and re-tire life. Mme. Ar-im, seventh daugh-eil; tells past, pres-

ame of whom you business, love, mar-anges, losses, di-21 Fourth avenue, feb 25—4t, sun.

xpenses 33 per cent takers, 127 Mariet-feb16

m. New Invention.
Novelty Company,
sepi-ly

mported black Lang-n, the only true Chi-per setting. A. T. reet, Atlanta, Ga.

ICATIONS.

orthand self-instruc-ositively self-instruc-equired; secure this led free for 10c. Mac-apany, Detroit, Mich.

RE HARD? Not so, amonds, watches, pismusical instruments est. New York Loaz chaul, proprietor, 146 mrch 10tf

nt promptly made on perty at 6 per cent. idence loans at 7 per onnors, 511 Equitable mari—dtf

hort time loans made Also on diamonds, and fine jewelry. All al. Smith & Owen, ree street. febll-2w

mess Exchange, 714 Pine street, St.
Louis, Mo.
WANTED-Men in every town to sell our
cyar-shaped smoking pipe; cannot be
tond from a cigar; no experience is required, as every smoker buys one as soon
as he sees it; big profits for agents; sample and outnit by mail for lo cents in
gramps. New England Pipe Company,
Box 31, Stamford, Conn.
WANTED-Strong and industrious boy to
learn electro plating. Apply Monday
morning to Atlanta Electro Plating
Works. 47% Whitehall street.
Werks. 47% Whitehall street.
TENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, salesmen and teachers desiring positions in
Texas, are invited to address "The Texas
Business Sureau," J. W. Hudnail, manager, Dalas, Tex.
WANTED-Five hundred people to send to. W and Collection Rodgers attorney 11-15-16 in James Whitehall street, se special attention ufacturers and job ail merchants. Re-at all accessible

x 24, Charlotte, N. vant to hear from ters answered. nmes, cards, tickets apest and quickes ng Company, Z E

ager, Dalias, Tex.

WANTED—Five hundred people to send 10c. to J. I. Yancey, Covington, Ga., and receive by return mail the following bargains: "The National Handy Dictionary" and 158 popular songs, words and music complete—all for 10c.

WANTED—Two Al salesmen, acquainted with retail grecery trade of Atlanta. Address, giving age, references and experience, P. O. Box 66, Atlanta, Ga.

wanted—Two cash boys. Apply by half-past to o'clock tomorrow morning. M. Kutz & Co.

EMPLOYMENT for about five men at 117
Whitehall street early in the morning.

HELP WANTED-Male

WANTED—Salesmen visiting retail drug-sists to handle side line on commission; a snap. Address Town Boys' Friend Co., Atlanta, Gs.

whitenail street early in the morning.

WANT YOU—You want my contract, with six years renewal interest on your business; no other company will give such contract; three men and two ladies of experience to solicit life insurance at once. Call or address room 405, Kiser building, Atlanta, Ga., between 9 and 10 a. m.

a. m.
STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, drummers, clerks, collectors, druggists, teachers, are furnished free by Southern Bureau, 71½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. reau, 71½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

BOUTHERN BUREAU, 70½ Peachtree
street, Atlanta, Ga., assists you in getting
a good position; several placed last week.

SALESMEN WANTED—In every town and
city for cigar scheme; big money maker.
Address, with stamp, Erminie Cigar Factory, Fourth avenue, near 107th street,
New York city.

WANTED—Reliable man to open small office near here and handle my goods; stamp
and references. A. T. Morris, care this
paper.

PRAVELING MEN that have had two years experience in selling proprietary medicines to druggists. Dr. A. P. Saw-yer Medicine Company, 161 Colorado ave-nue, Chicago.

WANTED—Paper Hangers and Painters everywhere. Liberal terms; selling bargains; no expense. Samples free. Send Business Card. P. O. Box 816, Cincinnati, O. feb 18 . su.

WANTED-Salesmen or agents. Good pay selling pants to order 33, suits 315. Hunter Talloring Company, Cincinnati, O. deci-50t e o d

Tailoring Company, Cincinnati, U.
dect-Sit e 0 d

BALESMEN-Local and traveling to call on
retail trade only, introducing a new specialty; a rouser for dull times. Salary or
commission; samples and terms 15 cents
postpaid. Address Depart. D., Columbian
Co., Provident building, Philadelphia. ,
mari3-3t tues wed sun

PAINTER or paper hanger to handle wall
paper; terms liberal, prices low; large assortment. Patterns selected for this section. Box 711, Cincinnati, O.
feb 25-6t-sun.

feb 25-6t-sun.

BALESMEN WANTED to sell our goods by samples to the wholesale and retail trade; sell on sight to every business man or firm; liberal salary, money advanced for advertising and expenses; permanent position. Address with stamp, King Mfg. Co., D 17 Chicago, Ill. feb.' 20t sun

SIDE LINE—\$2 per town paid traveling men to appoint agents; no samples. Write J. F. Rowins, 115 Fifth avenue, Chicago. nov 26—52sun.

nov 26-52sun.

WANTED-A man to take an office and represent a manufacturer; \$50 per week, small capital required. Address, with stamp, Manufacturer, Box 212, Concord Junction, Mass. marii-4t-sun sat SALESMEN-Calling on ciothiers and merchant tailors to carry as side line quick seiling article; large commissions. Send 30 cents for samples. B-K Mfg. Co., 117 N. Vine street, Hazleton, Pa. jan14-10su LEARNERS for newspaper pen drawing. Home work evenings. Provost, 328 Clermont avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. mari7-3t

MANAGER WANTED—Energetic, responsible man in each state to employ and take charge of agents selling newest slot machines—our make. M. Siersdorfer & Co., Cincinnati, O. mar17-3t

A Co., Cincinnati, O. mar17-8t

BALESMEN (traveling) make \$10 daily selling our side line to merchants. No peddiers wanted. Address W. H. Ferguson Co., Cincinnati, O. mar13—10t

MEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER—Steady employment, experience unnecessary, \$75 salary or commission. U. S. Chemical Works, \$40 Van Buren, Chicago. aug 13—5m

AGENTS WANTED—Painters and paper hangers wanted; only good workmen; can make good money handling our satisfactory wall papers. Address F. H. Cady, Providence, R. I.

HELP WANTED-Female.

LADIES WANTED to write at home; \$15 weekly; no canvassing; reply with stamp, Miss Fannie Felknor, South Bend, Ind. ANY LADY who desires to make \$20 per week quietly at her own home, address, with stamped envelope, Miss Myra B. Gordon, Joliet, Ill. This is a bona-fide offer, and if you can only spare two hours per day it will pay you to investigate.

WANTED-First-class white servant for light house work. Apply 469 Peachtree

ANY LADY wishing to make \$20 per week quetly at her own home, address with stamped envelope, Miss Lucile B. Logan, Joiet, ill. This offer is bona fide, and it will pay you to investigate if you can spare only two hours per day.

WANTED—A good white girl or middleaged woman to do housework and wait
on old lady by mother and daughter. 49
Garnett street.

LADIES RECEIVE \$3 daily who will do
writing for me at their homes. Reply,
with stamp, Ethel A. Sprague, South
Bend, Ind.

ADDIES RECEIVE \$3 daily who will do
writing for me at their homes. Reply,
with stamp, Ethel A. Sprague, South
Bend, Ind.

Hend, Ind.

Bend, Ind.

Bend, Ind.

Mar 4, 16t, sun.

LADIES CAN MAKE \$3 dally by folding and addressing circulars for us at home; uo canvassing; position permanent; reply with stamped envelope. Miss Grace Paul, South Bend, Ind.

WISH to employ a few ladies to mail from their homes my circulars and assist me in my business. I can pay salary from \$5 to \$10 a week, according to ability. No experience necessary. I furnish postage stamps and circulars to each lady who engages with me. Steady employment the year round. Sample and illustration of work free. Address with stamp, Mrs. Marion Walker, Louisville, Ky.

AGENTS, MALE and female, wanted

AGENTS, MALE and female, wanted everywhere: lightning seller; absolutely new; no talking; profits immense and success a certainty. The Abbott Mfg. Co., Springfield Ohio. Box, N.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—Stock in the Southern Mutual Building and Loan Association, three to four years old. Address, with price, Dr. J. N. West, Toccoa, Ga.

mar 16-2w, thur, sun, tue.

LIFE ENDOWMENT and tontine insurance policies bought. Charles W. Seidell, 3½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

maris-sun wed

POR SALE—Two shares in American Investment Company. A liberal discount will be allowed. Call on R. L. Rodgers, Whitehall street.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male.

MANTED—At once, a good man cook for mall hotel; give two references and state wages expected. N. A. Sayre, Talladega, Marikota POSITION as bookkeeper, assistant bookkeeper or railroad clerk by a young man of seven years' experience in office work; references if desired. Address P. O. Box 174, city.

WANTED—Position by young man of five years' experience in bookkeeping and general office work. Can furnish very best references. Address M. C., care Constitution.

WANTED-By middle-aged man of fair intelligence, a situation as salesman (not traveling.) Will take anything in the shape of employment—not afraid to work. Moderate salary. Address L. this office.

shape of employment—not afraid to work.

Moderate salary. Address L. this office.

WANTED—By a young man of experience a position as assistant bookkeeper or to do general office work. Address C. T. F., care Constitution.

WANTED—SITUATION—By experienced young man in fire insurance business or will accept any other office or store position. H. N. S., this office.

I DISTRIBUTE circulars and anything else. Sell anything on commission.

Write for prices, naming what you want don—50,000 population. Work guaranteed. H. C. George, manager Southern Advertising Co., Logansville, Ga.

A GOOD BUSINESS MAN 30 years old, sober, energetic and reliable wishes any honorable employment. Is a good double-entry bookkeeper, collector and salesman; has been ten years in the city and can give excellent references. Would accept a small salary. Address Energetic, care Box 433.

WANTED—SITUATION—By young man.

WANTED-SITUATION-By young man, competent and active; office work pre-ferred; good references. A. D., care Constitution.

Constitution.

WANTED—A position by a registered pharmacist. First-class references. Address "Exalgine," care Constitution.

WANTED—Position in an Atlanta bank or mercantile house by a young business man; has had seven years' practical experience in all departments of banking; is an expert accountant, quick, accurate and of pleasing address; will begin on small salary; references, all the Chattanooga banks. For personal interview address J. H. C., care J. B. Micklin, 7 West Seventh street, Chattanooga, Tenn.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER desires em-

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER desires em-ployment. Gilt-edge references. Expert care this office. care this office.

MAN OF TECHNICAL education, experienced in chemical manufacture, desires position with a southern manufacturing or mining industry. Address J. S., care Constitution. mar 4, 5t, sun.

CUTTER—FIRST-class experienced cutter wishes position with merchant tailor. Address K., 27 and 29 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Several young men to board; private family; near in; at \$13.50 per month. Apply 290 Woodward avenue.
FOUR OR FIVE ladies or gentlemen can obtain good board, reasonable rates, at 161 Whitehall street.

161 Whitehall street.

NOTICE—Persons desiring a strictly select place will find it to their interest to call at Mrs. Salter's private boarding house, 54 and 56 North Forsyth street. References exchanged.

BOARDERS—A few select boarders desired at 43 West Cain street, close in, first-class accommodations at reduced rates.

WANTED BOARDERS-Two gentlemen, \$12.50 per month each. Reference. Apply Mrs. H., Kirkwood, Ga.

Mrs. H., Kirkwood, Ga.

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT board, at Georgia house 14% Whitehall. Terms very reasonable.

DELIGHTFUL FRONT ROOM with good board at 61 North Forsyth street; private boarding house; two blocks from post-office.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board,

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board, reduced rates; table boarders specially solicited. 100 North Pryor street, opposite Hotel Marion.

WANTED—Two young Jewish men for boarders in private family. Address "Private," care Constitution.

THE MADISON HOUSE, 62 Houston, can accommodate a few more regular boarders; also, several day boarders; at reasonable rates. Mrs. E. V. Rhodes. WANTED BOARDERS—At 47 Houston street; all modern conveniences; close in; select boarders; front room just vacated.

CASA VENIO. 27 and 29 Auburn avenue; nicely furnished rooms; table unexcelled; terms reasonable to prompt paying persons; transients solicited.

TWO FRONT rooms with board at 139 Spring street. Spring street.

WANTED—Boarders. Delightful rooms with best of table fare. Mrs. S. R. Sams, No. 7 Church street.

BOARDERS WANTED—Nice, large front

rooms, close to business center; splendi water; good fare; \$3.50 per week. 27 Mark

mam street.

WANTED—Local, transient and day boarders; delightful rooms; splendid fare and reasonable charges. No. 3 Orange street, corner Windsor.

ONE OR TWO LADIES can secure a nice room on second floor, with board, at Washington Seminary, 46 Walton street. Literary and musical tuition offered to such ladies at very reasonable rates. References required. References required. mchi6-3t "THE PIERPONT"—Mrs. T. M. Butner, proprietress; rates, \$1.50 per day. 253 Second street, Macon, Ga. feb 25—1m.

WANTED-Miscellaneous.

WANTED—To hire a saddle horse for an hour or two a day from some person residing on north side of town. Address P. O. Box 643, city.

WANTED—Everybody to know we handle the best grade of house furnishing goods. Thos. Kirk Mfg. Co., 81 Peachtree street. WANTED-A 15-horse power center crank engine; with detached returned tubular boilers; state make, time of service, con-dition and cash price. Address T., sec-retary of state's office, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED-To sell cheap, or exchange, Singer sewing machine, good as new, for watch and chain or guitar. 124½ White-hall street. WANTED—You to call at 29 Grant build-ing before purchasing your spring suit or hat. It will pay you to see me. John B. Stiles, manager.

MANTED—A 3 to 5-horse power electric motor; must be cheap; inquire at 39 West Mitchell street, Atlanta Pants factory. WANTED-To buy second hand safe; must be a bargain. "Safe," Constitution office. WANTED-To make you an estimate on all your printing. Mutual Printing Com-pany, 27 E. Hunter street.

WANTED-Old gold and silver. A. L. Delkin Company. WANTED—To sell or excange an install-ment furniture business in Augusta for cash or Atlanta property, "A" this office,

WANTED—Dairymen to know that we manufacture all kinds of milk and butter cans. Thos. Kirk Mfg. Co., 81 Peachtree.

WANTED—Ladies' kin gloves cleaned, 15 to 25 cents per pair; fine dresses and everything in ladies' clothes. Southern Dye and Cleaning Works, 22 and 24 Walton street; telephone 695.

nov26 6m sun

telephone 696. nov26 6m sun
TYPEWRITING AND COPYING neatly
and cheaply executed. Address Postoffice
box 58. nov26 6m sun
TYPEWRITING AND
COPYING neatly
and cheaply executed.

ROOM, unfurnished preferred, with private family, convenient to business, reasonable price, first-class neighborhood, by a single gentleman. References exchanged. Address B. A., care Constitution.

WANTED-To rent a large boarding house centrally located, north side preferred. Address "H. M. J.," care Constitution.

WANTED-By responsible couple without children to rent furnished 5 or 6-room cottage; give exact location and price. References given and required. F. A., P. O. Box 780.

WANTED TO RENT-A five or six-room house, with an acre or two of ground attached, convenient to car line. R. T. J., care Constitution.

WANTED—To rent on north side a house of eight or ten rooms, suitable for two small families, of four adults and two children. Address "House," care Constitution.

MUTUAL PRINTING COMPANY.

WE HAVE ONE of the largest and best equipped printing and publishing houses in the south, and can do every kind and class of printing. Write us for estimates. Mutual Printing Company, 27 E. Hunter

100,000 MISCELLANEOUS volumes on hand. We also buy, sell or exchange anything known to the book world. Gavan Book Co., No. 6 Peachtree.

WANTED-Agents.

AGENTS WANTED everywhere; write to Aluminium Noveity Company, 522 Greene avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.; they start you in business; catalogue, actual size engravings and full information free for stamp. maris 25 apl 1 8 sun

GENERAL AGENTS—A gentleman or lady in every locality to employ subagents and collect money for us, steady employment; good pay; reference required. Address the Iron City Dish Washer Company, Box 24, E. E., Pittsburg, Pa.

Box 24, E. E., Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—Agents everywhere on salary, \$50, and commissions extra for rapid selection. The selection of the select

LIFE INSUR and other wideawaka i guick easy money writing the street accident commander of the world, and writes the most libt at posicy. Call at room 16, fourth floor, 40% Whitehall street.

at room 16, fourth floor, 40% Whitehall street.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE—The Preferred Accident Insurance Company of New York will make good contracts with active wideawake men who can write business Largest accident company in the world and most liberal policy. Call at room 16, fourth floor, 40% Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

LIFE INSURANCE—Active, reliable men wanted to write for the largest natural premium company in the world. Good contracts to capable men. Address P. O. box 742, Atlanta, Ga.

LADY MADE \$43 last week selling 'Long's

LADY MADE 343 last week selling "Long's Solid Mucliage Pencils." Why not you? Address C. A. Long, manufacturer, 334 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS can have their printing done best
and cheapest at the Mutual Printing Company, 27 E. Hunter street.

LADY AGENTS—The easiest and most
profitable thing to do is to sell the Hygela
Corset. Send for terms and information
to the Western Corset Company, St. Louis,
Mo. maril-22t sun Mo. mari1-22t sun

WANTED—An agent having \$50 to \$200 to
invest in safe business to write U. S.

Novelty Company, \$519 Vernon avenue,
Chicago, Ill., and learn what they have
to offer and get full particulars; capital
can be doubled every week. mari1-2t BONANZA TO STATE and local agents; 1,000 per cent quickly made; small capital required, but no risk; nothing its equal. G. W. McCoole Manufacturing Co., Box 516, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED; liberal salary paid; at home or to travel; teams furnished free. P. O. Vickery, Augusta, Me.

at home or to travel; teams turnshed free. P. O. Vickery, Augusta, Me. dec31-tf-sun

WANTED—Agents; sample sashlock free by mall for 2c. stamp; immense unrivaled; only good one ever invented; beats weights; sales unparalleled; 312 a day. Brohard (Box 35), Philadelphia. febil 26t. sun

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED—Selling new articles to dealers; exclusive territory; no competition; no capital required; 200 to 300 per cent profit. Columbia Chemical Co., 69 and 71 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. feb 25—sun wed

LADIES, CURE yourselves for \$1 a month by olive branch. Dr. Kilmer, South Bend, Ind., will send ten days' sample free. feb 25, 3t—sun.

WANTED—Male and female agents to canvass. New scheme; big pay; samples and terms free. Address C. E. Marshal, Lockport, N. Y. feb 18-su e o s.

WANTED—Every in surance agent and business man to write for our fortune-maker plans—life endowment, etc. Regular bonanzas. Best on earth and largest pay. Mention paper and state experience. The Agency Co., No. 8 Union Square, New York. oct 9, dly—sun.

York.

WANTED—Agents to take orders by sample; we will pay expense and salary or allow big commission. Samples easily carried, sent on application. Address Lock Box 125, New York city.

mar8 8t thur sun

mar8 8t thur sun

\$75 A WEEK paid to ladies and gents to sell the rapid Dish Washer; washes and drys them in two minutes without wetting the hands; no experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position, Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, O. feb-25-sun-No.-4

AGENTS WANTED for Murphy's Adjustable door name plate, Over 190 per cent AGENTS WANTED for Murphy's Adjustable door name plate, Over 1:00 per cent profit. Every house owner wants one. Any name can be put in the frame in five minutes. A handsome article and a quick seller. Exclusive territory if you write at once. Murphy Bros., Stamford, Conn. mari7-3t-sat sun thur.

AGENTS WANTED for masterpleces of modern art. Veritable bonanza. First at work coin money. Write for particulars. J. F. McCurdy, Cincinnati. mari3-4t eod

BUSINESS CHANCES.

START BUSINESS OF YOUR OWN-Be manufacturers' agent; 50c brings book of 300 manufacturers and jobbers, with instructions how to proceed. George T. Parker, broker, Warder building, Washington, D. C.

SEND FOR OUR little book, "How to Speculate Successfully;" valuable information on the grain and stock market; mailed free. Comstock, Hughes & Co., Rialto building, Chicago.

\$7,500 WILL BUY one-fourth interest in an established business; must be willing to travel or competent to take charge of office. Address, with references, "Seventy-five," care Constitution.

marii-sun wed

SEND 10 cents for sample book and for instructions for pleasant money-making business for women. No canvassing. Mrs. Nettie Harrison, Cincinnati, O. mar7-2t wed sun-9t

WANTED—A lady partner with three hundred dollars cash, to join a lady in renting a furnished hotel in a splendid summer resort. Rare chance to make money. Address "Mrs. G. D.," care Box 107, Ga'nesville, Ga.

WANTED—A young man business partner with small capital of \$200 or \$300, to travel with a professional man; splendid inducements to acceptable man. Refer-Constitution.

ences required. Address Medicus, care

WANTED—To buy an interest in a good fire insurance agency, by a man of ex-perience, with first-class references. In-surance, Constitution office. FOR SALE—The best located drug business in the city, just right for a physician or a No. 1 druggist, on good paying basis, good cigar and soda trade; best of reasons for selling. Address Salol, Constitution.

WANTED—Partner in commission and other business who wil put in services and some cash. B. L. Hearn, commission merchant, Atlanta.

Atlanta.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY for a good business man to invest some money and obtain a prominent position in one of the old, well established manufactories of Atlanta will be afforded by addressing G., this office.

FOR SALE—Two sets of nice saloon fixtures; good as new. Apply at May Mantel Company.

LET US PRINT your stationery when you change your business. Mutual Printing Company, 27 E. Hunter street.

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN from the north

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN from the north is looking for opening in Atlanta; com-munications strictly confidential. C. J. P., care Constitution.

WANTED—Young man of business ability, with \$1,000 cash to take charge of Atlanta branch house of first-class manufacturing company; reference; salary, \$100 a month and percentage of profits. Address, for personal interview, "Manufacturer No. 1," care Constitution.

wanted—Partner in paying business, with \$2,000 capital and services. Address A. X., care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Articles for light housekeep-ing, including gas stove, refrigerator, screen, etc. Call at 272 Luckle street. A FULL LINE of gasoline stoves, tinware and house furnishing novelties of all kinds at Thos. Kirk Mfg. Co., 81 Peach-tree.

kinds at Thos. Kirk Mig. Co., \$1 Peachtree.

FOR SALE-Four "Pride of the West" barber chairs, one "Climax," five mirrors, twelve large sitting chairs, linoleum, etc. All in first-class condition. Call or address F. Jones, Acme Barber Shop, 13 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

TURNITURE-New and Second-hand. Bedroom suits, 6 pieces, \$3 and upward; bedsteads, \$1.50 and up; mattresses, \$1 and ur; springs, 50 cents and up; household and office goods, all cheap for cash. L. M. Ives, 33's South Broad street.

Marietwed sun

PURSUANT to an order of court, the un-dersigned will receive bids for the uncol-lected accounts of the Anderson Clothing Company. Bids to be submitted by March 21, 1894. David Eichberg, attorney. Rob-ert J. Lowry, receiver, marid-wed sat tues

FOR RENT-Cottages, Houses, Etc. FOR RENT-To a good family, nice 5-room house and servant's room; lot, 75x 300 deep; in a good neighborhood; near Inman Park, corner Wyly and Lee sts. Address S. C. S., No. 45 Powers street.

Address S. C. S., No. 46 Powers street.

FOR RENT-A deligntful home in West
End, large grounds, shade, etc., 10-room
house. Apply 83 Ashby street.

mari4-3t wed fri sun

RENT-House, six rooms, newly papered,
gas and water, \$16, worth \$25. W. R.
Ragsdale, Mr. Jenkins's office, 38 Marietta.

FOR RENT-Two-story, 9-room house, No.
39 Crew street, two blocks from Capitol;
all conveniences. Apply next door.

FUR RENT-Six-room house, No. 53 Pulliam.

FOR RENT-Six-room house, No. 53 Pulliam street. Inquire at 65 Pulliam street—on street car line. street car line.

FOR RENT-Nice house, 77 Windsor street, close to Rawson street. Apply 71 White-hall street.

FOR RENT-A cottage of six rooms with modern conveniences, 184 Spring street, between Baker and Harris. Apply 36 West Baker.

Baker.

FIVE-ROOM HOUSE, No. 95 Pledmont avenue, close in, and all conveniences, with large lot for garden or stock. With large lot for garden or stock.

FOR RENT—New, five-room house, gas and water, only \$10 per month. Apply to 56

Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—Four-room house, Georgia avenue, near Pryor street, also 4-room house Formwalt street. Apply & East Fair.

FOR RENT-Three 4-room houses, Cooper street. Apply 259 Formwalt. SPLENDID HOUSE, suitable for one or two families, on car line; gas, water, dec-orated; close in; good neighborhood. Ap-ply at 70 Pulliam or 29 Hunter. M. M. Mauck.

Mauck.

FOR RENT-Nice seven-room house 119
Courtland avenue; close in; cheap, Apply to George M. Downs, corner Broad and Mitchell streets, up stairs.

and Mitchell streets, up stairs.

FOR RENT-Modern seven-room house,
Pulliam street \$25; cheap. Apply to C. J.
Beane, 141 Pulliam.

FOR RENT-One five-room cottage; close to
Whitehall car line; good condition. Pierre
M. Bealer, 75 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT-Near in, 7-room house, 169
Whitehall pricely papered and gas, \$25.

M. Bealer, 75 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT—Near in, 7-room house, 169
Whitehall; nicely papered and gas, \$25.
Apply 133 S. Pryor.

FOR RENT—Upon reasonable terms, a nice 10-room house, 273 Washington; all modern conveniences. A. D. Adair, 23½
West Alabama street.

marls-6t-aun-tue-thur maris-6t-sun-tue-thur

FOR RENT-I will either sell or rent my
house, No. 19 Forest avenue, two doors
from Peachtree. The house is well furnished and will not be rented as a boarding house or to a family with children. S,
H. Venable. mar 9-3t fri su wed.

FOR RENT-5-room cottage, 188 Capitol avenue. G. W. McCarthy. mar 15, 5t.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT-Two large connected front room, water, gas and bath, in good neigh-borhood. Sultable for light housekeeping. Apply 4i West Fair street. FOUR PLEASANT ROOMS to rent. suitable for light housekeeping; no one with children need apply. 157 Courtland ave-

THREE OR FOUR NICE rooms to rent cheap; gas and water. Apply at 136 West Peachtree.

Peachtree.

TWO ELEGANT OFFICE ROOMS—On account of removal to new quarters, I will rent the two rooms now occupied by me at 28% Whitehall street, Possession given April 1st. Charles W. Crankshaw.

FOR RENT—Large dining room, rent taken in board; other day boarders can be obtained; large central north side board. in board; other day boarders can be ob-tained; large, central, north side board-ing house; furnished room. Information 111 Spring street.

FOR RENT-Furnished Rooms.

FOR RENT-One nice furnished room, 3 doors from Whitehall street. Address 180 Whitehall street.

FOR RENT-Two furnished rooms with gas stove, suited to light housekeeping; large and close in; 29 Ellis street. Good location.

ROOMS FOR RENT—Two large furnished rooms. Apply 216 Peachtree street. FURNISHED FRONT ROOM for rent, 78 FURNISHED ROOMS for rent at 71 North

FORSTED ROOMS for rent at 41 North
FORSTED ROOM on second flour, cool and pleasant, gas, hot and
cold baths. Location, central 22 Church

rooms for rent; home comforts. Gentle-men only; 113 Marletta street.

FOR RENT-One large, alry front room, furnished. Gas and water, private porch, Apply 46 East Baker street.

FURNISHED ROOM for rent, low price, 115 East Fair street. References ex-changed. changed.

ROOMS-Furnished or Unfurnished. TO LET-Furnished or unfurnished—three or four rooms with parlor privilege. Delightful neighborhood, north side. References exchanged. Address P. O. Box 731.

ROOMS-With or Without Board.

FOR RENT-To gentlemen, with or without board nicely furnished room at 149 Whitehall sareet.

Whitehall aireet.

TO RENT-Furnished rooms, with board, to single gentlemen, 135 Spring street.

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous. FOR RENT OR SALE—The Brunswick hotel at Norcross, Ga. Twenty-five rooms furnished throughout, and four acres of garden land, stables, carriage house, etc. Fine summer resort. For particulars, apply to J. M. Holbrook, or L. P. Thomas, No. 6 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga. FOR RENT-10-room boarding house; close in; on Marietta street; painted newly throughout. Address J. B. Roberts or Sam C. Dean, real estate agent, Room 14, 37½ Whitehall street.

For Rent by J. Henly Smith, No. 12 West Alabama St., Hillyer Building.

Telephone No. 225.

4-Room cottage, at street car line, near Air-Line shops, nice, good order ... \$ 9 00 2-Room house and 4 acres, inside the city; land in tiliage and fairly fertillized ... 9 00 6-Room cottage, stables, garden, West End ... 15 00 5-Room cottage, hich Hightower street ... 15 00 3-Room cottage, nice, Hightower street 10 00 4-Room cottage, walker street ... 15 00 5-Room cottage, Walker street ... 15 00 6-Room cottage, Martin street ... 16 00 6-Room cottage and servants house with 2 acres, Marietta road ... 14 00 3-Room cottage, Butler street, near Decatur ... 12 00 Good 4-room cottage, West Mitchell st. 9 00 Nice 4-room cottage, Wangum st ... 15 00 Store and 3-rooms, West Mitchell ... 15 00 Very elegant 6-room cottage, wheat st 25 00 Beautiful 8-room residence, close in, south gide, a very destrable, choice place ... 35 00 Fine Hotel, 24 rooms.upon very reasonable terms. Everything desirable, and in elegant condition, and very convenient. Call.

LOST-A gold watch charm with small pearl in the center. Finder will be suit-ably rewarded by leaving it at Constitu-tion office.

STRAYED—From my premises a small red, no-horned cow, on Thursday last. For the recovery of said cow and thief with proof sufficient to convict, I will pay \$25 reward. George W. Collier, North Atlanta. Atlanta.

LOST—A plain red vulcanite cross, with gold mounting; valued on account of associations. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at 6½ North Broad, room 5.

LOST-Time and money by not having your watch repaired by the A. I. Delkin Company, 69 Whitehall street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE TIME HAS COME when all men study in common to economize. It is to send that old suit down to the Excelsior Steam Laundry and have it cleaned, equal to new, at \$1.50 per suit. \$3 Decatur street. 'Phone, \$1. W. E. Hanye.

WHEN YOU GO TO ATHENS, GA., remember W. D. Bowden, who runs the most comfortable omnibus and carriages from the depot to the different hotels; his facilities for handling baggage are also unequaled.

LEGAL BLANKS—We keep a large and complete assortment of legal blanks. Mutual Printing Company, 27 E. Hunter st.

FOR SALE-Real Estate.

G. J. Dallas, 19 S. Broad Street G. J. Dallas, 19 S. Broad Street.
4-r. h., Ridge avenue, very nice, or will
exchange for a farm.
4-r. h., rooms 16x16, Corley avenue, lot
64x90, rexts for \$8.

22 4-r. h.s, I 12-r. h., street on three
sides, within the mile circle, lot
220x220, rent for \$85 per month; the
houses are new, all the sooms plastered and celled; if taken at once.
275 acres land, good improvements,
good land, on Air-Line railroad, 12
miles out.

Vacant lot, Oak street, seventh ward,
100x200.

2,500 r. h., Peeples street, 100x200, a lovely

8-r. h., Peeples street, 100x200, a lovely home.

1 store, Irwin street; rents well. 1,500
1 vacant lot, North avenue, 50x200. 3,000
25 acres just 5 miles out, at a station, on G. C. and N. railroad. 1,000
12-r. h., Stonewall street, 50x200, with 3 2-r. houses rear lot. 4,500
4% acres, 3-r.h., 4 miles out on Jonesboro road, new place; cheap. 500
47 acres at Hapeville; will exchange for city property; per acre. 60
1 store, Whitehall street; call and see me; central property. me; central property.

10 acres near Buckhead, in virgin forest; well watered, for.......

D. Morrison, 47 East Hunter Street.

25, 65, 102 AND 135 acres near Clarkston, all good land, on easy terms, and very cheap at \$20 per acre.

4R. H. on a nice high lot, 64x89, near Houston street, east of Randolph street. This property will always rent well for \$8 to \$10 per month, which would pay the buyer a very handsome profit of 12 to 15 per cent interest on the money invested if you buy this now. I will sell for \$700.

per cent interest on the money invested for you buy this now. I will sell for \$700.

55 ACRES of choice original forest land near Peachtree road, about five and a half miles northwest of the carshed. This is a chance of a life time and may make the buyer rich, for the price is away below its value, and the terms easy. Some young man with \$400 cash, and that will pay \$215 in six months and assume a mortgage on the place for \$3,400, due in four years, interest 8 per cent payable annually, can get it this week only at the low price of \$73 per acrc.

STORE AND HOUSE on a good business corner near North Boulevard. Store building is 28x38 and nearly new. The rent of this place now pays 12 per cent interest and will soon pay 15 per cent. Terms one-half cash, balance 1 and 2 years, and the price if bought at once is only \$1,600.

50, 100 OR 150 ACRES of choice wood land on a main road 5 miles southeast of the carshed and only one quarter mile from a station on the A. and F. R. R. Terms one-third cash, balance long time, and price this week away down to \$50 per acre. There is big money in this for some one. Do not miss it. See?

2-R. H. and fine high lot 50x100 on Richardson street well worth \$1,000: for cash.

2-R. H. and fine high lot 50x100 on Richardson street, well worth \$1,000; for cash, \$600. MONEY to loan at 6, 7 and 8 per cent. 75 ACRES at Chambalee, 13 miles out on R. and D. R. R., \$20 per acre.

8-R. H. AND 2-room servant's house on Lee street, West End. lot 45x204 to 10-foot alley. This is a nice home with fruit and flower garden. Terms '4 cash, balance \$40 per month. Price only \$4,500. MONEY TO LOAN at 6, 7 and 8 per cent, 3-ROOM HOUSE on Woodward avenue, in a white neighborhood. It usually rents for 36 per month; now rented for \$5, which is 12 per cent on your money. One-half cash, balance easy, for \$500.

cash, balance easy, for \$500.

MONEY MAY be scace and times may be hard, but even that cannot keep West End, which is the choicest part of Atlanta, from going right ahead, for there is more handsome new homes now being built there than any other part of the city. One reason for it is that I am selling fine large building lots at very low prices and on easy terms. My office is headquarters for West End property, vacant and improved. If you want a home, small or large, call soon and see my list and let me sell you a home in West End. D. Morrison, 47 East Hunter street.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous. SEED CORN, Seed Millet, Oats, Peas. Best large field cron; Burt and Blue Oats for late sowing. T. H. Williams, 5½ Broad street.

street.

FOR SALE-Watches and diamonds at low prices. A. L. Delkin Company.

FOR SALE-Gold-filled watch, guaranteed for 20 years; cost \$25; will take \$13 cash. Address, H. H., care Constitution. BUY YOUR Easter novelties at the A. L. Delkin Company, 69 Whitehall street. CHEAP waterworks for country residences Bros., hydraulic engineers, Gate City bank building, Atlanta, Ga.

HEATING STOVES cleaned and stored by Thos. Kirk Manufacturing Company, 81 Peachtree. SELLING OUT—On account of going out of business we are offering our entire stock of clothing, shoes, hats and gents' furnishing goods at a great sacrifice for cash or in exchange of city property. Call or write to No. 4 West Mitchell street.

WANTED-A good second-hand set of blacksmith's tools. Address L. H. Johnson, 297 Courtland avenue.

FOR SALE-CHEAP-3,000 lineal feet of Lithonia granite curbing; well cut; 5-inch face; 18 inches deep, 6, 7 and 8 feet lengths. Apply room No. 12, Gate City bank building. W. S. Saul.

ing. W. S. Saul.

A BARGAIN-Full dress coat and vest;
New York make; also, Prince Albert coat.
Excelsior Laundry.

TUBE ROSES, Dahlias, Paeonios, Cannas,
Caladiums and Flower Seeds in great
profusion, 35 South Pryor street. Mark
W. Johnson Seed Co. mch16-2t W. Johnson Seed Co. mchl6-2t
EDISON MIMEOGRAPHS and supplies.
We carry the best goods obtainable and
guarantee everything we sell. Telephone
1006. Geo. M. Folger, 71 N. Pryor.
mar 15, 1m.

WANTED-Ladies' party dresses, kid gloves and everything in your line to dye or clean at Southern Dye Works, 22 and 24 Walton street; telephone 695.

"WHO first beholds the light of day, In spring's sweet flowery month of May, And wears an emerald all her life. Shall be a loved and happy wife."

See our selection of engagement, wedding and birthday rings. A. L. Delkin Co., 69 Whitehall street.

WE GUARANTEE to remove dust, dirt, grease stains, renewing colors, making carpets same as new. Excelsior Steam Laundry, 53 Decatur street, 'Phone 41. MILLINERY OPENING of imported hats, toques, turbins, round hats, dress bonnets, evening bonnets and dress hats at Mrs. Kate O'Connor's, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, 61 Whitehall street.

SOLID SILVER THIMBLES 15c. A. L. Delkin Company.

WANTED-All ladies that expect to buy dress goods or new style hats to call at room 29, Grant building; can save you money. John B. Stiles, manager. 1,000 CUPS, worth \$1, only 50c, at the A. L. Delkin Company.

FOR SALE-Machinery.

WE HAVE a 50-horse tubular boiler and a Westernhouse 50-horse engine, all in working shape, that we will exchange for lumber and shingles, cheap. 90 Decatur street. Traynham & Ray.

WE HAVE A No. 2½ Fay matching machine that will dress two sides 24 linches wide and 6 inches thick and match 16 inches wide; also a Goodal & Waters endless bed double surfacer that will dress 26 inches wide and 12 inches thick. These machines are in good condition. We will exchange these machines for lumber and shingles; cheap. 90 Decatur street. Traynham & Ray.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A 50-horse power boiler and engine, Frick & Co. make, and it is nearly new. Will take shingles or lumber in payment for same. Thompson & Farmer, Covington, Ga.

FOUND—Where ladies can have their lace curtains, carpets, rugs, blankets laun-dered equal to new and done real beauti-ful; send your orders to S. P. Cathan, 170 Peachtree street; telephone 1963; or call on Catherine Clemmons, 34 Greens-ferry avenue.

LADY WISHES BOARD in suburbs—Hape-ville or Edgewood; terms must be moder-ate. Address L. M., Constitution.

POR SALE-Real Estate.

FOR SALE—Large beautifully shaded low at Decatur; size, 133x400; spiendid location; very near electric line and also convenient to the depot and dummy line; easily worth \$1,000, but the owner is compelled to sell and wants an offer, or might trade for city property. Address A. T. S., Constitution office.

tution office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Nice suburban property, 8-room residence, for city property, just finished; 6 rooms papered and one hall; three nice verandas, large cellar, good well and stable. Address 165 Houston street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE-One eight-FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—One eightroom dwelling house, situated in the most
desirable residence district in the city of
Topeka, Kan.; is comparatively new, and
provided with every modern improvement;
basement under the whole and every room
heated by furnace; gas, electric bells, hot
and cold water; bathroom and closets,
large, new barn; shade and ornamental
trees, besides seventy bearing fruit trees;
also, 160 acres of very fine kansas land;
every foot of which can be cultivated;
will either sell or exchange these properties for inside property in the city of
Atlanta; would not object to assuming
reasonable amount of encumbrance. For
further particulars call on or address J.
G. McIntlre, 223 Capitol avenue, city.

NUMBERS of beautiful lots in East At-

NUMBERS of beautiful lots in East Atlanta for sale on the installment pis less than one-half price charged a

G. McIntlre, 223 Capitol avenue, city.

NUMBERS of beautiful lots in East Atlanta for saie on the installment pian at less than one-haif price charged a year ago. Groepe b. May. mar 4-4 tsu.

FOR SALE—One of the best stock, hay, grain and cotton larms in the most fertile and heatiny region of middle Georgia. And all improved tools and machinery necessary to run it. Said farm contains 604 acres of good red and gray lands, about haif of it cleared, balance in timber and well watered with branches. The piace is inside corporate limits of the county site, and bounded on one side by a creek for two miles, along which there are from 15 to 30 acres of good bottom land, nearly all of which is cleared, drained and prepared for mowing hay, of which a larke quantity can be saved, as it can be mowed from two to four times each season, as the weather may suit, yielding from one to four tons per acre; on the borders of the creek are native cane and Terrel grass, making good grazing for winter and summer. The nouse is a double weather-boarded, framed, two-story, containing nine rooms, two halls, closets to all rooms, china closet, pantries, etc. It is situated in an eight-acre lawn, surrounded by a nice, shady grove, souded in Bermuda grass, and fronts southeast and has about 100 feet of porch, on which there are churches and a fourishing school; school, postoffice, churches and depot in five to ten minutes walk, with good sidewalk to each; good well of pure freestone water in the yard. A dairy and dry well 16x16 feet, walled up with granite rock. There is a three-room cottage in the yard, two rooms plastered, a flower pit and garden with a variety of choice flowers; vegetable garden, choice varieties of peaches, grapes and figs, all in bearing; a pecan grove of thirty trees of the paper shell variety, from Ocean Springs, Miss. Barns, stables, granaries, biacksmith shop and a set of cow stalls 21x72 feet, with places and troughs to fasten and feed eighteen cows. Framed cabins for laborers. This place is situated in the Eermud

outh for Sym, one-hair cash, batance on time. Address J. S. W., Greenesboro, Ga.

BARGAINS—Elevated lot, west side of Washington street, 50x175 feet, at \$1,800. Nicely located lot, 50x190 feet on Capitol avenue, \$1,200; easy terms. Osborn & Forrester, 7 North Pryor.

SEVERAL HOUSES and one-acre lots at Clarkston, Ga., shaded, rallroad front; 4 to 6 rooms; fine schools; lovely homes, at \$1,000 to \$1,350; farms cheap, ten miles out Georgia railroad. Address H. W. Talton, agent. Clarkston, Ga. feb 25-4t sun

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—Suburban home, beautiful location, electric cars pass the door, few minutes out, new 9-100m house, at a bargain. Address Suburb, care Constitution office.

marit-3t e o d

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Suburban acreage properties, near in, on the Seaboard Air-Line, three and a haif miles from the union depot, very desirable for subdivision in blocks to suit the purchaser. W. W. Goodrich, postoffice box 374, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Home for farm vacant lot for horse and bugsy.

lanta, Ga. marl4-lm
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Home for
farm, vacant lot for horse and buggy,
7-room new house for vacant lot; will
build homes on monthly payments. (Read
this over again.) W. R. Burch, 205 Equitable building.

TWO OR THREE rooms, newly farnished, suitable for light housekeeping; also elegant parlor bedroom. Every convenience. Terms reasonable. 178 South Forsyth. for sale, 181 Spring street.

tion. References exchanged. Folding ber for sale, 181 Spring street.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS—100x300, Peachtree road, close to Colonel Abbott's at \$25 per front foot. A large lot close in, well improved, renting now for il per cent on investment bonded lease for 5 years, 4 years yet to run. You had best investigate this. 1,400 feet on Peachtree road at a sacrifice; party must have some money. Highland avenue lot 53x115; 7-r. h.; everything complete for a nice home, \$3,250. Large lot, near North Boulevard, 53x115, 5-room house, also 3-room house on lot, cost \$3,500, can sell now at \$2,250. 150-acre farm right at Marietta—a bargain if can sell at once; well improved, and finely watered. We can arrange satisfactory terms on any of these, and if you have money to invest it will pay you to call and see. Don't forget to call or send for our pamphlet of Georgia farms. It is complete and describes farms all over the state that we can sell at bargians. Osborn & Forrester, No. 7 North Pryor street.

New house, 7 rooms, handsomely finished, lot 60x170, fine shade, only \$3,000; 50x240 on Peeples street, \$1,000; 60x177, Oak street, \$1,000; all in good neighborhood and close to electric car; also 62x142, best part of Jackson street. C. R. Haskins, 41 North Broad.

FOR SALE—5-room house, good lot, South Pryor street, between Woodward avenue and Rawson street; also, lots on Loyd street, near Georgia avenue. Apply 69 E. Fair.

FIVE ACRES, unimproved, 4 miles from carshed; water and some bottom land, at \$75 per acre. J. Henly Smith. NICE, well-finished cottage, stable, garden, easy payments, \$1,000. J. Henly Smith. TWENTY-Five acres, unimproved at raif-road depot, 6 miles from carshed. J. Hen-ly Smith.

FOR SALE-Horses, Carriages, Etc. FOR SALE—One second-hand three-spring top wagon; cheap. Call at Harry L. Schlesinger's, 23 E. Alabama street; also, good iron well pump.

FOR SALE—A nice family carriage; used only a short time; in first-class order; would make a first-class hack; at a bargain. Address "Carriage," this office.

FOR SALE—A number of spring wagons and drays by Brown & Monnie, at Vaugh-an's shop, 245 Marietta street.

HARNESS—New set patent leather finish single harness for sale cheap. Apply to George M. Downs, corner Broad and Mitchell streets, up stairs. Mitchell streets, up stairs.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A good jump seat surrey and harness, used a short time; also a good open buggy and harness, for \$5, and a fine canopy top buggy for \$4, and a good road cart for \$5, and a fine Saids cart, finest in Atlanta, and a fine open buggy. This must be sold at once. Apply at 110 Whitehall, or phone 408. HORSE AND BUGGY for sale or hire.
Call at 29 Ellis street, also spring wagon.
1 o'clock p. m., Monday.
FOR SALE—Mare mule, 6 years old; perfectly sound, good size, work anywhere.
"Kit," this office.

FOR SALE—Female black and tan Rat Terrier and pair pups. Imported stock; beauties; \$7.50 each, cash with order. W. Rogers, 207 Cotton avenue, Macon, Ga. FOR SALE—Two pedigreed fox terrier pups, three months old; legable to registering; from one of the best New York kennels, and of the purest blood. Call or address G. E. Brown, 61 West Cain street. Atlan-ta, Ga.

STORY OF THE

BY MOLLIE ELLIOT SEAWELL,

Author of "Little Jarvis," "Midshipman Paulding," "Maid Marian," "Children of Destiny," and Other Stories.

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CHAPTER IX. All the night and the next day, Brydell's eart was heavy for his old friend. The next evening at the same time he got leave next evening at the same time he got leave. The officers knew of Brydell's affection for Grubb, and he had no difficulty in getting off when they knew where he wished to go. Walking rapidly along the street from the wharf, whom should Brydell almost run over but Admiral Beaumont, with Billy Bowline, as always, rolling along behind

"Great Jupiter!" shouted the admiral. "I was just thinking about you, boy. Where

are you going in such a hurry?"
"Going to see poor Grubb, sir," answered
Brydell, shaking hands with the admiral and nodding pleasantly to Billy Bowline. And then, with the admiral's hand upon his shoulder, standing in the narrow, fast-darkening street, Brydell told of Esdalle's disgrace and of the terrible blow it was to poor Grubb. His story was punctuated with explosions or wrath from the admiral, such "infamous cad, the boy! Shoot me, but I'd like to get that young villain on a ship Why didn't you lick him, sir Why didn't you lick him when you found the rascal out? Poor old Grubb-one of the best men I ever knew-ten good men like him will keep a whole ship's company in order." Billy Bowline's indigantion was expressed by sundry snorts, sniffs and angry hitchings up of his trousers, but was none the less emphatic because not expressed in the admiral's vigorous language.

"Come along, sir," cried the admiral, when Brydeil had finished his brief account. "I'm going to see Gruop with you." The admira' mounted the rickety stairs with his quick step, as alert as Brydell's. Billy Bowline remained below, because, as

he whispered to Brydell: "There ain't no love lost between sailors and jirenes, and Grubb, he were the best jirene I ever see-but I don't reckon as how he keers about seein' sailor men when he is

After knocking at the door the admiral and Brydell entered Grubb's little room. By the light of the small lamp, they could see him distinctly, and he looked more gaunt, nore ashy and nearer death than the even ing before. But he was feebly delighted to see them.
"How's this, Grubb?" began the admiral in

his quarterdeck voice. "You must get up. You must get well. You were the best or-derly I ever had, and it never occurred to me that you intended getting out of the service like this."

"Thankee, sir, for your good opinions," answered Grubb, a light appearing in his sunken eyes, "but I can't get well."
"Nonsense, nonsense. You've had trouble with your boy-but you must bear up-bear up. sir."

up, sir."

"Ah, sir, askin' your pardon, you don't know what it is to have trouble with your own flesh and blood. I couldn't abear to be p'inted out as Grubb, the feller whose son was drove out of his class fer lyin'. I'm a plain man, sir, and maybe that's why I hold on to be respectable so hard—I ain't got nothin' else. I didn't think, though, 'twould go so hard with me. I made up my mind in a minute to git out o' the corps and mind in a minute to git out o' the corps and take off this uniform as I respects and loves. But I didn't think to fall down in the street, and I know I've got a shock as I'll never get over." The admiral could

not but believe him.

For three or four days Brydell and the admiral went to see Grubb regularly, and so did Dr. Wayne, and it was plain to the most inexperienced eye that the marine was traveling fast out of this world. At last, one evening about the usual hour of dusk, when Brydell went in the room, he saw that Grubb had started on the great journey. His face was slightly flushed, and his eves bright, and occasionally his mind. his eyes bright, and occasionally his mind

"I've been a-waitin' for you, Mr. Brydell," he cried in a weak voice. "There's two things as I want done. One is, I want you to git that little Bible out o' my haversack hanging up yonder, and read them promises about them as believes in Jesus promises about them as believes in Jesus Christ shall live though they die. And the other is, to put my best uniform on me. You see, sir, something's goin' to happen; it's a inspection seems to me, but my head ain't clear—yes, it's a inspection sure. And Private Grubb ain't never been reported at inspection in twenty-four, goin' on twenty-five years, as long as I've been in the service."

"Don't you think you'd better wait until the doctor comes, Grubb?" asked Brydell

'Lord, no, sir. I've got to be on timethere's the bugle now, sir"—and indeed a faint echo of the bugle came through the open windows from the Constellation lying out in the harbor, half a mile away. He was so insistent that Brydell went to the closet and took out a new private's uniform that hung there. He brought it to the bed and laid it down. Grubb began to finger it -and his face changed and his manner

"I know what 'tis," he said. "It ain't no inspection here on earth I'm in for-it's a inspection by the Great Captain as to how we've did our duty. But all the same, Mr. Brydell, I want this here uniform on ecause I always said I wanted to die in it. Howsomever, do you think it's right, as I might get my discharge papers any dayfor me to wear in it, and bein' buried in

"I don't believe anybody in the world would call it wrong, Grubb." "Well, sir, I'm glad to hear you say that. "Well, sir, I'm glad to hear you say that. It does seem hard, if after I've served twenty-four, goin' on twenty-five years, I'm to die and be buried like a plain cit*. And I'd like you to ask the admiral as how if I counledn't have the right sort of a funeral; you know we give it to old Capps. I ain't set on the band particklar, but I want the flag on my coffin, and I want to be carried on a gun carriage. Now, will you ask the

ang on my comn, and I want to be carried on a gun carriage. Now, will you ask the admiral all about this?"

"Yes," said Brydell, in a trembling voice. Then holding Grubb up by main force he managed to get the uniform on him, the poor fellow helping feverishly and showing unexpected strength. When at last it was done Brydell got the thumbed Bible and read to him those promises of comfert to read to him those promises of comfort to

read to him those promises of comfort to the dying.

"That's it, that's it, Mr. Brydell. Life's a sort of puzzle to me. I don't know where my boy got his bad ways from—and I'm afraid he won't git over 'em—but if ever you have a chance—I want you to befriend him—for the sake of poor old Grubb. Ha! ha! What a funny little shaver you were! I can see you now, sir, the day I grabbed you for tearing up the turf at navy yard, and the way you banged away at me with that little rifie."

He was getting excited, and beginning to

that little rifie."

He was getting excited, and beginning to toss about on his narrow bed.

"Don't you think you had better keep quiet and try to go to sieep? The doctor will be here presently," said Brydell, trying to restrain his tears.

"Well, yes, sir, good-night," answered Grubb in a pleasant, natural voice.

In a little while the door opened softly and the doctor walked in. He went up to the bed. "He's asleep sir," said Brydell in a whisper. The doctor bent over him and listened for his breathing.

"Yes, he is asleep," he said after a little. "He will wake no more."

Brydell told the admiral about Grubb's

Brydell told the admiral about Grubb's

gun carriage covered with the flag to his last resting place, and nobody asked a word about his discharge papers; the admiral arranged all that. Behind the coffin of his humble friend walked Brydell, in full uniform, and as he kept the slow step of the funeral march solemniy played by the band, he thought to himself, "This man was a poor, uneducated private, but I hope I shall be able to have as good a report to give the Great Captain." give the Great Captain.

I shall be able to have as good a report to give the Great Captain."

CHAPTER X.

One night about seven years after this the handsome fifty-four gun frigate, the Naiad, flagship of Admiral Beaumont's squadron, and the sloops of war Vixen and Spitifire lay at anchor off a town on the South American coast. The night was clear, although there was no moon, and the harbor lights shone steadily. The town itself was full of life and light, the governor's castle blazed and across the dark water floated the inspiring music of several military bands. A grand official ball to the admiral and his officers was in progress. Walking the deck of the Naiad was Brydell, now a handsome young ensign. He had a wholesome appetite for balls, but it being his watch that night he was obliged to remain on board. In vain had he made all sorts of advantageous offers of exchanging duty with the other young watch officers, of whom Maxwell, his old acquaintance of the Constellation, was one and Cunliffe. Who had turned out a fine young fellow, was another. Brydell had pleaded, cajoled and stormed; the other fellows only laughed at him and went of to the ball.

"Just look over there at the Spitfire," growled Brydell to himself—the Spitfire was

"Just look over there at the Spitfire," growled Brydell to himself—the Spitfire was commanded by Brydell's father—"the old man hates balls and has let all the fellows go and stays at home and keeps ship himself. I wish our captain was an unsocial widower like dad." And as if to exasperate himself. I wish our captain was an unsocial widower like dad." And as if to exasperate him further came a burst of music from the him further came a burst of music from the shore, borne fitfully over the water. Bry-dell glanced cynically up at the frigate's lights, which indicated by their arrange-ment that both admiral and captain were on shore, while the Spittire, a short distance

on shore, while the Spitfire, a short distance off, although looming up indistinctly, yet showed by the lanterns on her shadowy spars that her captain was aboard.

"However," thought Brydell, slamming his cap fiercely on his head, "Admiral Beaumont is nearer right than my father, for he gets all the solid fun there is out of life. That's the sort of admiral I mean to be."

Brydell had enjoyed every moment of his cruise on the flagship. It was Admiral Beaumont's last sea service before his retirement. They expected to sail for home

trement. They expected to sail for home within a few days, and when the admiral hauled down his flag it would be for good. He had been known as a great martinet, but for the last few weeks he had become but for the last few weeks it had become rather indulgent, especially in the matter of shore leave, and now, for the first time on the cruise, the ship had on her only one lieutenant, Verdery; one ensign, Brydell; two young naval cadets and one as-

sistant engineer.

As Brydell walked the deck some strange As Brydeli walked the deck solle stange thoughts crossed his mind. They had that day taken on board from the Vixen a number of men whose time was nearly up, and who were to be conveyed back to the United States, while the Vixen remained United States, while the Vixen remained on the south Atlantic station. And among them was a sailor rated on the ship's books as "William Black, able seaman," whom Brydell instantly recognized in spite of a heavy full beard, as Esdaile. He had heard nothing of Grubb's disgraced son in all those seven years, and had thought that an American man-of-war was the last place on earth to look for him. But he concluded that Esdaile had no doubt spent his little patrimony and had probably enlisted for a patrimony and had probably enlisted for a living, failing in other things. Esdalle or Black had given no sign of recognition and probably hoped that his altered name his beard and the changes of seven years

his beard and the changes of seven years would keep his identity unknown.

The meeting had given Brydell a shock. He had never forgotten his promise to poor Grubb to befriend his son, if possible, but he had no means of doing so. Then his thoughts turned to pleasanter things. He had received a letter from Minna Laurison that day, enclosing her photograph in her white commencement gown. She was a pretty girl of seventeen then, and eager to enter college, which she would do the next year. Brydell had been back to the Laurison place several times since he spent his year of farmwork there, and Minna and he had continued fast friends. Minna, in her enthusiasm for the higher education, was loftily indifferent to bails, never having been to one, and Brydell made her very ing been to one, and Brydell made her very ndignant and amused himself very much by promising her that her head would be competely turned by the very first ball she

would go to.
"Never mind," thought Brydell to himself as he walked up and down the deserted quarterdeck. "Some time or other I'll go to better ball than this an American bal and I'll have a sweeter girl to take than any here—it will be Minna Laurison."

put off and it grew rougher as th suddenly began to rise. Lieutenant Verdery suddenly began to rise. Lieutenant verdery, one of the oldest lieutenants, who was left in command of the ship, had gone forward for a few moments and presently came back. The wind began then to blow in earnest and the big frigate was rocking like a cockle shell. The sky, too, became black and lowering in an inconceivably short time.

like a cockie shell. The sky, too, became black and lowering in an inconceivably short time.

"I shouldn't be surprised if we were in for another," said Verdery. "We have had most uncommon good weather for this coast, and it's about time for it to change. I shouldn't be surprised if the admiral got wet coming off tonight."

"I shouldn't be surprised if he didn't get off at all," answered Brydell, pointing to the northwest. A great mass of black clouds had collected as if by magic and at that instant it was torn by a flash of forked green light that seemed to rend the heavens. Nothing could have been more sudden. Verdery dashed below to look at the glass and to see the engineer, for if the storm struck them the safety of the ship and of the four hundred men she carried would depend upon the power of the engines to keep her off the gaint rocks that fringed the shore. Almost instantly the distant roar of the advancing tempest was heard, and in another moment the cabin orderly came running up excitedly to Brydell. "If you please, sir," he said, "Mr. Verdery was just going in the cabin to look at the glass, when, one of the ports being loose, the wind blew it in and it struck Mr. Verdery right full in the forehead and knocked him senseless. The cabin steward run to him to do everything he could, but Mr. Verdery can't give no orders and the steward, as was a hospital steward once, says as how it was a pretty bad blow and when Mr. Verdery comes orders and the steward, as was a hospital steward once, says as how it was a pretty bad blow and when Mr. Verdery comes to he can't give no orders, 'cause both his eyes are bleedin' and he can't see."

For one moment Brydell's heart stood still. He was the next officer in rank to Verdery on board, the only others besides the assistant engineer being Manning and Buxton, both his juniors, and upon him would rest the command of the flagship and her company in a gale which promised to be a hurricane. In another moment, though, his courage rose. "I can only do my best," he thought, "and all my life and training has been steadily toward making me fit for such an emergency and all I can do is to keep off shore and trust in God."

can do is to keep off shore and trust in God."

At that very moment the advance guard of the storm struck them. As they were at anchor their canvas was secure, but their steam was low and the wind was driving them straight on to destruction. The Nalad's head had been pointed seaward, but as the tempest struck her it knocked the great frigate around as if it had been a paper ship and her heavy anchors began to drag.

"Call the boatswain," was Brydell's first quick order, given calmly enough, although his heart was thumping like a steam engine, and his next was, "Call the signal man." In another moment the sharp call of the whistle was heard to get up the anchor and above the darkness the night signal went up to the other ships, "Up anchors and go to sea." Their only safety lay in seeking the open ocean. Manning and Buxton were on deck immediately cool and composed. Crawford, the young engineer, was at his post, working hard to get up steam, and in a few minufes the throb of the engines, slow, but steady, was heard.

Brydell was at the wheel, with Atkins, his

Brydell told the admiral about Grubb's ast wish.

"It shall be done, by George," cried the idmiral with tears in his eyes.

So poor Grubb, after having served twenty-four, going on twenty-five years, was buried in his uniform and taken on a specific property of the engines, slow, but steady, was heard.

Brydell was at the wheel, with Atkins, his old acquaintance of his cadet days, who was now a quartermaster and remarkably cool-headed and reliable. The helm was put hard aport and in the teeth of the gale the ship was brought about by slow

degrees. A black and blinding rain had come along with thunder, lightning and wind, and it was only during the flashes of lighning that the Vixen and the Spittire could be seen. Booth sloops-of-war had more powerful engines for their size and worked better than the Naiad. As soon as the signal was sent up Brydell saw both ships had come about and were heading seaward for safety. They made but slow progress, but still they were moving steadily and passed close to the Naiad on the port quarter. The Naiad was struggling with the fury of the storm, and, aithough her head had been brought partly round, she lay in the trough of the sea, her laboring engines seemingly unable to move her against the force of the hurricane. All her company were on deck except the force down in the engine rooms and the men had begun to make silent preparation for the fight for their lives. Most of them had kicked off their shoes and stripped off their jackets, expecting every moment to be engulfed in the boiling sea.

Suddenly a flash of lightning that lasted nearly a minute and played over the whole heavens showed them the Spitfire passing

Suddenly a flash of lightning that lasted nearly a minute and played over the whole heavens showed them the Spitfire passing them easily, though slowly, followed by the Vixen. Captain Brydell was standing on the bridge of the Spitfire and saw at a glance that Brydell was in command. He at once surmised that Lieutenant Verdery was disabled. As he forged ahead of the flagship Captain Brydell took off his cap and waved it and Brydell knowing the spirit of fortitude that his father expected of him, waved his cap back in that moment of ghastly light. Then, as the darkness descended a cheer rang out above the ness descended a cheer rang out above the howling of the wind; it was the men on the Naiad cheering their more fortunate comrades, while they themselves seemed doomed to destruction.

But at that moment the frigate, as if

But at that moment the frigate, as if gathering herself for a mighty effort, moved forward a little, then stopped and staggered, and again she was moving ahead, although but slowly and unsteadily. Brydell managed to keep her head to the wind and by degrees, as the steam got up, she made a little more headway. In the blinding flashes of light they could see the two sloops-of-war for awhile ahead of them, but when they had got a mile or two from shore not even the lightning gleam could but when they had got a mile or two from shore not even the lightning gleam could pierce the whole of the awful darkness. Brydell's sensations as he stood by the wheel, occasionally leaving it to mount the bridge for a minute or two, could not be described. He was simply doing what any other officer could do or would have done, but no young officer in the world having for his first command the safety of a flagship in a furious gale and the lives of four hundred souls could feel anything but awed and solemn. The quickness with which he had selzed the situation and had signaled the course to pursue had inspired signaled the course to pursue had inspired the men with confidence and he was well supported by the coolness and steadiness

supported by the coolness and steadiness of the young midshipman. Presently, while walking forward to see how things were going, he was met by the cabin orderly who, in attempting to salute, lost his cap in the shrieking wind. "Mr. Verdery, sir, has come to," he yelled in Brydell's ear above the roaring of the wind and water, "and the cabin steward is helping him on deck—but he can't see, 'cause both his eyes were hurt by that 'ere port blowin' out."

'cause both his eyes were hurt by that 'ere port blowin' out."

In the half darkness that the ship's lights could only pierce like star points, Brydell saw Verdery, with his eyes bandaged, being helped up the companion way. Brydell hurried to him.

"You have done admirably, Mr. Brydell," was Verdery's generous greeting, "and it shall be known to your credit. My first dread when I recovered my senses was that you had not grasped the situation, but when I asked I found out that you had put to sea as promptly as any officer could."

you had not grasped the situation, but when I asked I found out that you had put to sea as promptly as any officer could."

"And I immediately signaled the other ships to go to sea also," repiled Brydell. At that a sudden change came over Verdery's pale and anxious face which was visible below the bandages. In the midst of the horrors and dangers of the hour he suddenly burst out laughing.

"Quife right you were," said he, "but you father was in command of the Spitifre. I wonder how he would have felt if he had known it was you who ordered him to go outside?"

"He did know it, sir," answered Brydell, smiling faintly. "They passed quite close to us and a great flash of light came and I saw my father as plainly as I see you now and, of course, he saw I was in command. He waved his cap to me and I waved mine back at him."

Verdery, in spite of his dangerous hurt and helpless condition, remained on deck, but he gave no orders nor did he find it necessary to make any suggestions and his presence was only from the feeling that he wished to be found at his post even if he could not do duty.

The fury of the storm continued, but the

he could not do duty. The fury of the storm continued, but the Naiad, with her engines revolving quickly, was better able to withstand it. They had now worked their way well out to sea and were in fairly good condition to weather the gale. Brydell, although absorbed in trying to save the ship, had yet noticed Black, the seaman, whom he knew to be Esdaile. There was little for the men to do, so they gathered forward on the fo'ksle,

do, so they gathered forward on the fo'ksle, ready for any emergency.

Not so Black, who stood as far aft as discipline would allow, and apart from his mates. Just then the fury of the gale blew a part of the main staysail out of the bolt ropes and the men sprang aloft to reef the ragged sail. It was Black's duty to go, and he went, but Brydell, watching him in the half light, saw that he shirked his work. He was the last man aloft and he was so careless in what he was doing that the captain of the main top, pushing him aside, secured the sail himself. Black dropped to the deck unconcernedly close by Brydell.

"My man," said Brydell sharply, "you must be smarter at your duty than that."

Without a word Black rushed at Brydell, and with one blow felled him to the deck; then, as if maddened, he jumped on him and

then, as if maddened, he jumped on him and began kicking him furiously. In an instant a dozen brawny arms had seized the insubordinate sailor and he was dragged below, fighting and resisting violently. Neither the blow nor the kicks had seriously burt Brydell. He was dead by Neither the blow nor the kicks had seriously hurt Brydell. He was dazed by the suddenness of it, but in half a minute he was on his feet none the worse but for a few bruises. The men, seeing his escape, and knowing how much the safety of all on board depended on the young ensign, with one accord gave him three cheers that one accord gave him three cheers that echoed above the roaring of the storm. All night the tempest raved, and when a ghastly dawn followed the ship was still fighting for her life. Brydell did not once leave the deck, but toward noon the wind calmed, and although the sea still ran high, the fury of the storm was over.

calmed, and although the sea still ran high, the fury of the storm was over.

About 2 o'clock in the day the Spitfire was sighted. Brydell, knowing her superior speed, signaled, "Report us all right, and we will be in some time today." The Spitfire signaled back, "Congratulations. Who commands?" The answer came, "Ensign Brydell; Verdery hurt, but not seriously." With this good report the Spitfire steamed away for the anchorage.

(To be Concluded Next Week.)

BLACK JACK'S BALL. The Old Hero of Many a Battle and His Leaden Load. From a Sweetwater, Tex., Exchange.

For some months past our old and stanch friend John C Cox, has not been enjoying good health. In fact, his con titution seems friend John C Cox, has not been enjoying good health. In fact, his con titution seemed to be gradually giving away. Mr. Cox was fully satisfied that the cause of his trouble came from a minnie ball which he has carried in his groin for thirty years. For years the ball has caused him to suffer greatly, but he dreaded the operation of cutting it out. But lately he became convinced that that yankee lead had to come out or he would have to pass in his checks. After once making up his mind to have the operation performed nothing could induce him to give up the idea. The great delicacy of the parts surrounding the ball, with their net work of nerves, and arteries and veins made it anything but a pleasant undertaking for any physician, but his entire confidence in his home physicians caused him to select them for the work. Dr. Archer, an ex-confederate physician, assisted by Drs. R. E. Moody and B. F. Dulaney cut out the ball Thursday, the 15th instant. While we did not see the operation performed we understand that it was neatly, rapidly and very satisfactorily accomplished. Uncle John bore the operation as only "a hero of the lost cause could," without a quiver of the muscles. Black Jack Cox as

the boys styled him, during the war, received this little memento," at the battle of Chickamauga while gallantly holding the regimental colors in one hand and supporting a wounded comrade with the other. At the same time that he was shot General Hood was severely wounded by his side. Uncle John carriers several honorable marks on his person as reminders of the lost cause. He was wounded at Gettysburg, and had a finger cut off at Sharpsburg. The following account of the affair was sent to The Dallas News by its correspondent at this place:

finger cut off at Sharpsburg. The following account of the affair was sent to The Dallas News by its correspondent at this place:

"Uncle John is an old confederate, having been a member of Company C, Fifth Texas brigade, under Captain J. E. Anderson. He was wounded several times during the war, having lost a finger at the battle of Sharpsburg, Md., and was wounded again at Gettysburg, Pa., but the ball which he has carried for thirty years, four months and twenty-five dâys was received at the battle of Chickamauga, September 20, 1863, in the last day's fighting, and the last charge on Thomas's corps. He was the first man to cross the temporary breastwork and fell wounded early in the fight. He was colorbearer and feil with the colors flying in his hand. He lay for seven days on the field of battle attended by army surgeons, Drs. Crawford and Ware, and was finally re moved from the field by a cousin, E. C. Cox, who is now living in Athens, Ga, where Uncle John has many relatives and friends. "Uncle John," as he is familiarly known, still carries with pride a hickory stick that was cut from the tree under which he lay while wounded on the battle-field.

"Mr. Cox came to Texas in the early days

Mr. Cox came to Texas in the early days "Mr. Cox came to Texas in the early days and was for many years a resident of Smith county, Texas. He has lived in this, Nolan county, for the past ten years. He was appointed district clerk of the county in August, 1883, and county clerk in August, 1887, which he has held with honor and credit ever since. He was first married to a Miss Allen, by whom he has four boys and two girls, who are still living, and next to a Miss Eugenia Barron, by whom he has one child, a golden-haired girl of four and a half years.

Miss Eugenia Barron, by whom he has one child, a golden-haired girl of four and a half years.

"The ball, which has caused him much suffering for several years, entered his body a little to the left of the median line of the sacrum, cutting its way through the rectum and striking the right pubic bone about the center of its shaft, battering the front end of the ball and the large end turning downward and resting three-fourths of an inch to the left of the femoral artery and almost directly over the great saphenous vein.

"The removal of the ball was a successful operation and the doctors entertain great hopes of his complete recovery. When the leaden chunck was removed Uncle John remarked: 'Now, more than ever, I am ready to make peace with the yankees.' He is resting perfectly easy at this hour, chatting pleasantly as he enjoys his favorite pipe with the minnie ball under his head in a little velvet bag made for the purpose by his Joyous wife.

"Dr. Archer, one of the attending physicians, is also an old confederate surgeon, having enlisted and served as surgeon of the thirty-second Mississippi regiment. J. W. Germany, ex-county judge of this county, and also an old and honored member of Company I, Fortieth Mississippi, was present at the operation and was enthusiastic with old war stories."

To drive a cough from the system use

To drive a cough from the system use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It never falls. Palmetto, Ga., September 24, 1881—I certify that on the 17th of September I commenced giving my child, twenty months old. Smith's Worm Oll and the following day 23 worms 4 to 6 inches long were expelled from it.

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It matters not if frackles have been from

FRECKLES AND LA FRECKLA.

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Suits for Boys.

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Thus was gress of the ners, laws results wer tion of the which even tional history. brightest tlefield: "Where in to Bels Lie the sold gade."

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OLD IRISH NAMES.

Growth and Progress of the Irish Language was Impeded.

COMPULSION MADE STRANGE CHANGES.

And War Helped It on for the Worse-

of MacMahon.

According to Connellan, many penal acts of parliament were passed in the reigns of the Henrys and the Edwards compelling the ancient Irish to adopt English "surnames" and the English language, dress, manners and customs, and no doubt many of the Milesian Irish did take English surnames in those times, to protect their lives and properties, as otherwise, they forfeited their goods and were liable to be punished as Irish enemies. Many an "O" and a "Mac" in those days became a Black, a Brown, or a White; a Spratt, a Plaice, or a Herring; a Gardiner, a Smith, or a Tanner.

Brown, or a White, a spatch, or a Tanner.

On the other hand, also, in trying to retain the old patronymic or some semblance of it, many of the ancient Irish families ald so twist and anglicise their names that it is often difficult to determine whether those families are of Irish or English ex-traction; and, hence, many of them of Irish traction; and, hence, many of them of Irish origin are consequently considered of English or French descent. In modern times, too, many of the Irish families omitted the "O" and "Mac" in their surnames; but such names (like Kelley instead of O'Kelley, Connors instead of O'Connors, Neill instead O'Niell, Higgins instead of O'H-Uigin or O'Higgins, Brine, Instead of O'Brien, Maconey instead of O'Mahoney), lose much of

Connors instead of O'Connors, Neill instead O'Niell, Higgins instead of O'H-Uigin or O'Higgins, Brine, instead of O'H-Uigin or O'Higgins, Brine, instead of O'Brien, Mahoney instead of O'Mahoney), lose much of their euphonious sound by the omission, and, besides, are neither English nor Irish. Some of the Danish families who settled in Ireland were those of Dowdall, Drumgoole, Sweetman and Palmer, in Dublin; Megth and Louth, Gould, Coppinger, Skiddy and Trant, in Cork, and Haroid (modenized to Harold) of Limerick and Clare. Of these Danish families some took Irish surnames and more of them prefixed "Mac" (like Otto or Ottar, became Mac Coltir, or now the McCotter and Cotter) to their names, as did many of the Anglo-Norman and English families of early times. The following families adopted Irish surnames, manners, customs and language: De-Burgo of Connacht to the name of Mac-Uilliam (McWilliam), and some of them that of Mac-Philliphs; De-Angulo or Nangle of Meath and Mayo changed the name to Mac-Costello; De-Exeter of Mayo, to MacJordan; Barrett of Mayo, to MacWattin; Staunton of Mayo to MacAveely (Mileadh: Irish, a hero) signifying "the son of a hero;" De-Bermingham of Connacht and other places, to MacPheorais or MacGeorais (signifying "the son of their chiefs; Fitz-Simon of Kings county, to MacRuddery (tridireffi Irish, a knight), signifying "the son of the knight;" LePoer (anglicised "Power") of Kilkenny and Waterford, to MacShere; Butler to MacPierce; FitzGerald to MacThomas and MacMaurice, also in latter times to MacGearallt; Barry of Cork, to MacPharick, etc. But it does not appear that any of those families adopted the prefix "O," which, according to the Four Masters, was confined chiefly to the Milesian families of the highest rank. Thus we find what Keating termed the "Sean Ghaill" (old invaders or foreigners) becoming in time "more Irish than the Irish themselves." In the language of Thomas Davis:

"What king dare say to Geraldine, Your Irish wife discard?"

"What king dare say to Geraldine,
Your Irish wife discard?
For still they clung to fosterage,
To Brehon, Cloak and Bard."
This obtained in Ireland, through its long continued contest and fierce wars for 430 years—from the time of Strongbow, comprising the period from A. D. 1170 to 1600—when the reduction or subjugation of Irrland was ultimately effected by England. and when, with the heroic struggles of Hugh O'Neill, and Red Hugh O'Donnell, terminated the power of the Irish princes and chiefs. After this time the ruthless hand of "British civilization," laudably gealous to, eradicate every vestige of "Irish

zealous to, eradicate every vestige of "Irish pealous to eradicate every vestige of this barbarism," and especially the Celtic (Irish) tongue, revived the "statute of Kilkenny," which, in its wisdom, provided and enacted that the Irish alphabet was a "fel-

ony," and the teaching thereof "praemu-Thus was impeded the growth and proress of the Irish language, of Irish man-ners, laws and customs, and its attendant results were the debasement and degradation of the grand old Celtic race—c race which even in the darkest hour of its national history, gave to Europe some of its brightest lights in council, camp and bat-

"Where in far, foreign field from Dunkirk to Belgrade.
Lie the soldiers and chiefs of the Irish bri-

Time will also marifest (if not done so already) the ability in every department of human endeavor of the Irish race in the "land of the free" and the "home of the

The Clan of MacMahon.

The clan MacMahon of Clare are decended om Mathghamhain (Mahown) O'Brain (in English, Mahon O'Brien), who was the English, Mahon O'Brien), who was the son of Murkertach (recte) Muircheartach Mor O'Briain, king of Munster and monarch of Ireland, A. D. 1994-1119. This Mathghamhain (Mahown) had a son named Mur-chadh, who was styled Mac Mathghamhna (pronounced MacMahowna), Anglicised Mac-

This celebrated clan are of the Daig-Cais, This celebrated clan are of the Daig-Cais, or Dalcassian tribe, like O'Kennedy, O'Gonaing, O'Lonargan, O'Gelleachair (O'Kelleher), and others. See Dr. O'Brien's "Laws of Tanistry," volume I of "Vallancey's Collectnea," O'Halloran's "History of Ireland" and O'Mahony's translation of

Keating.

MacDomhnaill (MacDonall) of Muintir MacDomhnaill (MacDonall) of Muintir Domhnaill (Mueenter Donall) and O'Baiscin (O'Bashkin) chiefs of Triocha Cead Corea Baiscin, which, according to O'Halloran, is now the barony of Moyarta, in the county of Clare. In O'Heerin's poems two Corea Baiscins are mentioned, one of which was the barony of Clondirala. MacDonall's district was called Darach (Daragh). He was also styled O'Donall. These thiefs are thus designated by O'Heerin: "Two contreds we record, The two delightful Corea Balscins. MacDonalls were its inheritors, The hosts who have shared the country." Another chief of the lead of russic.

Another chief of the land of music, Another chief of the land of music, Noble is the origin of his descent, Was O'Balscin's stately tree, A tribe that marched with force."

MacMathghamhna, anglicised to MacMahon. This name means the son of Machon as explained above Mathghamhain-or Maghghambain, means in English a bear (literally, the calf of the plains. See O'Mahony, signifying the grandson of Maghghamhain, etc.).

The MacMahons succeeded the MacDon.

Maghghamhain, etc.).

The MacMahons succeeded the MacDonalls and O'Baiscins, as chiefs or lords of Corca Baiscin, and possessed the baronies of Moyarta and Clondirals, in the county of Clare, down to the reign of Queen Elizabeth. They are, as already stated, of the O'Brien clan, and descended from Brian Boromha (Brien Born).

O'Brien clan, and descended from Brian Boromha (Brien Boru).

It was of a female member of this famous clan that the following interesting story told: It happened that during Elizabeth's reign, the clan was deprived of the greater part of its patrimony. Learning that unless they, o reome member of the family, became Protestants, the last remnant of their once princely possensions would be wrested from them by the greedy English "planters and undertakers," who literally swarmed over the country in those days, spying and informing on the native Irish, the lady already referred to resolved to become a Protestant pro tem., and thus hold the property for her people, in hopes that better days might yet dawn on the Green Isle for the Irish of the Old Faith. Before taking this step, she consulted with one of the many

friars who, deprived of their monasteries, were wandering through the country in disguise, ministering to their flocks, and offering up the sacrifice of the mass, in gloomy caverns or on the mountain tops.

Having heard her story the friar said: "My child, if you become a Protestant you will lose your immortal soul." The lady very spiritedly replied: "Father, better that the soul of an old maid should go to the devil, than that the property of the MacMahons of Clare should go to the Protestants."

Of this celebrated clan are the family of the late Marshal MacMahon. These Clare MacMahons differ in descent from the Ulster or Monaghan MacMahons. The latter are of the race of the clan Colla, of Ulster, and line of Heremon, while th eformer are descendants from the O'Briens, kings of Munster, of the race of Eber Finn, as explained shows. Subtelped the a brief, his are descendants from the O'Briens, kings of Munster, of the race of Eber Finn, as explained above. Subjoined is a brief his-tory of the marshal's ancestors: Patric MacMahon, of Torrodale, in the county of Limerick, was married to Margaret, daughter of John O'Sullivan, of Bantry, in the county of Cork, of the house of O'Sullivan Beare. Identified with the cause of the Stuarts, he sheathed his sword at the treaty of Limerick and retired with his wife to the friendly shores of France. There his son, John MacMahon, of Antrim, married an heiress, and was created Count d'Equilly. On the 28th of September, 1749, the count applied to the Irish government of that day, accompanying the application with the necessary fees, etc., for the officers of the Ulster king at arms, to have his genealogy. together with the records, etc., of his family, duly authenticated, collected and recorded, "In order that his children and their posterity in France might have sufficient proof of the proud fact that they were Irish."

In these records he is described as of "the noble family, paternally, of MacMahons, of Clondirala, in Clare, and maternally, of the noble family of O'Sullivan Beare." He was grandfather of the late marshal, duke of Magenta.

The count's genealogy commences in the middle of the fifteenth century, and traces middle of the literature century, and traces through eight generations. In these he is found to be connected with the MacNamaras, O'Briens, O'Nelans, Fitzgeralds, MacSheehys, and maternally through the O'Sulsheeps, and maternally through the O'Shi-livan Beares, with the Fitzgeralds, earls of Desmond, DeCourcys, barons of Kinsale, O'Driscolls, O'Donovans, Fitzmaurices, Mac Carthys, Fitsgibbonses, Lacys, and all the leading families of the ancient king-dom of Munster, of native Irish as well as Norman Irish descent.

Brady, MacBrady and O' Brady. Maolmordha Ua Ruairc (Maolmura O'Rourke) chieftain of Breifne Ui Ruairc, now the county of Cavan, was the ancestor of the Clan O'Reilly. His son Cearbhall (Carroll) was according to Dubhaltach, or Duald MacFirbis, the learned historian and genealogist, the ancestor of the clan Mac-Brady through his (Carroll's) son Bradach (Bradagh) whose offspring in the male line were styled MacBradaigh, i. e., son of Bradaigh (observe ch becomes gh occording to the rules of Irish grammar).

This MacBradaigh is pronounced almost like McBrady in English. The four masters record the fact that Tighearnan MacBradaigh (Tiernan McBrady) was slain A. D. 1256. In 1300 Donchadh MacBradaigh—Do-nogh McBrady—was chief of Cuil Brighde— Cool Bride—in Brefney O'Reilly, now the county Leitrim, and died in 1348. Domh-nall MacBradaigh (Donal McBrady) chief, died 1378 and another chieftain of the Mc-

Bradys died in 1412.

Then there was a MacBradaigh bishop of the two Brefneys [51]; the two Brefneys were Brefney O'Reilly, namely, the former the present county of Cavan and the latter the county of Leitlin Dr. Maries Brady was a potable

or Cayan and the latter the county of Estrim. Dr. Maziere Brady was a notable Catholic bishop in the reign of England's "Virgin Queen" Elizabeth.
Brady, MacBrady and sometimes styled O'Brady are given by MacGeoghagan as a branch of the O'Carrolls, chiefs of Calry, branch of the O'Carrolls, chiefs of Cairy, a territory in Leitrim in the barony of Drom ahaire and they are in fact often called O'Carrolls at the present day, particularly by persons speaking in Irish who designate them Cearbhallach (Carrollagh), the Gaelio them Cearbhallach (Carroolagh), the Gaelic equivalent of O'Carroll. The McBradvs are extremely numerous in the county Cavan, particularly in the barony of Loughtee. Baron Thomas Brady, a distinguished field marshal for many years in the Austrian service, and who died at Vienna in 1827, was a native of the county Cavan.

There are many representatives of this

There are many representatives of this brave old clan still in the county Leitrim, though not in the possession of the patrimony of their fathers.

We find another clan of the O'Bradys also written O'Grady o'C'Hart states that these

two names seemed originally to be synony-mous. They are called by the four masters O'Grady. This clan O'Grady and O'Brady were located in Tauim Greine, now Tompraney in the county of Clare. According to the annals of the four masters, Ceanfaola (Kenfaela) O'Grady, successor of Cronan of Tuaim Greine, died 1184. John O'Grady, archbishop of Tuaim (now Tuam in the county of Galway, died 1371. Another John county of Galway, died 1371. Another John O'Grady, alias O'Brady, chief of Duinghuile (Dungail), died 1332. This territory was called in ancient times Kinel Donghuile and was a large district, comprising the present barony of Lower Tullagh in the county of Clare. The O'Gradys are thus designated by O'Heerin in his famous thoographical poem, of which the following is a translation:

"O'Grady took the entire lands
Of the profitable Kinel Donghuile Chungain and the county of the profitable Kinel Donghuile Chungain."

Of the profitable Kinel Donghuile (Dun-

gale); His swords yellow-hafted are keen, Strong are the blows of his forces in bat

We find that the grandson of a John O'Grady, or O'Brady, who died in 1417, was styled Sir Denis O'Grady, or O'Brady. This styled Sir Denis O'Grady, or O'Brady. This Sir Denis had a grant by patent in 1543 from that noble Briton, Henry VIII, ("St. Henry"), of the lands of Tomgraney, Finnagn, Killbechullybeg, Killbechullymor, Seanboy, (Cronayn, Killokennedy, Clony, Killchomurryn, Enochern, Tarchayne and Killula, in the county of Clare. He had four sons, two of whom died without issue, viz.: Edmond and Donal. His son, Sir John, surrendered his estates to Queen John, surrendered his estates to Queen Elizabeth, and had a regrant by patent in 1582. Another son, Hugh, received Tom-graney and other lands from the above-

This Hugh was afterwards the Most Rev. Hugh Brady, lord bishop of Meath, and was the first who omitted the surname, "O'Grady." His descendants have since called themselves Brady. O'H-Ugin is sur-prised that they could not or did not find any more Englified equivalent-which might and them in those days to forget their glorious ancestry and grand old patronymic. Many of the clan afterwards returned to

Many of the clan afterwards returned to the old faith and the old name. There was another clan O'Brady derived from Niall Caoch O'Rellly, son of Charles O'Rellly, lord of Lower Brefney, who was killed at the battle of Moyshlachta, A. D. 1256. A descendant of this Niall Caoch named Tiernan, was the first who assumed

In relating the foregoing tale the writer is not actuated by any sectarian prejudice, and is neither bigoted nor intolerant. As an Irishman he remembers the sacrifices and martyrdom of Tone and Emmett, the heroic labors of Davis and Mitchell, all Irish Protestant patriots. He is a firm believer in the motto of Henry Grattan; "Let us tolerate each other, or else tolerate the common enemy." O'H-UIGIN.

It is not necessary to call a doctor for a cut or bruise; get Salvation Oil. Only 25c.

A CITY OF THE NEW SOUTH. Special Atlanta Edition of the Blue

Mr. Joe Ohl's article on "A City of the New South," illustrated, in the March nummer. Five thousand copies of the first edition for Atlanta, consigned to John Miller, aiready sold. Another large consignment just received. Ordered by mail send 2 cents extra for postage; price, 10 and Gray.

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The Trim Little Ticket Seller Tells of Timely Topics.

HER PAPA COULD BUY A RAILROAD

Somebody Was Put Off at Dalton by the Porter-Wanted to Go to "Yallerbammer,"

If there is a close observer in Atlanta it is John Thompson—everybody knows "John"—and he is a man who not only appreciates a good joke or a fine incident, but is a fellow who always has a good one on hand. He is an especially close observer where a feminine is concerned, though he says that this was brought about by selling tickets to so many ladies.

He declares that every joke that appears

about the people who want to leave the city on the first train is true, and that much more can be added; but he made no men-tion of the degree of truthfulness involved in

"Had a good one the other day," he remarked in his peculiar nonchalant style, yesterday, "about a young lady, swell people, Peachtree, rice papa and all that. This was a real sad thing, too. She was a blende with blende hair, like gold, and blue eyes of a heavenly hue, and lots more. She came in tripping—yes, that's it; tripping's the word—tripping to the window. I'il never forget her sweet high C sogrand voice. She asked for a ticket to 'Lovers' Leap,' or some other jumping-off place—country cousins, you know. Of course I used my most agreeable shade of tenos voice and summed up the mileage as 62 cents. When she reached into her hand-satchel for her pocketbook it was gone; we were both hor-"Had a good one the other day," he repocketbook it was gone; we were both hor-rified. She 'pursed' up her lips, but that didn't go, and of course she couldn't. She said that her pocket book was in her trunk, and her trunk on the train. She became agitated when she was informed that it was against the rules to extend any credit to no matter who. Thereupon she leaped into the center of hysterical hysteria and declared that her papa was a prominent citizen, lived on the north side, could buy any railroad running into Atlanta, and that it was the first time in the history of the family that any of them were refused credit. She left eight hours later, and when she bought the ticket she paid for it with 63 cop-

"But, as you know," he continued, "there are many incidents that take their humorabsorb is a good word, isn't it?—absorb their humor from the immediate surroundings and the pressure of circumstances. There were a couple of funny things to happen sometime ago. One of them was a man and the other was a lady. Just us the train was nulling out the other day, a man train was pulling out the other day, a man very excited and all out of breath, rushed up to the window and called for a ticket to Belt Junction. In his high, fevered state of excitement he rushed off at once and boarded the train, leaving the ticket and the change both on the window. The conduc-tor didn't do a thing but put him off at the demetery. It was nearly an hour later when a thoroughly miserable, rain-washed gentleman put in appearance—he had walked all the way from the cemetery to town at break-neck speed, for fear some kind heart-ed person would remove his change and

ed person would remove his change and ticket from the window. He was very hot, in more ways than could be fitted with one description; but the joke was on him, and the agent gave him his ticket, the change and—the laugh.

"Inat lady I mentioned, was dead game. She walked up to the ticket window, put down her money, walked away and got on the train. When the conductor came around for tickets she told him that she had paid at the gate and did not think it necessary to go to the further expense of getting a ticket.

"'Any negroes buy tickets?" There was an old fellow came in yesterday. He was one of the old-time negroes. "Boss,' said he, 'I wants a ticket ter Yal-

"Boss, said he, 'I wants a ticket ter Yal-lerbammer. How much is she wuth?" The ticket agent asked him what station he wanted to go to. 'Fo' gracious, boss dat's de onliest name I ever is hear 'um call 'er. I wants a ticket ter Yallerbammer.' He was given a ticket to the first station across the Georgia line and I guess he's there yet.

was given a ticket to the first station across the Georgia line and I guess he's there yet.

"You will understand," continued John, philosophically, "that there are some people who don't get excited easily, but when they become aroused are one large warm spot. This one is usually the cool, quiet man, who buys his ticket a couple of hours before starting and goes into the waiting room and sits down to wait for the man to call out his train. He becomes engrossed in conversation with a very dear friend, who is sorry to see him go. The train is called, but the man fails to hear it and it pulls out without him. In a few minutes he walks out slowly and inquires of the big, kind-hearted gentleman if his train has backed into the depot yet, and, is informed in a cool, clear bass voice that it has left. Then the quiet gentleman becomes very angry, curses himself in particular and everybody in general and gives up the trip.

"I heard a good one on a drummer. He was one of Atlanta's live knights of the grip and was just off for a little trip to Dalton, where he had some important busi ness. It seems that there was a firm about to go up in that town and that he was going ahead and perhaps save his firm several thousand dollars by the proper action. He left on the midnight train, which reaches Dalton about 3 o'clook a. m. When he got aboard the train he walked back into the sleeper and told the porter to be sure and wake him up. 'I may be a little hard to wake up,' said he, 'but you just put me off whether I want to get off or not—understand?" And he slipped a dollar into the porter's hand. The porter swore on his box of shoe blacking, the most valuable thing that he had anywhere around, that he would awake the drummer and eject him, if necessary, through a window if such a course became necessary to get him of a Dalton. awake the drummer and eject him, if necessary, through a window if such a course sary, through a window if such a course became necessary to get him off at Dalton, and all this whether he was awake or not. The next morning when the drummer awoke he was in Chattanooga and a rage—both at the same time. He rang sixteen times and the porter appeared, sadly bruised up, and his clothes in taters. 'Why didn't you put me off?' asked the drummer. The porter was paralyzed. He had put somebody off. He looked down at his once natty suit and said slowly and sorrowfully: 'Boss, dat mus'ter been Corbett dat I put off at Dalton.'" And Ticket Seller Thompson adjusted his

Some druggists try to substitute the bread of life with cake of their own make. Therefore sufferers who have decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla should insist on having Hood's and only Hood's.

A few nights ago I gave my son one dose of Smith's Worm Oil and the next day he passed 18 large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl four years old and she passed eighty-six worms from four to fifteen inches long.

W. F. PHILLIPS. Athens. Ga.

Reduced Rates.

Reduced Rates.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway is now selling tickets from Atlanta to San Francisco. Los Angeles, Sacramento, Cal., for only \$39, and round trip tickets for \$64.20.

This is an opportunity never before offered to visit California. For tickets and and any information desired call on or write to E. E. Kirby, city ticket agent, corner Kimball house, or Albert Howell, union ticket agent, Atlanta.

There were never cheaper rates nor a better route to California than now offered by the Georgia Pacific rallway. First-class tickets, \$39 one way; \$64.20 round trip. Apply No. 10 Kimball hous:

District Passenger Agent.

Mari446

Passenger Agent.

Passenger Agent.

Mothers

do not always realize that what their children need is fat food-something to build up the tissues.

SILVER **CHURN** BUTTERINE,

> being a pure, sweet fat, without butyric acid, is the most acceptable health food obtainable. The Silver Churn on each wrapper is our guarantee of excellence.

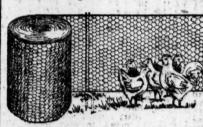
Wholesale by Armour Packing Co., Atlanta, Ga. ARMOUR PACKING CO.,

Kansas City, U. S. A.

Truss and Cables

- Sandan Mandallan Colors ally use broider as

Suitable for yard or farm fences. Best barbles fence wire made. For sale at factory prices by LOW-RY HARDWARE CO., 60 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.



Big stock, all sizes, lowest prices. 10 rolls delivered any point east of Mississippi river.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO., 60 Peachtree street. Atlanta, Ga.

Two Cents

women. Dr. Hathaway & Co. are considered to be experts in the treatment of such diseases and are, without doubt, Atlanta's leading specialists in the line of diseases which they make a specialty of. Consultation free. Cases not cured or improperly treated by other physicians especially solicited. Specialties Specific Blood Poison, Syphilis, Impotency, Stricture, Unnatural Discharges, Nervous Debility, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Eczeman, Pimpies, Piles, Ullers, Catarrh and Diseases of Women. CATARRH, throat, hungs, liver, dyspepsia, indigestion and all diseases affecting the bowels and stomach, diarrhoea, dysentry, etc.

BLOOD and SKIN diseases, sores, spots, pimples, scrofula, blood taints, tumors, tetter, eczema and all troubles arising from impure state of blood completely eradicated from the system.

KIDNEY and urinary weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, brick-dust or white sediment in urine, painful or frequent urination, Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder of both sexes.

NERVOUSNESS and its attending allments, of both the young and middle-aged. The awful effects of neglected of improperly treated cases, producing weakness, nervous debility, weakness of both body and brain, dizziness, falling memory, lack of energy and confidence and many other well-known symptoms not necessary to mention here, unfitting one for study, business and enjoyment of life.

Ladies will receive special and careful treatment for their many allments.

All persons who may be afflicted should consult us at once, as our great reputation in the past will squarantee to every one kind, honorable and satisfactory treatment.

TRUTH AND FACTS. We have cured cases of chronic diseases that have failed to get cured at the hands of other specialists and physicians. Remember that there is hope for you. Consult no other, as you may waste valuable time. Obtain our treatment at once. Beware of free and cheap treatments. We give the best and most scientific treatment at moderate prices—as low as can be done for safe and skillful treatment. Free consultation at the office or by mail. Each patient treated gets the advantage of special study and experience and a special-ty is made of his or her disease. A home treatment can be given in a majority of cases.

treatment can be given in a majority of cases.

All correspondence answered promptly, business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation. Refer to our patients, banks and business men. Call on or address Dr. Hathaway & Co., 22½ S. Broad street, rooms 34 and 35. Hours: 9 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 1.

Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blanks. No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases, No. 4 for catarrh. If you do not wish to address Dr. Hathaway Co., simply write—Lock Box 6, Atlanta, Ga

Chaney's Expectorant Will cure your cough

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER.

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO.

No. 108 CANAL STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO

Sisters,

DO YOU LIKE -THE-

SHOES

Your Son, or Brother, or Husband wear?

Send him to a SHOE store where they fit Shoes to the style of the What looks well on some folks may not look well on him. We have the best Shoe fitters in the city. Their services are free to the members of your family,



Footcoverers to all Mankind. 27 Whitehall St.



Six Per Cent Loans **On Central Business Property**

We can place promptly Five Year Loans of \$5,000 to \$100,000 on Improved, Central Business Property at SIX PER CENT interest to the lender. Our commissions are so low that total cost to borrower will not be seven per cent.

This is the cheapest money ever offered in Atlanta.

Parties interested are invited to CALL.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN, Rooms 30-31-32 GouldBuilding, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE OF INTRODUCTION OF OR-DINANCE FOR CONSTRUCTING SEW-ER.—Notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, held on the 5th day of March, 1894, an ordinance was introduced and read, providing for the construction of a sewer along and in Crew street, from near Richardson to near Bass street. The general character, material and sise of said sewer are as follows: From near Richardson to Crumley street of 8-inch vitrified pipe; from Crumley to Glenn street of 12-inch vitrified pipe; from Glenn to near Bass street of 18-inch vitrified pipe, with brick man holes and catch bas-ins.

pipe, with hrick man holes and catch basins.

Sald sewer is to be built at an estimated
cost of seventeen hundred dollars.

Said sewer is to be built in
accordance with the act amending the charter of said city, assessing
90 cents per lineal foot upon the property
and estates respectively abutting on said
sewer, on each side of said sewer. Said
ordinance will come up for second reading
at next regular meeting of council.

PARK WOODWARD,
mar7-12t

City Clerk.

NOTICE OF INTRODUCTION OF ORDINANCE FOR CONSTRUCTING SEWER.—Notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, held on the sith day of March, 1894, an ordinance was introduced and read, providing for the construction of a sewer along and in Boulevard from Linden street to Angler avenue.

The general character, material and size of said sewer are as follows:

From Linden to Morgan street of 12-inch vitrified pipe; from Morgan to Rankin street to 16-inch vitrified pipe; from Rankin street to Angler avenue of S-inch vitrified pipe; with brick man holes and catch basins. Said sewer is to be built at an estimated cost of eleven hundred dollars.

Said sewer is to be built in accordance with the act amending the charter of said city, assessing 50 cents per lineal foot upon the property and estates respectively abutting on said sewer, on each side of said sewer. Said ordinance will come up for second reading at next regular meeting of council.

PARK WOODWARD, mar7-12t

NOTICE OF INTRODUCTION OF ORDINANCE FOR CONSTRUCTING SEWER.—Notice is hereby given that at the
meeting of the mayor and general council
of the city of Atlanta, held on the 5th day
of March, 1894, an ordinance was introduced
and read, providing for the construction of
a sewer along and in Cain street, from Butler to Jackson street.

The general character, material and size
of said sewer are as follows:
From Butler street to Fort street to Hililard street of 18-inch vitrified pipe; from
Hintard street to Dunlap street of 12-inch
vitrified pipe; from Dunlap street to Jackson street of 8-inch vitrified pipe, with
brick man holes, catch basins, etc. Said
sewer is to be built at an estimated cost of
twenty-four hundred dollars.

Said sewer is to be built in accordance
with the act amending the charter of said
city, assessing 90 cents per lineal foot upon
the property and estates respectively abutting on said sewer, on each side of said
sewer. Said ordinance will come up for
second reading at next regular meeting of
city council.

PARK WOODWARD,
mar 7, 12t.

City Clerk.

STORE FOR RENT

Now occupied by our bicycle department, 38 Peachtree st. Possession given at once.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO., mar8 1m 60 Peachtree.



CURES AND PREVENTS

Doughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Influence
Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the
Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations,

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA

DIFFICULT BREATHING Oures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with pain. All internal pains, cramps, or pains in the bowels or stomach are relieved instantly and quickly cured by taking internally as directed. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by Radway's Pills, so quickly as Radway's Relief. Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Always Reliable. Purely Vegetable HAVE LONG BEEN ACKNOWLEDGED AS
THE BEST CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BILIOUSNESS,
INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, DYSPEPSIA AND ALL DISORDERS OF THE
LIVER.
Twenty-five cents a box. Sold by druggists.
RADWAY & CO,
\$2 Warren street. New York



THE GRAND.

ONE WEEK,

GRAU'S OPERA 60.

Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

Presenting great novelties at Popular

Prices.

25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

A Wonderful Chorus. Our Own Or-chestra.

Mr. Walter Damrosch

In his series of Six Lecture Recitals on the Wagner Music Drama, beginning Monday night, April The Phillips & Crew Co. Music Hall. Tickets for the six recitals, \$5. Subscription opens March 20.

DISPENSARY WAR

Waging Hot in South Carolina.

OFFICERS ALWAYS ON THE ALERT

And Watch the Express and Freight Offices Very Clesely.

Columbia, S. C., March 17.—The dispensary people are determined to stop all shipments of liquors in any shape or form, and with that end in view they have special detectives always on the lookout for "goods" of suspicious character, and the moment they find anything likely to prove a "find" they "drop on to it." In many cases 'hey are successful in getting the "stuff," but some times they make great blunders, and one made today was the greatest of all.

For some time past there has been a constant flow of boxes into this city about sixteen inches square and about 40 lbs. in weight. The detectives have had their eyes on them every day, and as the number increased the more fully convinced were they that the boxes contained liquor instead of merchandise. When they began coming in by two and four lots, all doubt was removed and down they swooped. A prize? Why of course! and the greatest prize ever captured by a dispensary officer at that. They contained nothing more nor less than Densmore Typewriters, and this only goes to show that the Densmore is indeed the world's greatest typewriter, and the state agents, Messrs. J. W. Gibbes & Co., which is a branch of the Atlanta office, are to be congratulated upon selling so many machines that it caused the dispensory people to swoop down on them thinking it impossible that so many typewriter is now recognized in this state as the best and more

ble that so many typewriters could be sold by one firm.

The Densmore Typewriter is now recognized in this state as the best and most improved writing machine of the age, and operators of other makes are rapidly giving up their old machines and having them replaced with Densmore's. Mr. Gibbes has advices from Geo M. Folger, 71 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga., that he has sold more Densmore machines since the first of January than ever before in twice the length of time and has strong letters of commendation from the Central Railroad and Banking Complety, the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, the Seaboard Air Line Railroad Company, the Southern Railway and Steamship Association and many large business houses. The Central Railroad are now using twelve Densmore machines and Mr. Comer, the purchasing agent, writes: "They give entire satisfaction." What more could be said?

Macon, Ga.,

March 7, 1894.

T. H. Jones, Supervisor.

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association—Dear Sir: It affords me pleasure to testify to the prompt and very satisfactory settlement in full of my claim for \$2,000 under Policy No. 65.665 in the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association, of New York, which I received at your hands without any annoyance, expense, or unnecessary delay; and I take great pleasure in recommending the Mutual Reserve to any one wishing life insurance in a safe, reliable company at reasonable rates.

rates.
d) MRS. ALICE DOUGLASS. If the late Rose M. Douglass had taken an ordinary life policy in old system company, and paid the same amount in premiums as she paid the Mutual Reserve, her heirs would only have received \$1,304, instead of \$2,000—gain by insuring in the Mutual Reserve is \$696.00.

With a Copy of "Jesse James" Under His Arm, He Fairly Flew.

ATLANTA BETECTIVES CAPTURE HIM

Just at Midright They Arrest Him Under the Shadow of Stone Mountain-Stole Money and Valuable Papers.

A lank awawardly built, rough looking youth, with a raving eye was the central figure in a thieving adventure and a midnight flight across the country, night before last. The flight was dime novelly to a degree and was made by the redoubtable youth, with a roving eye was the central James's Daring Deeds" as his sole com-

James's Daring Deeds" as his sole companion.

Detective Cason, who, with Chief of Detectives Wright, effected a midnight capture of the youth just as the pale moon was showering silvery beams upon Stone Mountain, as has been the moon's habit for several years, has this precious volume as one of his professional zouvehirs.

The whole story smacks of the days of daring thefs and romantic escapes, although the theft at the bottom of it was one of the commonest in the world.

Night before last just after 10 o'clock Chief Wright was telephoned by the train dispatcher of the Richmond and Danville road, who said that he had just received a message from Flowery Branch, saying that Jack King, a young man of about twenty-three, was on the train, and that King had stollen \$400 in money and some valuable papers from a gentleman living not far from Flowery Branch.

Chief Wright and Detective Cason went to the Richmond and Danville yard to meet the incoming train and while there a mes-

to the Richmond and Danville yard to meet the incoming train and while there a mes-sage was received, saying that the young robber was riding on the front platform of sage was received, saying that the young robber was riding on the front platform of the train. A tew minutes later the conductor telegraphed that King left the train at Norcoss and was not aboard any longer, that King was making for the Georgia road. The operator at Norcross telegraphed him across the country to Stone Mountain and was going in a hurry. The quick intelligence of the two officers at once argued that iking was making for the Georgia road. "We'll cut nim off," said Chief of Detectives Wright determinedly. A few minutes after 11 o'clock, with their arms full of lunches, they boarded the Georgia train. It was just about the wizard hour of midnight when the train rolled up in the snadow of the dark, somber mountain. The two officers hurriedly left the train, and as they reached the platform a young man with a highly inflamed volume in his hand lifted his toot to the lower step and started to climb upon the car.
"We want you," said the detectives in a breath, and the amazed young man fell back in amazement. Detective Cason recognized Jack King, having seen him formerly when the young man lived here. King disconsolately watched the train roll away into the night.

lately watched the train roll away into the night.

The detectives carried him to the hotel, where they kept him until yesterday morning. They searched him and found only \$45, which, he says, is all the money he got. Private papers valued at hundreds of dollars were in the stolen pocket book.

King was employed on the farm of Mr. T. A. Warf, who lives have miles from Flowery Branch. He was to have worked there this year and assisted Mr. Warf in making a crop.

He stole the farmers money from where it was hidden in the wardrobe walle the family were at supper night before last. He ran at break neck speed for three miles through the country and caught the train to Odell. He bought a copy of Jesse James from the news butcher.

Detective Cason says that a case of exactly the same kind was reported against King a year ago by Mr. Thomas Collier, a farmer living just south of the city. At that time King secaped by going to Augusta. Twenty-five dollars reward was offered for his capture by Mr. Warf.

A Living Wreck.



Bare-ribbed, sun-bleached, rotting inch by inch—a perfece picture of utter uselessness. Ah, reader, is its story any more sad or bit-

Ah, reader, is its story any more sad or bitter than yours?

IS THERE NOT A STRANGE ANALOGY BETWEEN THIS DESOLATION AND THE WRECK OF YOUR OWN HEALTH. YOUR OWN HOPES, YOUR OWN LIFE?
You are prostrated by private or physical and nervous weakness, unable to do your work with ease and comfort, every duty is a burden, and you are weak, tired, enervated, exhausted. You feel that you are daily growing more and more nervous, you become worried and anxious in mind, blue, disheartened and discouraged. You cannot eat or sleep well, and your liver and bowels are irregular in action.

IN FACT YOU ARE FAST BECOMING A WIECK.

are irregular in action.

IN FA(T YOU ARE FAST BECOMING A WIRECK.

You will soon become useless—useless to yourself, useless to your family, useless to the world.

And you will lie on the shores of time, like the slow decaying ship in the picture—a burden to your family and friends, an object of pity or contemptuous indifference, while the winds of unfulfilled hopes, desires and ambitions disturb your repose and the waves of bitter and vain regret lash you with the knowledge that you might have been cured if you had only taken your case in time.

What is the moral?

DON'T DELAY!

Delay has sacrificed more lives than war and famine combined. Thousands languish under nervous and physical diseases that are easily and readily cured now. Tomorrow or next week it may be too late, and the sufferer who delays when cure is within grasp, is more folish than the fool, more idiotic than the idiot.

If you will place yourself under the treatment of Dr. Hathaway & Co., the celebrated specialists, your cure is assured. Their treatment will give you power of brain, power of intellect, strength of nerve, create a new digestion, regulate the action of the organs, invigorate the blood and restore the weak and run-down system, languishing under its weight of disease to all its old-time health—bounding pulse, elastic steo, strong and steady nerves, keen zest of nind and heart, renewed ambition and enjovment of each hour as it passes.

Their relegant suite of offices is in the Inman Building, 22½ South Broad street.

A. K. Hawkes. This progressive optical house began business over 20 years ago, and has now nearly four thousand agencies for his celebrated spectacles and eyeglasses. Headquarters, No. 12 Whitehall street.

A savage Fight.

A party of negroes and some white stone cutters had a fight at Piedmont, hear Tate, Ga.. early last week. The negroes were badly used up. Daniel Dunn, a stone cutter, had his skull cracked.

The soirce given by Professor Estes, dancing school at the Gate City Guard's armory last Friday night, was quite a success in every way. During the eyening the pupils danced the "Berlinne" and the "Oxford minuet," which were very pretty, especially the minuet, it being a new dance composed of the "English minuet." and the "two step." Easter Monday, March 28th, will be children's day at the school. Professor Estes will give a soirce on that day complimentary to all the girls and boys under thirteen years of age. The hall will be opened at 2:30. The scirze will begin at 3 and last till 6 p. m. All the children under thirteen years of age invited to attend.

Will be sold at the station house, at 12 o'clock m., Tuesday, March 20th, 1894, unless sooner claimed by owner, one black and white heifer, eighteen months old. Thin in order.

A. B. CONNOLLY, Chief Police. Notice!

Railroad Men Take Notice. You will miss the opportunity of your life if you fail to go to the great cut price furniture house of R. S. Crutcher & Co., 87 and 89 Peachtree street, and buy your furniture, matting, rugs, window shades and baby carriages, for cash or on time.

THREE TIMES AS GRAND

EVER SHOWN IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.

THE HANDSOMEST LINE OF

What bright creations of beauty the new style Spring Hats are. What style, what skill, what taste, what ingenuity the Milliner artists have displayed. What happy combinations of Feathers and Flowers and Ribbons and Straws! All lovers of the beautiful can spend many a joyful hour choosing and buying.

To The People of Atlanta and Surrounding Country:

You are one and all most cordially invited to feast your eyes on our

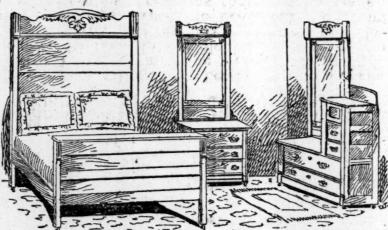
GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

These days will be Red Letter Days at J. Regenstein's. Yesterday morning we opened our importation of Pattern Hats, which came very near arriving too late. But they are here now. For those who wish less expensive headwear we proudly show the highest creations that can be made in domestic markets.

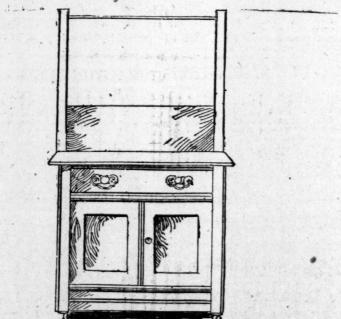
RECENSTEIN

40 WHITEHALL ST.



The people must be served. The best and cheapest solid oak, genuine hånd-carved, moulded panel, highly polished, Three-Piece Oak Suit, in American-Bedstead, French dresser and splasher washstand (shown in cut), only \$11.75. Same Suit, with Cheval instead of dresser, only \$15.25. We challenge the world to match these prices. Send your orders at once,

with spot cash. Our warerooms are crowded with eager buyers. \$50,000 worth of Elegant Mahogany, Cherry, Curly Birch and Walnut Chamber, Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, at less than 50 cents on the



Glass-Door Wardrobe, Chiffonier, Hat Racks, Book Cases, SideBoards, Desks, Fancy Chairs, Couches and hundreds of beautiful household articles at just half price.

Our \$1.90 Rattan Rocker has demoralized both dealers and manufacturers throughout the country, but

So it shall be in the future. Don't buy an article of furniture before getting

our prices. Mattresses, Springs, Pillows, all kinds of Bedding, Baby Carriages, Mattings, Rugs, less than factory cost.

Solid Oak Double Glass Door Book Cases, only \$5.50. Every article on our floor a bargain; every bargain a sure seller. Keep your eye on this column next Sunday.

P. H. SNOOK & SON.

Spring Opening

Fine Dress Goods in Silk, Wool and Silk Mixtures, Wool and Wash Goods. All Departments are Full of Choice New Things.

This will be a week given to Dress Goods from 3½c per yard to \$7.50 per yard.

CONGR.

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It Is Th

Ladies, remember it is no trouble for us to show goods, and we wish your inspection of our large stock of Dress Goods this week. We have the prettiest stock that we ever owned. We opened the season with lower prices than you can find anywhere else for the same value.

Look at the following prices, then call and see

what fine goods they represent. Finest Imported Suits at \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10.00 \$12.50, \$13.50 and \$16.50. No living being ever offered such pretty Dress Goods for so little money.

We also have a handsome line of Dress Novelties by the yard They are at 35c, 45c, 60c, 70c, 90c and \$1.00, and they are the prettiest and most stylish goods for the money you ever saw.

At 111/2c we are going to sell just one case of 38inch Woolen Dress Goods, formerly sold for 25c. At 25c you can take choice of a lot of 60c, all

wool Dress Goods. Then at 75c we are selling a beautiful line Moire and Bengaline Silks that are worth \$1.25 and \$1.50. And the prettiest line of China Silks at 45c we

ever did own. One lot double width Cashmere at 10c.

Ginghams for 5c, 8½c, 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c. Swivel and Lace striped Ginghams for 25c, 35c and 40c; they are regular 50c and 60c goods. Calicoes at 3½c, Sateens 7½c, Crepe Muslins at

61/2c. Colored India Linens at 5c. Beautiful Cotton Challies at 4c.

Good white check Nainsook 5c. Two tables just loaded with sample Embroideries.

Don't Miss Our Dress Goods Opening for Monday! Fine Imported Sateens.

Here you have some Dress Beauties: At 12½c, 15c, 25c and 40c you will find the most exquisite line of Sateens ever brought from across

Notions, Gloves, Hosiery, Fancy Hair Pins and small goods in great variety.

Shirts, Collars, Neckwear and Gents' Underwear for less than we ever sold them.

Just opened a new line of Ladies' Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisettes of the very latest styles.

Lace Curtains, Portieres and Draperies.

We have received a new and complete line of furtain Goods, and will sell for one week some EX-TRA values from this stock.

We call special attention to our Domestic sale for early Monday. We are prepared to sell you a Black Dress for less than anybody and they are all new.

See Our New Black Goods!

Come Monday and take in those New Dress Goods on the

Bargain Counter.

D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO...

46, 48 and 50 WHITEHALL STREET.

"No," said Mr. Tanlunson, of Tanlunson & Corbett, this morning, "we can't find time it seems, to write an ad. Our intention was it seems, to write an ad. Our intention was to have half a page Sunday, but we can't find time to write it. Our trade is just as good, and really better than can be expected during such hard times as these, but then that is not to be wondered at when the ladies all know of the excellent stock we carry, and at the extremely low price which we place upon everything. Our stock is entirely new, not an old piece of goods in the house; designs all new. Yes, the fact is we are the only exclusive carpet house in the city. We carry all grades in the way of carpeting, mattings, shades, drapery, curtains, etc.; in fact, everything is complete and one can't fail to be pleased at 49 Peachtree street."

Make Home Happy. There is nothing that will contribute more to the happiness of the home circle than a light running Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine This machine has for years contributed materially to the happiness, comfort and welfare of thousands of homes on two continents. It is a universal favorite with the women of the nineteenth century. Office, 71 Whitehall street.

mari8-2t sun

Dr. R. R. Kime Has removed his office to 63½ Whitehall street, and resumed general practice with his special line of work. 'Phone-Office 539; residence, 1051. marils-4t sun

REDUCE YOUR EXPENSES By Paying Less Rent and at the Same By Paying Less Rent and at the Same
Time Have a Nicer Office.

If you pay \$50, \$35, \$25, \$20 or \$15 per month
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Mach 12, 1894.
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28 Pearline. ... 04
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24 Meal, water ground, per peck. ... 13
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20 Table Salt, per pound. ... 18
20 Silver Churn. ... 18
21 CANNED GOODS. ... 09
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23 Peaches, Georgia. ... 09

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Burnham's Cash Store, 199 DECATUR ST.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

GRESHAM .- The friends of Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Gresham are requested to attend the funeral of D. W. F. Gresham from his late residence, 20 Highland avenue, today at 2 p. m. The following gentle-men will act as pallbearers; A. K. Aker-man, H. C. Pintt, J. W. Phillips, E. T. Paine, C. G. Bradt and J. W. Shockley. I rease meet at office of H. M. Patter-son at 1:20 p. m.